"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Probably fair to-day; unsettled; slightly lower temperature to-morrow; southwest winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 9.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,525. * * * NEW YORK, MONDAY, JULY. 10, 1911.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. } Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

ATWOOD AGAIN READY TO START AT DAWN

Machine Wrecked in Yesterday's Attempt Repaired from 'Plane That Fell Into Ocean.

TEST SHOWS IT'S ALL RIGHT

Boston Aviator and His Passenger, Hamilton, Disgusted Over Mishap, but Not Hurt in 50-Foot Tumble.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 9.—Disgusted but not discouraged over the ill-luck that has attended their efforts to fly from Atlantic City to Washington, Harry N. Atwood and Charles K. Hamilton are ready to start for Washington again in the morning to win for Atwood the cup offered by THE NEW YORK TIMES for the Boston-to-Washington flight.

They got started to-day in Hamilton's machine, but after sailing about a quarter of a mile from Lieut. Hugh Willoughby's aviation field at Ventnor, the machine descended rapidly, and after falling about fifty feet, hit the ground hard. Both skids were wrecked and one of the planes damaged. The aviators were badly jarred, but escaped serious injury.

The machine was repaired promptly, and a thorough test made to-night indicates that it is in as near perfect a condition as possible. After the test the mechanics gave the biplane an extra overhauling. The overhauling, Atwood said, was purely a matter of extra precaution and did not mean that there was reason to believe that the machine was weak in any respect.

"We shall start at dawn," Atwood said to-night, "and I feel that we will have good luck and that we will be in Washington by 10 A. M. to-morrow at the latest. I never was so disgusted in my life as when that engine stopped on us this morning. But it stopped all the same and all we could do was to take it as philosophically as possible.

"We had planned to start between 4 and 6 o'clock this morning and were on the field in time, but we did not want to take any unnecessary chances, and so we used up three hours, testing every part of the aeroplane. Everything seemed all right, and at 9:10 A. M. we signaled the men holding the tail of the machine to let go. We skidded along for about forty yards, and then the aeroplane went into the air. Then, as luck would have it, the engine stopped. Directly in front of us was a big creek and I tried to turn the machine so as to avoid striking the water. I turned all right, but in doing so the machine became slightly unbalanced and came down quick with a heavy thud. One of the planes was badly damaged and both skids were wrecked.

"Well, we were in a fix, and then I remembered that some parts of my own machine, which was wrecked on Friday when Hamilton and I tumbled into the sea, were still in the car. As luck would have it, the damaged parts of Hamilton's machine were the undamaged parts of mine. So we were able to effect repairs by substituting the good parts of my machine for those broken in Hamilton's.

"We worked all day, and late this afternoon gave the machine a severe test, and it responded splendidly. The engine worked perfectly. We have left a call for 3:30 A. M., and expect to be in flight as near 4 o'clock to-morrow morning as possible."

Hamilton grinned when asked his opinion of the ill-luck of Friday and to-day.

"Such things must happen," he said, "but we are all right again and we expect to be on our way before the roosters stop crowing."

Atwood and Hamilton arrived at the aviation field at 5 o'clock this morning. Both were confident that they could get away. The premature test of the machine seemed to indicate that it was in prime condition for the long cross-country flight to Washington. Despite the early hour a big crowd was at the Willoughby hangar in Ventnor to witness the departure. For four hours the crowd, which grew bigger as the morning wore on, remained on the field, watching the aviators and their mechanics test the machine.

At 9 o'clock Atwood, after a brief conference with Hamilton, announced that they were ready to go. A few minutes later Atwood and Hamilton stepped into their seats, and the mechanics started the propellers. The engine snapped vigorously, and seemed to work with perfect rhythm. Suddenly Atwood held up his hand as a signal to the men holding the machine to let go, and the aeroplane skidded over the field and then ascended into the air to a height of about fifty feet.

The machine was in the air less than thirty seconds when the engine stopped. Atwood tried to maneouvre for a landing on the field instead of the creek in front of him. In trying to turn out so as to avoid the creek the biplane listed, and then fell to the ground like a rocket.

So violent was the fall that the crowd feared that Atwood and Hamilton must have been seriously hurt. There was a rush for the prostrate aeroplane. Atwood got up and limped away. He was smiling.

"No; I am not hurt," he said to a woman who hurried up, "I am not hurt; I am disgusted."

Atwood and Hamilton promptly called the mechanics together and instructed them to get to work. It was soon disclosed that in the heap of dirt and destroyed machinery there was enough to do. After three or four hours' work the biplane that fell into the sea was thought of and men were hurried to the place where it was stored for such parts as were broken in Hamilton's machine.

Atwood said he would follow in his flight to-morrow the route printed in this morning's TIMES. Leaving here, Atwood and Hamilton expect to follow the tracks of the West Jersey & Seashore Railroad, over Mays Landing, to Newfield thirty-four miles away, thence across country over the Maurice River, in Cumberland County, to a point near Elmer, Salem County, where they will strike the West Jersey & Seashore tracks, and follow them to Riddleton—also in Salem County.

The route will again be across country to the Delaware River, at Fort Delaware, and then across the river to Wilmington. From Wilmington the route is above the Pennsylvania tracks to Baltimore. The aviators do not expect to land in Baltimore, and no flight over that city is contemplated. They expect to fly around Baltimore, strike either the Pennsylvania or Baltimore & Ohio tracks, and follow them to Washington.

To-morrow morning's flight will be Atwood's third attempt in four days to win THE TIMES Trophy for a cross-country flight from Boston to Washington. Atwood believes he will win it this time, and so does Hamilton, who made the New York-Philadelphia return flight for THE TIMES and who will sit beside Atwood on the journey to the National capitol.

FLIES TO LONG BEACH.

Sopwith Takes a Passenger, but Is Forced to Return Alone.

Special to The New York Times.

NASSAU BOULEVARD, L. I., July 9.—Thomas Sopwith took Miss Zella Mohr to Long Beach this evening by aeroplane. He left the Aviation Field at 6:55 P. M.

Continued on Page 2.

TAFT USES THE WIRELESS.

Keeps in Touch on Yacht with Affairs at Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—President Taft and the party of eight Senators with him, who are on the Atlantic on the yacht Mayflower, are keeping in touch with Washington by wireless. They knew within a short time afterward of the Senate vote yesterday defeating the free meat amendment to the Reciprocity bill. The President and Senators with him apparently look on that vote as marking distinct progress toward the end of the reciprocity fight.

This wireless dispatch was received today from Secretary Hilles:

> Mayflower party was kept in touch with Senate by wireless. Senators gratified at progress made toward vote on reciprocity. Party sat on deck in moonlight until long after midnight. A brisk breeze blowing. The Mayflower went as far south as Cape Hatteras. Should pass through the Chesapeake Capes at noon to-day. Due in Washington 7 o'clock Monday morning.
> CHARLES D. HILLES.

No further word received from the yacht was given out this evening.

NORFOLK, Va., July 9.—The Mayflower, bearing President Taft and his Senatorial guests, passed in the Virginia capes from sea to-day with all aboard rested and refreshed after their trip from Atlantic City. The forts acknowledged the passing of the President's yacht with the regulation salutes. The yacht proceeded on its way to Washington, where it will arrive at 7 o'clock to-morrow morning.

CALLER DEMANDS MONEY.

New Jersey School Principal's Visitor Writes to Y. M. C. A. for Help.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., July 9.—Prof. Julius M. Winslow, Principal of the Rridgefield Park High School, had an unusual experience this afternoon with a good-looking and well-dressed strange young man, who gained admission to his home by telling Mrs. Winslow that he wished to see the Principal on private business.

"I am a desperate man, and if you don't give me $100 in a hurry something is going to happen here," declared the stranger when alone with Prof. Winslow in the parlor. Though a powerful man himself, the educator did not care to attack the caller, believing he was carrying a revolver. He humored the stranger until he could tell his daughter Genevieve to summon help. Frank Sandberg, a village Trustee, happened to be passing the house and came to Prof. Winslow's assistance. Police Captain William Melia and Policeman Setthoff responded to a summons, and the stranger was taken before Justice Henry T. Griggs.

"I am Willing J. Norwood of New York," said the prisoner to the Justice. "I deny demanding $100 from this man. He says he doesn't know me, but why did he converse with me for fifteen minutes in his own home? I refuse to make any further statement, but I will explain my presence in due time."

Later Norwood made a statement admitting that he demanded the money. He made a similar admission to Trustee Sandberg. Justice Griggs committed Norwood to the Hackensack Jail in default of $1,000 bail. Shortly after being in jail Norwood wrote a letter to Secretary Root of the Bowery Branch of the Y. M. C. A. at 153 Bowery, telling of his arrest and asking that Mr. Root call at once and provide a lawyer for him. Norwood was unarmed.

$4,000,000 PAY INCREASE.

Postmaster General Increases Wages of All Rural Mail Carriers.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The 40,000 odd rural free delivery carriers in the United States are to receive salary increases, as a result of a decision reached to-day by Postmaster General Hitchcock. He will thus provide for the disbursement during thee current fiscal year of $4,000,000, which will mean an increase of $100 over the present salary of $900 for all carriers on standard routes with proportionate increases in shorter routes.

Congress provided last session for the expenditure of this extra $4,000,000, but left it to the discretion of the Postmaster General. Mr. Hitchcock decided to-day to use the full amount. His desire is to compensate the carriers for any additional burden which may be placed on them if the parcels post system he has recommended for rural routes is approved by Congress.

"Now that the men are to receive such generous increase in pay," he said, "I feel that Congress should lose no time in authorizing the carrying of parcels on rural routes. A parcels post system can be conducted without any extra expense to the Government other than the $4,000,000 salary increase, which, in my judgment, would be more than offset by the parcels post revenue."

During the current year the rural service will cost the Government about $40,000,000, the estimated deficit being about $25,000,000. The Postmaster General expressed the belief that the parcels post system under proper management would insure the maintenance and proper extension of the rural free delivery service as a self-supporting branch of the service.

"SCOTTY" IS RICH AGAIN.

Death Valley Man Promises to Reveal Source of His Fortune.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., July 9.—Walter Scott, otherwise known as Scotty of Death Valley, the man who created a sensation several years ago when he hired a special train and tried to break the record from the Pacific Coast to New York, appeared in Goldfield yesterday loaded with money, although three months ago he was broke here. He displayed $11,000 in currency and promised to reveal the location of his alleged fabulous wealth after Aug. 1.

Scott says he intends making another whirlwind dash across the continent in a special train. This special train trip will be his last appearance before the public, he declares. After that he will settle down.

"I have shot more champagne corks into the air than all the bullets fired in the Mexican War and my education has been expensive," he said. "I have learned enough, and now I am going to look out for Scotty."

Scott declared he had been arrested thirty-eight times in connection with his mining ventures. He added that he had never stolen anything, and the source of his wealth when revealed would exonerate him.

DEPEW IN CEMETERY SUIT.

Ex-Senator Seeks to Prevent Subdivision of Sharon Grave Yard.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 9.—Ex-United States Senator Chauncey M. Depew of New York and others are figuring in a suit now being tried in the Circuit Court brought to prevent further subdivision of the lots of the Knollwood Cemetery in Sharon. Mr. Depew owns land in the cemetery. The suit was begun March 31, 1910. At that time the attempt was made, according to the charge of the complainants, to sell a portion of the land which was understood to be intended for graves. It was in order to prevent the sale of the property that Mr. Depew and others who had organized the graveyard company had recourse to the courts.

According to testimony introduced in court the cemetery corporation owes $132,000, and the complainants are doing their best to recover this amount.

Low rates to Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, and West via Ches. and Ohio. Tickets at 30th and Broadway; also all Penna. R. R. Ticket Offices.—Adv.

SEE PINCHOT PROFIT IN HIS COAL FIGHT

Van Kleck and Ballinger Understand His Mother Is Interested in Pacific Naval Contracts.

QUICK DENIAL BY BROTHER

Has Never Heard of Alleged Coal Holdings—Ballinger Thinks Controller Bay Inquiry Will Hurt Pinchot.

Special to The New York Times.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 9.—What almost amounted to charges that Gifford Pinchot's hard fight with the Taft Administration over Alaska coal fields was based on personal interest was the substance of statements made here to-day by W. H. Van Kleck of New York, a Director of the Maryland Coal Company, and Richard A. Ballinger, ex-Secretary of the Interior, chief foe of Mr. Pinchot. They said they had information that Mrs. Pinchot, his mother, was heavily interested in the Pocahontas coal mine of West Virginia, which has the contract for supplying fuel to naval vessels on the Pacific Coast, and pointed out that it might be to this concern's interest to keep the Alaska coal fields closed until the Panama Canal should be opened.

Mr. Van Kleck and his son arrived from Alaska to-day.

"Nothing that could be imagined would help the financial and business conditions of the United States more than the opening of the Alaska coal, agricultural, and timber lands to development," said Mr. Van Kleck. "Its consummation would spell the inauguration of innumerable immense industries in the West, and when the West is prosperous the prosperity is reflected in the East. What benefits the Western States benefits the entire country."

Mr. Van Kleck had tears in his eyes when he described deserted Alaskan villages which he saw for the first time. He held the Government's policy responsible for this condition. He charged that Eastern coal men were in a large measure responsible for the delay in opening up Alaska, and remarked that even Gifford Pinchot's mother was the largest stockholder in the Pocahontas mine, which held the naval contracts.

Asked for details on this point, Mr. Van Kleck said:

"According to my information, Mrs. Pinchot inherited a large, if not the controlling, interest in the Pocahontas Mine, and this mine is at present, and has for some time been, supplying the warships on the Pacific Coast and the Pacific Coast navy yards. In Alaska the people can only read into the Government's delay, in view of the agitation of the conservationists, a desire on the part of certain coal interests to keep the Alaska coal lands closed until such time as the Panama Canal is opened, when Eastern coal mines will be in a position to bid for the Pacific Coast naval contracts and trade with the Alaska coal fields."

Mr. Ballinger, when told of Mr. Van Kleck's statement, said it was well known in and around Washington that Mr. Pinchot's mother was heavily interested in the Pocahontas Mine and that that mine held the naval coal contracts for the warships and navy yards on the Pacific Coast. He further stated that he believed these contracts to be one of the chief reasons for Mr. Pinchot's efforts to keep Alaska closed, as otherwise the Pocahontas Mine would not be in a position to bid for these naval contracts for at least three or four years, or until the Panama Canal was opened.

Mr. Ballinger was vastly pleased over Washington dispatches stating that there was to be an inquiry by a House committee into the restoration to entry by President Taft of lands on the shore of Controller Bay. It has been freely charged that the Morgan-Guggenheim syndicate had pressed for the reopening of these lands and was trying to get possession of them in order to establish terminals for a railroad that would have a monopoly of transportation from vast coal fields.

"The conservationists have overshot their mark this time in calling for the records and correspondence in regard to Controller Bay, as they will show that the application for the restoration of the Controller Bay lands was approved by the Forestry Department and opposed by me," said Mr. Ballinger. "This inquiry heralded with much eclat will act as a boomerang on the Pinchot supporters and followers."

He denied the receipt while in the Cabinet of a letter from Richard S. Ryan, an alleged agent of the Morgan-Guggenheim interests, purporting to tell how Charles P. Taft had made representations which caused President Taft to reopen the Controller Bay lands. He said if there was such a letter it had been manufactured. He understands that Mr. Ryan, instead of representing the Morgan-Guggenheim syndicate, has been working about Controller Bay in the interests of an English syndicate bitterly opposed to these interests, and that he has reported to Probst, Wetzler & Co. of New York.

J. H. Young, President of the Alaska Steamship Company and directing head in the Northwest and Alaska of all the Morgan-Guggenheim enterprises, said he welcomed the inquiry, and declared that for once, at least, the Alaska syndicate would have to be vindicated. He said Mr. Ryan was never in the employ of the syndicate or any members of it. Controller Bay as a terminus for the Copper River & Northwestern Railroad had been given up years ago, as a thorough investigation showed there was no harbor there.

DENIED BY AMOS PINCHOT.

Has Never Heard of Any Family Holdings in Pocahontas Mine.

Amos R. E. Pinchot, brother of Gifford Pinchot, said last night that he did not believe his brother, his mother, or any other member of the family owned a share of stock in the Pocahontas Coal Company.

"So far as I know," he said, "none of us ever did own any of its stock, and I think I would know if any of the family did. I never heard that my mother inherited any coal lands in West Virginia, and don't believe she ever did. The only interest any of us has in any coal mine is some stock I own in a small company in Illinois, which has nothing to do with supplying coal to the navy. The story seems to have been made out of whole cloth, and I would be glad to learn where Mr. Van Kleck got his information.

"Furthermore, it is absolutely untrue that the conservationists are opposed to opening up the Alaska coal fields with the least possible delay. We are trying hard to get them opened up, and have been making every effort along the line of their development. We have long realized the need of having them opened, and last year, as you know, we tried hard to get a leasing bill through. The coal fields ought to be opened, and we are very anxious that they should be."

Gifford Pinchot and his mother were out of the city last night and could not be reached.

THE WAR MAKERS.

Count Witte wrote a reply to Gen. Kuropatkin's account of the secret causes of the Russo-Japanese war. The Russian Government suppressed it. It will appear in **Next Sunday's Times.**

DOCTOR REASSURES SHEPARD'S FRIENDS

Lawyer Shows Signs of Improvement at His Summer Home, But Recovery Will Be Slow.

CAMPAIGN A GREAT STRAIN

Candidate Worked Too Hard in Senatorial Contest, His Brooklyn Acquaintances Say.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKE GEORGE, N. Y., July 9.—Edward M. Shepard's condition is slightly improved to-night. Dr. T. I. Henning of Glens Falls, his attending physician, arrived at Lake George late this afternoon, and will remain at the Shepard residence throughout the night. The following bulletin was issued at 10:45 to-night.

"Owing to an overworked, tired out, and run down condition, Mr. Shepard caught cold, which developed into pleurisy, and that disturbed the normal functions of his organs. His recovery will necessarily be very slow. His condition at times has been critical. At present he is resting comfortably, taking nourishment well, and his general conditions are slightly improved.

"T. I. HENNING, M. D."

The news that Mr. Shepard is improving was welcome news to his friends in Brooklyn. One of them said last night:

"Mr. Shepard has passed through a more serious illness than many of his friends imagined, and the physicians were puzzled by the symptoms that developed. For a time it was thought that he had contracted pneumonia, and there was great anxiety expressed. He has suffered rom great nervous depression, and at times sank into a coma, from which it was difficult to rouse him. It seems very doubtful that he will be strong enough to return to his business in New York before Fall."

Mr. Shepard's serious illness dates back about three weeks, not long after he had gone to his Summer home, Erlowest, near the village of Lake George, N. Y. His condition was so alarming at one time that Dr. J. A. McCorkle of Brooklyn was called in consultation.

Friends of Mr. Shepard expressed the belief last night that the nervous strain incident to his campaigns for the nomination as Governor and for election as United States Senator had much to do with his illness. Early in the year he suffered from a severe attack of influenza and was forced to give up active business for a time and go to Lakewood, N. J.

KEENE REALLY A SICK MAN.

Now Frankly Admits Illness—Great Change in His Appearance.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 9.—Complying with my request made several days ago, James R. Keene, about whose health there have been alarming reports for some time, granted me a brief interview to-day at the Carlton Hotel, where he is staying under the name of J. R. Kee.

The change in his appearance was startling, corroborating, without a doubt, the report that he is a very sick man, a fact which Mr. Keene frankly admitted. He has lost weight considerably, being, one would imagine, not more than 120 pounds. His face is very thin, without a vestige of color, although his mind is as active as ever.

"I came here from Italy ten days ago," said Mr. Keene, "and have had a pretty bad time during the last six months, but I think I was a little better until a day or two ago, when I caught cold and got a touch of rheumatism.

"But that is not the real cause of my illness. It is here," continued Mr. Keene, pointing to his stomach. Then he added:

"I know I'm a very sick man."

Asked about his plans, Mr. Keene said that he was going to see his doctor to-morrow, and hoped to go to Harrogate for a few weeks and see what that would do for him.

"I have had a very bad time of it lately," he said grimly, adding, "But there! I've suffered so much during the last few years that I have forgotten what good health feels like."

"Are you planning to return to America?"

"I hope to go back soon," he answered.

Mr. Keene asked about the latest news from America, but declined to express any opinions on current topics, saying that he was more or less out of touch with the situation.

GIVES DANCE TO EMPLOYES.

Mrs. Frank Danforth Celebrates Succession to Fortune of $1,500,000.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., July 9.—Mrs. Frank Danforth, who was Miss Leonie Alexandre, daughter of the late J. Joseph Alexandre, was 21 years old on July 8, and on that date came into possession of her share of her father's estate, a matter of $1,500,000. To celebrate the event she called together the employes of her mother's big estate here, Nirvana, and told them to make preparations for a barn dance and to invite their friends. Accordingly, last night the barn at Nirvana was the scene of a gathering of 150 young men and young women, friends and acquaintances of the employes.

Mr. and Mrs. Danforth and a party of guests, including Miss Cornelia Hoyt, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Willard, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Curtis, Messrs Willard and Slade of New York, and Jerome Alexandre, a brother of Mrs. Danforth, with Mrs. Danforth's mother, appeared early and remained, some of them, until the affair ended at 3 o'clock this morning, and took part in the dancing. Michael J. Mullin, for thirty-five years in the employ of Mrs. Alexandre, was master of ceremonies.

When you go to the country take ANGOSTURA BITTERS, an exquisite tonic.—Adv.

CATCH BOY SLAYER, THE POLICE THINK

Arrest Youth Who Fled When Girl Fell in the Bronx with Bullet in Her Side.

HER WOUND NOT SERIOUS

But Boy Who Was Shot by Another on July 4 Is Dead—Police Suspect Prisoner of This Crime.

A boy who said he was 17 years old, but who looks more like 15, was locked up in the Morrisania Police Station yesterday afternoon charged with having shot fifteen-year-old Madeline Fritz of 671 Eleventh Avenue. The police declare that he exactly fits the description of a boy who on July 4 deliberately aimed at eleven-year-old Joseph Keating of 575 Robbins Avenue, the Bronx, and shot the child through the left lung. The Keating boy died in a few minutes.

Detectives went to the homes of several small witnesses of the Keating boy's murder, but the youngsters were all out last night with their families. Word was left at each house, however, and the police expect that several boys will be on hand this morning to identify the young prisoner as the slayer of the Keating boy.

The shooting of Madeline Fritz, which the youthful prisoner denies having committed, apparently was done for no reason other than the desire of the marksman to shoot at something.

Madeline was visiting yesterday her friend, Jessie McDonald, about her own age, who moved recently from the neighborhood of Madeline's home to 771 St. Ann's Avenue, the Bronx. Shortly before 6 o'clock Mrs. Helen McDonald, Jessie's mother, took the children to a nearby store for some ice cream, and they were returning along German Place when near Brook Avenue the reports of five pistol shots sounded close at hand.

With a cry Madeline dropped to the sidewalk, her hand pressed against her right side. Across the street two boys started to run. Mrs. McDonald knelt beside Madeline, who was in hysterics, and found two bullet holes through her skirts and a third one in the waist of her dress. The woman was ripping the waist from the child when Detectives Quick, Schoenig, and O'Sullivan of the Morrisania Police Station ran up, having heard the shots. The boys were a block away still running.

"That big boy fired the shots," cried Jessie to the detectives, and shouting to a policeman who came up then to call an ambulance, the detectives put out after the boys, whom Jessie had pointed out.

The lad ran through 157th Street to St. Ann's Avenue and there turned south to 156th Street, through which he turned to Third Avenue. There the detectives caught him, half a mile from the scene of the shooting.

"Aw, I ain't done nothing. I didn't shoot," muttered the boy as the detectives grabbed him.

They led him back to where Dr. Benjamin of Lebanon Hospital was bending over Madeline. Jessie instantly identified him as the boy she had seen with the revolver. Madeline couldn't tell who had shot her. She was not badly hurt, however, as a corset steel had deflected the only bullet which struck her and she had only a flesh wound.

Dr. Benjamin said that the child was in more danger from shock to her nerves than from the wound, and she was taken to Mrs. McDonald's home, where her clothes were removed and taken to the Morrisania Station House, where they will be kept, the bullet holes being considered by the police necessary evidence of the shooting.

The boy, whom the detectives captured, was locked up. He said he was Peter Wick of 494 East 156th Street. According to the police he was committed to the Catholic Protectory after he had stolen a bicycle some months ago, and was liberated only recently.

The shooting of the Keating boy which young Wick denies also has kept the police busy ever since, though with no success. Young Keating with several small companions was playing on a pile of rocks back of his home when the two larger boys came along and one of them fired. The bullet passed through the little fellow's left lung. He fell over, but instantly regained his feet and ran to his home, where he fell dead on the steps as his mother opened the door to admit him.

His assailant and the latter's companion ran and escaped before a policeman arrived. Since then a score of detectives have been searching the Bronx, and for hours each day they have kept young Keating's friends who saw the shooting, pacing the streets in the neighborhood of his home in the hope of their catching sight of the boy who shot him. It is these youngsters who, the police hope, will identity the Wick boy this morning.

FORTUNE FOR TIMELY AID.

Sisters Who Inherited It Now Dead, It Goes to Charity.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 9.—The death of Miss Alice C. Linscott of 20 Cushing Avenue has created interest as to the disposition of the fortune left to her and her sister by Joseph H. Chadwick, who was known as the "Lead King" in Boston business circles. By the death of her sister about a year ago Miss Linscott became the sole possessor of the fortune. Charity gets the bulk of her estate.

The bequest by Mr. Chadwick of the greater part of an estate inventoried at $283,000 came as the grateful return of financial aid which the Linscott sisters had given him some years before at a time when business deals had left him in a tight corner. According to the story told by a close friend of Mr. Chadwick, Miss Alice Linscott aided him with a loan of $1,400, which she had saved by years of labor, and her sister, who had worked in Mr. Chadwick's family as a seamstress, loaned a like amount.

When fortune smiled upon him and his bank account grew by leaps and bounds Mr. Chadwick did not forget the sisters. They became members of his household in Cushing Avenue.

After his wife and daughter died the Linscott sisters attended to the household affairs and directed the work of the staff of servants, and since 1892, when Mr. Chadwick died, they continued to live there.

NEWPORT MILK SHORTAGE.

Threatened Shortage Will Discourage Drinks with Milk in Them.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, July 9.—The steward of one of the most exclusive clubs here says that even his millionaire customers will probably feel the pinch of the milk famine now imminent here.

"Of course there won't be any trouble about the babies," said he. "In the first place, there are not many, and what few there are can get their milk from the special laboratories. But when it comes to milk punches and egg nogs, we'll realize the high cost of living, and I don't believe our customers will be willing to pay the prices we shall have to charge for such drinks."

Another difficulty which threatens Newport this Summer is the limited water supply, due to scanty rainfall this Spring. It is the lack of rain which is really responsible for the scarcity of milk. The drought has limited the hay crops and affected the cows' yield.

GOV. WILSON GOT FULL PAY.

Ackerman Turned Over to Him Checks for Time Covering Western Trip.

TRENTON, N. J., July 9.—It has just become known here that President of the Senate Ackerman has turned over to Gov. Wilson the checks he received from the State Controller's department for services as Acting Governor. Senator Ackerman followed the precedent established by President Johnson of the Senate in 1900, who received the Governor's pay while Gov. Voorhees was in Europe, but turned the check over to the Executive upon his return.

Although the Controller's department officially "docked" Gov. Wilson for the period he was out of the State on his Western trip, Senator Ackerman's act gives him payment in full.

Former Assemblyman Carlton B. Pierce of Union County has announced his determination to be a candidate for the Republican nomination for State Senator in that county this Fall. Mr. Pierce desires to succeed Mr. Ackerman, who has already served two terms. There are two aspirants for the Democratic nomination—Assemblyman Brodhead and City Clerk Manning of Elizabeth.

FIRE KILLS 263 HORSES.

Transfer Stables in Chicago Burned, with $500,000 Damage.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Fire early to-day destroyed the stables of the Arthur W. Dixon Transfer Company, burned 263 horses to death, and caused $500,000 damage. The cause of the fire is unknown.

Three hundred and fifty draught horses, valued at $250 apiece, were quartered in the four-story stable when the fire started. Firemen rescued nearly 100 of them before the roof and walls crashed to the basement. Scores of firemen narrowly escaped death when the roof caved in. The stables were within five blocks of the downtown business quarter.

Fire this afternoon destroyed the furniture warehouse of W. C. Reeble & Brothers, causing $100,000 damage.

MAY FOR MATTEAWAN POST.

Physician Has Been Assistant Superintendent at Binghamton.

Special to The New York Times.

BINGHAMTON, July 9.—Dr. James V. May, first assistant superintendent of the Binghamton State Hospital, it is announced, will be appointed superintendent of the Matteawan Hospital for the Criminal Insane. Dr. May has for the past year been second in charge of the Binghamton institution.

A State civil service examination was ordered and yesterday Dr. May took the test, being the only candidate appearing before the Commissioner here.

THIRD RAIL KILLS WOMAN.

Falls on It While Walking Along the Tracks with Her Son.

Special to The New York Times.

MAY'S LANDING, N. J., July 9.—Mary Naples, 60 years old, of McKee City, wife of Antonio Naples, a prosperous farmer, was killed on the third rail near here this morning. With her son she was walking along the railroad tracks, when she stumbled and fell across the rail and was dead before she could be released.

Section men were dispatched to the scene and removed the body, which was terribly burned.

TAFT IN 1912, SAYS BISHOP.

Democrats Will Choose Harmon, the Rt. Rev. J. L. Spalding Thinks.

The Right Rev. John Lancaster Spalding, retired Roman Catholic Bishop of Peoria, Ill., who arrived at the Hotel Manhattan yesterday, said that President Taft was growing stronger among the people of the West every day, and, in his opinion, would be re-elected in 1912.

"If by any chance there should be a Democratic President," predicted the Bishop, "it will be Harmon. Woodrow Wilson is purely and simply a college professor."

$3,000,000 PAID IN GOLD.

Shipped from England to Memphis for Cotton Land Purchase.

Special to The New York Times.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 9.—What is believed to be a new record in Southern financial circles has been established with the departure to-day of E. R. Lamb after successfully supervising all details in the transfer of $3,000,000 in gold from England to a Memphis bank. The gold was paid over to Mississippi planters for cotton lands in Bolivar and Washington Counties. The option called for payment to be made in gold, and the English syndicate which purchased the acreage shipped every dollar across the ocean by way of Liverpool and New York to Memphis.

Special guards accompanied the money from New York. Mr. Lamb said he felt much relieved after the money was safely placed in the local vaults of the National Bank of Commerce. The police profess to believe that the recent hold-up of the Illinois Central fast mail almost in the heart of the wholesale district here was attempted by men who thought the English gold was aboard.

STEAMER ASHORE IN A FOG.

34 Passengers Taken Off the Kershaw, Stuck Near Cape Cod.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 9.—A fleet of towboats and lighters from Boston are hovering to-night around the iron steamer Kershaw of the Merchants & Miners' Line, which is firmly stuck in the sand of Shovelful Rib, off Cape Cod.

The steamer, laden with freight and passengers, left Boston last night for Baltimore, and early to-day struck Shovelful while going at a good rate of speed. For a time the engines were run reversed at top speed in an attempt to back off. The crew and thirty-four passengers took to the boats and reached land safely.

Unsuccessful efforts were made at full tide by the towboat George's Creek to pull her off. To-night much of the freight aboard the Kershaw was taken off by the lighters, and it is hoped before morning to haul her off the treacherous Rib, which is off Monomoy Point.

The big iron craft went ashore in a dense fog. Capt. Johnson immediately sent a wireless for help. The tug Tasco and one lighter arrived from Woods Hole early in the afternoon with a crew of wreckers from Chatham. The cargo was mostly shoes and other merchandise.

According to Capt. Joseph Kelley of the Monomoy Point Life Saving Station, the vessel is no danger as long as the weather remains calm. The Kershaw is a freight and passenger boat, 274 feet long and 42 feet wide, built in 1899 at Wilmington, Del. Her home port is Baltimore.

Best Trains to the Colorado Rockies leave Chicago and St. Louis, morning and evening, via Rock Island Lines. "Rocky Mountain Limited," "Mountaineer," and "Colorado Flyer." Tickets, 401 Broadway.—Adv.

ANOTHER WARM WAVE BUT IT WON'T LAST

Comfortably Cool Weather Most of This Week, the Forecaster Promises.

ONLY ONE DEATH REPORTED

Another Victim to Saturday's List—Street Thermometers Pass the Official Record of 98.

Another warm wave swept across the country yesterday on the southwest breeze, but it was not of the intensity of last week's spell, and there is a promise of early relief, probably to-day, and certainly to-morrow. The weather man predicts comparatively cool weather for most of the week.

The highest temperature recorded by the Weather Bureau yesterday was 88 degrees at 3 P. M. The humidity fluctuated between 60 and 82 per cent. and contributed much to the discomfort of the day. What little relief there was came from the southwest breeze, which traveled across the city at a six-mile gait, increasing in force as darkness came. In the evening it shifted to the west and increased to 16 knots.

The temperature record on the street told quite another story from that of the Weather Bureau. The following is a record of temperature readings of the thermometer at the entrance to the Times Building: 9 A. M., 94; 10 A. M., 96; 10:30 A. M., 94; 11 A. M., 92; 12:30 to 5 P. M., 90; 7 P. M., 90.

John Flanagan, an employe of the Street Cleaning Department, was overcome at his home, 2,853 Eighth Avenue, and died before the arrival of a doctor. Celestia Milhet of 142 West Thirty-first Street, who was overcome by the heat on Saturday afternoon at the corner of Fifth Avenue and Twenty-seventh Street, died yesterday in Bellevue Hospital.

Peter Murphy, a 65-year-old watchman in the building 77 Mercer Street, was found dead in the building early yesterday morning. The man's skull was fractured. It is believed he was overcome by the heat while making his rounds, and fell.

While suffering from heat Robert Crooks, an actor, living at 440 Third Avenue, took a small quantity of strychnine by mistake yesterday afternoon. He is in Bellevue Hospital and will recover.

There were 15 cases of heat prostration reported during the day in Manhatan, 4 in Brooklyn, and 1 on Staten Island.

The heat drove thousands out of town. The exodus began early in the day. Every train going to Coney Island by noon was comfortably filled, and by 2 o'clock the trains running to the resort had hardly standing room.

There comes a wail from Staten Island. Only 50,000 persons visited South and Midland Beaches, and this is said to be due to the fact that so many spent their money on the Fourth.

50 INSANE FROM HEAT.

That Number Under Observation in Washington Asylum Hospital.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Driven insane by the intense heat of the past week, fifty persons, twenty of them women, are being held in the Washington Asylum Hospital for observation. Dr. D. Percy Hickling, chief consulting physician at the hospital, expresses the belief that most of the patients will recover.

The official temperature to-day was 94 degrees, although in the downtown streets thermometers registered 101. Owing to a refreshing breeze, however, there were no prostrations and little suffering.

Boston Temperature Again High.

BOSTON, July 9.—After two days of moderate Summer weather the temperature jumped uncomfortably high again to-day. At 4 o'clock this afternoon the official thermometer at the Weather Bureau registered 94, only two degrees less than last Sunday's mark. At 10 o'clock to-night the mercury had dropped to 83. Fortunately the humidity was only slightly above the normal.

Three Heat Deaths in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, July 9.—Another hot wave descended on this city to-day, causing three deaths and several prostrations. A maximum official temperature of 90 degrees was registered at 5 P. M.

Western Drought Is Broken.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 9.—Breaking up a six weeks' drought, a rain of from a quarter to three-quarters of an inch fell throughout the Southwest to-day. Prospects are good for heavier rains. In Oklahoma the precipitation in parts of the State was from one to four inches. In Missouri the rainfall was slight. Good rains fell over Northern Nebraska and Southern South Dakota also.

Hot Again in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—With a maximum temperature of 90 degrees and a death list of nine, the hot spell, which showed signs of breaking yesterday, continued here to-day with renewed severity. To-day's maximum was 5 degrees greater than yesterday, while at 8 o'clock to-night the mercury stood at 86 degrees, 10 higher than at the same hour last night.

BAD FOREST FIRES IN MAINE.

Hundreds of Men Vainly Fight to Prevent Spread of Flames.

KINEO, Me., July 9.—Five hundred men are engaged to-night in fighting one of the worst forest fires that Maine has ever known. It has already burned over an area seven miles long in Enchanted Township, causing a loss estimated at $125,000, and there is no present prospect of stopping it. Men are being drafted from other townships to assist in the work.

In the Frenchtown district a fire has been burning several days in spite of the efforts of three hundred men to control it. Still another serious fire is burning on Lobster Mountain.

MISS WORKMAN WEDS.

Explorer's Daughter Marries Sir Alexander McRobert of Cawnpore, India.

LONDON, July 9.—The marriage is just announced of Sir Alexander McRobert, manager and director of the Cawnpore Woolen Mills Company of Cawnpore, British India, and Miss Rachel Workman, daughter of Dr. W. H. Hunter Workman, the noted explorer, and Mrs. Fanny Bullock Workman, the mountain climber of Worcester, Mass. The marriage took place at York on July 7.

Sir Alexander McRobert received his knighthood in 1910. Before going to Cawnpore in 1888 he was a lecturer at several noted colleges. He was President of the Upper India Chamber of Commerce for nine years.

ICE SCARCE BECAUSE IT COMES IN SLOWLY

Too Few Men Up the River to Load the Barges, Says President Oler.

NOT A QUESTION OF PRICE

Hot Weather Has Caused an Unprecedented Demand, and Small Dealers Sometimes Have to Go Without.

Many a householder in this city suffered acutely on Friday and Saturday from a shortage of ice. This was due to the fact that the unprecedented heat of the week brought with it a demand for ice so unprecedented that the routine facilities for bringing the commodity down the Hudson were unable to cope with it. Ice could not be brought here fast enough or in sufficient quantities to meet the requirements of all those who wanted an extra supply.

This was the explanation furnished yesterday by Wesley M. Oler, speaking at his home in Larchmont. Mr. Oler is the President of the Knickerbocker Ice Company, which took over all the ice distributing business in this city of the old American Ice Company, which suspended operation in the early part of May. Mr. Oler was President also of the American and a faithful auditor at the trial of that company, which ended in December, 1909, with its conviction on an indictment that charged it with attempting to create an ice monopoly.

"I need not tell you, I am sure," said Mr. Oler, "that with such weather as the city has experienced in the last week our facilities would be strained to the uttermost. The difficulty was not so much that we could not get barges to bring the ice down the river, but we could not get men to load it fast enough at the various points of shipment. Our men are completely exhausted, for they have been working at full speed loading the ice. I hope that by to-morrow things will be adjusted to more satisfactory running order.

"Ice is an extremely perishable commodity, and it cannot be kept on hand close to the source of demand in very large quantities. It is necessary to keep the bulk of it up the river, and the sudden necessity for bringing unusual amounts down the river at one time creates a difficult problem.

"We have been selling to the dealers at $2 a ton for natural ice and $2.50 for artificial ice. It is untrue that we have been running the price up in order to squash the small independents. It is not and has not been for the last few days a question of price at all. Why, we could get any price we wanted for ice, such has been the demand. Instead of trying to hold it at extortionate prices we have had to call on the police at the unloading points along the river to keep away the people that are after it, and want to get it away from our regular customers at any cost.

"Those who deal with us regularly, whether under contract or not, have the first call upon whatever supply we have, and we have had all we could do to keep them supplied, let alone selling at any price at all to the transient custom."

Even the Knickerbocker's regular trade has not been able to buy all it wanted, one dealer explained. On Friday and Saturday they had to be contented with twenty cakes to each wagon, however much their customers clamored for more.

One manufacturer of artificial ice in this city explained that transient custom has been charged $3 to $3.50 a ton, simply because the Knickerbocker hasn't the ice to sell and doesn't want the new trade at such a time as this. This higher charge, he said, began about July 1.

Transient custom, he said, appears in many varieties. Sometimes it takes the form of a small tenement coal dealer who has a basement and wants to dispense ice in this Summer of our discontent. He has no established relations with the Knickerbocker, and he was apt to find ice unobtainable on Saturday.

Transient custom also appears in the form of the retailer who finds he can't buy from his regular source, and of the retailer who runs out of ice when his wagon is far from his regular source of supply, and who drops into a Knickerbocker depot to see if he cannot fill his wagon. Such buyers as these, regular dealers agreed yesterday, could not reasonably expect to buy from the Knickerbocker at the same price that is fixed for those who take ice from that company all the year around.

One independent retailer said that there had been added difficulty in loading the wagons, so many calling for ice that the waiting in line was interminable and the facilities for distributing at the depots unequal to the occasion.

Another independent dealer, under contract with the Knickerbocker, felt that the present difficulty is no fault of that company, but just an inevitable consequence of what, in a fervent manner, he called the "cussedness of the weather."

An artificial ice manufacturer wanted it made clear that ice can be made in such weather as we have had recently only under twice the difficulty that surrounds the process. It is twice as hard work and costs twice as much, he said, and he hoped that his customers would bear that in mind.

The dealers who have a regular all-year trade, with horses and wagons on hand, feel that it is no more than just that they should be supplied first by the Knickerbocker before the mushroom trade that springs up in hot weather in every part of the city. Many an Italian becomes an ice dealer for the Summer days, and these, finding it almost impossible to buy the ice, are doing most of the howling, one dealer said.

CATSKILL, N. Y., July 9.—The rare spectacle of ice barges along the Hudson being loaded on Sunday was witnessed to-day, the unprecedented demand in New York City caused by the hot spell forcing the ice handlers to work overtime.

Loading was in progress at Catskill Point, in Catskill Creek, and at icehouses at Coxsackie, Athens, and other points on the upper Hudson.

Should the demand continue at the present rate it is estimated that the last cake of Hudson River ice will be marketed by mid-September.

WORK FOR THE BOY SCOUTS.

Hit the Trail in Search of Missing Willy Leahy, Orders Dan Beard.

Dan Beard, the father of the Boy Scouts movement, has written to THE TIMES to present an appeal from him to the 800,000 boys in America who belong to the Boy Pioneers, Boy Scouts of America, and Sons of Daniel Boone, to set to work to try to find the missing Willy Leahy, whose mother has written to Mr. Beard for this purpose.

Mr. Beard writes: "Let every scout set to work as an individual and in troops to find this missing boy. Willy is not himself a scout, but all scouts are hunting for a chance to do deeds of kindness and chivalry. Here is an opportunity to rescue a lad from the 'hostile Indians' and restore him to his mother. Of course, they are not real Indians, but the dangers which beset a lost boy are as great as if he had been captured by the redskins."

Special to The New York Times.

LEWISTON, Me., July 9.—Willie Leahy, aged 15, the son of Mr. and Mrs. John Leahy of 29 Pleasant Street, Lewiston, disappeared on the evening of June 8, and his parents have been unable to find any trace of him. His father is a watchman in the Continental Mills, Lewiston. About 5 o'clock on June 8 he met his son and gave him $5 with which to buy groceries for the family. The boy has not been seen since, so far as the family and police have been able to learn.

The Leahy family formerly lived in New York, and it was thought that he might have gone there. Willie was a bright appearing lad and a regular attendant at St. Patrick's Parochial School. Since his disappearance it has been learned that he was absent from school on the afternoon of June 8. Ringling's circus visited Lewiston about the time of his disappearance, and it was thought that possibly he might have joined the show.

Willie is 5 feet 4 inches tall, has light hair and brown eyes, and when he disappeared he wore a light brown suit, knickerbockers, a light yellow waist, red necktie, and gray cap. His mother says her son was trustworthy, truthful, and never known to run away from home.

JUDGE SYME WEDS AGAIN.

Bride of Divorced Mt. Vernon Lawyer Once His Stenographer.

SYME—NOLAN.—Elizabeth R. Nolan to Sydney A. Syme, on July 6, 1911, at Jersey City, N. J.

This wedding notice, which was printed yesterday in New York newspapers, caused much surprise in Mount Vernon, where the couple have resided for a long time. Mr. Syme, who was recently divorced by his wife, is a former city Judge of Mount Vernon and one of the best-known lawyers in Westchester County. He is a member of many lodges and clubs and is one of the delegates to the Elks' National Convention at Atlantic City.

His bride was at one time a stenographer in his office, but for the past five years has been employed in the law office of H. T. Dykman of White Plains. It was only about three months ago that the first wife of Mr. Syme got a final decree of divorce. The papers were sealed and the name of the co-respondent was not revealed.

Miss Nolan resigned from Mr. Dykman's office a week ago, but she did not tell her friends that she was going to be married. On Thursday afternoon she went with Judge Syme to the office of a Police Justice in Jersey City, where they were married. They are now spending their honeymoon on a four weekst' automobile trip through the northern part of the State. The custody of two children by the first marriage was given to the mother.

FOILS ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.

Quick Action by Woman Saves Despondent Tailor in Central Park.

Max Pitten, 28 years old, a tailor, living at 1,402 Seabury Place, the Bronx, attempted suicide in Central Park yesterday by drinking carbolic acid. Abraham Vitrol of 112 East 109th Street was walking on the East Drive, near 100th Street, when he saw the man raise a vial to his lips. Vitrol ran up to restrain him from drinking what he thought was a poisonous liquid, but before Vitrol reached the man's side the stranger dropped to the ground.

While Patrolman Donohue was working over the man a woman pushed her way through the crowd and exclaimed:

"The only chance of saving this man's life is by taking him to the hospital without delay. Jump into my carriage."

The man was lifted into the carriage, which was driven to Mount Sinai Hospital. When the man revived, he said he was Max Pitten, that he was out of work and despondent, and that he had lost both money and friends.

A charge of attempted suicide was made against him.

FIND BEATEN BOY'S PARENTS.

Lad in Lincoln Hospital Who Forgot His Name Identified.

His parents identified seven-year-old Arthur Klein of 140 East 119th Street yesterday in Lincoln Hospital, where he had been removed early last Tuesday evening after he had been found unconscious and bleeding in a vacant lot in the rear of the hospital. The boy regained consciousness, but could not remember where he lived. He seemed only to know that he had been beaten by a strange man.

Detectives immediately set out to find the boy's parents and found them last night. The boy recalled then that on July 4 he had followed a hand organ into the Bronx and finally realized that he was lost. Then he ran into the lot crying and there was set on by the man.

It will be several days before he can leave the hospital. The police have a good description of his assailant.

PURCHASER OF QUAY'S HOME.

Duchess of Marlborough Planning to Live in Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, July 9.—It was learned today that the Duchess of Marlborough, (Consuelo Vanderbilt,) is the purchaser of the former residence of the late Senator Mathew Stanley Quay in Washington. She paid $130,000 and proposes to occupy the house during the social activities of the year at the capital. The deal has been negotiated between agents of the Duchess and the Union Trust Company of Pittsburg, executors of the estate of Mr. Quay, and his son, Richard R. Quay of Sewickley. The latter sailed for Europe on Saturday, and it is said that his mission is to close the deal. He also is one of the administrators of the estate.

President H. C. McEldowney of the Union Trust Company said to-night that final papers had not been passed in the transaction, but that the matter probably would be closed this week. Nothing was given out here as to when the Duchess will take possession.

Alice Thaw, formerly Countess of Yarmouth, recently closed a deal for the purchase of former Chief Justice Fuller's residence in Washington. She plans to make Washington her home during the greater part of the year.

THIEVES GAVE HIM CARFARE.

Victim Was Far from Home, So Those Who Took All He Had Took Pity Also.

James Eadry of Passaic was held up by two highwaymen early yesterday morning in South Canal Street, Newark. One held a pistol to his head while the other went through his pockets, and took a two-dallar bill, all he had.

One of the thieves asked him where he lived, and when Eadry told him that it was a long walk the thief gave him 10 cents for carfare. After the highwaymen disappeared Eadry notified the police.

COLORADO DAM CONTRACT.

Austin, Tex., Gives $1,600,000 Work to New York Contractor.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, July 9.—At a meeting of the City Council last night the proposal of William D. Johnson of Hartford, Conn., and New York, for the construction of a dam across the Colorado River here and the installation of a hydraulic plant was accepted and a contract was entered into, subject to ratification by referendum vote by the people of the city.

The total proposed consideration is $1,600,000, to be paid in twenty-five annual installments.

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BREAK FOR LIBERTY ENDS IN A DROWNING

One of Four Boys from the House of Refuge Lost in the Bronx Kills.

HIS COMPANIONS RECAPTURED

Two Other Victims Among the Sunday Swimmers—Boy Nearly Lost in a Vain Effort to Save His Chum.

A boy who was making a desperate attempt to escape from the House of Refuge on Randall's Island was drowned yesterday off the island. He was 17-year-old Bernard Rosen, whose home was at 889 Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn, one of four who tried to swim the Bronx Kills to freedom, and the work of rescuing and recapturing his companions was accompanied by hoarse shrieking by all the whistles of the river craft.

It was a little after 8 o'clock that the sounding of the whistle and the firing of shots on Randall's Island was taken up by all the sirens near the Bronx Kills, making a mighty chorus that gave warning that some one had escaped from the island.

The inmates of the institution were assembled in the corridors when Rosen, Alexander Kellogg, 14 years old; William Monahan, 15 years old, and William Morris, 16 years old, decided that the time had come to make a break. They slipped out of a window on the ground floor and dropped to the yard. They had reached the northern end of the island when an older boy, on guard over his younger fellows, was told of the escape. He hurried to the power house, and the noise began.

Several motor boats and larger craft set forth in pursuit of the boys, who, without removing their clothes, had jumped into the Kills and were pulling for the Bronx. The Rosen boy, though the oldest, was a poor swimmer and soon lagged behind. Just as a motor boat drew near him he went under, and was not seen again. The other three were picked up, and suffered themselves to be carried back without resistance. The harbor police dragged for the body of Rosen, but at a late hour it had not been recovered. Supt. Barber said that it was the first attempt in several months to escape from the House of Refuge.

Anthony Fusch, 16 years old, of 16 Bedford Street, Greenwich Village, was another victim of drowning yesterday. He and Robert Antenucci, a chum of the same age, and several other boys were swimming in the Harlem River at the foot of Academy Street. Fusch was seized with cramps and went down. Antenucci dove repeatedly to save his friend, and the others raced to Charles Westphal's boathouse and brought him with grappling irons in a boat.

The rescue party reached the place where Fusch went down just in time to save Antenucci, who was exhausted. Grappling for the other boy was successful, and they soon had him ashore, still alive, with Dr. Sheridan of Fordham Hospital working to restore him to consciousness. The boy died while this work was going on.

Rudolph Brestald, a druggist of 818 Washington Street, Hoboken, also was drowned while swimming off Staten Island and between Midland and Woodland Beaches yesterday afternoon. He was caught with cramps and went down before any of the other bathers could reach him. The body was recovered later.

Men with grappling irons recovered yesterday afternoon near the Havemeyer sugar refinery in Brooklyn the body of Thomas J. Walsh, a Government sugar weigher, who was drowned on Saturday night while swimming near the South Fourth Street pier. Walsh was an able swimmer, and it is supposed that he was seized with cramps. His cries for help were heard, and boats set out to his relief, but he sank as the first boat was within fifty feet of him.

COULDN'T SAVE SWIMMER.

Middletown Man Almost Loses His Own Life Helping Brother-in-Law.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., July 9.—This afternoon while Raymond Holly and his brother-in-law, Edward Dodd, were in swimming in a pond on the outskirts of this city Dodd suddenly noticed that Holly was in distress. He swam to his aid. The two were alone, and Dodd struggled hard to get Holly to shore, nearly losing his own life. Holly slipped from Dodd's grasp and sank. Dodd screamed for help, which soon arrived.

Holly's body was recovered. He leaves a young wife, to whom he was married a short time ago. The place where the accident occurred has been the scene of a number of drownings in recent years.

Three Victims Near Poughkeepsie.

POUGHKEEPSIE, July 9.—Three persons were drowned to-day in Poughkeepsie and vicinity. Erich Nickse and Earl Axtman, 19 and 15 years old, met death in the Hudson, and George Newman, 15 years old, in Wappingers Creek at Manchester. James Reavy, who was with Axtman, was rescued just in time.

LEAVES DYING WIFE FOR JAIL.

Officer of Club Which Entertained Taft Faces Theft Charge.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 9.—Frank J. Vinson, a former Director of the Columbia Club, which entertained President Taft last Tuesday, and Auditor of the Brown-Ketcham Iron Works of this city, tonight surrendered to the police after a warrant charging him with the embezzlement of $4,460 from the iron works company had been issued. It is said the total shortage will reach $56,000.

Vinson left the bedside of his wife, who is said to be dying of heart disease, to give himself up. He was later released on a $2,500 bond.

The alleged defalcations were discovered when the company went into the hands of a receiver in June, and accountants were put to work on the books. The alleged defalcations are said to have extended over a period of eight years. Vinson, it was said to-night, had been confronted with the alleged shortage last Friday and had, it was said, confessed. He was not arrested then on account of the illness of his wife. It was feared the disclosures would hasten her death. She has not been told of her husband's arrest.

HOME AFTER 10-DAY LAPSE.

Assemblyman Hinners Disappeared After Dinner to Gov. Wilson.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., July 9.—Assemblyman William H. Hinners of Edgewater, who mysteriously disappeared on Wednesday evening, June 28, after attending a political dinner in Newark at which Gov. Wilson was a guest, returned to his home to-day.

Though he has made no statement for publication, he told his family that he went to Atlantic City after the dinner to recuperate. He says he suffered from the intense heat and was so overcome he doesn't remember where he was or what he did. Two politicians accidentally discovered him, and, having read in the papers of his disappearance, communicated with his family. He is now under a doctor's care at his home.

Assemblyman Hinners was thought to have been in financial difficulties. He is Chairman of the legislative committee appointed to investigate the Bergen County Court House and other affairs, but whether the investigation will take place now is problematical. So far the auditing experts have found nothing to warrant an investigation, and this fact seemed to worry Hinners, who was responsible for the appointment of the committee.

Surrogate Cohalan Out of Danger.

At the home of Surrogate John P. Cohalan, 606 Tremont Avenue, the Bronx, it was said late last night that the Surrogate, who was in a serious condition last week from typhoid fever, had so far improved that no cause for alarm is entertained. It is expected that the patient's recovery will be speedy.

VEDANTIST UPSETS SERVICE.

Interrupts Preacher in Philadelphia to Tell of Her Faith.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—Mrs. Mary Price, a little Englishwoman who calls herself Sister Avabamia Vivekananda, openly disputed with the Rev. Dr. Edgar Campbell of Woodbury, N. J., from a front pew to-day in Holy Trinity Church and was arrested. Dr. John Wanamaker, 3d, who examined her at a police station, adjudged her insane, and she was committed to the Philadelphia Hospital.

The woman came to this country from Sutherland, England, last May, and since Friday has been stopping at the Keystone Hotel. She says she is a swami, or teacher, of the great Vedanta movement.

At the hotel it was said she had several times held forth for the benefit of clerks and the guests seated around the lobby on the great Vedanta movement and various powers of "mind and magnetism on all planes."

She appeared at the hotel desk this morning in a loose-fitting gown that was drawn tightly around the neck and flowed without interruption to a long train, on which a cluster of weird figures and hieroglyphics were printed in gold. She wore gilt sandals that turned up on the end and bore on each pointed toe a golden star. On her head she carried a creation of cardboard and lace that was surmounted by a huge star and a glowing sun. Across the front of the crown the question "When will sorrow disappear?" shone in letters of gold and silver.

In her arm she carried a book which she called the Ramakrishna Vedanta, and without so much as taking notice of the staring employes and guests, she went out of the hotel and up Market Street with her eyes intently fixed on the sky.

Her appearance in Rittenhouse Square was warranted to cause a sensation, and a sensation it was. Sunday morning strollers who had no idea of going to church forgot their destinations and followed her across Nineteenth Street and into Holy Trinity.

Mrs. Price, with her head still uplifted and the gold stars trembling on her brow, strode boldly up the centre aisle and took a commanding position in the foremost pew.

The service was momentarily halted and Dr. Campbell looked a bit disturbed, but then went ahead as though nothing extraordinary had happened. Mrs. Price took her seat and gave minute attention to every part of the service until the sermon was announced.

She was particularly attentive and twice men in the congregation offered her Prayer Books and hymnals opened at the proper place. Each time she signaled her thanks by raising her right hand and bowing.

No sooner had Dr. Campbell started his sermon than Sister Avabnmia began to interrupt. She would listen closely for a minute or two and then rise. Each time she forbade him going further, until he finally left his pulpit and tried to argue the matter with her. But she would not be pacified and began to talk in a strident tone about the great Vedanta movement and the "true teachings of the happy people."

Dr. Campbell saw that there was nothing to be gained by soothing words, and decided to try to finish the service, notwithstanding the interruptions from the front pew. The louder he talked the louder Sister Avabamia shouted, and the faster he delivered his words the more speed she used.

Finally some one quietly informed the police that a demented woman was breaking up the service and a policeman was dispatched to restore order. When he came into the church the congregation prepared to leave, but Mrs. Price was quiet by that time and went with the policeman, still preaching the ethics of the great Vedanta movement, but offering no resistance.

An effort is being made to locate the woman's relatives. Dr. Wanamaker is of the opinion that the excessive heat had had much to do with her condition. In Mrs. Price's room in the hotel charts, literature, and maps illustrating her theories and religion, were found.

BOY CRUSHED UNDER AUTO.

Machine Owned by Arthur Robinson Runs Down Jesse Geiseman.

Five-year-old Jesse Geiseman, whose home is at 1,980 Seventh Avenue, was playing on the street a block below his home last evening a little after 8, when he saw his mother on the opposite corner and darted across the street to meet her.

In his eagerness the boy did not see an automobile that was bowling uptown and it ran over him. The car was owned and driven by Arthur Robinson, an electrician, of 250 West 121st Street.

Robinson brought his machine to an abrupt stop and himself picked the little boy up and placed him in the seat. Then he helped in the frantic mother and drove at full speed to Harlem Hospital. There the doctors found that Jesse had a fractured skull and a broken leg. They said that there was practically no hope that he would live.

Tragedy in Old Swimming Hole.

PARRSBORO, Nova Scotia, July 9.—The old swimming hole near Partridge Island, where Parrsboro boys for generations have bathed, was the scene late yesterday of its first double drowning. The victims were first cousins, the eldest son of James C. Gilbert and Clifford Gilbert's only son. One of the boys got beyond his depth and the other was drawn down when a rescue was attempted.

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Clear Havana Cigars

On sale in our New York stores only a few weeks and already one of our leaders.

Try the Favorita Size 2-for-a-quarter if you like a fine Havana cigar at that price.

Other sizes—3-for-a-quarter, up to 25 cents each.

UNITED CIGAR STORES

MUNICIPAL PROBLEMS AS BRYCE SEES THEM

Tradition Has Saved British Cities from Many of the Evils That Exist in America.

BUT WE ARE DOING BETTER

A Bad Mixture of Business and Politics Has Kept Us Back—Public Ownership of Utilities Still an Open Question.

The City Club has issued in pamphlet form the address on "The Government of British Cities" which Ambassador Bryce gave on March 8 when he was the club's guest of honor at a dinner. Much of the speech was a comparison between British and American success in the solution of municipal problems, and where comparisons were expressly drawn Mr. Bryce did it diffidently and gently. Speaking of his own country, Mr. Bryce said:

"What the future may bring no one knows, but, so far as we have gone, we consider our municipal government to have been successful and satisfactory and to have inspired confidence in the great body of our citizens."

Later on he suggested one basic reason for England's success with her cities, saying:

"A country lives by its traditions. In England we are exposed to and have faced, successfully so far, a great number of risks and temptations which have overcome virtue in some other countries simply because custom has fixed standards from which men fear to depart. If it were not for our traditions I don't know what would become of us. We are living under the shadow of the past. We seem to see the majestic figures of the past rising above us in our House of Commons and our House of Lords, reminding us of what they were, of the standards of public duty that they tried to maintain, and telling us in voiceless accents that we must live up to the standards, and preserve the traditions they have bequeathed to us."

As the points in the British system which seem most approved by experience, Mr. Bryce enumerated the absence of party politics in the conduct of municipal affairs, the small number of persons chosen by direct popular election, and the permanence of the Civil Service of the cities, there being no removals for political reasons. In so far as he diagnosed the difficulties in American cities, he suggested as a most frequent evil the "insufficient distinction between that which belongs to politics and that which belongs to business." On this point he said:

"It is often said that business enters too much into politics—that is to say, that 'the interests,' as they are technically called, the men, and especially the corporations of great wealth, are too frequently trying to manipulate politics for their own purposes and to use their power over political bodies to enrich themselves. That may be true, and, of course, in parts of the country it has been true, where railroads, for instance, have practically gained the control of whole States. But it is also true that if business has too much encroached upon politics, there is a sense in which cities have thought too much of themselves as political bodies and too little of the busines side of their work.

"After all, a city is for some purposes to be regarded not so much a political entity, like a nation, but rather as a great business undertaking which is trying to carry out a large number of kinds of work for the citizens, which is a great employer of labor, which supplies to the private citizen much that he is obliged to have and which he would have to get from private firms or corporations, if the city did not undertake to supply him. The care of streets, of water, of gas, of light, is all business, and politics, in the sense of party politics, should not be allowed to get into it at all. If you can keep out politics in that sense, namely, the intrusion of political differences where they ought not to be considered or allowed any weight, you would find half or more than half of your difficulties disappear.

"Your administration is becoming more and more of a business administration, certainly in this city, than ever before, and that is generally true of cities all over the Union. Everywhere men are coming to see the importance of fixing responsibility upon definite persons. That is the meaning of the tendency to adopt the commission form. In that respect your forms of government are far better over the country at large than they used to be."

Mr. Bryce sees all about him encouraging signs of improvement in municipal government in this country.

"In nearly all the cities," he said, "the sky is brighter, the light is stronger. A new spirit is rising. The progress you may expect to see in the elevation and purification of your city government within the next twenty or thirty years may well prove to be greater and more enduring than even that which the last forty years have seen.

"Evils in politics, which thirty years ago were considered so normal that people assumed them to be necessary, are now considered scandals which must be attacked and expunged. I remember seeing William M. Tweed during his day, and I remember talking to some of your good citizens of New York in those days, and I remember that in those days it was thought that New York was lying helpless under a yoke that could not be shaken off. Municipal misgovernment was supposed to be a natural and necessary feature of popular government. Democracy was bearing—so men said—its proper fruit. Fortunately there arose a generation of men who started reform in New York. Their successors have carried on the attack upon maladministration ever since. Now they are not only better organized, but have been receiving more constant support from the great body of the citizens.

"Let us never forget the young men who when things looked blackest threw themselves into public work of various kinds. Among them was one, then only 23 years of age, who won his first laurels as a member of the New York Legislature at Albany. The example set by Theodore Roosevelt was inspiring. He was among the first of the many good citizens who have since those days taken up what was often to them the uncongenial and distasteful task of working in local politics, sometimes as members of the legislative bodies, sometimes simply as reformers operating in the press, on the platform, in various philanthropic efforts for the benefit of the State and the city and for the raising of the standard of public honor and administrative efficiency.

"Our municipal governments and our cities have grown very slowly during centuries. None of our cities, not even places like Leicester and Northampton and Aberdeen and Cardiff, which have been increasing very rapidly, some of them doubling within the last thirty years—none of them has grown with anything like the speed with which cities grow in the United States; and when growth is very rapid, all sorts of problems and difficulties arise for the people to grapple with, whereas, when cities increase more slowly, as they usually do with us, there is always time to look about and anticipate trouble before it actually arrives. And that is still more the case when you reflect that whereas here a very large part of the growth of your cities has been due to the coming of immigrants from other countries, many of whom are not familiar with your institutions, in our case our population is almost entirely home-grown. It is a homogeneous population, accustomed to the same traditions, habits and ideas.

"Under the traditions of public duty formed in our cities, it was considered disgraceful for a man to be trying to get an advantage for himself out of a municipal contract, or out of the sale of condemned property, and if he had been discovered in doing it, he would have been visited with general repudiation by the community, and certainly would have had no chance of ever being returned as a councilor. When a standard has been once set up it tends to perpetuate itself, and the people would visit condign punishment on any one who was seen to be lowering the standard."

In the matter of municipal management of public utilities, Mr. Bryce spoke of the wisdom and propriety of such an arrangement as still an open question: "A large number of the street railways in our cities are now owned by the municipalities. Water supply, gas supply, electric light supply are frequently in their hands. In some cases they maintain public lodging houses. The London County Council owned for a time a municipal steamboat service on the Thames, an experiment, which, however, did not yield good pecuniary results and was ultimately dropped. You will ask what the result of these municipal experiments has been. So far as our knowledge goes, my knowledge goes, there is no doubt that the municipalities have managed their work quite honestly. Very seldom has any charge of malpractice been made—and the exception approves the generality of the statement that, with exceedingly few exceptions, the management of these public utilities by the municipalities has been perfectly honest. But whether it is economical, whether it is the best kind of management in the interest of careful and parsimonious administration, is a matter which is still open to discussion.

"Many people believe that private management must always be more economical than public management. I am, however, not at all sure that that is true universally of British cities. Some cities, such as Glasgow, have gained a reputation for very careful and skillful management of all the pulbic utilities they have undertaken, and while they have succeeded in some cases in making a profit for the city, which reduces the rates, they have in other cases provided a service so cheap that it has been a great boon to the people. At the same time, while thinking that public opinion is on the whole favorable to municipal management, I will not venture to say that the propriety of intrusting these public utilities to municipal Governments has passed entirely out of the experimental stage."

DOG FIGHT STARTS BLAZE.

Mrs. Castile's Jealous Pets Upset Lamp and Burn to Death.

Mrs. William H. Castile of 314 Fortieth Street, Brooklyn, nearly lost her life last evening in an attempt to rescue two pet dogs which had upset an oil lamp. They engaged in a fight to the death in one of the rooms.

Don Carlos, a prize English bulldog, and Savage, part bulldog and part fox terrier, began the fight during Mrs. Castile's temporary absence. She knew of the animals' hatred for each other. More than once they had fought and it was necessary to tie them up. Finding it inconvenient to take either of the dogs with her, Mrs. Castile put one in the back parlor and the other in the kitchen.

Early in the day Savage became furious because Don Carlos received one more piece of candy. He snapped savagely at the bulldog. When Mrs. Castile went out she left an oil lamp burning low on the kitchen table. Mrs. Maria Slevin, owner of the house, who lives upstairs, was on the front veranda when she was startled by sounds of a dog fight. Then there was a crash, an explosion, and a smell of smoke.

When Mrs. Castile returned a minute or two later the house was in flames.

"My dogs are killing each other in there. They will be burned up," she screamed. She tried to rush in, but the smoke and flames drove her out.

Mrs. Slevin tried to prevent her from again entering the apartment, but she insisted and was soon brought out in a faint. The fire did about $1,000 damage.

Both dogs were burned to a crisp. When found Savage's jaws were locked on the bulldog's throat. Both had broken their tethers. Mrs. Castile is inconsolable over the loss of her pets. Don Carlos had won prizes.

Lockout for 40,000 Swedish Workers.

STOCKHOLM, July 9.—Forty thousand building workmen in Sweden, who have rejected the State arbiters' award in the labor dispute, will be locked out to-morrow.

Brooklyn Union League Reciprocity Talk.

Members of the Union League Club of Brooklyn are looking forward with interest to a meeting to be held Wednesday evening at the clubhouse, to discuss reciprocity with Canada. There are many manufacturers and business men in the club, and they are divided over the measure now before the Senate. A special request has been sent out by Robert J. MacFarland, President of the club, to all the members to be present at the meeting.

ATWOOD AGAIN READY TO START AT DAWN

Continued from Page 1.

and returned about 8 o'clock without his passenger.

The aviator got away from Nassau Boulevard with little fuss. When he got to Long Beach he wanted to take up ex-Senator William J. Reynolds, but found it impossible to get out of the sand with the extra weight. He was even forced to leave Miss Mohr behind. It was moonlight when he returned.

"I went over in twenty minutes and came back in a quarter of an hour," he said. "Yes, I am sure of it, timed it myself. When we landed the skids settled so in the sand that I could not get off the ground again with an extra person. There was a fair crowd. I circled the place and then came home."

Afterward Mr. Sopwith took Timothy L. Woodruff for a moonlight ride. Andre Houpert of the Moisant Aviation School was the only man to handle a monoplane here to-day. He made two flights, circling over the hangars and eliciting great applause and admiration.

Lee Hammond visited the field also from Mineola. Albert Fileaux, mechanic for the late John B. Moisant, made too short a turn in the Queen Aeroplane Company's machine early this morning and smashed the right wing.

Glenn Curtiss was on the field this afternoon to examine a machine.

SEVEN BALLOONS IN RACE.

National Elimination Contest Starts at Kansas City To-day.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 9.—With the aviation field in perfect condition, the gas mains working, the ballast laid, and the grandstands completed and all seven balloons that will fly in the National elimination balloon race which starts to-morrow ready to be inflated, the aeronauts are just waiting to-night. All assert they could now fly on an hour's notice, so there is little for them to do but rest and gossip.

Indications to-night are that weather conditions will be perfect to-morrow. The aeronauts have wished for a cool day with a brisk wind. A good rain fell this afternoon, lowering the temperature several degrees, and a cooling breeze came in the wake of the rainfall. Hundreds of followers of aerial sports are present. The entries follow:

Kansas City Aero Club, "The Kansas City," H. E. Honeywell, pilot; John Watts, aid.

Million Population Club, St. Louis, "The Million Club," John W. Berry, pilot; Paul McCollough, aid.

Western Aero Association, Topeka, "Topeka No. 2," Frank M. Jacobs, pilot; Ralph Emerson, aid.

New York Aero Club, "The New York," Clifford B. Harmon, pilot; Augustus Post, aid.

Cleveland Aero Club, "The Buckeye," J. H. Wade, pilot; A. H. Morgan, aid.

St. Louis Aero Club, "St. Louis No. 4," Frank P. Lahm, pilot; Lieut. John Hart, aid.

St. Louis Aero Club, "Miss Sophia," W. F. Assman, pilot; Joseph O'Reilly, aid.

The first balloon is scheduled to start at 4 P. M. The remaining six will be released at intervals of five minutes. The two leaders in this contest will represent the United States in the international race for the James Gordon Bennett Cup. It will start from here Oct. 5.

Gales Halt German Airmen.

BERLIN, July 9.—Violent winds to-day prevented the aviators—Bruno, Buechner, Vollmueller, Laitsch, and Noelle—from attempting the last lap of the German aviation circuit race, which is from Halberstadt to Berlin. If possible, a new start will be made to-morrow.

BRETTON WOODS

In the Heart of the White Mts.

THE Mount Washington

OPENS TO-DAY

WM. S. KENNEY, MANAGER.

Information at 171, 1122 and 1180 Broadway, and at "Ask Mr. Foster's" office, Flatiron Arcade.

TWO DIE AFTER CAR CRASH.

Driver and Helper on Wrecked Wagon Expire in Paterson Hospitals.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., July 9.—John Larson, 30 years old, of 98 Front Street, this city, died this morning in St. Joseph's Hsptal, and William Price, 32 years old, of 430 Totowa Avenue, died in the General Hospital of injuries received late last night when a trolley car struck a wagon in which they were riding at Ashley Heights. Two horses drawing the wagon were killed

The front part of the car was crushed in and twenty pasengers were hurled from their seats. The car was going from Hawthorne toward Paterson at high speed, and John Gersee, the motorman, declared there were no lights on the wagon. The road is lined with electric lights, and Gersee says he had just passed under one of them when the crash came. He escaped serious injury by jumping back into the car as soon as he shut off the power.

The two men in the wagon were picked up unconscious a hundred feet from the point where the crash occurred. At the hospitals it was found that their skulls had been fractured and that both were internally injured. The wagon, which contained a load of mineral water, was owned by Edgar Whitenour, by whom the men were employed. It was wrecked and the mineral water was scattered over the highway. The motorman and the conductor, Harry Hascup, were arrested, and Recorder Carroll parolled them until Tuesday.

WORK GERM IN NEGRO SONG.

"Steamboat Bill" Sends Them Job Hunting on Mississippi Boats.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, July 9.—"If 'Steamboat Bill' had not made such a hit with the negroes in all parts of the Mississippi Valley we steamboat men would have been spared much trouble. As it is, so many want jobs that there are not enough places for them."

This was the observation of a New Orleans steamboat man this morning. The chorus of "Steamboat Bill" runs:

Steamboat Bill, Steamboat Bill,
Steaming down the Mississippi.
Steamboat Bill, a mighty man was he,
Steamboat Bill steaming down the Mississippi.
Going to beat the record of the Robert E. Lee.

It has not been long since the steamers leaving New Orleans had the greatest difficulty in hiring roustabouts to handle the cargoes of freight. Suddenly, the mates say, they were literally besieged with applications, and they attribute the fact to the song "Steamboat Bill."

A mate on one of the river packets arriving in New Orleans said:

"The men say they want to get into the steamboat business, and declare that they are indifferent as to the points on the river touched by the packets or how long they are gone."

Off in your car on Sunday morning.

S-s-s-s-s! Tire punctured.

Does that mean a long delay to spoil the day?

It needn't. With Dorian Remountable Rims on your car, the schedule time for changing tires would be about as follows:

10 A.M. Puncture.
10:02 Car jacked up.
10:02:30 Spare rim and tire unstrapped.
10:03 Rim de-mounted.
10:03:30 Spare rim and tire mounted.
10:04 De-mounted rim strapped.
10:05 Remove jack and "On again—gone again"—Dorian.

Five minutes only! And you do it all with your two hands and a brace wrench.

DORIAN "On Again—Gone Again"—DORIAN

REMOUNTABLE RIMS

Simply loosen 4 nuts—remove rim and tire—replace with the spare—tighten the 4 nuts—and you're off.

You'll never know the possibilities of remountable rims until you see the Dorian demonstrated. Come to our salesrooms any time during the day.

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On this plan, we buy 1 share or more of stock and 1 bond or more.

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John Muir & Co
Specialists in Odd Lots
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WILD HORSE RUNS MILES FOR A SWIM

Topples Over Men, Women, and Children in Its Path and Jolts a Few Policemen.

INTO NEWTOWN CREEK

Then Submits to be Lassoed and Led Back to a Stable—Just from the West, It Finds Williamsburg Hot.

Dozens of persons, among them several women and children, as well as a number of policemen, were knocked down last night by a wild Western mustang which broke out of a stable in North Third Street, Williamsburg, and ran for two and a half miles. It was only captured after it had jumped into Newtown Creek. Then a bridge tender got a noose around its neck.

The horse is the property of Joseph Lukoski, a truckman, who has a stable at 57 North Third Street. Lukoski bought the animal a week ago. It was one of a lot just in from the West. He got the horse to his stable, and there gave it the run of the yard, which is surrounded by a fence more than six feet high.

For several days the horse made repeated efforts to jump the fence, but failed until early last evening, when it did get over.

Across the street a number of persons were sitting on the steps of the tenement at No. 58 North Third Street. Mrs. Annie Rodovsky, on the sidewalk, was pushing an infant about in a baby carriage, and to her skirts clung her 3-year-old daughter Annie. Mortimer, 7 years old, walked with them. Into them the horse dashed. The lights and the sights in the street seemed to terrify the animal. It kicked out with its heels, and Mrs. Rodovsky, her babies, and the carriage went down in a heap. Two-year-old John Fisher and Mrs. Mary Michel of 65 North Third Street were the next victims. Several men sprang at the animal, among them Walter Madnus. They were knocked down also, and the horse made off down the street at top speed.

Dr. Levine was called from the Eastern District Hospital and he dressed the cuits and bruises which all who had been knocked down had received.

Meantime the horse kept up its rapid pace and at Wythe Avenue Henry Vogt of 408 Lorimer Street tried to catch it. It wore no harness or bridle, however, and the man was tossed aside when he made a leap at the animal's mane. At Bedford Avenue Sergt. Cassidy of the Bedford Avenue Police Station was more fortunate and got his fingers gripped in the horse's mane. He hung on for more than a block, but finally was shaken off and rolled in the street.

The animal kept on to Driggs Avenue, into which it turned just as Policeman Smith and two men tried to catch it. They were knocked sprawling and climbed to their feet again to see the horse tearing down Driggs Avenue.

It swung into Metropolitan Avenue, and at Rodney Street Policeman Boyle and O'Keefe, also of the Bedford Avenue Station, sprang in front of it. The horse ran over them and kept going. Others in the street who saw the animal coming took to doorways and stoops, and the runaway had a clear path to Grand Street, where a bridge crosses Newtown Creek. Into the water the animal sprang, narrowly missing a rowboat in which a young man was rowing two girls about. The girls screamed and the young man headed for shore at full speed.

On the bridge John Haggerty, the tender, had seen the horse jump, and grabbing up a coil of rope, he ran to the bank of the creek. He fashioned his rope into a lariat, and sent the noose flying out toward the horse. The first few casts missed, but at last the noose settled over the animal's head, and, darwing it taught, Haggerty guided the horse ashore. Its wetting seemed to have quieted the animal somewhat, and Haggerty was able to get a bridle, fashioned out of his rope, over the animal's head. Then he turned him over to a policeman.

All told the horse had run for more than two and a half miles. The policeman walked the animal back, and it was put in a stall in the stable attached to the Bedford Avenue Police Station.

FAVOR SHIFTING THE TAX.

People's Forum Would Increase the Burden on Unused Property.

A stormy session of the People's Forum at the Church of the Ascension last night was devoted to a discussion of resolutions which were finally passed, favoring the Sullivan-Short bill at present before the State Legislature, and which proposes to take off half the present taxation on tenements and to add heavily to the taxation on unused property.

Walter Laidlow, Secretary of the Federation of Churches, was Chairman of the meeting and the principal speaker. Other speeches were made by the Rev. Percy Stickney Grant, rector of the Church; J. Aspinwall Hodge of the People's Institute, Raymond V. Ingersoll, Chairman of the Committee on Congestion, and John J. Flynn of the Central Labor Union, Brooklyn.

There was a violent discussion of the bill when it came the turn of those on the floor to speak and much opposition to it, but the resolutions which are to be sent to Senator Cullen were finally passed.

Clothing Trade Workers to Unite.

The Journeymen Tailors' Union, Local No. 300, issued a call yesterday for a conference on July 29 of representatives of all branches of the clothing trade at 106 West Thirty-first Street to form a Dress Trades Council to represent 200,000 clothing workers in this vicinity. The tailors want all organizations in the clothing trade united so they can co-operate "for better working and workshop conditions, for absolute protection to life and limb, and for pay by the week instead of by the piece," and "for a uniform workday of not more than eight hours."

New 'Cellist in the Philharmonic.

Joseph Heindl, son of Alexander Heindl, one of the original members of the Boston Symphony Orchestra and a brother of Anton Heindl, the musical director, has been engaged to play 'cello for the Philharmonic Society. Mr. Heindl is only 22 years old, the youngest member ever engaged by the Philharmonic. He obtained all of his musical education in this country.

CUBAN JUDGE LAUGHS AT TALK OF REVOLT

Juan Frederico Edelman Says There Is No Real Discontent in the Island.

WOULD LEAD TO ANNEXATION

Report That Agents Had Come Here to Buy Arms Only a Political Move, He Declares.

The report that agents from the disaffected section of the Cuban politicians had arrived in New York with funds to buy arms and ammunition to start another revolution caused excitement yesterday in the Cuban colony having its headquarters in the Hotel America, Fifteenth Street and Fourth Avenue.

To a TIMES reporter Juan Frederico Edelman, Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals at Havana, who arrived here last week, said that when he left Cuba there were no signs of serious trouble, and he had not received any news since to make him believe that another revolution was about to be started.

"All Cubans who have an interest in the future of their country," said the Judge, "are desirous of peace and prosperity. They are aware that in the Island of Cuba they possess some of the richest land in the world and that to start another revolution, with the prospect of a third intervention by the United States, would mean a risk of losing their native land and nationality.

"All this talk about the discontent of the Cuban people against President Gomez and his administration, in my opinion, has been made by the 'canaille' to serve some political purpose with which I am not acquainted. They may talk about buying guns and ammunition and smuggling them into Cuba, for the purpose of frightening the people, but that will accomplish nothing.

"The present administration was elected impartially after the second intervention by the United States Government. It was a popular selection which was admitted to be such by all parties at the time. The next Presidential election takes place in November, 1912, too early to start an election fight when there is more than a year for the political parties to select their candidate."

"Have you heard that there was any serious dissatisfaction with the President for extravagance under his administration?" he was asked.

"I have heard that there was some discontent," he replied, "but I am confident that there will not be any revolution now. The Cubans are too wise."

Other well-known Cuban business men staying in the Hotel America, who did not wish to be quoted, said that every educated Cuban at present knew that it would be the height of folly to start another revolution, because if the United States sent troops to the island a third time they would stay, and that would mean annexation and the end of the independence they had fought for. This would please Americans interested in the sugar and tobacco industries, as the goods would then come in free of duty, they said.

The agents who had come to New York and announced they had come to buy arms had no doubt been sent to make a bluff to frighten President Gomez into resigning, they declared. The opinion of the Cubans regarding the surrounding of the palace by troops in Havana was that it was done by Gomez to see how soon it could be accomplished and to show that the Government was strong enough to crush any attempt at revolt.

Several Cubans, including Antonio San Miguel, editor of La Lucha, cabled yesterday to Havana asking for news, but at a late hour last night no replies had been received.

COMEDY OF A TAXICAB.

Played by Two Men and a Woman Before the Eyes of 138th Street.

Apartment dwellers in 138th Street, between Broadway and Riverside Drive, were treated early yesterday morning to a little scene that might have been lifted from a moving picture dramatization of a dime novel.

The curtain rose at 1:30. Enter a stout gentleman in a dark suit and a brown study. He paced up and down, nervously, now and again straining his eyes into the darkness and clenching his fist.

Enter a taxicab, rolling around the corner from Broadway. Hist! The stout gentleman must not be discovered. He conceals himself in the shadow of a doorway. The taxicab draws nearer and finally stops at the curb, all unconscious of the stout gentleman's proximity. Out of the cab jumps a slim gentleman in white flannels, bowing chivalrously as he helps out a lady in an evening gown. Slow music.

Out of his retreat leaps the stout gentleman. Although the fast and furious words that were exchanged were not distinguishable to the gallery, it was plain that the stout gentleman was saying, "Villain, she is mine," or words to that effect. The lady screamed softly, then loudly. Thus attracted, several automobiles drive up to see the fun.

Then both gentlemen sail into each other, and imprecations fill the air. They are still having it hot and heavy, when a policeman rounds the corner. The taxicab and other cars withdraw hastily. The stout man takes the woman by the arm and marches her down to an apartment house, the portals of which close behind them. The man in flannels runs away. The policeman arriving is the only figure on the stage as the curtain falls. 138th Street returns to bed.

PILLAR CRUSHES CONDUCTOR.

Blood Flows on Woman Passenger Who Lifts Him from Car.

James McIvor, conductor of a southbound Fordham and Woodlawn Avenue car, while standing on the running board came in cotact with an elevated railroad pillar last evening. He was picked up, bleeding, from the floor of the car by a young girl, and was removed to the hospital in a critical condition. He may die, having suffered severe lacerations of the scalp and probably internal injuries.

The girl was dressed in white, and her clothing was saturated with blood, which was flowing profusely from the conductor's head. The car was going at a moderate rate of speed when the accident occurred. The girl's companion pulled the bellrope and brought the car to a stop. The girl took a taxicab and was whirled away.

BANK FACES $200,000 LOSS.

Cincinnati Concern's Second Mortgage on Brooklyn Land in Peril.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, July 9.—A call was issued yesterday by the Liquidating Committee of the old Queen City Savings Bank and Trust Company for a meeting of the stockholders to be held in the Provident Bank Building on Wednesday.

The old Queen City Bank was absorbed last September by the Provident Savings Bank and Trust Company to prevent the closing of the Queen City Bank by the State Banking Department. The reason for the call for the meeting of the stockholders is to put up to them for decision the question as to what shall be done to prevent practically a total loss on a $200,000 loan on Flatbush, Brooklyn, real estate. This loan, which was one of several in the bank which were ordered out by the State Superintendent of Banking, and which brought about the liquidation of the bank's affairs, is a second mortgage.

The property is owned by the New York and Philadelphia Realty Company, and a Brooklyn trust company is trustee under a first mortgage of $350,000. The interest on this first mortgage, due on May 1, has not been paid, and the owners of the mortgage are pushing their claim to a foreclosure. Should such action be taken and the property sold under the hammer it is said that practically all of the Queen City's loan of $200,000 on the second mortgage would be wiped out.

President Kroger of the Provident Bank has made several trips to New York, and says the tract of land is very valuable.

SAY MISS BARRYMORE WON'T ASK ALIMONY

Friends Declare She Only Wants an Allowance for Child from Her Husband.

RECONCILIATION UNLIKELY

Actress, It Is Said, Thinks She and Mr. Colt Are Better Apart—Curtailing Tour to Come East.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, July 9.—Mr. Frank, who is managing Miss Barrymore's tour, indicated, in the course of an interview today regarding the divorce proceedings she has taken against her husband, Russell Griswold Colt, that her action was due to Mr. Colt's alleged irregular habits, which, he added, Miss Barrymore could not tolerate.

"You understand," he went on, "I am saying that on my own responsibility. Miss Barrymore positively declines to say a word for publication, and will not do so while she is on tour."

Miss Barrymore refused even to see, much less talk to, newspaper men to-day. She went to the length of denying herself to many of her more intimate friends here, on the plea that she had been made ill by the shock of the notoriety caused by the disclosure of her plans for divorce.

"She hates this kind of advertising," declared one woman after a short talk with the actress last night at the Hotel Hollywood. "There is not the faintest chance of a reconciliation. Miss Barrymore feels that she has been too deeply wronged for anything of that sort ever to take place. She does not, however, feel any personal animosity against Mr. Colt. It is simply that she believes they will both be happier apart."

It is asserted by other friends of the actress that Miss Barrymore has no intention of asking for alimony, and that all she would consent to receive from her husband is an allowance for their child. Naturally, as she is bringing the suit for freedom, she demands the custody of her child during his minority.

Mr. Frank declares that Miss Barrymore had been quietly gathering evidence of her husband's mode of life for months, and that she has much at her disposal should she decide to submit it.

"It is hardly likely, however, that Miss Barrymore will find it needful when the case comes to trial," he said. "Personally, I believe that she will not use more than is absolutely necessary to obtain her decree.

"Miss Barrymore is heartbroken over the affair. She can hardly control herself on the rare occasions when she speaks of it to her friends," the manager concluded.

It is understood here and at the hotel where Miss Barrymore is staying that the actress intends to cut short her tour on the west coast and take her baby back to New York as soon as possible. She will omit Seattle, Portland, Tacoma, and other cities she originally intended to play in and go East immediately.

According to statements made at the Mason Theatre, the management of which has known Miss Barrymore for years, the actress intends henceforth to be always accompanied by her boy when she goes on tour.

Gillespie Wins Electric Company Fight

MORRISTOWN, N. J., July 9.—The factional fight between stockholders of the Morris and Somerset Electric Company which has been going on for several months has resulted in victory for President Samuel H. Gillespie and his followers. The Gillespie faction succeeded in controlling 612 voting shares, while the opposition, headed by Peter V. Stryker, could poll but 489. The election took place yesterday. The Directors elected were Mr. Gillespie, Willard V. King, A. R. Tobey, A. Heyward McAlpin, Dr. L. Landon Humphreys, Assemblyman Eugene S. Burke, John M. Forbes, Kingsley Twining, and George Powell.

LOST FOUR DAYS AT SEA.

Two Women and Three Men Adrift on Launch Without Food.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 9.—Without food for four days, their strength almost gone from bailing out their boat, and buffeted by a heavy sea, Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Grimsley, Mr. and Mrs. I. L. Martin, and Capt. Frank Brazenton of San Pedro, in the launch La Paz, were picked up late Friday afternoon by the steamer Chehalis, Capt. Jack Kittleson. Mr. Grimsley is President of a gold mining company and reputed wealthy.

The party left Avalon on the evening of July 4 in the launch. A heavy sea was running in the channel, and the boat shipped a good deal of water. Toward morning the compass went wrong, and when dawn broke the anxious passengers could see nothing but sea and sky, and Capt. Brazenton admitted that they were lost somewhere off the coast south of Catalina Island.

The sea still ran high, and the men were forced to bail vigorously at times. There was no food in the craft, but a demijohn nearly full of water had been put aboard. Hunger added to their distress when another night fell. They saw no sign of other craft all day Thursday. A sail was rigged Friday morning and some headway made. The water in the jug was reduced to a trifling quantity.

It was Friday afternoon when the steamer Chehalis loomed up almost in their path. With fog horn and white flag they attracted the attention of the skipper, and the big steamer swung around and picked them up.

Girls Will Learn How to Shoot.

TRENTON, N. J., July 9.—So that they may learn how to use firearms, girl members of the Broad Street Park Methodist Episcopal Church have organized the Girl Rangers Club. The Rev. William Stone, the pastor, expects that all will develop into crack shots. He is to train them in artillery and also to give them instructions in general athletics.

IN NEW JERSEY.

JERSEY CITY.—Fire of unlearned cause did $5,000 damage to the Imperial Hotel at 3 and 5 Exchange place early yesterday morning. Firemen rescued four women by carrying them down a ladder from the second story.

BAYONNE.—An owl, whose outstretched wings measured three feet two inches, was exhibited yesterday by John Higgins of Trask Avenue. Higgins came across the owl while at work at the Port Johnson coal docks Saturday night and captured it with a net.

NEWARK.—A man, believed to be John Lawatzki, committed suicide yesterday afternoon by shooting himself in the head in the lodging house kept by Frits Herse at 251 Springfield Avenue. County Physician McKenzie said that Lawatzki had taken a dose of lysol before shooting himself.

NEWARK.—George Wittick, a boarder in the home of August Schwalt, 80 Camfield Street, Newark, hanged himself yesterday in his room. He had been out of employment for several months and spent all of his savings.

HACKENSACK.—Friends of ex-Register Robert A. Sibbald are planning a dinner in his honor as the man "who made good" on his promise to rid Bergen County of the unnecessary $6,500 office of Register. The dinner will be given some time in August or September. Gov. Wilson, who will be a guest of honor, co-operated with Sibbald in his efforts to have the office abolished after Sibbald had been elected last Fall to that office.

MONTCLAIR.—At the meeting of the Town Council to-night the question of permanently closing Pine Street so that the Lackawanna Railroad Company may make extensive terminal improvements will be considered. When it was first proposed to close this street about eighteen months there was much opposition, but it is not so marked now. The town has conceded to the railroad the right to change the grades of streets, and the Council is in favor of closing Pine Street.

MONTCLAIR.—A new Roman Catholic parish will be organized here by order of Bishop O'Connor of Newark. The parish will embrace Upper Montclair and St. Cassian's Church at Norwood and Bellevue Avenues, will be the centre of the parish.

ORANGE.—City Clerks Lincoln E. Rowley and Willett B. Gano of East Orange and Orange, respectively, and Town Clerk Joseph McDonough of West Orange have been appointed a special committee to arrange for a convention of county and municipal clerks of the State, to be held at the Summer capital on Governor's Day.

MORRISTOWN.—Although contracts are to be signed Wednesday by the Aldermen to buy a $5,700 automobile fire truck, the city has not the funds to pay for it. This being the case, Resolute Hook and Ladder Company has agreed to make the first payment, $1,200. The remaining $4,500 will be paid in yearly installments.

TRENTON.—Fred and Russell Davis, brothers; Thomas McFarland, and Thomas Jordon, whose ages range from 10 to 14 years, are held by the police as burglars. Detectives say they robbed a grocery store and that in so doing they climbed over the slanting roof of the Warren Street M. E. Church and then jumped through a skylight into the store. Fred Davis admitted that all were guilty, and said to the police: "I got $3.25 as my share of the swag."

TRENTON.—Mrs. Elizabeth Dile, 75 years old, while talking with neighbors last night, said she felt ill and intended to go to her daughter's home in another section of the city to die. She had scarcely made the statement when she collapsed. She died a few moments later.

Packard
MOTOR TRUCKS

THIS truck has never missed a trip in the 15 months it has been in use on the hilly streets of Pittsburgh. It is on the job every day, 304 working days to the year. It replaces three horse teams. After Arbuckles & Company had used this truck ten months and knew exactly what it would do they bought another just like it.

Forty per cent of the sales of Packard Trucks are orders from previous purchasers for additional trucks

Ask the man who owns one

Packard trucks are used in 126 lines of trade and in 174 cities

Packard Motor Car Co. of New York
1861 Broadway

Man's Day at the Piano Has Come at Last—

The love of music is one of the elemental instincts. The desire to produce it—to play for yourself the music you like—is as universal as mankind.

Hitherto the realization of this desire—in America at least—has been largely confined to woman. Few men have the time or inclination to master the keyboard of the traditional piano.

Because it offers the joys of music-production to music-hungry men, as well as women—because it may be played, and played *artistically*, by *everyone*, —the untrained business man and his children as well as by his musically cultured wife—the most successful piano the world has ever known is

The Pianola Piano

Whether it be after a hot, tiring day's work in the city, or in the afterglow of a vigorous day of exercise in the country, the Pianola Piano provides just the relaxation and rest a man most needs.

His wife may play it by hand if she desires. The Pianola Piano is a perfect instrument for hand playing and practice. But in its marvelous playing-mechanism that makes it available to *every music lover*, the Pianola Piano has an advantage over other instruments, that has made it admittedly the most *popular piano of the present day*.

Caution—"Pianola Piano" does *not* mean *any* player-piano. These two words are a trade-mark—the name of the instruments made *only* by the Aeolian Company and obtainable in Manhattan *only at Aeolian Hall*.

Learn the difference between the genuine Pianola Piano and so-called "player-pianos" *before you purchase, not after*. Learn the difference that has given the Pianola Piano the *exclusive endorsement* of practically every great musician of the present day.

Steinway, Weber, Steck, Wheelock and Stuyvesant, Pianola Pianos.
From $550 up. Moderate Monthly Payments if Desired.

A number of Exchanged Pianola Pianos and Pianolas at Greatly Reduced Prices.

Allowance on Old Pianos in Exchange. Pianos for Rent. A complete Stock of Victor Talking Machines and Records.

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY, AEOLIAN HALL, 362 Fifth Avenue, NEW YORK
The Largest Manufacturers of Musical Instruments in the World

Sale of Saks Summer Suits for Men

Formerly 28.00, 30.00, 33.00, 35.00, 38.00 and 40.00
at 22.00

¶ It is generally known throughout New York that a sale of Saks-made clothes for men is the best patronized event of its kind. No other similar sale even approaches it—because, although similar, no other sale is just the same. That superiority of tailoring, finish and style which has given Saks clothes for men their enviable reputation also accounts for the alacrity with which men seize the opportunity to buy Saks clothes at such splendid reductions.

¶ Made by Saks & Company at its New York plant, these suits were on our counters forty hours ago at prices ranging from 28.00 to 40.00, and their sale at 22.00 is simply a repetition of an event which, for a number of years now, has been heralded as the most important suit sale of the Summer season.

The offering includes three-garment models, ½ or ¼ lined in the following Summerweight fabrics: Lightweight worsteds, flannels, fancy serges and velour finished cassimeres. The shades include grey, blue grey, brown and all those other shades which are popular this season. Every garment is of the most recent make and embodies every desirable feature of current styles. As for the workmanship, in detail and as a whole, we believe it unnecessary to say anything beyond the single statement that it is ours.

Men's Neckwear Sale today at 25c

Values 55c and 75c

¶ Today, in one of the Saks main aisles, 8,400 men's silk scarfs have unanimously resolved to sacrifice themselves at twenty-five cents each, without regard to their just claims on a more generous public. Gentlemen's scarfs in the first place, this is a very gentlemanly thing for a scarf to do. The fact is, they are making a virtue of necessity, for we ourselves and the maker arranged for this sale several weeks ago. Yet not one of these scarfs but can substantiate its claim to be worth 55c or 75c as the case may be. Of the open-end, four-in-hand or bat wing persuasion, and made in plain colors or effective designs, on dark or light grounds. Fine values, and a chance to take opportunity by the neck.

Men's Pajama Sales today

Value 3.50 now 1.95

¶ 325 only. But like the Spartans of old, their chief attribute is quality, not quantity. Made of silk and linen, and so well made that 3.50 is a fair price and the price they ordinarily bring. But their sadly depleted number has reduced them to the necessity of making more favorable terms with the world, and 1.95 is the result. In plain blue, tan, grey, helio or white.

Value 1.50 now 95c

¶ 600 only. But by their value you shall know them. Made of fine Madras and finely made at that. Of an easy and accommodating disposition, but weary for lack of sleep. A rather commendable variety for so small a number, and every suit an essay on the beauties of economy.

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th St.

MEXICO ASSURES NATIONS OF ORDER

Disbandment of Insurrecto Forces Proceeding Rapidly and Industrial Conditions Are Improved.

NEW AMBASSADOR ARRIVES

Senor Crespo Quietly Comes to New York from Vienna—Had Formerly Represented Mexico at Havana.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Señor Pereyra, Chargé d'Affaires of the Mexican Embassy, to-day gave out a statement from the Mexican Acting Secretary of Foreign Affairs, Señor Bartolome Carbajal, conveying to this and other Mexican Embassies the following:

> The condition of this country is much better, and the disbanding of the revolutionary forces is progressing rapidly. We hope and expect that it will shortly be brought to a conclusion.
>
> Mexico is now excellently situated as respects its economic condition. As an example of this may be cited the fact that when Senor de la Barra became President the reserve fund in the Treasury was $2,000,000 pesos. It is now $3,000,000 pesos, although but little time has elapsed. Industrial conditions and the labor question are no longer vexatious.

Señor Pereyra said he believed the above authoritative statement would bring reassurance to thousands of Americans who have investments in Mexico.

Señor Gilberto Crespo y Martinez, the new Mexican Ambassador to the United States, is in New York, where he landed from the Amerika of the Hamburg-American Line yesterday. He is expected in Washington on Tuesday. Señor Crespo was a mining engineer before he entered the diplomatic service. He has been in this country as a Commissioner to expositions, but never as a diplomat, and, so far as the members of the embassy here know, has not visited Washington. He was stationed at Havana before Vienna, from which last place he is transferred to America.

Gilberto Crespo y Martinez, the new Mexican Ambassador to the United States, is 57 years old. He has spent the last ten years away from his native land as Minister at Havana and, latterly, at Vienna. To a TIMES reporter yesterday at the Hotel Astor he said that he had not been able to visit Mexico for ten years because traveling expenses were too heavy for him to take his wife and family.

"The last five years," he said, "I have spent in Vienna, where I have left my family until I have acquired a home in Washington. One of my sons accompanied me here. I like America very much, and was pleased to receive my appointment to Washington."

Señor Crespo does not speak English fluently, but has a good knowledge of the language, which will enable him to pick it up easily with a few months' practice in Washington. In addition to Spanish, he speaks French, German, and Italian very well. He is a pleasant-featured man, of medium height and build, with dark hair, turning gray, and a sense of humor.

EIGHT KILLED IN A RIOT.

Juarez and Diaz Supporters Clash in an Oaxaca Town.

OAXACA, Mexico, July 9.—Eight men were killed and more than fifteen wounded during a political riot in Ocotlan, this State, last night. Partisans of Benito Juarez, one of the two candidates for Governor, began the riot by leading an attack upon mercantile establishments of the Diaz brothers, relatives of Gen. Felix Diaz, the opposition candidate for Governor. Armed resistance on the part of the occupants of the store increased the fury of the mob, which ran amuck through the principal streets of the little town, breaking windows of private and business houses.

In a short time the partisans of Diaz rallied. Few of either faction were armed with anything better than revolvers and clubs. Stones and knives were the weapons most frequently wielded. Owners of stores attacked posted themselves in many cases on top of their buildings and shot into the attacking mob. Most of the deaths are ascribed to them.

The opposition afforded by the mob of Diaz supporters served to increase the tumult in the streets, but also to reduce the fury of the attacks on business houses. The police were powerless to restore order, and the fighting continued most of the night. Two companies of soldiers were sent to Ocotlan this morning to garrison the town.

During the fighting the house of Seckbatch, an English firm, raised the British flag, but it proved no protection, the mob attacking the structure as it did the others, but no great damage was done.

WATCH MEXICAN PLOTTERS.

Anti-Maderists Are Said to be Operating in San Antonio.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, July 9.—United States Secret Service men are in San Antonio to watch the movements of Mexican Cientifico and "Constitutional" Juntas which are said to be planning to prevent Francisco I. Madero from reaching the Presidency of Mexico, and even to oust the incumbent, President de la Barra.

In the last three days more than a score of prominent Mexicans have arrived here, and letters have been received by San Antonians from Americans in Mexico saying that another revolution will begin shortly.

PLEAD FOR WOMAN'S LIFE.

Thousands Ask Clemency for Mrs. Napolitana, Slayer of Husband.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 9.—Three more sacks of petitions praying for executive clemency in the case of Mrs. Angelina Napolitana, under sentence to be hanged at Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., next month for the murder of her husband, were received yesterday by the Justice Department. The petitioners are now numbered by the tens of thousands, representing all parts of the continent.

The case, because of its peculiarly distressing conditions, the brutality of the husband, and the present physical condition of the woman, has excited special interest in the United States. Petitions have been received by the hundreds from Chicago and other American cities. Even from Oklahoma and other points thousands of miles away have come requests for mercy and offers to pay for legal assistance in pleading the woman's cause if it comes before the Cabinet for final consideration.

In only one case has capital punishment ever been imposed on a woman in Canada. It appears to be thought here that the sentence will be commuted to life imprisonment, but meanwhile the question has not yet been considered by the Cabinet council. The petitions may possibly have some weight with the Government, but the evidence will be weighed on its merits when it comes up for review some time within the next fortnight.

ARGENTINE BOMB PLOT BARED

Buenos Aires Police Arrest Italians—Their House a Bomb Factory.

BUENOS AIRES, July 9.—What is believed to be an anarchist plot has been uncovered by the police. Two Italian anarchists have been arrested. A search of their house revealed it to be a regular bomb factory.

There have been many clashes between anarchists and the police in Buenos Aires the past two or three years, growing out of labor disputes. President Alcorta narrowly escaped death when a bomb was thrown at him as he was driving in the street on Feb. 28, 1908. Col. Falcon, Chief of Police, and his secretary, Dr. Lardegan, were killed by a bomb on Nov. 14, 1909. A bomb explosion occurred in a theatre in Buenos Aires on June 28, 1910, and twenty persons were injured. The Senate and Chamber of Deputies then passed a bill for the suppression of anarchy, capital punishment being provided for those responsible for any anarchistic movement resulting in death.

NO ANXIETY ABOUT MOROCCO.

French Envoy Confers with German Minister—Want to Reach Agreement.

BERLIN, July 9.—The Moroccan situation was the subject of half an hour's conference this afternoon between the French Ambassador, Jules Cambon, and Baron von Kiderlen Waechter, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

According to a semi-official statement the exchange of views shows that no cause for anxiety exists, but that on the contrary there is a sincere desire to reach an understanding regarding any differences between the two nations.

DANZIG, Germany, July 9.—The German training ship Vineta, which is now here, has been ordered to call at Moroccan ports.

SPITE FENCE MAN OUT OF JAIL

Lets Up in War on Seabright Neighbors—Misbehavior Means a Cell Again.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., July 9.—Since his return yesterday from the county jail at Freehold, James M. Allgor, who has been in a spite fence war with his neighbors, has been resting at his home on the Rumson Road near the Sea Bright bridge. Up to to-night he had not been moved to issue any new bulletins and the impression is that he has seen a light, and there will be no more bulletins, at least, with the sting of libel in them.

Allgor will continue his campaign of retaliation by the sale of souvenir postcards bearing a picture of his bungalow and the high spite fence, which surrounds three sides of it together with a story of the conspiracy of which he insists he has been the victim.

The notices which have appeared from time to time on Allgor's spite fence have not been taken seriously. He brought about his undoing on Sunday morning by stringing out a miscellaneous lot of underclothing on a line from a flag pole in front of his house. Attached to some of these garments were names resembling those of prominent Sea Bright and Rumson Road residents, accompanied by uncomplimentary allusions.

Officials from the boroughs of Sea Bright and Rumson took these down and Allgor proceeded to have them indicted for stealing his clothing. The tables were turned on him, however. Instead of having the officers indicted he was indicted himself for criminal libel. Allgor carried the case to the Supreme Court and the indictment was set aside. A second indictment stood the test and he was convicted and fined $200 and costs. He also carried this conviction to the Supreme Court, but the judgment of the lower court and sentence was sustained. It was because of his refusal to pay this fine and the costs that Allgor went to jail last Thursday. He was equal to only two days' imprisonment, however, and after paying his fine returned to his home.

The complainants were C. D. Halsey, Frank McMahon, P. Hall Packer and two borough officers. It behooves Allgor to be watchful of his demeanor, for part of the sentence imposed by the County Court was a year's imprisonment, conditioned on good behavior.

ROLL TOP DESKS

for men who admire extreme simplicity and elegance of design.

Appropriate Chairs.

Charles E. Matthews

COMMERCIAL FURNITURE

278 Canal Street
Just East of Broadway

PHONE 1299 SPRING

RESERVES STOP RIOT ON THE EAST SIDE

Friends of Similari Try to Rescue Him After Arrest for Striking a Woman.

BITES POLICEMAN'S FINGER

Trouble Starts When Similari Resents an Imagined Insult—His Wife and Sister Arrested With Him.

There was a small riot last night at Canal and Mott Streets, when a patrolman tried to arrest a man charged with assault. The man was finally taken to the Elizabeth Street Station along with three other prisoners, but only after the reserves and Cap. "Bill" Hodgins formed a flying wedge and drove back about a hundred exicted foreigners who tried to wrest the first prisoner from the bluecoat.

One policeman had his finger so badly bitten by one of the prisoners that a doctor from Hudson Street Hospital had to attend him.

The trouble started when Louis Similari, 22, a driver, living at 186 Hester Street, thought an improper remark had been made to him by several women and a man at Canal and Mulberry Streets. Similari was walking down Canal Street with his wife Mary and his sister, when they passed Teressa Gangall, her mother, and Albert Deutsch, 24 years old, a tailor, living at 114 Mulberry Street.

Some remark was passed and Similari came back and demanded an explanation. He was told that the remark was not meant for him, but, according to the story of the Gangall girl, he refused to accept that explanation and punched her in the face. Immediately there started a general scrap, and Patrolman Daly of the Elizabeth Street Station came along and arrested Similari.

Daly led his prisoner down Canal Street, followed by the women, Similari's wife and sister protesting at his arrest. When the officer reached Mott and Canal Streets he was surrounded by a yelling crowd of foreigners, who tore at his clothes nad attempted to pull Similari from his grasp. During the scuffle Similari got Daly's finger in his mouth, when Capt. Hodgins, with twenty reserves, who had been notified of the flight by a citizen, came to his assistance.

Even on the arrival of the reserves the mob held its own and battled with the policeman. Finally a flying wedge was formed, and with sticks drawn the police drove the men back. Teressa Gangall, Similari's wife; Albert Deutsch, and Similari's sister Delia, were arrested, charged with interfering with an officer.

BOYS STONE POLICEMAN

While He Is Caught on a Fence by a Nail in His Ankle.

While Policeman William J. Hunt of the Brownsville Station, Brooklyn, was held prisoner on a fence by a nail which pierced his right ankle while he was scaling the fence in an effort to capture several hoodlums at Herkimer Street and Manhattan Crossing, East New York, yesterday, the youngsters took a mean advantage of him.

"Fresh cop, we've got yer now. Chase us, will yer?" they yelled, and hurled stones at him. Hunt finally managed to get free, and made after the youngsters, but they got away.

Hunt sustained a painful wound and was treated by an ambulance surgeon at the station house. Complaints had been made by residents of the neighborhood whom the youngsters had annoyed.

IDENTIFY WOMAN BY LOCKET.

Husband's Picture Inside Recognized by a Police Station Visitor.

A young woman carrying a baby entered the City Hall Police Station in Jersey City, yesterday, and asked for protection. She said she didn't know who she was or where she lived. Thomas Gallagher, a real estate dealer, who was in the police station on business, noticed a gold locket the woman wore, and on opening it saw a photograph of William Pysor, whom he knew.

"Is your name Pysor?" he asked.

The woman said "Yes."

Pysor was sent for and said the woman was his wife, with whom he has not been living for several months. He took her to the home of her father, 14 Broadway, Jersey City, where she has been living. He says she has been afflicted before with loss of memory.

KING AT MAYNOOTH COLLEGE.

Is Received by Cardinal Logue and Archbishop Walsh.

DUBLIN, July 9.—The citizens of Dublin continue to give ample evidence of their affection for and loyalty to King George. The King's movements are watched everywhere by enthusiastic crowds. This morning the King and Queen attended service in St. Patrick's Cathedral, where they were received by the Most Rev. Joseph Ferguson Peacocke, Lord Archbishop of Dublin. The Right Rev. John Baptist Crozier, Bishop of Down, preached the sermon.

In the afternoon the royal party motored to Maynooth College, fifteen miles from Dublin, where they were received by the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, (the Earl of Aberdeen,) Mrs. Birrell, wife of the Chief Secretary for Ireland; Cardinal Logue, Archbishop of Armagh and Roman Catholic Primate of All Ireland, and the Most Rev. William J. Walsh, Archbishop of Dublin.

The King and Queen inspected the college with the greatest interest. They signed the visitors' book and had tea. Afterward they visited the Royal Hospital and other institutions.

JERSEY SHERIFFS TO FIGHT

Against Court Order Denying Them Right to Draw Grand Juries.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, July 9.—Many of the Sheriffs of New Jersey have notified Sheriff E. L. Johnson of Atlantic County that they will aid him in any steps he may take to resist the order made recently by Supreme Court Justice Samuel Kalisch, divesting him of his jury-drawing prerogative, and naming two Elisors to select a special Grand Jury for an inquiry into the alleged election frauds of last Fall.

In what way an issue can be made with the court has not yet been determined. It is likely, however, that the question of the court's power cannot come up till the Grand Jury about to be drawn by the court's Elisors shall have presented bills. Then the right of the Grand Jury to find bills may be contested by those accused. Meanwhile, however, the election methods that have prevailed in South Jersey for more than a quarter of a century will have been exposed.

The Sheriffs say that they are Constitutional officers; that their functions are fixed by law, and that no power but the Legislature can rearrange or abridge their prerogatives. Justice Kalisch is said to admit that there is no statutory law to justify his interference with the Sheriff in Atlantic City, and to base his action on the common law and the necessity of removing all obstructions to the course of justice.

The Sheriffs are taking counsel in the hope of finding a legal proceeding that will enable them to prevent the court's Elisors from drawing a panel of Grand Jurors. If the panel be allowed to go on with its work, the leaders of the State look for the oft-demanded investigation into the affairs of the county that the Grand Jury system in vogue all over South Jersey has balked for more than twenty years.

PRINCE HENRY IN AUTO RACE.

Lands in England with German and British Motorists.

SOUTHAMPTON, July 9.—Prince Henry of Prussia, with thirty-seven German and twenty-seven British motorists, who are competing in the annual Prince Henry automobile endurance tour, landed here to-day from the steamship Grosser Kurfürst. They will continue the tour to-morrow morning, with a run to Oxford.

The endurance tour started from Homberg on July 5. A stop was made at Cologne, and from there the course followed a devious way through Germany to Hamburg. The automobiles were then shipped on the Grosser Kurfürst.

CORK NOMINATES HEALY.

Frewen Resigned Seat to Enable Him to Re-enter Parliament.

DUBLIN, July 9.—At the Mallow convention to-day Timothy Healy was unanimously selected as candidate for the House of Commons to represent the Northeast Division of Cork County, to replace Moreton Frewen.

Last April Mr. Frewen, who is a Nationalist, announced his intention to resign his seat, as he was opposed to the Government's Veto bill, and desired also to create a vacancy for Mr. Healy, who was defeated in the last election.

READY FOR NAVY WAR GAME.

Largest American Fleet Ever Assembled Now in Provincetown Harbor.

PROVINCETOWN, Mass., July 9.—The biggest fleet of American vessels of war ever assembled at a single time is stationed in Provincetown Harbor, awaiting the beginning of war manoeuvres along the Atlantic Coast on July 15. The fleet already comprises thirty-five vessels, including battleships, cruisers, torpedo boats, submarines, colliers, dispatch boats, and flagships, and in a few days will be joined by seventeen other ships, including four Dreadnoughts—the Delaware, Kansas, Louisiana, and New Hampshire—which have just returned from the coronation in England.

With the fleet in its harbor, Provincetown's population of 5,000 persons has been trebled, and before the end of the week there will be nearly 25,000 officers, sailors, and marines here. To-day the bluejackets enjoyed shore leave, and were hospitably entertained by residents.

MASSACHUSETTS WAR GAME.

First of Three Tests for State Militia Begins.

BOSTON, July 9.—To-day marked the beginning of the first of three big war games in which every man in the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia will take part and which will continue until July 31. Companies of the coast artillery in command of Col. Walter E. Lombard left today for their annual encampment down the harbor, and will remain until July 18. A part of the programme will be the repelling of the invading fleet of ships of the "enemy."

The naval brigade of Massachusetts, Capt. Daniel M. Goodridge commanding, will embark July 18 on the cruiser Chicago and the torpedo boat Rodgers to join in the defense of the coast line during the big naval manoeuvres.

The final part of the war game occurs from July 23 to July 31, when there will be a battle on the north shore between two "armies" made up of the State's infantry, cavalry, and cadet corps. Gov. Eugene N. Foss, Commander in Chief, will act as umpire.

BATTERIES AT STATE CAMP.

Artillerymen Arrive in Good Health, Despite the Great Heat.

Special to The New York Times.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., July 9.—The first battalion of field artillery, N. G. N. Y., arrived in State camp this afternoon. The command, consisting of the first and second batteries, of Manhattan, and the third battery, of Brooklyn, left Salem Centre, where it had camped for the night, about 6 o'clock this morning. The artillerymen marched by way of Purdy's Station, West Somerset, Jefferson Valley, and Scrub Oaks, and by the old road to Varain's Mills, and thence to the camp. Although greatly fatigued, all were reported in sound condition.

On reaching the camp the first duty was to care for the horses, and after this the soldiers pitched their tents. It was nearly 9 o'clock before the men were able to turn in and get a rest.

There will be an artillery drill at the camp to-morrow morning, but otherwise the programme has not been announced. The battalion is under command of acting Maj. David Manville. The thermometer registered 90 here to-day.

BROKAW BROTHERS
ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

We've Revised Our Prices

Our showing of Men's Fancy Mixture Sack Suits reduced to

$20 & $25

is very tempting.

Also, a splendid variety of high grade Straw Hats that we've been selling for $3 & $4 are now marked

$1.85

ESTABLISHED OVER HALF A CENTURY

Have a Piano in Your Home These Warm Summer Nights
Music and Enjoyment Provided for All

NEW PIANOS

$185 Value $250

Delivered on First Payment of $10.00

Fully guaranteed by the reliable House of Fischer makes this offering noteworthy. An unusual opportunity to secure a good piano.

J. & C. Fischer

Factory Salesroom: 417 West 28th St., Near 9th Av.
Oldest Piano Makers in New York

Sunlight grows the Hops But will ruin the Brew

Many Americans prefer beer in a light bottle.

Most brewers follow the course of least resistance.

Light starts decay even in pure beer. Dark glass gives protection against light.

Schlitz is sold in brown bottles, to protect its purity from the brewery to your glass.

The first Schlitz was brewed in a hut over 60 years ago.

Now our agencies dot the earth. Our output exceeds a million barrels a year.

If you knew what we know about beer, you would say, "Schlitz—Schlitz in Brown Bottles."

See that crown or cork is branded "Schlitz."

Telephones
163 and 164 Spring
P. M. Ohmeis & Co.
534-540 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Schlitz
The Beer
That Made Milwaukee Famous

Health Board Bulletins
Issued by order of Dr. Lederle
Advise Wearing Thin Clothing.

The soundness of this advice must appeal to every man. Thin clothing of every kind, for street, outing or office wear; well tailored and good fitting, at especially attractive prices.

At the Five Brill Stores Ready-to-wear.

Suits of Spanish Linen, tan, striped tan and smoke, $15.
Priestley Cravenetted English Mohair Suits, $15 and $20.
Coat and trousers of Linen Crash, $6; of Linen, $7.50.
Norfolk jacket and trousers, Khaki, $5; Linen Crash, $10.
White flannel and striped white serge suits, $20 and $25.
White Duck trousers, $1 and $1.50; Khaki, $1.50 and $2.
$5 Flannel Outing trousers, white and gray, special at $3.
Automobile Dusters, in gray or tan, from $1.50 to $10.

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY at 49th St. 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St.
47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. 125th STREET, at 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th Street, West of Broadway.

Quick Sale of Returned *Rental* Pianos

There is hardly a home in the City that doesn't occasionally rent a piano, and hundreds of homes that prefer renting to buying.

We have always been so particular about giving the renter the same courtesy as the buyer that this branch of our business has become a large one.

This, with the great popularity of the Sterling Piano, practically brings every rental inquiry to us.

Last winter we had over 500 pianos out on rental.

Over 100 of these have been returned since April due to the closing of City homes, Theatres, Studios, etc.

All have been carefully used, none of them over a year and many not longer than a month.

We have 75 that have gone through our workshop and except for the sentiment of having been used—are practically as good as new.

When once returned we cannot rerent them, as our policy of renting new pianos only is never deviated from. This fact has always made our sales of return rentals very popular; in fact, we do not often accumulate enough of them to make a sale.

These we intend selling this week at

$50, $75 & $100

less than the regular prices, and everyone who knows the world renowned value of our pianos will at once recognize this exceptional opportunity.

A small deposit will secure any piano subject to your order for delivery, and no storage charges made for instruments to be delivered in the fall.

For those who do not wish to pay cash our Easy Payment plan will be found simple, business-like and convenient.

We wish also to call attention to several second hand pianos which have been taken in exchange as part payment for Sterling Playerpianos that we will sell at $100, $125, $130 and upwards. They are all reputable makes and in good order.

This sale will open this morning at 8:30.

The Sterling Piano Co.

Sterling Building
518-520 Fulton St., Corner Hanover Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Telephones 2092 and 2093 Main.

110
100
90
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60
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New Jersey Central

THE COOL ROUTE

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Philadelphia
IS THE
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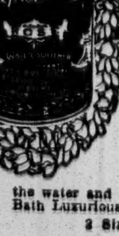
THE USE OF HARD COAL permits OPEN WINDOWS and CLEANLINESS. FASTEST TIME, GREATEST COMFORT.

HOURLY TRAINS
7 A. M. to 10 P. M. and Midnight with sleepers from Liberty St. 10 minutes before the hour from W. 23d St.

YOUR WATCH IS YOUR TIME TABLE



In Hot Weather
A
Bathodora Bath
Will refresh and cool you. Cleanses and beautifies the skin.

BATHODORA
is a fragrant bath powder which softens the water and enables you to enjoy "The Bath Luxurious."

2 Sizes 4 Odors
For sale everyhere.
Send 4c. for sample and our booklet, "The Bath Luxurious."

The Crown Perfumery Co. of London
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New York Real Estate Security Company
6% GOLD MORTGAGE BONDS
N.Y.R.E.S.Co.

Secured by New York Real Estate

Denominations of
$1,000
$500
$100

A Deed of Trust covering the entire assets of the Company and its future investments protects the Principal and Interest of the Bonds

NEW YORK REAL ESTATE SECURITY COMPANY, 42 Broadway, N. Y. City
ASSETS $10,000,000 CAPITAL $8,950,000
Write for Information—Circular "5"

You Want Your Wife
to enjoy her dinner—have her sip
MAN-A-CEA WATER
while taking food. Prevents Fermentation, Acidity, Gases, Distress after Eating.
Get a Bottle at any drug store.

ONLY UPPER CABINS ON NEW FERRYBOATS

Trucking Business Grows So Fast That All of Lower Decks Is Needed for It.

TWO MORE FOR THE CITY

Commissioner Tomkins Says They Are Needed and Ferry System Ought to be Self-Supporting in a Few Years.

Dock Commissioner Calvin Tomkins made public yesterday extracts from his annual report telling about the economies effected and the improvements made in the municipal ferry service in the last year. In spite of the economies, receipts for the year have increased $52,288.58, while expenditures have been cut down $94,495.47. The deficit for 1910 created by the operation of the city's ferries was only $531,952, whereas in 1909 it was $678,676.

Since Dec. 31, 1909, the number of employes of the municipal ferry service has been reduced by 114. The need of new boats is pointed out, and the Commissioner states that a request for two will be made.

Regarding the increased demands made upon the ferries and the steps taken to meet them the report says:

"Following the increased activities at the Bush Terminal and the opening of the city's new piers at South Brooklyn the trucking business on the Thirty-ninth Street Ferry has materially grown, whereas the passenger traffic has increased but slightly. The boats which the city had were inadequate to handle this increased vehicular traffic. It was therefore decided to change the Thirty-ninth Street boats, to increase their team-carrying capacity by removing their passenger cabins from their lower decks, thus making room for two additional team gangways. This has been done on the Gowanus with great success, the truck-carrying capacity having been practically doubled and the passenger business conveniently handled on the upper decks. The work of altering the Bay Ridge is now in progress and preparations have been made for altering the Nassau.

"The Hudson River ferries, like the East River, are being converted from passenger ferries into drayage ferries and very likely the railroads will follow the example of the city at South Brooklyn by altering the boats so that passengers will be confined to the upper decks and the lower decks availed of for four drayage gangways instead of two. This, with reduced charges to drays, will have the effect of stimulating the transference of merchandise on drays to car terminals in New Jersey. This may or may not be an advantage. I fear it will add very greatly to the drayage congestion along the marginal way. Long lines of teams at certain hours of the day can now be seen awaiting their turn for passage, and the street itself is filled with waiting teams. I look to a development of this service, but I also anticipate a growing congestion as the consequence of it. Experience alone can test its merits."

Commissioner Tomkins says that on assuming the office in charge of the city's ferries he found the affairs of the department in an unsatisfactory condition. The investigation made by him resulted in the appointment of a new Superintendent of Ferries and a reduction of the force by fifty men by a rearrangement of the crews, changes in the lay-out of the terminals, and the introduction of mechanical improvements, such as the new turnstiles on the Thirty-ninth Street line.

The city got last year, as a return from the privileges on the ferries, such as stands and restaurants, about $8,000 more than in 1909.

In the purchase of supplies, the report points out that the methods have been systematized. "Formerly materials were practically unlisted," says the report, "and it was very difficult to ascertain precisely what disposition had been made of the supplies distributed and precisely what materials were on hand." This has been remedied, and now a careful record is kept of all supplies delivered to each boat and each terminal.

An example of the economy in purchase of supplies is given in the city's coal bills:

"By obtaining permission to contract for coal for twelve months, instead of six, this bureau was able to contract for the coal in the Summer time, when the prices were lower than at the beginning of the year. Last Summer 98,000 tons of coal were contracted for at $3.26 per ton, against the price of $3.30 per ton paid in 1909."

The report takes the position that the ferries should not be under the control of a separate department. On this point the report says:

"The control of all ferries is a normal function of the Dock Department, since they connect water front terminals and are an important factor in the organization of the port as a whole. The creation of a separate department of ferries has sometimes been suggested. This, I think, would be inadvisable, since it would involve serious and altogether needless additional expense, the consequence of duplicating the administrative force."

A distinct department of ferries would likewise increase the cost of repairs, says the report. The municipal repair shop at West Fifty-seventh Street could not well be divided with a separate department of ferries. The city would either be obliged to start a new repair plant or turn the repair work on the ferries over to contractors, which has been found unsatisfactory in the past.

Mr. Tompkins thinks the ferry service is destined to become self-supporting in a few years. The system as a whole, he says, is in a hopeful condition. The report concludes:

"It is reasonable to expect that under these conditions the municipal ferry service will become self-sustaining within a few years. It is now maintained only in part by those who use it, and the deficit is made up by the taxpayers who do not use it, and who are inclined to criticise caustically the burden placed upon them. The service is likely to be improved and extended about in proportion as it shall be economically administered, and there is no question that the Dock Department is in the best position to do this."

LAUNCH HITS FERRYBOAT.

Two Men and a Boy Go Overboard and Are Fished Out.

Passengers on the Pennsylvania ferryboat Newark were surprised to see a launch containing G. F. Grimshaw, his son Harry, 11 years old, and Lincoln Bosthwick, 21 years old, all of Woodridge, N. J., suddenly swing around a barge yesterday afternoon and run into the ferryboat as it was making for the Cortlandt Street slip.

A cry of "Man overboard!" arose from the passengers, and the Captain stopped the boat, only to see the three voyagers jump from the launch to the river. The deckhands picked the men and the boy out of the water and brought them to the New York side.

The launch floated away from the ferryboat and was picked up by the Ithaca of the Lackawanna Line. One of the passengers of the Newark called an ambulance from the Volunteer Hospital and Dr. Pierce answered the call, but no one of the three needed his services.

Grimshaw assumed all responsibility for the accident and explained it by saying he was trying to avoid being run down by the barge when he steered into the ferryboat. The barge, Grimshaw says, continued on toward the lower bay. After the launch was taken ashore by the Ithaca Grimshaw and his companions jumped into it and started for home.

CORONATION SOUVENIR FIGHT.

Americans Even Paid $2.50 Each to Touch the Chair Where the King Sat.

The Rev. Louis Meyer, associate editor of The Missionary Review of the World, published in this city, returned yesterday on the Anchor liner Columbia from an international gathering of missionaries in Stockholm.

Mr. Meyer said that many Americans in London had gone wild in their desire to obtain souvenirs of the coronation. Some of them had taken part in a scramble to obtain the papers in which royalty and nobility had wrapped the sandwiches they took with them to the ceremony in Westminster Abbey. Mr. Meyer said he had seen Americans paying $2.50 for the privilege of touching the chair upon which King George sat when crowned.

Mr. Meyer was told that a prominent Indian leaving this country had said that America would do well to spend money in her home missionary field instead of trying to convert India. He frankly said that he was in favor of spending the bulk of such missionary money here and less upon the heathen.

On the Columbia came Ellery's band of fifty pieces, which has been playing at the Glasgow Exhibition.

SENT DYING FROM HOSPITAL.

Bellevue Surgeon Says Man Received from Flower Wasn't Fit to be Moved.

When Joseph Hynes of 425 West Fifty-third Street died in Bellevue Hospital yesterday morning Dr. Frank Ridge wrote across the report of Hynes's death which was sent to the Coroner:

"Deceased brought to Bellevue Hospital from Flower Hospital, July 8, at 9:40 P. M. Temperature 101.6, pulse 128, respiration 30. Patient was in no condition to be removed."

The report instantly started Coroner Feinberg on an investigation. Assistant Supt. Augustus Hans of Flower Hospital said that Hynes was suffering from heat prostration and acute alcoholism. For one so afflicted, said Mr. Hans, Hynes's condition was practically normal, as in cases of acute alcoholism the temperature sometimes reaches 107, 108, and even 109 degrees.

The man was trying to climb out of windows and was terrorising the ward in Flower Hospital from which he was removed. Mr. Hans said it was necessary to remove him to a place where there was more room and better accommodations, and that he was in the best possible condition to be moved.

Dr. Ridge would not say that the transfer had caused Hynes's death.

SHIPLOAD OF MASONS ARRIVES FROM TEXAS

Three Hundred Shriners, with Sweethearts and Wives, Going to Their Convention.

TAKE SPECIAL TO ROCHESTER

Coaster Mohawk Reaches Here After a Brief Stop in Havana—Party Sees Coney Before Continuing.

When the Mallory liner Mohawk put in at Pier 45 North River yesterday morning she bore a huge sign on her side which read, "Texas Shriners." On the ship were about 300 Texans, some in drab uniforms of military appearance, others in ordinary clothes, and some—quite a number—in white dresses. Even though they were from Texas they could not escape the Customs Inspectors, and for an hour they were busy opening suitcases and trunks filled wits strange-looking regalia. By 9 o'clock they had scattered to hotels around town, and by noon most of them had joined an excursion in their honor to Coney Island. Last night a special train on the New York Central took the party to Rochester, where the National convention of Shriners will be held this week.

The Mohawk was chartered by the temples, the first time a whole steamship has ever been chartered by a Texas party, say the Shriners. Furthermore, they pointed out that their special train to Rochester was the first to cross New York State with all the passengers from Texas.

The Mohawk sailed on Sunday, July 2, from Galveston, and headed for Havana, Cuba. Arriving there on the morning of the 5th, the Shriners spent the day looking over the city. Not since the Summer of 1898, when Col. Roosevelt led his Texas Rough Riders into Cuba, have so many Texans set foot on the island in a single day. Special boats took the party to the wreck of the Maine, now partly exposed in the harbor, surrounded by a coffer dam.

In the party which disembarked yesterday morning were delegations from the four principal Shrines of Texas—Hella Temple of Dallas, El Mina of Galveston, Ben Hur of Austin, and El Maida of El Paso. Hella Temple of Dallas seems to have acquired a leadership in the delegation. Its military organization, called the Hella Patrol, was conspicuous in the streets yesterday. They carried with them to Rochester some new silk uniforms that only the Customs Inspectors have been able to see thus far. The patrol is famous among Shriners, and won the cup for the best drill at the last convention, in Louisville.

El Maida Patrol, from El Paso, carried with it for exhibition at Rochester elaborate costumes of a Mexican design—silk serapes, wide sombreros, and ornate coats and trousers. The Texas Shrine Band came along all the way from El Paso and had its musical instruments stamped at the dock by the Inspectors.

"We've had a splendid trip," said a military-looking man with "Hella" on his collar. "One man hurt his kneecap by a fall and one woman sprained her ankle in Havana, but outside of those minor accidents everybody has been entirely well all the time, and almost no one even seasick.

"We had twelve hours in Havana, which made a fine break in the middle of the trip. We were taken all over the city and over the harbor. It has been rather hot, but I think we Texans know how to take the hot weather better than you people in New York. At any rate, nobody seemed to mind it."

In the party were many men prominent in the Masonic Order of Texas. At the head of the party was Charles W. Hobson of Dallas, Chairman of the committee which made the plans for the excursion. Others in the party were Col. George H. Green, United States Marshal in Dallas and at one time head of the Shriners of North America; Samuel P. Cochran, head of a large insurance business in Texas and a Mason of long standing; James E. Forrest, Assistant Postmaster of Dallas; Charles W. Cahoon, a member of the State Committee in the National convention, and Col. John G. Hunter, who has not missed a National Shriners' convention for fifteen years.

SHRINERS AT CONEY ISLAND.

Texans See the Sights, and Are Lost in a Crowd of 350,000 Visitors There.

The Texas Shriners who arrived here on the steamer Mohawk yesterday put in most of their short stay in this city, before going to Rochester, at Coney Island, where they were seen swallowed up in the crowd of nearly 350,000 persons who visited the shore resort. The Texans were guests of local Shriners, who showed them the sights of the island.

The visitors traveled from Manhattan in automobiles and taxicabs, and most of them went for a dip in the surf. Then there was a dinner at Feltman's, after which they divided into small parties and took in everything. It was after 7 o'clock when they started for Manhattan.

The Bowery, Surf Avenue, and all the walks were jammed with men, women, and children. The trolley cars and elevated trains brought thousands, and additional throngs came in the steamboats, which ran to Dreamland pier for the first time, which has been repaired since the fire.

The crowd was an orderly one and gave the police little trouble. Earlier in the day, however, there were several arrests on the cars, and each prisoner was fined $2 in the Coney Island Court. Four hotel proprietors were arrested also for violating the excise law, and a girl who said she was an actress was locked up for breaking a camera in a photograph gallery in Surf Avenue.

Mrs. Dudley, matron in the Coney Island Police Station, had the busiest day of any one attached to the station. Between morning and night she had seventy-five lost children to care for. She served lemonade and candy to all, and most of them didn't care particularly about returning to their parents when they finally reached the station. Not a single child went unclaimed, though some spent considerably more time than others in the station.

Mrs. Dudley said she is beginning to wonder whether some mothers don't lose their youngsters intentionally, knowing they'll be taken to the station house, where they will be cared for until the day's fun is over.

Policeman Gilmartin shot two dogs in West Eighth Street, near Sheepshead Bay Road. The heat had affected both, and persons in the neighborhood feared they had rabies. They were not near Surf Avenue, however, so there was no excitement.

SCOTCH MASONS ON A VISIT.

One Wearing a Gold Chain with a Seal Given by a King.

Three representatives of the oldest Masonic lodge in Scotland arrived yesterday on the Anchor liner Columbia. Their mission here is to visit lodges in New York, Brooklyn, Chicago, Washington, and other large cities. The visitors are Past Master Andrew Brown, Worshipful Master James Strang, and Junior Warden John W. Dempster of the St. John 8 Bis Lodge of Glasgow. Mr. Brown is owner of The Glasgow Evening Times. He carries with him a massive gold chain, the central piece of which was presented to the lodge in 1057 by Malcolm Canmore, King of the Scots.

The chain is composed of more than forty gold shields and stars, from which is suspended an oval design in the same metal, while in the centre of this piece is the official seal of the lodge, the gift of the King. Hanging from this is the square and compass, more than five inches across, bearing in their centre an enormous amethyst. On the reverse side of each one of the shields and stars forming the chain is the name of a past officer of the lodge. The entire chain is insured for $2,500, but is intrinsically worth much more than that.

ELKS FILL ATLANTIC CITY.

Throngs Gather for the Annual Convention That Opens To-morrow.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 9.—Purple and white bunting envelopes this resort, and elk heads and clocks, with their hands pointing to the mystic hour of 11, are in almost every available niche here in honor of the visiting members of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, who have been coming into town by the hundreds from every part of the country since yesterday.

While the convention does not officially begin until to-morrow night, when Gov. Woodrow Wilson will bid the antlered herd welcome in an address on the Steel Pier, the grand reunion has already begun, and the cry of "Hello Bill!" is heard on every side.

Delegations from the local lodge, in their white suits, met every incoming train to-day with a band of music and gave the delegates a genuine Elk welcome.

The annual report of Grand Exalted Ruler Garry Herrmann of Cincinnati and Grand Secretary Robinson were made public to-day, and show that forty new lodges have been instituted. The net increase in membership for the year was 28,880, bringing the total number of Elks up to 350,677. The order distributed nearly $500,000 in charity last year, and the total assets of all the Elk lodges are more than $17,000,000.

LARGE SUMS OF MONEY SAVED FOR CLIENTS

When buying Life Insurance. This office is not controlled, financed, or subsidized by any company. Clients can secure best service from an *independent* office only. Write or call.

ROBERT A. SASSEEN,
165 Broadway, New York.

This Beer Costs a Trifle More, but—
the First Taste will Convince You that
Imperial Gold Label Beer
Bottled only by the Brewers,
BEADLESTON & WOERZ
New York.
Order from any dealer.
is Far Superior in Flavor to Ordinary Brews!

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

Sale Unprecedented
Reductions of 5.00 to 15.00
on Every Smith Gray & Co. Suit

To-day—a month ahead of time—you can buy any suit in the Smith Gray & Co. stores at prices that have never before obtained until late August.

They are here by the thousands, in every conceivable light and medium weight fabric—upwards of five hundred in all—in more than twenty-five distinctive two and three button models, in sizes for men, young men and boys.

The long delay in our tailoring plant early in the season occasions now a comprehensiveness of assortment never before known at this season in the Smith Gray & Co. stores. Go where you will, mountain or shore, city or country, no fine clothes need can arise but what is answered here.

There are homespuns, crashes, velour flannels, lightest worsteds, medium worsteds, serges and silk mixtures, in two and three piece models—soft rolls, English models, regular models and Norfolks.

18.00 and 20.00 two-piece Suits, of crash and homespun; from lightest natural gray to dark gray; half and quarter lined	12.50
18.00 and 20.00 Blue Serge Suits for young men; sizes up to 36; Blue Canadian Crash Summer Suits for men and young men; all sizes	12.50
18.00 and 20.00 Suits, of cassimeres, velours and cheviots, in new designs of grays, tans and browns and dark mixtures; exceptional range of choice for men and young men; full and half lined	12.50
18.00 and up; broken size worsted Suits; if your size and your choice is here, you are sure of extra values	12.50
27.50, 30.00 and 32.50 two-piece Suits, of Irish homespun, Canadian crash, Belgian tropical worsted and English mohair; many half silk lined; all new Summer shades and exclusive weaves; English soft roll and Norfolk models	20.00
27.50, 30.00 and 32.50 Worsted Suits, light and medium weights; English, German and Belgian fabrics, including exclusive designs from lightest shepherd check to darkest silk mixtures; all the new grays, tans, browns and blues; full and half lined	20.00
27.50, 30.00 and 32.50 Blue Serge and fancy weave blue Suits, including corkscrew, chain and diamond weaves; many broken silk lined suits; half lined	20.00
27.50, 30.00 and 32.50 Suits, of English velour flannels, English and Scotch twist cheviots and silk mixture worsted cheviots; all are exclusive and advanced styles and weaves; lightest grays to darkest silk mixtures; also all the new various Oxford blues; English soft roll and conservative models; half and full lined	20.00
Two and three piece Suits; regular values 32.50 to 37.50	25.00
20.00, 22.50 and 25.00 two-piece Suits, of Canadian crash, homespun, velour and cravenetted mohair; from lightest gray to dark shades; half and quarter lined; Norfolk models are included	15.00
20.00, 22.50 and 25.00 Suits, of worsted, in lightest and medium weights; plain weave grays, also stripe and check effects and exclusive styles on gray, brown, blue and black grounds; half and full lined	15.00
20.00, 22.50 and 25.00 Suits, of worsted cheviots, velours and cassimeres, Scotch twist cheviots, from lightest gray to darkest mixtures, including all the new grays, tans and browns; over sixty shades; half and full lined	15.00
22.50 Blue Serge Suits and 20.00 and 22.50 fancy stripe weave blue worsted serge Suits; half and full lined	15.00
25.00, 27.50 and 30.00 two-piece Suits, of silk mixture and plain weave Canadian homespuns, crashes, velours and flannels; Norfolk, conservative and English soft roll models; grays, browns, tans and blues; half and quarter lined	17.50
25.00, 27.50 and 30.00 Worsted Suits, of lightest and medium weight; grays, browns and tans, in plain stripe and check weaves; exclusive styles in silk stripes on black, blue and brown grounds; half and full lined	17.50
25.00, 27.50 and 30.00 Suits, of exclusive velours, Saxony cassimeres, Scotch twist cheviots and worsted cheviots; in all the correct grays, tans and browns; half and full lined	17.50
25.00 and 27.50 Blue Serge Suits and fancy stripe and wide wale weave blue Suits; blue serges are of finest Australian stock; models and sizes for men, young men and boys; half and full lined	17.50
Two and three piece Suits; regular values 37.50 to 45.00	30.00

Smith Gray & Co.
Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.
Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

"To Keep the New Store NEW"—

Today at
GIMBELS

The Most Important Under-Price Event of the Entire Year--

The JULY CLEARANCE SALE

Throughout the Entire Building

As announced in full-page and double-page advertisements in yesterday's newspapers.

Come Early

Store Closes Daily at 5:30 P. M., Saturdays at 12:30

GIMBEL BROTHERS
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THIS SUMMER'S BRIDES—A Series of Photographs.

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NO ALARM ABOUT CROPS.

The special crop reports in THE SUNDAY TIMES, which indicated the condition of the crops throughout the West nine or ten days beyond the date (July 1) of the Government report, which is to be issued to-day, will serve to allay the apprehension caused by the rumors of last week. The excitement in the grain markets is now seen to be needless. The preliminary Government report in June indicated a total wheat crop of 764,286,000 bushels, and THE TIMES's special dispatches from bankers, railroad officers, Commissioners of Agriculture, and other persons competent to judge of crop conditions in their neighborhoods, indicate that the shrinkage, caused by bad weather, is not likely to exceed 15,000,000 or 20,000,000 bushels. With the increased wheat acreage of 1911 the wheat crop will exceed last year's by 125,000,000 to 150,000,000 bushels.

The corn crop of 1911, unless all signs fail, will be proportionately as large, while the cotton crop is likely to be the largest in the country's history. There will be a shortage of oats and hay, no matter what improvement there may be in the weather conditions, but wheat, corn, and cotton are doing well, there is little or no reason to apprehend any setback, and the country is to be congratulated. Good crops can do much to offset the ill-effect of bad politics.

MR. TAFT'S USURPATION.

Nothing that the President has done in his nefarious policy of embarrassing the Republican wheelhorses and benefiting the country has been more shocking than his kidnapping of twice as many Senators as will listen to the insurgents debate reciprocity. According to the most recent census of the debate on reciprocity one Senator of no particular light or leading was addressing the empty galleries, while another Senator was presiding, and a third was waiting to relay the speaker lest there should be a vote if his lungs gave out. At or about that same time the President was arranging that four leaders of each side of the Senate should go with him yachting. The President seems to think it possible to run the United States in the manner in which Mr. GARY runs the steel trade of the United States, and perhaps of the world. Mr. GARY may run his own risks of indictment, but the President is risking boiling in oil, or cremation perhaps, when Senator LA FOLLETTE comes to address the galleries in his rehearsal for the Chautauqua circuit.

It might be interesting to discuss why the Senate flees as from a plague what the Chautauqua circuit pays big money to hear, but that is aliunde. The present topic is the usurpation of the President, not the usurpation of the Senate by Chautauqua. The explanation of the President's domination of his party and the situation is that for the first time in recent years the Republicans are led by a commercial statesman instead of by commercial politicians. The President is so far above tariff graft that he deliberately staked his future upon the welfare of the country. He is rewarded by finding the country behind him, almost regardless of party. This was the proud and happy position of the insurgents when their position had some points of resemblance to that of the President. But when the test of sincerity came they were unequal to it. They were wrecked on the selfishness of themselves, or of their sections. They were protectionists for personal or sectional profit, not for the profit of the country. From the moment that this became apparent their stars yielded to the President's. They might talk sense now, but it would matter nothing if they differed from the President. When their motives were exposed, and his stood the fire test, all was over but taking the vote. No wonder they fear to have themselves counted. No wonder the President smiles as he goes yachting with his kidnapped crew, and is arranging something else, reciprocity now being an accomplished fact, all but the record so far as the United States is concerned. The Mayflower never was put to better use. May his cruise be cool and to the public profit; it has already been somewhat delayed; and may it be as hot in Washington as scorching Senatorial eloquence can make it.

HOT WEATHER WAR RUMORS.

In the Balkans war is inevitable. It must be, because some of the Continental newspapers frequently say so. The Turks are preparing to crush the Albanians, the Montenegrins will interfere, and then, bang!—Austria, Russia, Germany, Italy, France, and Great Britain will be involved in the fracas. As for the Moroccan dispute, it can never be settled except by force of arms. That will make another fine war, in which all the Powers will take part. Portugal's civil war, which was alarming us all a few days ago, seems to have subsided, and there is no news at hand of any recent outbreak in Spain.

On this side of the Atlantic, however, rumors of war are plentiful. The Summer of 1911 seems to be one long nightmare for the advocates of peace. CASTRO, for instance, is not only in Venezuela, but he has an army with him, its numbers variously estimated at from "one" to "several" thousand men, well equipped and well armed, while he has been generously "financed." Your modern revolutionist always has backers, and also press agents. We have been suspecting CASTRO's press agent of exercising his imagination too freely, but the special cable dispatch to THE SUNDAY TIMES from Caracas indicates that the Venezuelans are taking CASTRO seriously, and fear harm for their State. A fresh revolution has been planned for long-suffering Nicaragua, while a Cuban uprising against President GOMEZ is now under way—in New York if not in Cuba.

The United States Senate can assure peace in Nicaragua and Honduras, and probably throughout Central America, by ratifying the treaties of the United States with those countries. The Cubans, we firmly believe, will settle their present political troubles at the ballot boxes in 1912, not with knives and guns. Instead of trembling over the rumors of the presence of the new Flying Dutchman, the Venezuelans might set themselves sturdily to the job of capturing CASTRO, dispersing his hireling followers, and locking him up.

The rumors of war in Europe are all of an old pattern. There is no ground for apprehending a general outbreak. But the people who have been trying to believe that war has been finally suppressed must find the incidents of the Summer of 1911 rather disturbing to their theories. Universal peace is most desirable, but the hot weather is not wholly responsible for this new set of war rumors.

VERMONT'S THRIFT.

Thrifty Vermont, slandered Vermont! The Green Mountain State, which ought never to have been given over to farming, is remedying this error. The Hartford Courant finds hope in the census reports of a slight decrease in the number and acreage of Vermont's tilled farmlands. Its rocky and forested hillsides are adapted to crops of timber, not of wheat and corn, and Summer visitors are buying up the picturesque Green Mountain sites. Vermont's manufactures in 1900 amounted to over $56,500,000, and five years later had increased to over $63,000,000, as compared with an annual gross value during 1900 of less than $33,500,000 in farm products.

Yet the farms themselves have in a decade increased more than one-third in value—from $3,300 to $4,400 apiece—and they are tilled by farmers nine-tenths of whom are Yankees. Vermont's people "salt away" $3,000,000 annually in the savings banks. They have transformed their educational and penal systems, restored to the forest their upland farms, established agricultural schools, built new factories, and are extending a chain of forest preserves throughout the State.

THE THREE-PLATOON BILL.

It would make a bad measure better if the amendment to exempt from the provisions of the Three-Platoon Police bill members of the three squads of harbor, bridge, and traffic policemen should be passed. The Legislature ought not to meddle with the Police Department of this city, especially in the matter of changing the hours of police duty. That is a matter for the Commissioner of Police to pass upon. The State Constitution embodies the principle of home rule for this city. Besides, the Three-Platoon bill prescribes one system for some cities of the first class and another for New York City, thus discriminating illegally against New York.

Senator WAGNER's amendment, if the three-platoon law is to be applied, would preserve the integrity of the traffic squad. By requiring that tours be changed every thirty days, the unamended bill would abolish this squad and would expose men, women, and children who have to pass in front of automobiles, trolley cars, and trucks at street crossings to the peril of accident and death. The National Highways Protective Society has presented statistics showing that, in the zone of congested traffic, under the efficient patrol of the traffic policemen, street accidents have decreased to less than one-fifth the number outside the patrolled area. The police are life savers, also, among the crowds that throng the Brooklyn Bridge entrances.

But why any interference from the Legislature? The Police Commissioner has already organized his force into three platoons, making proper allowances for the traffic police. Other modifications may be needed from time to time, which he should be permitted to make. Cannot Greater New York be trusted to look after its own affairs?

PAY OF OUR LEGISLATORS.

Sympathy will not be withheld from the members of the Legislature of 1911 for the annoyances inflicted upon them by the prolongation of the session. To be compelled to stay in Albany, which is not a cool town in Summer, (or a warm one in Winter,) from Jan. 1 till the end of the third week in July, and to return in September, is, indeed, hard work, for which the sum of $1,500 is pretty poor compensation. The average of legislative ability in the Senate and Assembly is not high; the average of independence of thought and genuine patriotism is still lower. But the pay is undeniably small. The proposed increase of wages to $3,000 for the Assembly and $3,500 for the Senate would not be too much for good and faithful service. A legislative session does not often last seven or eight months. Less than four months will generally suffice. So that the increased salaries, which are not likely to be secured at present, might serve to induce men of a better intellectual capacity than many of our present legislators to seek election.

There is no feeling in the State, however, in favor of increasing the pay of the Legislature of 1911. Gov. DIX has signed the bill permitting the payment of Assemblymen and Senators alike by daily installments for the remainder of the session. That is all they can fairly hope for. They have attended the sessions, listened to arguments, voted, and, for the last week or so, sweltered. It is hard work, and the pay, as we have said, is poor. But in the aggregate it is a large sum of money to pay for the kind of legislation the session has brought forth.

NEGRO SUFFRAGE.

In the recent municipal election, held in Jacksonville, Fla., the negroes, who greatly outnumber the whites in some of the wards, were beaten, the negro candidates receiving a very small vote. The Tampa Tribune thus explains the defeat of the colored voters:

> It is doubtful if a majority of the negro citizens of Jacksonville, or of any other Southern city, for that matter, really desire to elect negroes to public office. They realize that the whites resent the presence of a negro in any public body. They know, too, that a negro in important public office can bring only discomfort to himself and ill-feeling against his race. They prefer to pursue the even tenor of their way, content to let the white men rule, and asking from them only the right to make honest livings and conduct themselves in their own sphere.

As to whether it was a mistake to give the emancipated negroes the franchise opinions differ. Among their descendants of this generation there should be no two opinions about the inexpediency of boldly putting themselves forward in politics. Judged by the progress of other races, the negro in his civilized environment is making rapid strides; he is becoming industrious and propertied. But the disparity between his acquired thrift, industry, and perseverance and that of his white neighbors is still great. His opportunities under a white man's Government do not wear the forbidding aspect of oppression. It matters little to the negro whether he votes or remains away from the polls, and, when he feels a real need for the franchise, he may exercise his privilege. But the negroes of the South should turn a deaf ear to their Republican machine leaders, and heed the industrial gospel preached by BOOKER T. WASHINGTON. The negroes of Jacksonville seem to have the right idea.

FIRE DANGERS IN HOSPITALS.

Commissioner DRUMMOND of the Department of Public Charities has called the attention of the Board of Aldermen to the fact that the blind men and women patients in North Hospital in the City Home on Blackwell's Island are kept in quarters that are unequipped with standpipes and hose, metal ceilings, and fireproof floors or balconies. Like conditions exist in the hospital pavilions and in other wards of the North Hospital, the South Hospital, and the barracks of the City Home, in the City, Metropolitan, Kings County, and Cumberland Street Hospitals, in the pavilions of Randall's Island, and in the Farm Colony of Staten Island. If fire should break out in any of these places the public condemnation of those responsible for the loss of life among helpless men and women and infant patients would be heavy.

This city cannot consistently compel employers to meet standards of safety and fire protection which it does not live up to in its own institutions. Commissioner DRUMMOND has asked the Board of Aldermen for special revenue bonds to the amount of $200,183 for the establishment of a proper system of fire alarms, escapes, and means of fire protection in all the hospitals. The request should, of course, be granted, and immediately.

Health Commissioner LEDERLE points proudly to the lessening of deaths from infantile diseases during June, 1911, as compared with the corresponding month last year. If the Doctor will consult the meteorological records he will find that June, 1910, was much like the present month of July in its torridity, while June, 1911, was cool and comfortable.

Undervaluations of imported shipments do not pay. The practice was very profitable until the fraudulent importers were found out and were assessed the full amount of evaded dues, and, in some cases, one-fourth the value of their importations over extended periods. Then they discovered that they had really never made any money, to speak of, through their chicanery. Competitors had followed their example, and had cut prices to the middlemen, and the many middlemen had divided the ill-got gains into smaller fractions. The Washington correspondent of our neighbor, The Tribune, reports that the importers have hit upon honesty as the best policy.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Appearances of Evil to be Avoided.

When the business troubles, adventures, and grievances of Mrs. ELIZABETH COCHRANE SEAMAN, once somewhat famous hereabout as "Nellie Bly," began to fill a daily column in the metropolitan papers, public interest and wonder were fixed on the bank officials and employés who seem to have found any check, no matter how crudely forged or how obviously "raised," a sufficient excuse for paying out her money to anybody who wanted it. The wonder and the interest had frank expression in many quarters, but none of the people concerned in these most curious transactions manifested uneasiness as to possible consequences or made any comprehensible explanation of long-continued carelessness that resulted in robbing a woman of thousands and thousands of dollars and bringing a prosperous manufacturing concern into bankruptcy.

After the matter of the checks had become an old story, public attention turned to the new problems created by a receiver who allowed Mrs. SEAMAN, unanswered, to make, day after day, in court and out, the charge, equally vehement and explicit, that he was trying to complete her ruin by destroying such part of her property as the forgers, rapidly as they had worked, did not have time to steal. In this instance, as in that of the banks, the first thought of anybody with any knowledge of business was that the acts described simply couldn't have been performed—that no bank would accept and pay checks the badness of which was apparent at the first casual glance, and that no officer of court, appointed to guard the interests of creditors, would do things the inevitable effect of which would be to make their claims worthless. We all desire to cling to both of these first thoughts, and indeed must while the affair remains "under the Judge," but the difficulty of suspending judgment, as regards the receiver, is made cruelly difficult when he gets himself savagely scolded, by the court that appointed him, for mysteriously delaying the shipment of goods, and professes inability to repair a machine which Mrs. SEAMAN, as soon as she can force her way to it, promptly starts running as well as ever.

These things are producing an extremely painful impression—the impression that "the woman in the case" is not getting fair treatment, to say nothing of consideration, and that she has excuse, if not reason, for declaring herself the victim of a large, elaborate, and continuing conspiracy. It would be judicious for the court and the receiver to remove this impression from the public mind at once.

Cheaper Novels Prophesied

An unnamed Eastern publisher is quoted in a dispatch from Chicago as saying that the day of the novel in cloth, or even pasteboard, binding is almost over, and that soon we shall be buying all our fiction in paper covers for 25 cents.

That is news of the "important if true" variety, and anybody who wants to declare it false can confidently expect to get many confirmations of his denial, as soon as the other publishers, in the East and elsewhere, have a chance to speak little pieces about their erring brother. Not only will they contradict him, but they will open the history of the book business in this country and prove by the records that the paper-cover experiment has been tried several times, and that never since the close of the piratical era, and the compulsory acquirement of copyright morals, has the experiment proved a success for anybody financially concerned.

Just the same, not a few paper-covered novels, by authors who do not write, and issued by publishers who do not print, for purely hygienic reasons, are now on sale in every town in the United States. They are still more numerous, and of much higher quality, up in Canada, while over in France practically no novels, and very few books of any kind, make their original appearance between stiff covers. The Frenchman buys his unbound book—not for 25 cents, but for much less than our $2, $1.50, and $1.25 "net," and for considerably less than the department store's cut rates. After he reads the book, if he considers it worth the trouble and expense, he takes it to the binder himself and has it bound according to his own taste and means. Usually he does nothing of the kind, for the same excellent reason that most of us lose all interest in the majority of novels as soon as we have read them, and are quite indifferent as to how they look thereafter or as to how long they last.

Why the Frenchman's privilege should be denied to us is known to our publishers, no doubt, but they have as yet chosen to keep the knowledge a trade secret, and suspicious members of the reading public are uncharitable enough to think that it is all a matter of comparative profits. Probably the assertion that the royalties of authors would be reduced if their books were sold unbound is true, since the alternative of that would be a reduction of the publisher's gain, but in the end there might be increases for both on account of enlarged sales at the lower prices.

But Cedars Can Be Planted.

Manufacturers of pencils are lamenting the steadily increasing difficulty they have in finding the cedar which is so much the best wood for their use, and they say that already they are painfully eking out the almost exhausted supply with the boards on farmers' old barns and the rails on their old fences.

There is yet one other expedient which they might try. This is, indeed, a late day for resort to it, but not one fatally late, or as late as to-morrow or next day will be, and at last they will surely have to make it. That expedient is the planting of anywhere from two to a hundred little cedar trees whenever they cut down a big one, or even whenever they want to cut down a big one and cannot find one to cut.

The plan thus suggested is simple, sensible, and effective. Its adoption now would not immediately relieve the situation in which the pencil-makers find themselves, but it's their own fault that the situation exists, and they must either plant cedars at once or soon reach the point of not having any really good pencils to sell. And that would be pretty bad for the pencil business.

Meanwhile their troubles need excite no sympathy at all from a public that is paying, and paying high, for their lack of foresight.

CONTENT WITH MISRULE.

New York's People Admire the Bosses and Abet Them.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your comment on "The Intolerable Legislature" suggests many interesting points for civic reflection, and it is truly deserving of its widespread circulation to stimulate the thoughts of its readers. To grasp the sorry scheme of our American legislative methods is not a complex nor a difficult matter, but when once a man grasps the true condition of those powers and their application at the present time he must be filled with considerable apprehension for the safety of our Republic and the maintenance of our American spirit of liberty.

It is a known fact that the average citizen in this country possesses very little of direct interest in our government methods, and it is safe to say that this is the greatest of all our National dangers. The average voter will vote at election time almost mechanically. In fact, I have known voters purposely to express their admiration for existing political machines or bosses by casting their voice in favor of their henchmen. Upon inquiry I have been told that Boss Murphy is better than Barnes or Woodruff because he has been more successful in some spectacular act of public treachery or legislative robbery. "I give him credit for getting away with it," is the laconic response which a party voter gave as his reason for supporting Boss Murphy's nominees.

This is, it is indeed sad to admit, the true state of the average voter's mind and interest in the vestment of our American legislative powers. What must be the result of such lethargy on the part of the voting public! Nothing less than the disgraceful exhibition which our State lawmakers have been flaunting before our eyes during the present session.

There is altogether too much of the wait-for-the-other-fellow-to-start-it spirit in our citizens' attitude of correction for their elected representatives. If Bill Jones starts to kick in a practical and telling manner with his local party leader or representative for some act of public treason, Bill is all right, but he is running the chance of being "in bad," if he should ever desire to obtain a city job, political favor or political office, with his party. Thus does the boss rule the unruly; he wields the club of political favor with considerable force over those citizens who have the courage of their convictions and who refuse to stand by silently and let the Murphys, Barnes's, Woodruffs and numerous other political bosses do as they see fit. Such a condition has existed in the past and will continue to exist in the future, so long as the individual citizen admires these defilers of American traditions for their great faculties for political crookedness, and so long as they vote (in the great majority) mechanically, waiting for the next fellow to start the ball a-rolling.

You speak very forcibly about the "intolerable Legislature," the ridiculous introduction and probability of passing at the present ill-chosen time the new Charter Bill for a city of 5,000,000 people, &c., but what about the intolerable and lethargic American voters in New York City and State, who have not only vested these intolerable legislators with the powers which they have so flagrantly abused, but also refuse to sit up and take note of the activities of these elective officials, and who further refuse (by their negligence) to try to fathom the intention of the laws which those lawmakers see fit to introduce or pass, in many instances simply on the request of "friends"? Are they not open to a more scathing arraignment than the men whom they have trusted without trying, and with such a blind faith? MICHAEL J. HICKEY.

Brooklyn, N. Y., July 7, 1911.

Protective Colorings of Animals.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is not the theory of protective coloring in animals being carried too far? For what purpose does Emma F., in her letter appearing in your issue of 6th inst., think that the polar bear intentionally or instinctively seeks to become less conspicuous by wearing white? From what foe does he seek to conceal himself? Is there any other inhabitant of the polar regions that is able to contend with him? It seems to me we must seek some other explanation for the polar bear's choice of color—if he really does exercise a choice.

But how do the upholders of this theory account for the brilliant coloring of many animals, particularly birds, which, so far from enabling them to conceal themselves, makes them very conspicuous, to the delight of their friends and the average joy of their foes? As, for instance, the scarlet tanager, the cardinal, the bluebird, and last, but not least, the robin. And does Emma F. believe that mosquitoes light on black clothing rather than on white from a desire of concealment? This theory assumes that there is some intelligent adaptive force at work in a part of the animal world which must be absent in another part; it seems to rest more on the desire of man to explain the phenomena of animal coloring, rather than on any scientific correlation of facts. EDWARD C. PEARSON.

Plainfield, N. J., July 7, 1911.

Gambling in New York.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

THE TIMES recently printed a letter signed by Walter Laidlaw in which he says that "if the Gittins bill becomes a law gambling will certainly so revive in New York City as to become a curse to the community."

Wherever did Mr. Laidlaw get the idea that gambling was dead in New York City? The almost daily raids on poolrooms and other forms of gambling houses show that the city is honeycombed with them, and that gambling, far from being dead, is more alive than ever. The aggregate daily attendance distributed among these places is undoubtedly enormously greater than the former daily attendance at the race tracks, to say nothing of the large number of persons who send in their bets through agents employed by the rooms, and also those who bet through handbooks. This increase cannot be laid to the account of the race tracks, as they have been closed all of the present season and a large part of last season. It can only be accounted for by the fact that gambling facilities have been thrust under the very noses of people who had never previously thought of it until it was so forcibly brought to their notice. F. C. KEMP.

New York, July 8, 1911.

On the Encouraging of Ambushing.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. I. Clinton Crane seems to lament the probability or possibility that after Sept. 1, 1911, no New York boy legally may be given an airgun under penalty of fine or imprisonment, or both. Well, what need to waste sympathy on any person who has no more sense of civic responsibility than to put into the hands of a child, especially in a crowded city, a missile-throwing machine? And is it necessary that a child, in order to develop "the spirit of '76," should be so armed that he may, without betraying his proximity, kill birds, and put out the eyes of cats, dogs, horses, and human beings? Certainly it is a high order of courage and independence that must be cultivated in such a sneaking way.

EDWIN C. WALKER.

New York, July 7, 1911.

Cool Pillows and Mattresses.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. Benton's idea of an anti-stove is a good one. But until the genius appears who can demonstrate and create such an invention, I would suggest that rubber mattresses filled with ice, or a cooling and evaporating solution, be used. Also instead of feather pillows, there be pillows filled with the same cooling fluids or chemicals. On top of the mattress could be placed India matting, which is much cooler to sleep on than cotton sheets. Of course sheets could be used as usual. A. F. BOOSEY.

THE MAGAZINE TRUST.

The Organs of Uplift Have Joined in the Thing That They Set Out to Bust.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Our organs of uplift, Oh, who would have thought it, have tangled themselves in a magazine trust; after all of their screaming, their talking and dreaming, they have joined in the thing that they set out to bust. When the octopus found us and wrapped all around us the long slender feelers that made us so sore, we thought that for ages we'd find in those pages a love for the downtrodden, sound to the core. It was past all believing that they were receiving the very advances they claimed to repel; so brave was their starting, we grieve at the parting—let's shed a few tears at the spot where they fell.

'Tis the moth-eaten story, so old and so hoary, that we've read and lamented since time first began: the spirit's elation, the hope of the Nation, the pride of the spirit, the weakness of man. Oh, the horrible trust that they set out to bust, it will soon be among us in glory again; and our hope has departed, we're all broken-hearted, we had no defense but the magazine man. Of the words he has spoken, the fetters he's broken, the world in its sadness must quickly lose sight. The future is gloomy and clammy and tomby, there is no one remaining to battle for right.

Oh, the uplifting muckers, they took us for suckers, they pulled Schedule K right down over our eyes; they hooked us completely and did it so neatly that no one suspected we'd ever get wise. But Uncle Sam's minions just shook out their pinions, and flapped on the trail of the octopus bird; and the joyful trust-buster, so dimmed was his lustre that hardly a peep from his cavern was heard. They are gone, we are grieving, so sudden their leaving, their work uncompleted, their labors in vain. Our weeping and wailing are all unavailing, and the octopus mocks us and gibes at our pain.

F. L. ORTON.

New York, July 8, 1911.

INSURING FOR HEALTH.

Hails the Powerful Interests Now Arrayed Against Premature Death.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the history of civilization there is no event on record that brought anything like the beneficent results which we may look for from the coming of the great life insurance interests into the field of sanitary science as announced in the TIMES of Sunday by Mr. E. E. Rittenhouse, Conservation Commissioner for the Equitable Life. It portends the physical betterment if not the physical salvation of the race.

The writer addressed in 1909 all the leading life insurance companies on the subject, but the replies indicated that these companies were prohibited by law from engaging in such work. All honor to President W. A. Day for having found a way out of the difficulty. He should rest assured that if there are any restrictions which hamper him in this matter there are no commercial or human interests that would oppose their removal.

Self-preservation is the first and highest law of life. It is the basis of civilization. Ignorance and superstition misled the race for centuries. Brutal war and commercial strife are yielding. Common sense is just beginning to lead us. Life, life free from disease and premature death, with its consequent fear, care and horror, is the cry of mankind. Science, backed by the powerful interests mentioned, can and will answer this universal demand. Quackery and ignorance must soon fall before such forces.

OSBORN CONGELTON.

New York, July 8, 1911.

PLAN FOR GARBAGE MAN.

Double Set of Lidded Cans Would Make a Clean Job of It.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your paper has given much time and space to the question of dust in our streets.

With the present system of pouring the contents of cans into the carts, there is much dust during the operation, and the dust is noxious at night as well as during the day.

There is another trouble: while the ashes and garbage pails are exposed in the street they are in hot weather the nest of flies, and during the storms they are receptacles of rain or snow, which makes them heavier. They are an unsightly blot upon our city streets. Also, while the cart loaded with ashes is going its way, if the slightest wind blows, there is a continuous cloud of dust all along the way.

May I renew in your paper the suggestion I made to the Hon. W. H. Edwards in 1910? I would suggest that a double set of ash and garbage cans be provided, all of them with lids. The cart man would lift the cans filled with ashes, or with garbage, into the cart, and replace them with empty ones. There would be no dust in this way. The city would have to make the outlay for the new cans, it is true, but they will last longer. N. BEHAR.

New York, July 8, 1911.

Ill-Ventilated Public Library.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I indorse the complaint of your correspondent in to-day's issue regarding the lack of ventilation in our new public library. The much-praised idea of Dr. Billings in locating the reading room on the top floor may have resulted in the elimination of noise—and, indeed, in the matter of quiet the room is most admirable. On the other hand, either this or some other cause has resulted in making it a sweltering place. Compare it with the delightfully cool room of Columbia University Library.

It seems difficult for our architects to combine all the virtues in one building, as witness the annoying echoes in Columbia Library, from which the public library is entirely free.

New York, July 7, 1911. J. K.

Breach of Promise Law.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My admiration of THE TIMES never reached a higher point than it did this morning when I read its editorial respecting "breach of promise" suits. A more iniquitous, not to say disgusting law which makes such suits possible, is not to be found in any book of statutes—a law that exposes every unmarried man who is supposed to have a competency (especially if he be approaching the decline of life) to the schemes or wiles of jades and to the devilment of unscrupulous lawyers and equally unscrupulous, interested witnesses.

New York, July 7, 1911. DECENCY.

Caterpillars in Central Park.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Near the Fifty-ninth Street end of the Park, and probably elsewhere, many tree trunks are covered with cocoons from which good-sized yellow worms are emerging and nothing apparently is being done to kill them. Soon the foliage will be eaten; indeed the damage is already noticeable in some places. C.

New York, July 8, 1911.

AN ETYMOLOGICAL ADVENTURE.

One day, while walking to and fro,
I met a mammoth Status Quo.

I promptly ran away and hid
And watched it meet a Tertium Quid.

The two began to search for me,
Assisted by an Eau-de-Vie.

But when I heard the growl accursed
That signifies a Leberwurst,

And heard the tramp of ten or twenty
Ferocious Dolce Far Niente,

I rose in desperation's might,
And put the lot of them to flight.

But, though I ran like one distraught,
The Leberwurst alone I caught.

The others, being quick and wary,
Jumped back into the Dictionary!*

*And there they are!

THOMAS R. YBARRA.

FIRE CHIEF ORDEAL SEVEREST EVER HELD

Extraordinary Precautions Taken by Civil Service Examiners for To-day's Contest.

TEN DEPUTIES TO COMPETE

Only Trifling Allowances Made for Seniority and Heroism—Highest Rating Wins—Favoritism Eliminated.

The examination of candidates for the post of Fire Chief, which is to begin this morning, marks a most advanced stage in the development of the merit system. It is the most important place ever filled through a competitive examination in the United States, and probably anywhere in the world, and the examination will be the most technical and scientific ever held here. Furthermore, it will be conclusive. Instead of being held to furnish an eligible list from which any of those who pass may be named, it is understood that the candidate receiving the highest rating will get the job.

This situation is due to Mayor Gaynor's recent instructions to the heads of the Fire and Police Departments that in making appointments they shall take the candidates in the order of their ratings, instead of exercising any favoritism, personal or political, such as has governed in the past in making selections from the eligible list.

Twenty-six years ago there was no civil service law in this State. Now there are 55,000 places under the Municipal Government that are in the classified list, besides 18,000 school teachers that are under a civil service system of their own. Together these places number a third as many as the 235,000 places under the civil service regulations in the Federal service.

In filling these places more than 100,000 persons in Greater New York take the examinations each year. This may be roughly estimated at 10 per cent. of the adult male population, and its incidental educational value alone has become of considerable importance. Not only are these 100,000 persons studying one or more of the great variety of subjects covered by the examinations as a whole, but they are necessarily informing themselves of the operation of the extensive system of administration of the city, a subject on which the average New Yorker is little informed.

Many of the examinations require physical tests also, and in preparation for them candidates naturally look to their bodily strength and condition, with resulting benefit to their health.

What He Must Know.

The new Chief must have a knowledge of water pressure and of the intricate water system as it exists throughout the five boroughs. The growth of skyscrapers downtown and of lofty apartment houses uptown in comparatively recent years, and the increased use of explosives due to these building operations, the use of automobiles, and other causes, have brought enlarged problems. A knowledge of chemistry is also coming to be part of the up-to-date Fire Chief's equipment, as the use of chemicals in fighting fires is being developed, and the effect of chemicals in the burning premises is important.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission, in preparing for the examination, has taken all these things into consideration, as well as the fact that the appointment is practically for life and not for a term of years.

Only Deputy Fire Chiefs are eligible to take the examination. Their present positions, reached by promotion from the ranks, together with their records, are regarded as sufficient proof that they have had the necessary experience in handling the men under them.

Another question the Civil Service Commission had to consider carefully is that of seniority. In the army and navy, for instance, it is the determining factor. The State Constitution, however, says that promotions shall be made according to merit, to be determined through competitive examination. The statute, on the other hand, prescribes that due weight shall be given to seniority. If a weight of 12, for instance, were given to seniority, it would probably be conclusive as to the result of the examination. After much deliberation the commission decided to allow one point a year for eight years for seniority. Back of eight years of seniority will count for nothing. There will thus not be more than five or six points between any two of the candidates on this score, as none of them has been a Deputy Chief less than two or three years.

Another question was what allowance should be made for heroism. While important, the Commissioners did not think too much weight should be given to bravery in the position of Chief, which calls rather for executive ability. They decided to allow Acting Chief Kenlon, who has a medal for heroism, one point in the examination.

While personality is a quality that cannot be brought out in a written examination, strategy is a point that can, and questions have been framed to combine technical knowledge with strategy. Experts of the highest authority have assisted in the preparation of the questions, and in technical matters they will assist in rating the candidates on their answers.

Resting for the Contest.

All the candidates, ten in number, were relieved from duty Saturday and yesterday and their places were filled by battalion chiefs, in order that there might be no inequality as there might have been if some of the candidates had been called on to fight hard fires while the others chanced to have nothing to do but concentrate their thoughts on the coming examination. This was done by the Fire Commissioner at the request of the Civil Service Commissioners.

As to the questions themselves, several times as many as will be asked have been prepared by the experts and the department examiners. Those to be asked at each session will be adopted by the Commissioners only a few minutes before the session begins. They will then be brought in by President Creelman of the Civil Service Board, and in the presence of the candidates struck off on a duplicating machine and immediately distributed. This was done for the first time in the last examination for police Captains.

An entirely new feature is this: The answers written by the candidates will not be turned over to the examiners, but will first be transcribed on typewriters and carefully compared. The examiners who do the rating will get only the typewritten duplicates. The originals will be sealed up and kept in the possession of President Creelman until the ratings are established.

Identity Hidden.

In this way the examiners won't know and even the Commissioners won't know whose papers are being rated. Each candidate will place his name in an envelope which he will seal himself, and when his paper is turned in corresponding numbers will be marked on his papers and his envelopes. The examiner who receives them will have nothing to do with the rating. The examiners who do that will not even be in the same building when the examination is held.

When the candidates report for the first session at 9 o'clock this morning they will be addressed by Mayor Gaynor. Then they will have five hours, not including a recess at noon, to write their answers to questions under the general head of administration. This will include everything in connection with the actual work of the department and will count 7 in a scale of 12. To-morrow they will work from 9 to 12 on laws and ordinances, which count 2, from 1 to 3 on rules and regulations of the Fire Department, which counts 1, and from 3 to 5 they will make out one or more model reports on imaginary fires, which will count 2. In the final result these counts or "weights," as they are called, will be reduced to decimals and made up into the total ratings.

AUSTRALIA SHIES AT AMERICAN PLAYS

J. C. Williamson, the Manager Who Has Made Millions, Here on His Annual Hunt for Novelties.

FAVORS THE LONDON BRAND

Long Runs the Rule in Melbourne and Sydney—Melba to Try Opera Experiment There.

James C. Williamson, a former American actor in Wallack's company in New York and now the Napoleon of Australian managers, and incidentally said to be the richest manager in the world, is in New York on his fifteenth tour around the world in his attempt "to keep up to date," as he expresses it, and to look around for more dramatic material suitable for the Australian market. He will sail for London on July 19 to confer with George Edwardes and to see "The Count of Luxembourg," which is to be his next big production in Australia. Mme. Melba, with her opera company, is also to play Australia under his direction, dividing sixteen weeks between Sydney and Melbourne.

"We can try no experiments in Australia," he said yesterday to a reporter for THE TIMES. "We have generally found that the Australians like what is liked in London, and for that reason we follow London pretty closely. Occasionally I try American plays, and I frequently see pieces in Germany and France, but I never import the Continental successes until they have been tried in London.

"You must remember that Melbourne is a town not any larger than Baltimore and the public there has been spoiled by seeing the very best. When a piece pleases the public there the people will go again and again to see it, but if it does not please it is impossible to keep it on. 'Our Miss Gibbs' ran for eight months in Melbourne, which is unprecedented. 'Floradora' is the only piece whose run there approaches it. That musical comedy continued for something like 106 nights.

"I have two theatres in both Sydney and Melbourne; two opera companies and a dramatic company, besides which I produce the Drury Lane pantomimes and melodramas. Everything for these productions is made in the theatres. I have the scenic artists, the costumers, the electricians, everything. My Royal Opera Company has been in existence for thirty years. I started out producing the Gilbert and Sullivan operas; later I put on such works as 'Madame Favart' and 'The Mascot'; then the works produced at the Gaiety and Daly's, in London, and now many of the Viennese successes, through London.

"It is an excellent company. I waited with 'Our Miss Gibbs,' for instance, until I could secure exactly the people I wanted, and consequently the work has made a great success. You must remember that the top price for the best seats in the Melbourne Theatres is 6 shillings, or $1.50. The capacity of one of my theatres there is about $2,000 a performance. When I tour outside of Melbourne and Sydney I am confronted with empty theatres with no staff. I am obliged to carry all my scenery, all my orchestra, stage hands, and even men for the box office.

"I have just sent a pantomime company of over 100 people on a tour of New Zealand. That island is seven days from Australia—as long a time as from here to London! There are but sixteen cities one can play there, and the combined populations of these cities is a little over three hundred thousand. It requires some courage to face a situation like that, but the point is that if you send those people what they want they will go again and again. In Melbourne the question this Winter was not 'Have you seen "Miss Gibbs"?' but 'How many times have you seen it?'

"Katherine Grey, the American actress, has been the leading woman of my dramatic company for the last eighteen months. She has recently been playing some American plays, one of which, 'Salvation Nell,' was a frightful failure. On the other hand, 'Paid in Full' was a success. Miss Grey has been very popular there. She is returning to New York now, and one of my present objects is to find a new leading woman.

"Margaret Anglin was out there under my management a few years ago. Nat Goodwin came with a company, including Maxine and Gertrude Elliott and Blanche Walsh. Willie Collier was out there for a time, and in his company was Jack Barrymore.

"I am willing to try American pieces in Australia if I can have any feeling that they will be successful, but as a rule the English pieces please the public better. You see, Australians are nearer to London in spirit than they are to New York. As for Australian pieces, I have found very few. I produced two spectacular pieces by Australians, one with a New Zealand subject and the other, the scenes of which were laid in Egypt, with success. I also produced an Australian musical piece, the characters of which were Maoris, but on the whole I must look elsewhere for material.

"Part of Mme. Melba's company has already sailed, and Mme. Melba herself will go in a week or so. Her opera company will open on Sept. 3 in Sydney, appearing there eight weeks, and eight in Melbourne. When Mme. Melba was last in Australia on a concert tour she was full of the idea of bringing an opera company to her native land. As a matter of fact the Australians have never heard a singer of Melba's rank in opera.

"She finally came to me and asked me to help her, and so she is coming under my management. The company, all of which we are bringing from Europe and America, are guaranteed an engagement of sixteen weeks. Among the members of the company are John McCormack and Eleanora de Cisneros. Mme. Melba is immensely popular in Australia as a concert singer, and I hope her operatic venture will meet with a like success. I tried an experiment with Italian opera in Melbourne some years ago in a more modest way and lost a great deal of money. At that time I said that I never would attempt such a thing again, but one can't argue with Mme. Melba.

"Last Winter I went to Germany to rest, as I was thoroughly tired out. However, instead of resting I made five trips to Berlin, five to Paris, and five to London, to say nothing of some flying excursions to Vienna and Munich. I was especially impressed with the productions made by Max Reinhardt, who is undoubtedly the greatest producer of the day in the world. He is the manager of the Deutsche Theater in Berlin. I saw the pantomime 'Samurun' there, and I have never seen anything to equal it except a performance of Sophocles's 'Oedipus,' also made by Reinhardt at one of the large Berlin circuses. He is a real wizard of the theatre.

"David Belasco is the Max Reinhardt of America, I believe, at the present day. His productions deserve to rank close to those of this marvelous German."

Mr. Williamson made his début as an actor in Milwaukee during the sixties. He was a member of Wallack's company during its most famous days, when he says "it was not uncommon for one branch of the company to play 'The Rivals' in New York when another branch was playing 'The School for Scandal' in Brooklyn, and still actors from the company were walking Broadway. Later he acted with Charles Wyndham.

He made his start in Melbourne in 1879 as an actor in an American company. To-day it is doubtful if any two producing managers of England or America could show in cash or property half as great wealth as this American, whose whole field of action contains fewer people than can be found within a radius of ten miles from the City Hall. Those who know his affairs place Mr. Williamson's fortune at more than $5,000,000.

Saturday night Mr. Williamson saw "Get Rich Quick Wallingford" in New York, but he was doubtful of its money making powers in Australia. H. B. Irving and his company have already arrived in Australia and will presently open in "Hamlet." The London "Blue Bird" company is to go there directly, and the newest comic operas which are to be done there are "The Count of Luxembourg" and "The Quaker Girl."

WILLIAM WINTER NEARS 75.

Friends to Observe the Critic's Birthday on July 15.

On July 15 William Winter, the poet and critic, will be 75 years old. His many friends are planning to celebrate the day in some fitting way at his Staten Island home. For fifty-nine years Mr. Winter has been before the public as a writer. Although widely known for his essays and criticisms which have to do with stageland, he has also been an orator, an essayist, biographer, historian, and poet.

Mr. Winter was born in Gloucester, Mass., in 1836. At the age of 16 he was having poems published, and his first book of lyrics was issued when he was 19. He came to New York in 1859. For many years he was connected with The New York Tribune as dramatic critic, but he recently retired from that post and has since devoted himself to writing reminiscences of the prominent people he has known. Among his friends were Junius Brutus Booth, Edwin Booth, James W. and Lester Wallack, E. L. Davenport, W. J. Florence, Joseph Jefferson, John Gilbert, Richard Mansfield, Mary Anderson, and Henry Irving.

SOCIETY AT NEWPORT.

Women Who Drive Their Own Cars to Organize an Auto Club.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 9.—Women prominent in the Summer colony are considering plans of forming an automobile club in view of the large number who are operating their own cars. Miss Frances Lippitt, daughter of United States Senator Henry Lippitt, is the most skillful of those who drive, with Mrs. Reginald C. Vanderbilt a close competitor.

In the avenue to-day were noticed driving their own automobiles Miss Mildred Sherman, Miss Margaret F. Andrews, Mrs. Whitney Warren, Mrs. Edward H. Bulkley, Miss Anna Sands, Mrs. Leonard M. Thomas, Mrs. J. F. A. Clark, Mrs. Walter Norman Eldridge, Miss Josephs, Mrs. Sidney J. Colford, Jr., Mrs. William N. Hughes, Miss Gwendolyn Burden, Mrs. Walter S. Andrews, Miss Miami Scott, Miss Louise Scott, Miss Emma Stone, Mrs. T. Suffern Tailer, and Miss Maude K. Wetmore.

The report is heard in the Summer colony that Paul J. Rainey is tiring of his long hunting trip in the jungles of Africa and is to return in time for the late Newport season. Mr. Rainey has a large collection of captured animals and the skins of many others, besides a valuable collection of motion-picture films which are said to be thrilling, showing him and his guides close to wild animals they either killed or captured. They will be shown to his friends at Newport later.

Casino registers to-day include Mr. and Mrs. Ward E. Smith, Miss Barbara Smith, Norman Prince, John Brewster, Hugo Bremer, Frederick H. Prince, Jr., E. Roscoe Mathews, Mrs. F. C. Bishop, Seymour Johnson, and D. Selden Morgan.

Mr. and Mrs. Ward E. Smith and Miss Barbara Smith of Providence are the guests of Mrs. Everett.

Norman Prince of Beverly and John Brewster of Boston were members of the house party that Mr. and Mrs. Leonard M. Thomas entertained for the week end at Quarterford.

Hugo Bremer of Germany is a member of Lispenard Stewart's house party at White Lodge.

E. Roscoe Mathews of New York is among the guests aboard the steam yacht Viking, George F. Baker, Jr., owner, which arrived from New York to-day.

Miss Alice Gordon Drexel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John R. Drexel, is recovering from a recent operation for appendicitis, and will be presented to society next Saturday. Miss Drexel will be the only Newport débutante of the season. Next Summer Miss Margaret Andrews, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Paul A. Andrews; Miss Gabriel Warren, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Whitney Warren, and Miss Mildred Rives, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George L. Rives, will be introduced.

Late registers at the Newport Golf Club include Miss Anna Sands, I. Townsend Burden, Mrs. French Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Bishop, Miss Bishop, A. P. Alford, Mr. and Mrs. Mathewson, Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Beach, Frederick H. Prince, Jr., Sherman Day, Philip W. Livermore, Charles B. Luther, Robert Marshall, James A. Chadwick, Hugo Bremer, John H. Condon, Seymour Johnson, E. G. Chadwick, Ralph Randlett, T. R. Stetson, Mr. and Mrs. William Goadby, Dudley G. Gautier, A. A. Gammell, and Mrs. Robert Sedgwick.

Mr. and Mrs. John Rutledge Abney of New York are at their cottage, Cave Cliff, for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Dudley Davis entertained a large dinner company this evening at Roslyn, on Beacon Hill.

Mr. and Mrs. James J. Coogan and Miss Jessie Coogan and Jay Coogan are returning from New York next week and will take a cottage while their residence, White Hall, which was destroyed by fire last Winter, is being rebuilt and extensively enlarged.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Bishop and Miss Bishop of New York are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills, who entertained in honor of their guests this evening.

John H. Condon of Providence is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. William Gammell.

Mr. and Mrs. Mathewson of Lloyd's Neck, L. I., and A. P. Alvord of New York are among the house party that Commodore and Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James are entertaining.

Senator Henry L. Lippitt is expected home from Washington the end of the week.

Col. John Jacob Astor and his son, Vincent Astor, are expected soon for the Summer.

George E. Murray has joined his family at the Forecastle in Ocean Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip E. Clark were visitors at Watch Hill to-day.

Ogden L. Mills is expected in Newport from Europe to join his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills, the latter part of July.

Josef F. Fadel has concluded his Newport visit and returned to Fairfield, Conn., to be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Gould Jennings.

The music of the season begins at the Casino to-morrow morning, with John C. Mullaly and his Boston Symphony Orchestra.

Seymour Johnson of New York is visiting Mr. and Mrs. William Woodward at the Cloisters.

J. T. MacGrew, who has been visiting his father-in-law and mother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. George S. Scott, at Belmead, has started for his home in Honolulu.

Departures for New York to-night include E. S. Reynal, Frederic M. Davis, Austen Gray, Egerton L. Winthrop, William Goadby Loew, Hugh D. Auchincloss, S. G. Thatcher, Henry H. Ward, Philip W. Livermore, Charles F. Hoffman, Edward J. Berwind, and Condé Nast.

James V. Parker has gone out very little since his arrival last month, but today he attended a tea which Mrs. Burke Roche gave.

Mrs. French Vanderbilt is entertaining a dinner company at Harbour View.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Berwind gave a luncheon at the Elms to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence W. Dolan entertained a large luncheon company at their residence opposite Bailey's Beach this afternoon.

Mrs. James H. Kernochan gave a luncheon at Seaview to-day, her guests including Mr. and Mrs. J. F. A. Clark, James J. Van Alen, Mr. and Mrs. R. Horace Gallatin, Miss Lucy Dodge, John Thompson Spencer, and Ralph Ranlett.

The steam yacht Catania, owned by the Duke of Sutherland of England, arrived to-night from Oyster Bay en route to Boston, having arrived in New London from Gibraltar on June 28, whence she sailed on June 16. On Saturday the yacht departed for Sag Harbor, thence to Oyster Bay. Col. Robert M. Thompson of New York has chartered the yacht for three weeks.

Mrs. Thompson is on board with Mrs. J. W. Roosevelt and her daughter, Mrs. Langdon Warner. At Boston Mrs. Roosevelt and Mrs. Warner will leave the yacht, which will proceed to Northeast Harbor, returning here on July 19, and Col. Thompson, who is returning from Europe, will join the party the 22d. The Duke of Sutherland is arriving in New York on Aug. 14 on the steamship Olympia, and will proceed in his yacht from the Canadian lakes to inspect his property.

Premiere Danseuse Honors Newlyweds

Miss Lydia Lopoukowa, premiere danseuse of the Russian ballet, which has been appearing at the Winter Garden, gave a dinner last night in honor of the marriage of Miss Elizabeth Mandelkern, the daughter of Miss Lopoukowa's manager, to Louis White Fehr. Among the guests were Baron Schlippenbach, the Russian Consul General; Mrs. Gertrude Hoffman, and Max Hoffman.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

Elsie Leslie, who, when she was a child, played "Little Lord Fauntleroy," will play the heroine in Louis N. Parker's "Disraeli," which is to be given at Wallack's Theatre in September with George Arliss in the title role.

Elliott Schenck, who is giving nightly concerts on top of the Century Theatre, announces that in the near future he intends giving a second concert to begin at midnight.

ELEPHANT HOLDING DONKEY TO A TIE

Slower Getting Over the Road, but Sleeps Less, and So Catches Up Each Night.

TRAVELING DONE AT NIGHT

Racers Due in New Brunswick for Breakfast—Judy Frightens Horses, Which Upset the Milk Wagon.

While Judy, the Luna Park elephant, was proceeding peacefully on her way to Washington yesterday at what she hoped was a faster gait than Jenny, the donkey, could maintain she came upon a wayfaring wagon of milk just outside of Perth Amboy.

The results of the sudden meeting were various, although opinions differ as to just which element among them was the more serious. In the first place the horses attached to the wagon of milk decided they wanted nothing to do with any highway on which such a creature as Judy could find passageway. They ran, and carried with them at first the milk. The wagon tipped over and the milk spilled out in a pool by the roadside. Then the horses kicked themselves loose and left wagon and milk and all many miles behind them in a wild dash for other highways.

Judy surveyed the scene and passed along not at all disturbed. Housewives in Perth Amboy who learned of the occurrence though of all the Jersey children who would be robbed of their Sunday milk by Judy and were very sad about it.

But Mayor Buellschweiller of Perth Amboy, who is a sturdy Democrat, saw in the occurrence only the fact that the Prohibitionists were out of it, and he turned at once to observe the fortunes of Jenny, to see what her Democratic donkiness could do in nosing out ahead of the elephant's trunk in a day's journey.

Mayor Buellschweiller had the cockles of his Democratic heart warmed awhile as the donkey and the elephant plodded along from Perth Amboy, where they rested through Sunday morning, toward New Brunswick, where it is expected they will breakfast to-day.

The donkey's gait was unmistakably better than that of the elephant, and the donkey remained from twenty minutes to half an hour ahead of the elephant throughout the afternoon's journey. But the elephant's trainers smiled as they toiled along in second place, and pointed out that the donkey rival never, never would be allowed to sleep at a station more advanced than that occupied by the elephant.

The way of the race to Washington, which started on Friday, was thus pointed out by the elephant's keepers. They believe their animal will sleep less than Jenny, but that she will travel just as far each day; this for the reason that they will never stop until small boys or others have told them where Jenny is stabled, and then they will plod along until they pass the place were she is snoring and hold an advantage for next day.

The Abernathy boys, at whom everybody wanted to look yesterday because Roosevelt had patted them on the head, refused positively to ride out ahead of Judy and warn drivers to hold their horses, as the elephant was coming. The boys declared their contract did not call for Sunday riding and that the best they could do would be to rest themselves and their ponies until daylight, and then ride on to New Brunswick in time to give warning in the first part of the Monday journey.

Fred Thompson was out to see his racing animals just before they gave up their stalls in Perth Amboy for the troubles of the road. Judy he interviewed in a blacksmith shop, where she was busy throwing horseshoes with her trunk against the wall, and he looked Jenny over in a common livery stable, where the stalls were as oversized for her as they were undersized for Judy. He learned that the only untoward incident up to that point of the journey came from the fact that Jenny gained a half hour on Judy near Tottenville and caught a ferry that Judy missed only to lose the half hour later by straying into a cornfield and refreshing herself until Judy passed her.

Thompson brought back to the breathless folks of Luna Park last night photographs of the Mayor of Perth Amboy posed proudly alongside the donkey.

IN THE BERKSHIRES.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., July 9.—The Lenox Club has offered two silver cups for a junior tennis tournament which is being played on the courts of the competitors. Miss Lelia Burden, daughter of Mrs. Joseph W. Burden, is leading in the number of games won. Among the contestants are the Misses Anita Delafield, Anna Alexandre, and Irene Turnure, and Robert Ware and Larry Turnure.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren C. King were called to Syracuse to-day by the illness of a relative.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Peabody of New York are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Frothingham at Overlee.

Mrs. Joseph W. Burden gave a small dinner, followed by whist, at Underledge last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mellen are entertaining C. Barry Peets, Miss Catherine Wilson of New York, and Dr. Edw. F. Gaylord of New Haven at Council Grove.

Mrs. H. O. Bates of Morristown, N. J., is a guest of Mrs. Zenas Crane.

Mrs. William C. Redfield of Brooklyn is visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Adams.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Perry of New York, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Fells of Philadelphia, and Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Harper of Newburg are at the Red Lion Inn in Stockbridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Greenleaf and Miss Gertrude Gillette of New York are guests of Dr. and Mrs. Richard C. Greenleaf.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Astor Bristed, who are in Europe, have offered their country estate, Lakeside, in Stockbridge, for sale.

Mrs. Charles Brinton Coxe, Miss Emily W. Sinkler, and Eckley Brinton Coxe, Jr., of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. J. I. D. Bristol, Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Curtis, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Emery, and Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur C. Fisk of New York, Dr. and Mrs. J. D. Morgan of Montreal, and Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Comly of Boston are at the Hotel Aspinwall.

Mrs. Charles E. Farr of New York has arrived at the Willis Villa in Stockbridge.

Members of the Lake Mahkeenac Boat Club will arrange a regatta for catboats for the last week of the month. Besides the sailing races there will be canoe races and aquatic sports.

Mrs. William H. Bradford is rapidly recovering from a very serious illness. She intends to spend the entire Winter in Europe, sailing in November with her daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Lindsay Fairfax.

Mrs. Frank E. Kernochan, who has been in Pittsfield, started to-day for the upper St. Regis in the Adirondacks.

Mrs. Thomas D. Peck has returned to New York after several weeks at Elmhurst Villa in Pittsfield.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Rogers, who were guests of Capt. and Mrs. John S. Barnes, are now in Labrador.

Mrs. M. Dwight Collier was hostess at luncheon this afternoon at Osceola House.

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BARONESS DE ST. MARC ILL.

Daughter of Mrs. G. Jason Waters Operated on for Appendicitis in Paris.

Special to The New York Times.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., July 9.—News has just been received here by cable from Paris by Mrs. G. Jason Waters of Philadelphia of the illness of her daughter, the Baroness Jacques de St. Marc. Baroness de St. Marc was operated on for appendicitis on Thursday in Paris, and since then has been reported to be doing well.

Baron and Baroness de St. Marc had planned to sail on the Olympic on July 12, and expected to visit Mr. and Mrs. G. Jason Waters at Twin Gables, Narragansett Pier.

AT NARRAGANSETT PIER.

Many Motor Touring Parties Stop Over for Sunday Luncheon.

Special to The New York Times.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., July 9.—This has been a typical Summer day at Narragansett, with a cool southwesterly breeze prevailing, which tempered the heat, and gave zest to life in the open. A large number of motor parties touring through New England arrived at the Pier to-day, and tarried at the Casino and the various hotels for luncheon. Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Henshaw of Greenwich, who motored here for the day, were entertained at luncheon at the Casino by Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Mauran.

Among those present at a luncheon given by Mr. and Mrs. E. Fielding Jones of Providence were Dr. and Mrs. William MacDonald and Dr. and Mrs. F. Cruger Edgerton of New York.

Others entertaining on the plaza today were Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin F. Vaughn of East Greenwich, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Coombs, William C. Marrow, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Thacher, W. H. Draper, and Sidney Harris of New York, Dr. and Mrs. A. F. Hopkins of Washington, and Mr. and Mrs. Harold Strebeigh of New York.

A. Prescott Baker and William E. Dennis, Jr., motored over from Newport by the way of Jamestown and Saunderstown and registered at the Casino.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Whittemore and Miss Whittemore, and Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Whittemore, who arrived here in a Pierce-Arrow touring car, had luncheon at the Gladstone.

In another motor party from Boston registering there were Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Whittemore and C. F. Pusifer of Boston, who arrived in a Pope-Hartford car.

Members of a motor party from Providence included Mr. and Mrs. Gustavus Taylor and Mr. and Mrs. William E. Baker.

Louis M. Grant of Mount Vernon, N. Y., has arrived at the Gladstone.

Richard T. Austin of Washington, D. C.; W. P. Sheffield and Clark Benedict of Newport, and William S. Greene of Fall River were in a motor party arriving here to-day for luncheon at the Imperial.

Mr. and Mrs. Hinman Bierd, the latter formerly Miss Olivia Hitchcock of New York, are expected to arrive here this week, and will be guests of Dr. and Mrs. Charles Hitchcock at their villa in Ocean Road for the Summer.

Late arrivals at the Imperial include Caryl Roberts of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. Erling C. Ostby, and Dr. and Mrs. F. V. Hussey of Providence.

Casino registrations include Mr. and Mrs. Newell J. Ward of Orange, N. J., J. E. Fletcher, Jr., Providence; A. G. Herreshoff, Bristol, R. I.; Mr. and Mrs. A. Raymond Ellis, Hartford, Conn., and Edwin H. English, New Haven, Conn., and who is the guest of Mrs. Irving H. Chase at Miramar.

Commodore Edward Qualtrough and Mr. and Mrs. Malcom McConihe of Washington have arrived at the Atlantic.

Dr. Joseph Leidy of Philadelphia, who is a member of the cottage family, has arrived at the Massasoit.

J. C. Rathbone of New Orleans is here for the polo session, and has opened his villa at Kentara Green.

The Rev. Dr. W. H. Vibbert of New York preached to-day at St. Peter's Episcopal Church-by-the-Sea.

BAR HARBOR SOCIAL NOTES.

To Dedicate the Jesup Memorial Library Within a Fortnight.

Special to The New York Times.

BAR HARBOR, Me., July 9.—The memorial library erected by Mrs. Morris K. Jesup of New York in memory of her husband was completed yesterday, and the dedication is expected to take place within a fortnight. Mrs. Jesup will arrive in a day or two, and the detailed plans for the dedication will be made then.

Dr. and Mrs. Lende of Berne, Switzerland, are the guests of Gen. Horace Porter at Saltair cottage for the remainder of the Summer.

Mrs. William Jay Schieffelin of New York was the speaker at the girls' meeting at the Young Women's Christian Association to-day, taking for her subject the woman's foreign missionary jubilee.

Dr. Adolph F. Schauffler of New York spoke at the Congregational church.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold I. Sewall returned yesterday to their cottage from several days spent in Boston.

The initial concert of the Summer begins to-morrow at the Swimming Club, with the Boston Symphony players, under the leadership of Gustav Strube. These concerts will be given daily during July and August.

HOT SPRING HAPPENINGS.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., July 9.—Robert Walter, who has been taking a course of the baths here, will leave for New York this week. Mrs. Walter has preceded him, to prepare for the wedding of their son, Stewart Walter, to Miss Audrey Townsend Sackett of New London, on July 20.

John A. Stewart, Acting President of Princeton University, has arrived from New York with Mrs. Stewart to spend some time at the Homestead.

Col. and Mrs. William Wheatley of Washington, who are on their annual driving tour through the Virginia resorts, reached Hot Springs yesterday, and will be here some time before going on to White Sulphur Springs.

J. S. Walsh has come from St. Louis with his family for the rest of the Summer. Mr. Walsh's daughters, Mrs. Bates, wife of Lieut. John S. Bates, U. S. A., and Mrs. C. L. Palms, will occupy with their families two of the Homestead cottages through July and August.

Attorney General Wickersham has arrived with his family for the rest of the Summer.

Rear Admiral W. G. Buehler, U. S. N., and Mrs. Buehler reached here this morning for a stay of several weeks.

Mrs. H. R. Loening spent yesterday at the Robino estate. A. P. Loening has just returned from a trip to White Sulphur Springs.

Dr. and Mrs. E. P. Tompkins and family and Miss Southern were guests of the Rev. John G. Scott at luncheon at the Homestead yesterday.

Mrs. Giles and Miss Giles were among those entertaining at tea at the Casino yesterday afternoon. Among their guests were Mrs. James A. Norris, Miss Helen Norris, and Miss Gladys Burrows.

Playing bridge on the piazza of the Casino yesterday were Mrs. H. R. Loening, Miss Black, Judge L. C. Black, and A. P. Bening.

Mrs. F. F. Nicola, who is here from Pittsburg, rides daily on her saddle horses which she has had shipped to Hot Springs.

Leaving the hotel for mountain drives yesterday were Mrs. John L. McCloskey, Mrs. H. D. Holmes, Gen. and Mrs. E. P. Meaney, who drove to Warm Springs, and Mr. and Mrs. William Armstead Lane, who drove to Coles Mountain.

George S. Horn entertained a party of friends at luncheon yesterday at Fassifern Farm, driving there by way of Dunn's Gap.

Among the registrations at the Homestead are Mrs. S. M. Cubbage, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Stewart of New York, Miss Hedwig Schroder of Brookline, Mass.; I. K. Childs, Francis P. Chapman of Philadelphia, C. M. Roades of Pottsville, Penn.; Mr. and Mrs. Spencer Carter and family of Baltimore, H. R. McLane of Millbrook, N. Y.; Mrs. M. E. Dana De Cordova of Lincoln, Mass.; Miss A. M. Combs of Washington, Mrs. F. F. Nicola of Pittsburg, and Mr. and Mrs. William Moffitt of St. Louis.

WILL SPEND $50,000 FOR MUSIC ON PIERS

Orchestra of 34 Men an Innovation Permitting High-Class Selections on Special Occasions.

PLANS OF DOCK DEPARTMENT

On Three Afternoons Each Week the Children Will Have Music for Folk Dancing.

The Dock Department, it was announced yesterday, will spend $50,000 for the concert season which is now open on the recreation piers of the city. There will be concerts every night from 7:30 to 9:30 on each of the city's eight piers during the Summer.

The principal innovation this year is the engagement of an orchestra of thirty-four men and leader to be heard on four of the piers. Arthur Bergh is the conductor, and the size of the orchestra makes it possible to give standard orchestral programmes of the highest class and to greatly extend the repertory with which the visitors to the piers are already familiar.

The orchestra will play weekly engagements at the East Twenty-fourth Street, the West 129th Street, Barrow Street, and West Fiftieth Street piers in the order named.

During the three intervening weeks between the visits of the orchestra, these piers will be occupied by brass bands of nineteen men and leader, conducted by Jay Nova, John George Frank, and Gustav d'Aquin. At the Market Street, East Third Street, East 112th Street, and North Second Street (Brooklyn) piers bands of fourteen men are playing under the leadership of Thomas F. Shannon, Joseph F. Meduna, W. S. Mygrant, and Thomas P. Ward.

Instead of distributing the engagements among a large number of leaders as political patronage, Commissioner Tomkins has sought assistance in the selection of band masters of an advisory committee of standing in musical circles and interested in the improvement of municipal music. The committee was composed of Messrs. Frank Damrosch, S. Mallet-Prevost, Whitney Warren, Harry H. Flagler, Mrs. John R. MacArthur, and Mrs. Howard Mansfield.

Arthur Farwell, who was last year appointed Supervisor of Municipal Concerts, is retained in that capacity this year in connection with the pier concerts. At the committee's suggestion a season's engagement has been given to each band, thereby making it sufficiently attractive to secure the services of the best leaders and musicians. This also obviates the difficulty of substitutions, with which the department has heretofore been obliged to contend. Bands of fourteen men have in the past reported with thirteen substitutes, but this year leaders have engaged their men for ten weeks and substitutes will not be accepted by the department.

While the programmes will not be confined to any particular music, an attempt will be made to make them instructive and to feature some particular department of music. The week will be divided into Sunday programme, American night, Wagner night, opera night, folk songs and dances, and two miscellaneous programmes.

Music for children's folk dancing under the supervision of the Parks and Playgrounds Association will also be provided three afternoons a week on the East Third and East Twenty-fourth Street piers.

HEARING ON ELLIS ISLAND.

Commissioner Williams to Appear Before House Committee To-day.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel, Commissioner General of Immigration Keefe, and Commissioner of Immigration Williams of New York will have a hearing tomorrow before the House Committee on Rules on the resolution of Representative Sulzer asking a thorough investigation of the administration of the Ellis Island immigrant station.

The committee several weeks ago heard representatives of foreign American societies who declared that the immigration laws were not properly administered at Ellis Island, and Commissioner Williams requested an opportunity to testify.

Capt. F. T. R. Gruett.

Capt. Frederick T. R. Gruett, who served with distinction under Gen. Daniel E. Sickles in the civil war, died shortly before midnight at his home, 130 Prospect St., Newark. He was in his eighty-eighth year, and death was due to general decline. Capt. Gruett was one of the best-known old-timers in Newark. He was among the 1,200 recruited from New Jersey at the outbreak of the war who did duty with the famous Excelsior Brigade. He was Captain of Company K, Seventh New York Infantry, throughout the war. For the last fifteen years he had managed a pension bureau. A brother, living in Illinois, survives him.

Sister Madeline O'Brien.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 9.—Sister Madeline O'Brien, for forty years director of St. Joseph's Academy, Emmitsburg, Md., and one of the best known educators of women in this country, and Canada, died here yesterday of congestion of the brain. She was born in Baltimore seventy-three years ago, and was a sister of the late Michael J. O'Brien, who was Presdent of the Southern Express Company. During the civil war she was engaged in field hospital work at Richmond. She compiled a nurses' manual which is in use in many hospitals throughout the country.

Thomas Tilly Hazard.

Special to The New York Times.

ELIZABETH, N. J., July 9.—Thomas Tilly Hazard, who had been in the New York cotton and woolen jobbing and commission business for more than fifty years, died yesterday at his home, 702 Newark Avenue, after a two years' illness, of cirrhosis of the liver. He was 72 years of age. He leaves a widow.

Obituary Notes.

HUGH MURRAY RICHMOND, 65 years of age, for thirty years an elder in Central Presbyterian Church, Orange, N. J., and until recently senior member of the firm of Richmond Brothers, metal goods manufacturers of Newark, is dead at his home in East Orange.

HORACE H. DABOLL of New London, Conn., 56 years old, a member of the Nichols & Harris Company, druggists, died yesterday from Bright's disease.

Capt. FREDERICK T. R. GRUETT, who commanded Company K, Seventieth New York Volunteers, which was attached to the Excelsior Brigade commanded by Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, died early yesterday at his home, 130 Prospect Street, Newark. His death was due to a complication of diseases. He was born in Newark on June 18, 1824. When the first call for recruits was issued at the outbreak of the civil war Capt. Gruett gathered a company of citizens of Newark, became their commander, and joined the New York brigade.

HENRY WAINWRIGHT, who died on Tuesday at his home in Brielle, N. J., was for many years the proprietor of the Union Hotel there, succeeding his father-in-law, Capt. John M. Brown, who died in 1896. It was under the roof of the Union that Stevenson wrote a part of the "Master of Ballantrae." Mr. Wainwright was born in 1849. He was a member of the Board of Trustees of the Methodist Protestant Church of Manasquan, Vice President of the Manasquan National Bank, Postmaster of Brielle since Cleveland's first Administration, and an Odd Fellow and a Mason. He is survived by his wife and three children—Mrs. S. H. Sloan, Dr. John Wainwright of Jersey City, and Stanley B. Wainwright of Brielle.

The Rev. ALFRED GEORGE AUSTIN is dead at Canajoharie, N. Y. He was born in Oxford, England, in 1847, and at one time was a book printer and publisher of Cambridge, Mass. Mr. Austin was a member of the Northern New York Methodist Conference.

GILBERT D. ROBERTSON, a Christian Science practitioner, a close friend of Mary Baker G. Eddy, and a leading member of the Mother Church, died on Friday at his home in Boston, where he had lived for twenty years. Mr. Robertson served on many committees and was frequently in charge of important gatherings of the Church. He was a native of Troy, N. Y.

JAMES BRUNSON, who served in the Seventy-second New York Regiment through the civil war, died on Saturday at his home in Sinclairville, N. Y. He was 71 years old.

FOR A PAID SCHOOL BOARD.

Richard Welling Finds Schools Ineffective Under the Old System.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I note with regret the strong opposition manifested by many able educators to the proposed provision for a small paid Board of Education. I have given some attention to the schools for a number of years, and I am convinced of the need of a small, responsible, paid board.

The question seems to have narrowed itself down to whether such a board should be paid or not, and the belated admission that the present board of forty-six is unwieldy is an admission, at least, that it has failed to produce the results anticipated in 1896 when it was originally organized. This is certainly true, notwithstanding the fact that some of the best men in the community have served on the board, and that there are a number of able and enlightened men on it at present.

The fact is that the board has always been dominated by a small number of forceful men, who have had the necessary time to devote to school matters, but who have had no definite responsibility. I do not think it can well be denied that politics and other motives not properly allied with the cause of education have influenced the board in many of its important policies.

The matter of education has been left entirely to the expert, and it seems to me that this is proper cause for criticism. The schools at present show a lack of inspiration and initiative, and Principals and Superintendents have become largely timekeepers and clerks. The system of education has been put on a military basis with the identical curriculum for all schools throughout the city, irrespective of the peculiar needs of each neighborhood and without latitude to the teachers, Principals, or even District Superintendents.

The educational needs of the community are by no means best left to an expert, any more than we should leave to an engineer rather than to a body of men acquainted with the commercial needs of the community to decide on the location and number of bridges. The educational expert should be the person to carry out the ideas initiated by the board. This argument receives additional force from the fact that the great body of our educators are simply vocational teachers and specialists in particular branches, insufficiently in touch with the social, economic, and political problems of our day.

My former address before the convention of the National Education Association and that which I am to deliver within a few days before the same body in San Francisco are dominated by the underlying idea that the schools have failed in the actual preparation of children for their future responsibilities, and that there has not been a sufficiently intimate relationship between methods of teaching and life in the outside world.

It seems to me that the task of seating all children of school age, of directing the location of proper school sites, of regulating teachers' pay, &c., can only be met by a responsible board which shall devote all its time to the matter and the members of which shall be properly paid.

The argument that the payment of salaries will attract a less worthy class of men seems to me unworthy and undemocratic. The dignity of the work will always attract the best type of citizen.

RICHARD WELLING.

New York, July 6, 1911.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

MARET.—July 9, at 146 Henry St., to Dr. and Mrs. David Anson Maret, a son.

GROHUSKO.—July 6, 522 West 147th St., to Mr. and Mrs. Grohusko, a daughter.

LEVEY.—July 8, 1,024 Boston Road, to Mr. and Mrs. L. Levey, a son.

PERLSTEIN.—July 5, Arverne, L. I., to Mr. and Mrs. L. Perlstein, a daughter.

POONS.—July 7, 547 West 142d St., to Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Poons, a son.

WILSHIN.—July 7, Women's Hospital, to Mr. and Mrs. C. Wilshin, a son.

Married.

BELLAIRS—GARRETT.—Saturday, July 8, at Lawrence, L. I., Charlotte D. Garrett, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry L. Pierson, to Commander Carlyon Bellairs, R. N., of Clevedon, England.

ALEXANDER—NAGRO.—July 8, Bettina Nagro to J. W. Alexander.

BORN—MICHELSON.—July 4, Lillian Born to Herman Michelson.

CASEY—ROVER.—July 7, Grace H. Rover to Albert O. Casey.

CREGIN—REYNOLDS.—July 6, Katherine L. Reynolds to William C. F. Cregin.

MICHAELS—MOSES.—July 3, Eugenia Moses to Herbert Michaels.

SHARLITT—GOLDSTONE.—July 2, Matilda Goldstone to Michael Sharlitt.

STONE—WEISBERG.—July 2, Bertha Weisberg to Paul H. Stone.

TAYLOR—ARLINGTON.—July 7, Marie Arlington to Dr. R. T. Taylor.

WALSH—CLOKE.—July 6, Mary M. Cloke to John L. Walsh.

Brooklyn.

McCORMICK—WITTKE.—July 8, Loretta Wittke to Thomas McCormick, Jr.

PARSONS—QUINN.—July 4, Anna Quinn to William Barsons.

New Jersey.

SYME—NOLAN.—July 6, Jersey City, Elizabeth R. Nolan to Sydney A. Syme.

Died.

BLYDENBURGH.—Edgar R., aged 66 years, on Sunday, July 9. Funeral service at his late residence, 153 Decatur St., Brooklyn, July 11, at 2:30 P. M.

BUSH.—On July 8, 1911, at Gabriels, N. Y., Mary Hazel, beloved wife of George E. Bush, in her 26th year. Funeral services Monday, July 10, at 2 P. M., at Kingston, N. Y.

CONKLING.—On July 7, Laura Ronalds Conkling, daughter of the late Frederick A. Conkling. Friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral services from the Church of the Transfiguration on Monday, July 10, at 11 P. M.

CUTTING.—William, Jr., June 30, Hotel Vendome, Paris. Interment America.

DAVISON.—Suddenly, on July 8, James Davison, aged 60 years, at 269 West 10th St., for many years with John Wanamaker Co. Funeral from the chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial Co., 8th Av. and 19th St., on Tuesday, at 2 o'clock. East Orange and Paterson papers please copy.

EIDT.—On Saturday, July 8, 1911, our beloved mother, Christine Eidt, widow of the late Jacob Eidt, Sr., in her 82d year. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 324 East 43d St., on Monday, July 10, at 8:15 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Interment at convenience of family.

HARRIS.—On July 9, Mary Louisa Harris, beloved mother of Mrs. Stephen T. Brooks. Funeral services from St. Augustine Church, St. Edwards St., Brooklyn, Tuesday, July 11, at 11:30 A. M. San Francisco and Oakland papers please copy.

HAYDEN.—On Saturday, July 8, 1911, Harriett Hayden, widow of the late James A. Hayden, in the 84th year of her age. Funeral service will be held at her late residence, 5 East 47th St., on Tuesday morning, at 10 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

HENRIQUES.—At his residence, 69 Halsey St., Brooklyn, on Sunday morning, July 9, 1911, Ed Henriques. Funeral private.

HOFFMAN.—At Bar Harbor, Me., Saturday, July 8, Mary Gracie Hoffman, wife of the late William Bayard Hoffman and daughter of the late Judge Ulshoeffer. Funeral services Bar Harbor Tuesday, July 11. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery in the Autumn.

MAXWELL.—At her residence, 153 West 70th St., after a brief illness, Sarah Rebecca, wife of the late Alexander Maxwell. Funeral services will be held Tuesday, July 11, at 4 o'clock P. M.

MUNTZER.—Henry Muntzer; refer to THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., Frank E. Campbell, undertaker.

REYNOLDS.—At Kinderhook, N. Y., July 9, 1911, Charles Whiting Reynolds, eldest son of James Adger and the late Kate Bradley Reynolds, in the 36th year of his age. Funeral at Kinderhook on Wednesday, July 12, 1911, at 4 o'clock.

SCHEPMOES.—At her late residence, 1,288 Dean St., Brooklyn, on Sunday, July 9, Ida Jervis Schepmoes. Funeral private. Interment Tuesday, Kingston, N. Y.

TOMPKINS.—In Paris, France, June 17, William W. Tompkins. Funeral services from 68 5th Av., on Tuesday, July 11, at 11 o'clock. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

TOMPKINS.—On July 9, Florence Price Tompkins, daughter of Kilbourne and Ida S. Tompkins. Funeral services Monday evening at 8 o'clock at her late residence.

WHEELER.—On Sunday, July 9, 1911, at his residence, 223 Washington Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., Billings Wheeler, Jr., eldest son of the late Billings and Harriet E. Wheeler, aged 67 years. Funeral private. Tuesday.

ALLEN.—William J., July 8. Funeral 710 8th Av., to-day, 2 P. M.

BARRETT.—William, 626 3d Av., July 8. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BRESSLAU.—Georgine, 722 East 234th St., July 7. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

BROWN.—Eliza, 412 East 175th St., July 7. Funeral private.

CASEY.—John T., 507 East 145th St., July 7. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

CASLIN.—Sarah, 201 East 20th St., July 8. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

CLEARY.—John, 539 West 59th St., July 7. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

CONDON.—Susan H., July 7. Funeral 78 Greenwich Av.

DAVIDOW.—Hyman, 420 West 12th St., July 7. Funeral private.

DORNHEIMER.—Rachel, 105 West 120th St., July 8, aged 83.

DRIER.—Mary, 300 West 20th St., July 7, aged 74.

DUNLEAVEY.—Patrick, 330 West 42d St., July 8. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

ETTRENZO.—George, 434 West 46th St., July 8.

GILFEATHER.—Mary E., 38 West 65th St., July 8, aged 72.

GILLIGAN.—Mary, 274 West 117th St., July 8. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

GRAMLICH.—Mary, 866 East 149th St., July 8.

HAARDT.—Charles, 3,138 Decatur Av., Bronx, July 8. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.

HALL.—Albert A., 57 East 86th St., July 8, aged 69.

HART.—Edward B., 175 West St., July 8.

HEIKHORN.—Diedrich, 8 West 16th St., July 8.

HINKLER.—Amelie, 102 East End Av., July 8.

HIRSCH.—Nathan, 145 West 82d St., July 7. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

HOGAN.—Jeremiah, 631 West 42d St., July 7.

HUSTED.—William H., 233 East 175th St., July 8. Funeral service to-day.

KELLY.—Margaret, 543 West 57th St., July 8.

KENNEDY.—Ann, 109 Greenwich St., July 7. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

KUNZE.—Pauline, 236 West 17th St., July 7.

LARMONT.—Bridget, 604 West 49th St., July 7.

LEFEVRE.—Emma, July 8. Funeral 842 8th Av., to-day, 12:45 P. M.

McCANN.—Patrick, 1,455 Park Av., July 8. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

MANCHESTER.—Samuel, 756 10th Av., July 8.

MILLER.—Julius W., Tompkinsville, S. I., July 7.

MISEGARS.—Anna A., 1,688 1st Av., July 8.

MORINO.—Elvira, 307 Alexander Av., July 8.

MULLER.—Magdalena, 405 East 19th St., July 8. Funeral to-day.

MUNTZER.—Henry, July 7, aged 50. Funeral 241 West 23d St.

MURPHY.—Ethel C., 461 East 134th St., July 8.

NICHOLS.—John, 1,313 2d Av., July 8. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

NOONAN.—Michael, 220 East 95th St., July 7. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

O'KEEFE.—Richard E., 496 East 149th St., July 7.

RYAN.—Martin F., 328 East 93d St., July 7.

RYAN.—Doretha, aged 32, July 7. Funeral 241 West 23d St.

SCHMIDT.—Carl, 163 Southern Boulevard, Bronx, July 7.

SHAW.—Nicholas, 282 East 77th St., July 7.

SIMON.—Bertha, 9 East 131st St., July 8. Funeral to-day, 12:30 P. M.

SMITH.—Emma, 825 10th Av., July 7.

SMITH.—George, 404 East 182d St., July 7.

WAITE.—Charles B., 508 West 136th St., July 8.

WEBER.—Wilhelm, 740 2d Av., July 8. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

WIDGINGTON.—John R., 176 Willis Av., Bronx, July 8.

Brooklyn.

ALEMAN.—Mary, 197 Washington St., July 7.

BLAKE.—Christopher, 374 5th Av., July 8, aged 17. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

BRAND.—Mary E., 84 South St., July 8. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

BROWN.—Julia M., 5,517 5th Av., July 7.

CHAMBERS.—Mary, 30 Columbia Place, July 7, aged 20. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CLARK.—Elizabeth, 576 Warren St., July 7.

CONNELLY.—Elizabeth, 222 Prospect Park West, July 8. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

CURLEY.—Margaret, 72 State St., July 6. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

DAYTON.—Joseph, 250 Schenectady Av., July 7. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

EHLERS.—Amelia M., 147 Schenck Av., July 7, aged 20. Funeral service to-day.

GRIFFIN.—Annie, 2,967 1st St., Coney Island, July 8.

HALLAM.—Erastus, 385 3d St., July 8, aged 56. Funeral private.

JONES.—Stephen, 898 Onderdonk Av., July 7, aged 40. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

KAISER.—Madeline, 125 Marion Av., July 7.

KEYES.—Katherine F., 377 16th St., July 8. Funeral to-day.

MAGUIRE.—Elizabeth L., 29 Lefferts Place, July 8, aged 83. Funeral service to-day.

MAGUIRE.—Terry, 270 46th St., July 7. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MULKERIN.—Mary, 3,014 Snyder Av., July 7.

MULVEY.—Martin, 378 Sackett St., July 7. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

NEWSTADT.—Freida, 995 Jefferson Av., July 8.

REINECKER.—Joseph, 26 Norwood Av., July 8, aged 48. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

SPRINGSTEIN.—George A., 79 William St.

WIEGERS.—Fred, 453 62d St., July 8, aged 75. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

Connecticut.

MADDEN.—Allen E., Guilford, July 8. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

Long Island.

CLANCY.—Maggie, Greenpoint, July 7.

MAUCHER.—Frank G., Richmond Hill, July 8. Funeral service to-day.

New Jersey.

ALLWORDEN.—Henrietta, 20 Troy St., Jersey City, July 8.

BOGGO.—Antoinette, Union, July 7.

BREHRETH.—Leopold, 1,800 Clinton St., Hoboken, July 8.

BRESSLER.—Frank, 188 Germania St., Jersey City, July 7.

BUNN.—Maggie, Jersey City, July 7.

CARUSO.—Amelia, Union, July 7.

COLIGAN.—Dennis, 457 Grove St., Jersey City, July 7.

CLARK.—Thomas, West New York, July 7.

CONTE.—Ida, Weehawken, July 7.

DECKER.—Margaret J., Weehawken, July 7.

DUFFY.—Sidness, Cliffside, July 7.

FITZGERALD.—Morris, 932 Willow Av., Hoboken, July 8.

FRENCH.—Andrew, Weehawken Heights, July 8.

HABENSTEIN.—Valentine, 64 Jefferson St., Hoboken, July 8.

HARM.—John, Secaucus, July 7.

HESS.—Elizabeth, 622 Lewis Av., Union, July 7.

KRICKSER.—Christina, West New York, July 7.

LANSING.—Stephen H., Edgewater, July 8.

LARSEL.—Helen, West Hoboken, July 7.

HAZARD.—Thomas J., Elizabeth, July 8, aged 73.

HORN.—Louise, 715 Shippen St., West Hoboken, July 8.

JONES.—Ida M., 725 Willow Av., Hoboken, July 7.

KRETMER.—Henry, 211 Willow Av., Hoboken, July 7.

LOGAN.—Evelyn, 349 Grove St., Jersey City, July 7.

LITTLE.—Robert, 397 Grand Av., Hoboken, July 7.

RABICT.—Wilhelmina, Union, July 8.

REICHERT.—Andrew, Union, July 7.

ROCK.—Theresa E., Passaic, July 8, aged 21.

MAGNER.—Robert, 352 Newark St., Hoboken, July 7.

MAYOR.—Emma A., Guttenberg, July 8.

MEYER.—Charles H., New Market, July 7.

MULLINS.—David, Jr., 1,114 Hudson St., Hoboken, July 8. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MOORE.—Stewart M., Woodcliff, July 8.

NESTLER.—August, 38 Bleecker St., Jersey City, July 8, aged 72. Funeral to-morrow.

NETTEWELT.—Frederick, 187 Wayne St., Jersey City, July 7.

NOBLE.—Alfred A., Englewood, July 8, aged 48. Funeral service to-day.

O'CONNELL.—Mary, 499 Henderson St., Jersey City, July 7.

PHELPS.—Charles E., 297 Woodward St., Jersey City, July 7.

RYAN.—Malachi, 36 Sussex St., Jersey City, July 7.

SCHWEIGERT.—Anna, 191 Sherman St., Jersey City, July 7.

SCOTT.—John, 554 12th St., Jersey City, July 7.

SLATER.—William R., 46 Wayne St., Jersey City, July 8.

TUTTLE.—Walter N., 328 Grand St., Hoboken, July 8.

UNRUE.—William H., 923 Garden St., Hoboken, July 7.

WEBER.—Mary, Union, July 8.

New York State.

CLARK.—Frank L., Jr., Barryville, July 7, aged 29. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

PORTER.—Henry C., Windham, July 7, aged 27. Funeral to-day, 3:30 P. M.

REYNOLDS.—James, Bedford Hills, July 8, aged 61. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

STILWELL.—Margaret T., Creskill, July 7.

In Memoriam.

HERRMAN.—Mrs. Esther. The Directors and members of the Hebrew Technical Institute are invited to attend school exercises in memory of our beloved Honorary Vice President at the Institute, 36 Stuyvesant Street, Tuesday, June 11, at 10 A. M.

MORRIS LOEB, President.

AHDERS.—Adelheed, in memory of, died July 10, 1906.

CLARE.—James, in memory of, died July 10, 1902.

COUGHLIN.—Peter R. J., in memory of, died July 10, 1902.

CUNAHAN.—Mary, mass St. Finbar's Roman Catholic Church, Bath Beach, to-day, 8 A. M.

FITZPATRICK.—Margaret, mass St. Cecilia's Church, to-day, 9 A. M.

GOLDBERG.—Ellis, in memory of, died July 10, 1910.

GRAY.—Henry, mass St. Thomas Aquinas's Church, July 12, 9 A. M.

JACOBSON.—Pauline, in memory of, died July 17, 1910.

LEVY.—Emanuel, unveiling monument, Washington Cemetery, July 16, 2:30 P. M.

LISSNER.—Minna, in memory of, died July 10, 1907.

NEVINS.—Joseph, mass Church of St. Thomas the Apostle, to-day, 10 A. M.

ROTHSCHILD.—Sette, in memory of, died July 11, 1899.

WEIS.—Moses, unveiling monument, Union Fields Cemetery, July 16, 2 P. M.

UNDERTAKERS.

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FORD'S PITCHING FOOLS WHITE SOX

Yankees' Star Pitcher in Form Again, and New York Wins by a 5 to 2 Score.

THE SCORE.

New York...0 3 1 0 0 0 0 1 0—5
Chicago ....1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—2

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Fitzgerald, lf.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Wolter, rf.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Hartzell, 3b.	5	0	3	2	2	0
Cree, cf.	4	1	3	1	0	0
Knight, ss.	5	0	0	1	7	3
Chase, 1b.	4	1	2	11	0	0
Gardner, 2b.	2	1	0	2	1	0
Sweeney, c.	4	0	0	9	1	0
Ford, p.	4	2	2	0	2	0
Total	36	5	11	27	13	3

CHICAGO.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Dougherty, lf.	2	1	0	0	0	0
Messenger, lf.	2	0	0	0	0	0
Lord, 3b.	3	0	1	1	5	0
Callahan, rf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Bodie, cf.	4	0	1	1	0	0
McConnell, 2b.	4	1	1	2	3	0
Zeider, 1b.	4	0	1	11	0	0
Tannehill, ss.	4	1	1	1	3	1
Sullivan, c.	3	0	0	10	3	0
Young, p.	2	0	0	0	2	0
Walsh, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
*Payne	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	2	5	27	16	1

*Batted for Young in the eighth inning.

Two-base hit—Chase. Three-base hit—Ford. Home run—Cree. Hits—Off Young, 11 in 8 innings; off Walsh, none in 1 inning. Sacrifice hits—Lord, Wolter, Gardner. Stolen bases—Cree, Zeider, (2.) Left on bases—Chicago, 5; New York, 9. First base on balls—Off Young, 3. Struck out—By Young, 7; by Ford, 6; by Walsh, 3. Passed ball—Sullivan. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Sheridan. Time of game—One hour and fifty-nine minutes.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Russell Ford tamed the White Sox to-day. After Caldwell, Fisher, Brockett, and Klepfer failed, the moist ball pitcher was introduced into the game by Manager Hal Chase, and he grabbed the fourth game of the series by a 5 to 2 score. All the Sox lacked was clever pitching. They played a very successful defensive game, but they were minus the pitching.

Capt. Harry Lord selected Young "Cy" Young to do the heavy work, and the southpaw started away like an amateur. He allowed the visitors to nail his delivery with great frequency, and before three innings were over the Yankees had the Sox groggy. This was the first full game that Ford has pitched for the Farrell outfit since he hit Roy Corhan in New York on the last Eastern trip of the Comiskey crew. On that occasion he put Corhan out completely, and injured him so badly that he hasn't yet been able to get back into even the preliminary practice.

Russell started away well, and finished strong. He struck out seven and had perfect control, getting everything over and not walking a single athlete. His moist ball jumped like a thing possessed, and few were the pills driven out of the diamond.

Young's pitching went from bad to worse until the Yankees had secured sufficient runs to win any contest, and then he settled down and pitched rare baseball when the Sox did not have a chance.

In the early portions of the game Young was depending upon his speed, and had little or no control over his curve ball. The result was that New York wrecked his fast ones with great frequency, and went away in an overwhelming lead. From the fourth inning on he worked his crossfire, and with this had admirable success. The fact that he struck out seven resulted from the effectiveness of this peculiar delivery, but the moment he would switch and depend upon his speed the Yankees hit him. Young remained in the game until the eighth, when it became necessary for Manager Duffy to send in a pinch hitter, and then it was that he was retired and Walsh pitched the final spasm.

Walsh had everything in that final session. He struck out Wolter, Cree, and Knight, but in the interval it was necessary for him to pitch to Hartzell, and he was retired on a dump to second base. On the third strike on Cree, Billy Sullivan missed the ball. It was a big drop that struck the ground behind the plate and went through the catcher.

Young did not look any too good in the opener, when, after two were out, he allowed both Hartzell and Cree to tear off singles. These did not amount to anything, but they betokened the fact that the southpaw was far from proper shape. The inning closed when Knight flew out to McConnell.

The Sox got away to a running start when Pat Dougherty secured a run in the opener, but they were lucky, and it wasn't Ford's fault. Pat drilled a hot one to Knight and he made an awkward throw to first, and Dougherty pulled up at second. Harry Lord sacrificed and went to third, and he scored on Callahan's out, Knight to Chase. After that Ford was invincible.

McConnell got a single in the second, but remained there when Zeider popped to Hartzell, and both Tannehill and Sullivan fanned. Three men went to bat, ineffectually, in the third and fourth, and it wasn't until the fifth that Ford allowed another bingle. After Zeider had fouled to Sweeney, Tannehill drilled one to left field, but stopped on first when Sullivan fouled to Hartzell, and Young struck out for a second time. In the opening of the sixth Dougherty questioned a strike and was sent to the clubhouse, Messenger completing the strike-out.

Ford was traveling all through this siege at a terrific pace. Had it not been for an error in the seventh inning the Sox would not have secured their second run. Bodie started away with a hard drive through Knight at short, and McConnell batted into what looked for all the world like a double play. Knight took the sphere and touched second, retiring Bodie, but for the second time he overthrew first and McConnell went to second. Amby scored when Zeider came through with the fourth bingle of the afternoon.

It was in the second inning that the Yankees secured sufficient runs to sew up the game. Chase tore off the opening hit, a Texas Leaguer to right field. This rattled Young, and he walked Gardner. Sweeney struck out, but Ford was there with a single to left, which scored Chase. Fitzgerald, playing in the place of Daniels, drove a single to centre and Gardner came across, while Wolter sent a sacrifice fly to Callahan, and Ford came over with the third run. It looked as if things were never going to stop when Hartzell added a single to left, but he and Fitzgerald attempted a double steal, and the latter was nailed at second, and the inning was over, with the visitors in front by a 3 to 1 tally.

Cree started away the third with a triple to deep right centre, and he scored the fourth run when Tannehill missed Bodie's relay that should have prevented the run going over.

It was here that Young changed his tactics. He introduced his crossfire and desisted from using his speed. The result was good, but the switch came too late. At that he was effective, and it wasn't until the eighth inning rolled around that the Yankees got their fifth run. Sweeney scored the tally after getting on by a fielder's choice when Chase was nailed at the plate. Ford lined out a double to deep right field and the blond catcher came across.

State League.

At Troy—Troy, 5; Binghamton, 4.
At Syracuse—Scranton, 6; Syracuse, 4.
At Albany—Albany, 6; Elmira, 1.
At Utica—Wilkesbarre, 10; Utica, 8.

Connecticut League.

At New Haven—New Haven, 2; Hartford, 0.
At Waterbury—New Britain, 8; Waterbury, 1.
At Bridgeport—Bridgeport, 15; Springfield, 6.

American Association.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 4; Columbus, 1.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 6; Milwaukee, 4.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 12; Kansas City, 8.
At Toledo—Toledo, 5; Louisville, 3. Toledo, 8; Louisville, 2.

Southern League.

At New Orleans—Montgomery, 5; New Orleans, 2. Montgomery, 4; New Orleans, 0.
At Mobile—Birmingham, 2; Mobile, 1.
At Memphis—Nashville, 8; Memphis, 5.

BASEBALL

Results of Yesterday's Games.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York, 5; Chicago, 2.
Cleveland, 1; Philadelphia, 0.
Boston, 9; St. Louis, 3.
Washington, 7; Detroit, 6.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
No Games Scheduled.

EASTERN LEAGUE.
Jersey City, 7; Providence, 0.
Newark, 6; Baltimore, 0.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	50	24	.676	Boston	38	35	.521
Philadelphia	49	25	.662	Cleveland	36	42	.462
Chicago	37	33	.529	Washington	27	48	.360
New York	38	35	.521	St. Louis	20	53	.274

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
New York	45	29	.608	Pittsburg	41	31	.569
Chicago	43	28	.606	Cincinnati	31	40	.437
Philadelphia	44	30	.595	Brooklyn	27	45	.375
St. Louis	42	31	.575	Boston	17	56	.233

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	49	25	.662	Jersey City	32	37	.464
Baltimore	48	28	.632	Buffalo	31	36	.463
Toronto	42	34	.552	Newark	26	42	.382
Montreal	33	35	.485	Providence	26	50	.342

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
Washington at Detroit.
Boston at St. Louis.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Chicago at New York (4 P. M.).
Pittsburg at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Cincinnati at Boston.

EASTERN LEAGUE.
Baltimore at Jersey City.
Providence at Newark.
Montreal at Toronto.
Rochester at Buffalo.

Pitchers' Duel at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 9.—Cleveland shut out Philadelphia to-day, the second time in the series, winning 1 to 0. Krapp and Morgan pitched great ball, Krapp holding Philadelphia to two hits, until the ninth inning, and Morgan holding Cleveland to one hit until the ninth. Cleveland scored the oly run on Turner's pass and Fisher's double. Fisher threw out every Athletic runner who tried to steal. Score:

CLEVELAND.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Graney, lf.	4	0	0	3	0
Olson, ss.	4	0	1	2	2
Jackson, rf.	1	0	0	1	0
Stovall, 1b.	4	0	0	10	1
B'm'am, cf.	3	0	1	0	0
Ball, 2b.	3	0	1	2	1
Turner, 3b.	1	1	0	0	2
Fisher, c.	3	0	1	9	3
Krapp, p.	3	0	0	0	3
Total	26	1	4	27	12

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lord, lf.	2	0	0	4	0
Oldring, cf.	3	0	1	0	0
Murphy, rf.	3	0	1	0	0
Baker, 3b.	2	0	1	0	2
McInnis, 1b.	4	0	0	9	0
Barry, ss.	3	0	0	1	3
Derrick, 2b.	3	0	0	3	2
Thomas, c.	2	0	1	7	1
Morgan, p.	3	0	0	0	4
*Hartsel	1	0	0	0	0
Total	26	0	4	24	11

*Batted for Lord in the ninth inning.

Cleveland ....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hit—Fisher. Sacrifice hit—Murphy. Stolen bases—Jackson, Turner. Double play—Stovall and Olson. Bases on balls—Off Krapp, 5; off Morgan, 4. Hit by pitcher—Jackson. Struck out—By Krapp, 8; by Morgan, 7. Passed ball—Fisher. Left on bases—Cleveland, 6; Philadelphia, 5. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Mullen and Evans.

Boston Bats Ball Hard.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 9.—Boston hit the local pitchers hard and had little trouble in winning the third game of the series to-day, 9 to 3. Hooper and Lewis featured with the bat. The score:

BOSTON.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf.	4	1	3	0	2
Gardner, 3b.	2	1	0	2	3
Speaker, cf.	4	1	1	2	1
Lewis, lf.	4	2	2	0	0
Yerkes, ss.	3	0	0	3	4
Wagner, 2b.	2	1	0	2	1
Engle, 2b.	1	0	1	0	4
Janvrin, 1b.	4	1	2	13	1
Wil'ms, c.	3	1	2	4	2
Cicotte, p.	4	1	1	1	2
Total	31	9	12	27	20

ST. LOUIS.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shotten, cf.	3	2	1	4	0
Austin, 3b.	3	1	2	2	3
Schw'zer, rf.	4	0	1	0	1
Hal'nan, 2b.	4	0	1	2	3
Hogan, lf.	4	0	2	3	1
Stephens, c.	3	0	0	3	2
Black, 1b.	3	0	1	12	1
Wallace, ss.	4	0	0	1	2
Nelson, p.	1	0	0	0	3
H'm'ton, p.	1	0	0	0	0
George, p.	0	0	0	0	1
*Criss	1	0	0	0	0
†Meloan	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	3	8	27	17

*Batted for George in the ninth inning.
†Batted for Hamilton in the seventh inning.

Errors—Wallace, Engle, Janvrin, Cicotte.

Boston ....0 3 0 1 2 0 3 0 0—9
St. Louis ....1 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0—3

Two-base hits—Austin, Cicotte, Hooper, Lewis. Three-base hits—Hooper, Shotten. Home run—Lewis. Sacrifice hits—Gardner, Black, Lewis, Williams, Austin, (2.) Double play—Wallace, Hallinan, and Black. Stolen base—Wagner. Hit by pitcher—By Hamilton, Speaker. Bases on balls—Off Nelson, 2; off Hamilton, 2; off Cicotte, 3. Struck out—By Nelson, 1; by Hamilton, 1; by Cicotte, 4. Hits—Off Nelson, 7 in 4 innings; off Hamilton, 5 in 3 innings. Left on bases—St. Louis, 7; Boston, 4. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Connolly.

Senators' Ninth Inning Rally.

DETROIT, Mich, July 9.—Mitchell, Detroit's left-handed recruit, started a game in the major leagues for the first time to-day. He developed wildness in the ninth, and with two visitors retired, Willett was called in. Washington then pounded out three runs and won, 7 to 6. Crawford's hitting and Milan's fielding featured. Score:

WASHINGTON.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Milan, cf.	3	1	0	4	1
Schaefer, 1b.	4	2	3	5	0
Elb'f'd, 2b.	3	2	0	3	0
Gessler, rf.	4	0	2	0	0
Lelivelt, lf.	4	0	2	4	0
McBride, ss.	4	1	2	2	4
Conroy, 3b.	4	1	2	2	4
Henry, c.	3	1	0	7	2
Johnson, p.	4	1	0	0	8
Total	33	7	10	27	11

DETROIT.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jones, lf.	4	1	1	1	1
Bush, ss.	4	1	0	3	2
Cobb, cf.	3	1	2	2	0
Crawf'd, rf.	4	2	4	2	0
Del'h'ty, 1b.	4	0	1	10	1
Mori'ty, 3b.	4	0	1	2	8
O'Leary, 2b.	4	0	0	4	8
Stanage, c.	4	0	1	3	1
Mitchell, p.	2	1	1	0	1
Willett, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Schmidt	1	0	0	0	0
†Shaller	0	0	0	0	0
Total	34	6	12	27	12

*Batted for Willett in the ninth inning.
†Ran for Schmidt in the ninth inning.
Errors—Johnson, Moriarty, O'Leary.

Washington ....0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 5—7
Detroit ....0 1 3 0 0 0 0 2 0—6

Two-base hits—Crawford, Delehanty, Stanage, Schmidt. Home run—Crawford. Hits—Off Mitchell, 8 in 8 2-3 innings; off Willett, 2 in 1-3 inning. Sacrifice hits—McBride, Jones. Stolen base—Cobb. Left on bases—Washington, 8; Detroit, 4. First base on balls—Off Johnson, 2; off Mitchell, 6; off Willett, 1. First base on errors—Washington, 1. Struck out—By Johnson, 5; by Mitchell, 2. Wild pitch—Johnson. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Perrine.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Frill Holds Providence Runless—Jersey City Scores Freely.

Jack Frill, pitching a fine game for Jersey City, held Providence runless in the game at West Side Park yesterday. On the other hand, the Skeeters fell on Bedient in the first and second innings, and annexed six runs in the two sessions. The score:

JERSEY CITY.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Breen, 2b.	4	2	1	4	2
G'tman, cf.	3	1	0	1	0
Dolan, 3b.	3	1	2	1	1
D'ining'r, lf.	4	1	2	1	0
Abstein, 1b.	4	1	1	9	0
Wheel'r, rf.	3	0	1	0	0
Roach, ss.	3	0	0	4	4
Butler, c.	2	1	0	6	0
Frill, p.	2	1	0	6	0
Total	28	7	6	27	8

PROVIDENCE.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Phelan, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Atz, 2b	4	0	1	2	3
Perry, cf.	4	0	0	4	0
And'son, lf.	4	0	1	0	0
Tarleton, 1b.	4	0	0	11	1
G'iespie, 3b.	3	0	0	1	1
Rock, ss.	3	0	1	1	4
Hart, c.	3	0	0	4	1
Bedient, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Galtr'ch	1	0	0	0	0
*McDerm't	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	0	4	27	11

*Batted for Bedient in the ninth inning.
Errors—Bedient, Perry.

Jersey City ....3 3 0 0 0 0 0 1 ..—7
Providence ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Stolen bases—Deininger, Dolan. Sacrifice hit—Dolan. Sacrifice fly—Gettman. Bases on balls—Off Bedient, 2; off Frill, 1. Struck out—By Bedient, 2; by Frill, 6. Passed ball—Butler. Double play—Rock, Tarleton, and Hart. Left on bases—Providence, 2; Jersey City, 1. Time of game—One hour and forty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Wright and Halligan.

Newark Shuts Out Baltimore.

The Indians conquered the Orioles for the first time this year at Newark yesterday. While they were at it they made it a good one by shutting out Dunn's fast-moving flock. McGinnity held the Birds down until he was put out of the game for kicking in the fifth inning. Charlie Smith kept up the good work and held the visitors down, while his teammates were freely sampling the road to the home plate. The score:

NEWARK.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bailey, rf.	3	1	0	0	1
Agler, 1b.	4	0	1	8	0
Kelly, lf.	3	1	1	4	0
Meyer, cf.	3	0	1	0	0
McC'ty, cf.	1	0	0	2	0
G.Smith, 2b.	4	1	1	6	6
Speary, ss.	3	1	1	1	2
Heans, 3b.	4	1	4	0	1
Cady, c.	4	0	0	6	2
McGin'ty, p.	1	0	0	0	1
C.Smith, p.	2	1	1	0	0
Total	32	6	10	27	13

BALTIMORE.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Parent, ss.	4	0	1	0	2
Rath, 2b.	4	0	0	1	2
Corcor'n, 3b.	4	0	0	2	3
Schmidt, 1b.	4	0	2	8	0
Seymour, cf.	4	0	2	2	1
Walsh, lf.	3	0	1	1	0
Heitm'r, rf.	3	0	1	3	0
Egan, c.	2	0	1	5	1
Frost, c.	1	0	0	2	0
Frock, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Gantt, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	0	8	24	11

Errors—Parent, Walsh, Egan, Frost.

Newark ....2 0 0 1 1 2 0 0 ..—6
Baltimore ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Sacrifice hit—Speary. Stolen base—Meyer. Two-base hits—Schmidt, (2,) Speary, G. Smith, Heitmuller. Three-base hits—C. Smith, Seymour. Home run—Kelly. Base on balls—Off Frock, 1; off Gantt, 1. Struck out—By McGinnity, 1; by Smith, 3; by Frock, 1; by Gantt, 2. Wild pitch—Gantt. Hits—Off McGinnity, 4 in 4 innings; off Smith, 4 in 5 innings; off Frock, 8 in 5 1-3 innings; off Gantt, 2 in 2 2-3 innings. First base on errors—Newark, 1. Left on bases—Newark, 5; Baltimore, 5. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Hart and Kerins.

SPORTING EVENTS.
BASEBALL, Polo Grounds, To-day, 4 P. M. Giants vs. Chicago. Adm. 25c. and 50c.

Cleveland Releases Pitcher.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 9.—"Speck" Harkness, pitcher, was released by the Cleveland American Baseball Club to the Portland, Ore., club, from which he was obtained by the Naps.

South Atlantic League.

At Jacksonville—Jacksonville, 4; Savannah, 1.

WARD WINS TWO RACES.

Paulist A. C. Games Brings Out Many Good Athletes.

Some excellent track and field performances were witnessed by the large crowd that attended the third monthly games of the Paulist A. C. yesterday at Dt Witt Clinton Park. The athletes have shown a marked improvement in their work since the start of the outdoor season, and the competition yesterday was unusually keen in the six events which were decided.

E. J. Ward started from scratch in three short-distance events and managed to get home in the prize list on all three occasions. In the sixty-yard handicap Ward defeated T. Gray and F. Johnson, who were second and third, with marks of four feet and five feet, respectively.

In the 220-yard dash Johnson received a mark of five yards, and barely managed to defeat Ward, who was on the mark of honor. The race was a close one all the way, and it was not until the last fifty yards that Ward lost hope of overtaking Johnson's handicap. Ward came home in front later in the quarter-mile run, with a handy margin, in which he defeated J. Riordan, who started from the four-yard mark.

The mile run was productive of a good finish. W. Lindenbaum, who started from thirty yards, after overtaking G. J. Mitchell, with a start of fifty yards, got out in front and set the pace after the half-mile post was passed, for the remainder of the distance. A. L. Magill, the scratch man, gave the leader a hard fight for the tape in the final sprint, but Lindenbaum won by a safe margin of about twenty yards. The summaries:

60-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Won by E. J. Ward, (scratch;) T. Gray, (4 feet,) second; F. Johnson, (5 feet,) third. Time—0:06 2-5.

220-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Won by F. Johnson, (4 yards;) E. J. Ward, (scratch,) second; T. Gray, (3 yards,) third. Time—0:24 1-5.

440-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by E. J. Ward, (scratch;) J. Riordan, (4 yards,) second; A. L. Magill, (6 yards,) third. Time—0:55 1-5.

880-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by G. J. Mitchell, (20 yards;) W. J. Parrott, (25 yards,) second; E. Duening, (25 yards,) third. Time—2:10.

One-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by H. Lindenbaum, (30 yards;) A. L. Magill, (scratch,) second; G. J. Mitchell, (50 yards,) third. Time—5:08.

Putting 12-Pound Shot, Handicap.—Won by F. Ward, (7 feet,) with a put of 31 feet 10 inches; T. Cook, (scratch,) with a put of 38 feet, second; L. V. Dolan, (10 feet,) with a put of 27 feet 8 inches, third.

TENNIS TOURNEYS ADVANCE.

Keenly Contested Matches in Hudson River Championship—On Other Courts.

The Hudson River lawn tennis championship tournament, being held on the courts of the Dunwoodie Country Club at Yonkers, advanced yesterday to the third round.

The women's portion of the championship will begin to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock. Summary of yesterday's play:

Hudson River Championship, Men's Singles, Second Round.—Abraham Bassford, Jr., Bronxville, defeated William D. Bourne, New York A. C., 6—0, 6—1; W. L. Granger, Bronxville, defeated J. P. Davenport, Dunwoodie, by default; H. D. Betts, Powelton, defeated H. C. Peters, Dunwoodie, 6—3, 6—2; Col. W. A. Bethel, West Point, defeated Henry H. Burdick, Park Hill, 6—2, 6—3; Frederick P. Fox, New Rochelle, defeated Raymond F. Rode, Dunwoodie, 6—2, 6—0; Richard F. Auger, New Rochelle, defeated J. L. Robertson, Bronxville, by default.

Third Round.—Abraham Bassford, Jr., Bronxville, defeated Dr. B. F. Drake, New Rochelle, 6—1, 6—0; M. C. McGuire, Saegkill, defeated W. L. Granger, Bronxville, 3—6, 6—0, 6—1.

Lawn tennis players of the Bedford Park Club defeated the team of the Park Slope Club on the courts of the former yesterday in three matches out of five in an interclub competition. Summary:

Park Slope Interclub Singles.—Charles C. Chambers, Park Slope, defeated T. F. Walsh, Bedford Park, 6—3, 3—6, 6—4; A. J. Ostendorf, Bedford Park, defeated F. E. Whiting, Park Slope, 6—3, 6—0; H. J. Fitzpatrick, Bedford Park, defeated J. W. Webb, Park Slope, 2—6, 6—3, 6—1.

Doubles.—A. J. Ostendorf and Harry Steinkamp, Bedford Park, defeated F. C. Allen and H. Abbe, Park Slope, 6—3, 7—5; Charles C. Chambers and W. H. Cruden, Park Slope, defeated O. C. A. Child and H. C. Skinner, Bedford Park, 7—5, 6—1.

James O'Neale, Jr., won the singles championship of the Hamilton Grange Lawn Tennis Club, 149th Street and Convent Avenue, yesterday by defeating Arthur M. Lovibond, a former holder, in five gruelling sets at 4—6, 6—1, 6—3, 9—11, 6—1. Summary:

Hamilton Grange Championship Singles.—First Round—James F. O'Neale, Jr., defeated C. R. Brown, 6—4, 6—3.

Second Round.—E. C. Alden defeated E. A. Twaddell, 6—2, 6—1; George P. Parkes defeated Ernest Miller, 6—1, 6—0; Dr. G. K. Hildreth defeated E. Ashley, 4—6, 6—2, 6—4; James F. O'Neale, Jr., defeated Julio M. Steinacher, 7—5, 6—2; Arthur M. Lovibond defeated H. Kellock, 6—4, 6—3; P. E. Meade defeated G. B. Smith, 6—1, 6—3; L. Millens Burt defeated Walter M. Fisher, 7—5, 4—6, 6—3; W. J. Banks defeated M. V. Clarke, 7—5, 8—6, 6—2.

Third Round.—George P. Parkes defeated E. C. Alden, 6—1, 6—3; James F. O'Neale, Jr., defeated Dr. G. K. Hildreth, 3—6, 6—1, 6—0; Arthur M. Lovibond defeated Paul E. Meade, 6—4, 2—6, 6—3; L. Millens Burt defeated W. J. Banks, 6—2, 6—2.

Semi-Final Round.—James F. O'Neale, Jr., defeated George P. Parkes, 6—1, 4—6, 6—3; Arthur M. Lovibond defeated L. Millens Burt, 6—4, 6—2.

Final Round.—James F. O'Neale, Jr., defeated Arthur M. Lovibond, 4—6, 6—1, 6—3, 9—11, 6—1.

Beals C. Wright and Lyle E. Mahan will appear in the starred match of the Seabright lawn tennis tournament for the Achelis Cup to-day on the turf courts at the New Jersey Club. Another match of interest is that in which William J. Clothier, a former National champion, will play T. R. Pell. All of the first round matches will be decided. Miss Hazel Hotchkiss, recent winner of the Middle States and holder of the National title, and Miss Florence Sutton will play in mixed doubles on Thursday.

ANOTHER HURDLE RECORD FOR ELLER

Irish-American Star Makes New Figure for 250-Yard Event at Guttenberg Games.

John J. Eller, the Irish-American A. C. champion timber topper, hung up another new hurdle record yesterday at the Guttenberg race track in the athletic games under the auspices of Barrett Council, K. of C. Eller had but one opponent in the 250-yard hurdles event, J. Malcolmson of the Seattle A. C., who received a handicap of four yards, but he had to establish a new figure for the distance to defeat the clever Westerner. His time was 28 4-5 seconds, which is two-fifths of a second better than the old record also established by himself. Bob Eller was slated to compete in this event, but he did not take part.

The feature event of the games was the special 330-yard scratch event arranged for the special purpose of making an attack on the world's record for the distance, made by Lon Myers on the old Polo Grounds in 1881. On that occasion the time was taken for the first three-quarters of a 440-yard run, but yesterday the course extended only 330 yards. Five competed in this event, but Myers's mark remains unscathed. The winner was Jim Rosenberger of the Irish-American A. C., who finished a scant yard in front of W. J. Hayes, the Philadelphia sprinter. Roy Dorland, running unattached, was a like distance behind Hayes.

Mel Sheppard, Joe Bromilow, and Jack Monument, all from the Irish-American A. C., completed the field in the three-quarter mile special. Up to the final 100 yards of this event the trio sailed along on even terms, no one making any heart-breaking effort to shake off the other two. When the 100-yard mark was reached Sheppard broke away from the others and gradually increased the gap, breasting the tape about ten yards in advance of Bromilow. Monument finished about five yards behind Bromilow.

The heat affected many of the runners, and numerous desertions marked the course of the runs, especially in the longer events. J. F. O'Connor of the Morris A. A. won the one-mile run by less than ten feet from J. Costello of the Hudson Guild, but the victory almost resulted in his collapse. His appearance as he raced down the stretch clearly indicated that he was in distress, and at the conclusion of the race he had to be assisted by friends on leaving the track. Several of the starters in the one-mile race gave up long before reaching the home turn.

An accident cost H. B. Dismond, the speedy colored sprinter of the Smart Set A. C., the victory in the 440-yard handicap. He enjoyed only five yards, the low handicap figure, but he worked his way through the entire field and was in the lead about sixty yards from the tape, when he stepped on something which had been carelessly thrown on the track and cut his foot severely. He dropped back immediately and had to be helped from the track.

About eighteen started in the grueling three-mile race, but the weather conditions proved too much for the greater part of this collection, and gradually the field was reduced until only six finished. The sprint developed into a pretty race between John H. Donnelly of the Irish-American A. C., M. Hughes of the Ozanam A. A., and Arthur Richmond of the Long Island A. C. The trio were on practically even terms all during the last mile until the spurt, about 150 yards from the tape. Donnelly's reserve power enabled him to shake off his two opponents, and he gradually drew away from them until he had twenty-five yards advantage at the tape. The battle between the other two, however, lasted to the finish line, and a bare five yards separated Hughes from Richmond when they finished in the order named.

Considerable interest attached to the work of the four Western athletes—Courtney, Malcolmson, Thomassen, and Gish of the Seattle A. C.—who recently came East to compete in the championships at Pittsburg. All four lived up to reputation and did excellent work, Gish alone failing to get a place in his events. The handicaps proved a bit too strong for him. Courtney finished second in the 100-yard dash, Malcolmson forced Jack Eller to establish a new world's record to overcome his four-yard handicap in the 250-yard hurdle event, and Thomassen did the best work in the running high jump, with 5 feet 10 inches. He got third place in this event, jumping from scratch.

Gwynn Henry was one of the competitors in the trial events for the 100-yard dash, but he failed to win his heat, being beaten from scratch by J. Powers of the South Paterson A. C., who had a handicap of five yards. Martin Sheridan also failed to get a place in his favorite event, the discus throw. His handicap of thirty-five yards gave him the victory in the hammer throw over Con Walsh, who competed as an unattached athlete. The summaries:

100-Yard Dash, Novice.—Won by A. F. Shea, Knights of St. Anthony; H. F. Korver, Mohawk A. C., second; Harry Reifstein, unattached, third. Time—0:10 2-5.

100-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Won by Frank McNamara, McCaddin Lyceum, (5 yards;) J. Courtney, Seattle A. C., (8½ yards,) second; Arthur Ford, St. Mary's A. C., (6 yards,) third. Time—0:10.

330-Yard Special, Scratch.—Won by James Rosenberger, Irish-American A. C.; W. J. Hayes, Philadelphia, second; Roy Dorland, unattached, third. Time—0:35 1-5.

440-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by Philip Hauser, National A. C., (12 yards;) William Fisher, Irish-American A. C., (6 yards,) second; D. W. Beckwith, Bellville C. C., third. Time—0:50 1-5.

880-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by Robert Ogg, Mohawk A. C., (8 yards;) Edward Quinn, Loughlin Lyceum, (30 yards,) second; Fred Seyforth, St. Columbus C. C., (32 yards,) third. Time—2:01 2-5.

Three-quarter-Mile Special.—Won by Melvin W. Sheppard, Irish-American A. C.; J. Bromilow, Irish-American A. C., second; J. Monument, Irish-American A. C., third. Time—3:14 1-5.

250-Yard Hurdle, Handicap.—Won by J. J. Eller, Irish-American A. C., (scratch;) J. Malcolmson, Seattle A. C., (4 yards,) second. Time—0:28 4-5.

One-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by James F. O'Connor, Morris A. A., (55 yards;) J. Costello, Hudson Guild, (50 yards,) second; John McDermott, Irish-American A. C., (40 yards,) third. Time—4:32 1-5.

Three-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by John H. Donnelly, Irish-American A. C., (110 yards;) Maurice Hughes, Ozanam A. C., (180 yards,) second; Arthur Richmond, Long Island A. C., (185 yards,) third. Time—15:48 3-5.

Running Broad Jump, Handicap.—Won by T. Ahearne, New York A. C., (15 inches,) with actual jump of 22 feet 5 inches; Harry Harris, Mohawk A. C., (30 inches,) second, with actual jump of 20 feet 3¼ inches; R. P. Lattimore, Smart Set A. C., (30 inches,) third, with actual jump of 20 feet 1½ inches.

Running High Jump, Handicap.—Won by T. Ahearne, New York A. C., (5 inches,) with actual jump of 5 feet 8 inches; Fred Koechlein, St. George A. C., (6 inches,) second, with actual jump of 5 feet 6 inches; W. Thomassen, Seattle A. C., (scratch,) with actual jump of 5 feet 10 inches.

Throwing Discus, Handicap.—Won by J. Dolan, Pastime A. C., (32 feet,) with actual throw of 110 feet; N. Yhamis, Pastime A. C.. (20 feet,) second, with actual throw of 121 feet 6 inches; H. Nedline, Pastime A. C., (24 feet,) third, with actual throw of 115 feet 1 inch.

Throwing 16-Pound Hammer, Handicap.—Won by Martin J. Sheridan, Irish-American A. C., (35 feet,) with actual throw of 144 feet 6 inches; Con Walsh, unattached, (scratch,) second, with actual throw of 177 feet 3 inches; R. Albers, Anchor A. C., (50 feet,) third, with actual throw of 116 feet 4 inches.

MOTORCYCLISTS ON TOUR.

New York to Buffalo Run Started from Here Yesterday.

The tour to Buffalo of the New York Division of the Eastern District Federatiton of American Motor Cyclists started from Columbus Circle yesterday morning at 7 o'clock for the first day's run of the approximately 500-mile trip. Fifteen riders left New York, and they represented clubs in New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Florida, and New York.

The first day's run was scheduled from this city to Springfield, Mass., a distance of 150 miles, where the New York delegation was to be joined by riders from Providence and Boston. All along the route additional riders are due to join the procession, which is scheduled to reach Buffalo shortly after noon Wednesday. Buffalo is the scene of the annual meeting of the F. A. M., and next Friday and Saturday all of the crack riders of the country will assemble at the Fort Erie track to participate in the championship events.

The riders who left this city for the tour included the following: H. D. Davis, Newark, N. J.; P. W. Stevens, Newark, N. J.; G. Riechey, Newark, N. J.; H. G. Truffner, Newark, N. J.; W. Stewart, Bethlehem, Penn.; G. B. Swenson, Providence, R. I.; J. W. Brewer, New York; C. Dahlenburg, Miami, Fla.; P. Kenard, Tampa, Fla.; R. Buttlar, New York; P. H. Sheridan, Cleveland, Ohio; J. M. Howell, Camden, N. J., and J. P. Seery, Camden, N. J. Other New York riders left by boat to Albany, where they will join the main body.

GOULETT BEATS KRAMER.

Australian Wins One-Mile Bicycle Championship at Newark.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., July 9.—Alfred Goulett, the speedy Australian, defeated Frank Kramer in the one-mile bicycle championship on the Velodrome track here to-day. It was one of the most exciting championship contests of the season thus far. Goulett hung on to the champion's wheel and passed him on the home stretch, finishing six inches to the good. It was a popular win and the fans went wild. Kramer has 36 points in the championship contests, Jackie Clarke 26, and Goulett 17. The summaries:

Two-Mile, Novice.—Won by J. Dean, Newark; Alexander Hall, New York, second. Time—4:49 1-5.

One-Mile Amateur, Handicap.—Won by Gus Wohlrab, Jersey City, (25 yards;) William Pettit, Rockville Centre, (65 yards,) second; Stanley Carmen, Jamaica, L. I., (145 yards,) third. Time—2:13 1-5.

One-Mile National Championship, Professional.—Won by Alfred Goulett, Australia; Frank L. Kramer, East Orange, second; Eddie Root, Boston, third. Time—2:06 1-5.

Three-Mile, Amateur.—Won by Alvin Loftus, Providence; Frank Cavanaugh, Newark, second; Gus Wohlrab, Jersey City, third. Time—6:36 2-5. Winner of most laps, Paul C. Heidrick, Newark.

Three-Mile, Professional Handicap.—Won by Clarence Carmen, Jamaica, L. I., (270 yards;) Edward Rupprecht, Newark, (255 yards,) second; W. S. Fenn, Newark, (125 yards,) third. Time—6:09 4-5.

Ten-Mile Motor-Paced Race.—Won by Percy Lawrence, San Francisco, paced by Carl Ruden; Ray Duer, Los Angeles, paced by Charles Turville, second; Walter Demara, San Francisco, paced by Jimmy Hunter, third. Time—14:28.

CARELESS DEFEATS JOY.

Rummell's Yacht Wins Bensonhurst Race on Corrected Time.

Under ideal weather conditions the Bensonhurst Yacht Club held its annual lightship race yesterday. The start was made in a southeast by east breeze that gave the craft a good beat from the starting line off Bensonhurst to Scotland Light Vessel. The course took the boats around Roamer Shoals, Ambrose Channel, and then Scotland Light Vessel. Joy, the property of Commodore George R. Le Sauvage and G. Geer, was the first yacht to finish. On corrected time the first prize was won by Richard Rummell's Careless. The summary:

LIGHT SHIP RACE—ALL CLASSES.
Start, 10:10. Course, 30 miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish. H.M.S.	E.Time. H.M.S.
Joy, Le Sauvage and Geer	3:07:30	4:57:30
Miami, W. J. O'Neil	3:18:08	5:08:08
Careless, R. Rummell	3:26:38	5:16:38
La Cubana, J. H. Ives	3:32:20	5:22:20
Wahkan II., Scribner & Robbins	4:02:58	5:52:08

Corrected time on Careless, 4:49:52; Miana, 4:54:07; Joy, 4:57:30; La Cubana, 5:01:30, and Wahkan II., 5:19:25.

American Sailors Compete at Kiel.

KIEL, July 9.—A big contingent of officers, cadets, and bluejackets from the American practice squadron took part in an athletic meeting here to-day. Baseball teams composed of cadets played an exhibition game.

Eastern Y. C. Fleet Reaches Maine.

CAMDEN, Me., July 9.—The Eastern Yacht Club fleet anchored in this harbor to-night, coming from Booth Bay. There was no racing on the programme to-day.

BANTAMS TO BOX AT 20TH CENTURY

Local Clubs Announce Attractive Cards Despite the Hot Weather—Beecher at the Olympic.

Torrid weather conditions have no terrors for the fistic fans and the fight-club promoters, who show no diminution of interest in their favorite sport, despite the fact that in the majority of instances they swelter throughout the progress of the various bouts they witness.

Probably the most attractive card for the coming week is offered by the Twentieth Century Athletic Club at St. Nicholas Rink for Wednesday night, when four bantams will be arrayed against each other. Phillie McGovern, a brother of the once "Terrible" Terry, will oppose Packey Hommey. The other pair will be Young Wagner and Young Britt, and an interesting series is promised when the bouts are decided. Each of these lads is shying his castor at Coulon and Burns, and as they are an aggressive quartet, the goes of ten rounds each should prove attractive.

At the National Sporting Club on Thursday Tom O'Rourke will stage Jewey Smith, a former English heavyweight champion, and Porky Flynn at ten rounds. This has all the earmarks of a prospective slugging match, as each is in possession of a good wallop, and has shown the ability to absorb a beating.

To-night at the Olympic Athletic Club in Harlem Willie Beecher will be seen in action for the first time since his return from Europe. He will engage Fighting Dick Hyland. These lads are great rivals, and promise to present the club following with a capital battle. Hyland asserts that he is in a condition similar to that when he beat Leach Cross out on the Coast, and expects to beat Beecher in less than the ten rounds.

Frank Mantell is carded to meet Ted Nelson to-morrow night at Brown's Gymnasium, and each reports that he is in fine fettle for the battle. Bob Reynolds and Young Joe Gans, a white boy, will come together in one of the preliminaries. For the semi-final Charlie Seiger, the Iron Man, and Battling Larry Ryan have been selected.

At the Longacre on Wednesday night Young Reilly and Young Stoney will be paired in the main attraction at ten rounds. Reilly has been pitted against all of the top-notchers in his class, and is said to have acquitted himself well.

There will be the usual number of preliminaries, and a six-round semi-final, in which Carlo Smith will face some good boy yet to be selected.

PROTECTION OF GAME.

Annual Report Shows More Than 150 Fatal Accidents.

"The Progress of Game Protection," which is an annual pamphlet of the Biological Survey of the Department of Agriculture, of interest to all sportsmen, has just been issued by the Government. It is written by T. S. Palmer and Henry Oldys, and shows that in 1910 there was steady progress in the movement for the increase of game by propagation and the establishment of game preserves.

The report records "the increased popularity of the automobile in hunting" and states "the possibility of utilizing the aeroplane in duck shooting was demonstrated by an experiment in Southern California in November." The year 1910 had more than 150 fatal accidents, and very largely exceeded that of any other year.

The courts rendered three interesting decisions—the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania handed down a decision prohibiting the use of automatic guns, also possession of firearms by aliens, and in Maine one of the courts imposed a fine for possession of a silencer, the first penalty of the kind under the recent law.

In the condition of big game, the report states that in the East, where game is largely free from natural enemies, and particularly where hounding is prohibited and females and young are protected, deer are increasing. In the West reports are far from satisfactory.

In New York, where the season was shortened by fifteen days, 2,343 deer were shipped, as compared with 3,025 in 1909, "while the number killed," Messrs. Palmer and Oldys say, "was probably as great as in 1909." Roughly speaking, it is estimated that in twenty-two States between 75,000 and 80,000 deer were killed. Elk in the Adirondacks are decreasing, because, says the report, "the yearling elk resemble deer and are often unintentionally shot by hunters." Quail came through the year very well, but ruffed grouse were not so plentiful. Wild turkeys seemed to maintain their normal abundance, but only in Oklahoma was there a fine flight of woodcock. From the point of view of gunners the water fowl season was not satisfactory. On the Atlantic Coast, however, the number of canvasbacks and redheads was greater than usual, particularly in the Long Island bays.

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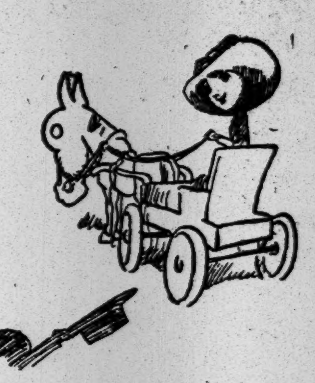

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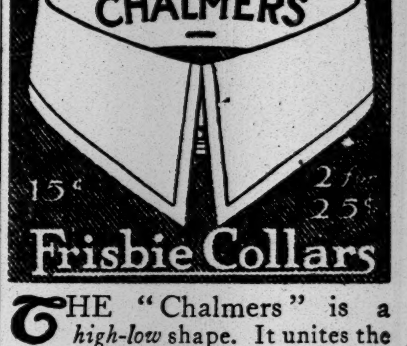

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GOODWIN CAPTURES QUARTER-MILE SWIM

New York A. C. Crack Shows Speed at Sheepshead Bay Aquatic Carnival.

Some clever performances were in order yesterday at the concluding session of the Sheepshead Bay swimming carnival held in the lagoon near the Varuna and Sheepshead Bay Boat Clubs. The aquatic experts representing the New York A. C. and the City A. C. carried away the major portion of the trophies, and the latter club's team administered a crushing defeat to the Winged Foot quartet in the relay race at 400 yards.

The contests on the whole overshadowed those of the intercollegiate series from the standpoint of speed, cleverness, and local interest. A good-sized crowd witnessed the various events, and the conditions were well-nigh perfect, the course being all that could be desired. The temperature was almost balmy, with a pleasant breeze to relieve the strength of the sun's rays.

Bud Goodwin's victory in the quarter-mile scratch event was well received. He put up a slashing performance, doing 6:02 4-5, capital for open water, with but four turns. Aside from this he probably lost five seconds by pulling himself up on the float at the expiration of 400 yards, thinking that he had finished.

Upon being informed of his error Goodwin fell into the lagoon dog fashion, and had his own troubles overhauling and passing Nick Nerich, a clubmate, who, although six yards to the bad when Goodwin made his mistake, was a yard in the van and going splendidly. Goodwin managed to get his mate five yards from the line, just winning.

The Glenmore A. C. turned loose a couple of promising novices in the 200-yards event for previous non-winners. After the plunge at the start Edward Williams soon opened up a gap between himself and the rest of the field, eventually winning by fifty feet. A pretty fight ensued for the place between Gerald Kelly and James S. Ennis, Jr., unattached, with the first named reaching the float a foot ahead.

The diving contest was novel in that it was a handicap affair, with young Arthur McAleenan, Jr., the Metropolitan champion, and R. E. Behrens, who took honors in the Olympic aquatic sports, as the scratch men. The first named did not perform up to his notch, and had to be content with third place. Behrens managed to get second, but first honors went to F. A. Mullen, New York Athletic Club, who was in receipt of 8 points.

The latter's work was very clean cut, and aided by his handicap he was enabled to score over Behrens with a showing of 46 4-5 points to 44 1-3. Behrens did some fine work in his specialties, particularly when he accomplished a front jack with a one-half twist, which he followed with a back jack and a half twist. Mullen's best dive was a one and a half back twist, from which he entered the water as cleanly as could be.

The concluding event, the 400-yard relay, for teams of four, proved a rather easy thing for the City Athletic Club boys, who, in receipt of eleven seconds from their only opponents, the New York Athletic Club, found little difficulty in getting home in front. J. Curran, City Athletic Club, made the best possible use of his allowance of eleven seconds, and aside from swimming faster than J. F. Manley, who was arrayed against him, was aided by Manley's swimming all over the course. From the first relay on it was only a procession, and each of the Winged Foot men, with the exception of H. O'Sullivan, the anchor man, lost distance. The City lads finally won by forty yards, having at one time, at the expiration of the third relay, been fifty yards to the good. The summary:

100-Yard Swim, Handicap.—Won by H. Soss, City A. C., (17 seconds;) Jack McAuliffe, Glenmore A. C., (22 seconds,) second; H. O'Sullivan, New York A. C., (4 seconds,) third. Time—1:12 2-5.

440-Yard Swim, Scratch.—Won by L. De B. Goodwin, New York A. C.; N. F. Nerich, New York A. C., second; R. M. Ritter, City A. C., third. Time—6:02 4-5.

200-Yard Swim, Novice.—Won by Edward Williams, Glenmore A. C.; Gerald Kelly, Glenmore A. C., second; James S. Ennis, Jr., unattached, third. Time—2:55 4-5.

Fancy Diving, Handicap.—Won by F. A. Mullen, New York A. C., (8 points,) with 46 4-5 points; R. E. Behrens, City A. C., (scratch,) second, with 44 1-3 points; A. McAleenan, Jr., scratch,) third, with 38 points.

400-Yard Relay Race.—Won by City A. C. team, composed of J. Curran, H. Soss, Gus [illegible] and C. Herold, (51 seconds;) New York A. C. team, composed of J. F. Manley, R. M. Leveridge, Graham Arnold, and H. O'Sullivan, (40 seconds,) second. Time—4:34.

ROWDIES TO THE ISLAND.

New Magistrate No More Lenient to Them Than His Predecessors.

Magistrate McQuade had his first case of rowdyism before him in the Men's Night Court early yesterday morning. Seven young men were arraigned before him, charged with acting in a boisterous manner aboard the ferryboat St. George, running between Staten Island and the Battery.

The offenders were arrested by Detectives Ryan and Murphy of the Central Office. They said they were Charles Burgess, 19 years old, of 214 West Eleventh Street; William Murray of 114 Bedford Street, Edward Palkington of 50 Thurston Street, William McCleman of 277 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn; John Hickey of 3,153 Broadway, George Seller of 3,245 Kingsbridge Avenue, and John Leonard of 14 Lincoln Avenue, Woodside. Detective Ryan testified that they were wrestling on the boat, and trampling over the feet of women and children passengers. He also said that they were using bad language.

Magistrate McQuade sentenced the prisoners to serve five days each in the workhouse. Some of the boys wore a smile during the proceedings and their sentence was evidently a surprise to them. They seemed to think that they would be treated leniently by the new Magistrate.

Two more rowdies were sent to the workhouse last night. They were Joseph Carro of 18 Hamilton Street and Charles Choder of 96 Roosevelt Street. With six others they were acting boisterously on a Staten Island ferryboat. Detectives Buckley and Ryan picked them out as the ringleaders and arrested them. Magistrate McQuade sentenced them also to five days each.

BIG TEACHERS' MEETING.

National Educational Association Assembling in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.—The National Educational Association will begin to-morrow its annual meeting, at which will be determined policies to be felt in the coming year in every public school in the Nation.

For three days special trains and special cars have been emptying into the city delegations from nearly every State in the Union. The greater the distance, it has seemed, the larger the delegation, a conspicuous example of this being Massachusetts with 300 members present and 100 more promised.

Nearly 1,000 teachers reached Oakland to-day. All imaginable governmental and civic resources have been put at the disposal of the visitors. For months floral pieces in Golden Gate Park have been growing great "Welcome N. E. A." signs along the hillsides. From the opening addresses of welcome to be delivered to-morrow afternoon in the Greek Theatre of the University of California at Berkeley to the closing sessions next week, the convention programme is crowded with important addresses and discussions. Thursday officers will be elected and by-laws and constitutional amendments considered. The address of Ella Flagg Young of Chicago, the first woman President of the association, will be delivered Tuesday evening.

OPEN GOLF TOURNAMENT.

Metropolitan Title Holder Will Not Compete in Championship.

Neither Alec Smith, the title holder, nor Jack McDermott, the National champion, has entered for the Metropolitan Golf Association's open championship, according to the list given out last night by the Secretary, W. D. Vanderpool. The non-appearance of Alec will hardly come as a surprise to many, for it has been no secret that Smith's health has been poor this season; in fact, ever since he was taken down with an attack of pleurisy in the Winter.

The entry list contains forty-three names, all professionals, except four—Oswald Kirkby of Englewood, C. E. Van Vleck, Jr., of Baltusrol, S. D. Connolly of Rockland, and H. S. Tilley, New York Golf. Although this tournament is open to the world, most of those entered are from nearby points. Exceptions are George Sargent of Chevy Chase, former National open champion; James R. Thompson of Philadelphia, Jack Hutchinson of the Allegheny Country Club, Gilbert Nichols of Wilmington, William H. Braid of Baltimore, Tom Bonnar of Merion, and Alfred Campbell of Rochester.

Robert Andrews, who came over here a few months ago from Scotland to take his first professional job, will represent the Yale Golf Club. The favorites from this immediate vicinity will include Jack Hobens of Englewood, Isaac Mackie of Fox Hills, and H. H. Barker of Rumson. The first pair in the championship, which will consist of seventy-two holes of medal play, will start at 9 o'clock on Wednesday morning. Thereafter the couples will follow at five-minute intervals. The pairings follow:

George F. Sparling, Brooklawn, and George Low, Baltusrol; Jack Hutchinson, Allegheny, and David S. Hunter, Essex County; Herbert Strong, Apawamis, and David Honeyman, Forest Hill; Tom Mulgrew, Richmond County, and *S. D. Connolly, Rockland; Gilbert Nichols, Wilmington, and James R. Thompson, Philadelphia; R. M. Thompson, Glen Ridge, and William H. Braid, Maryland; George Sargent, Chevy Chase, and Orrin Terry, Canoe Brook; R. Andrews, Yale, and Alexander Pirie, Siwanoy; James Milligan, Wyoming Valley, and Elijah Horton, Pelham Park; Alfred Campbell, Oak Hill, and Joe Mitchell, Upper Montclair; F. W. Pye, Rockland, and Martin J. O'Loughlin, Plainfield; James N. Roche, Elkridge, and *H. S. Tilley, New York Golf; Ernest Killick, Woo Burn, and John J. Mulgrew, Richmond County; Isaac Mackie, Fox Hills, and H. H. Barker, Rumson; David Ogilvie, Morris County, and Jack Hobens, Englewood; F. H. Belwood, Garden City, and *Oswald Kirkby, Englewood; *C. E. Van Vleck, Jr., Baltusrol, and Charles Sweisberger, Englewood; George Baldrick, Brooklyn-Forest Park, and W. Hanley, New Haven; Tom Anderson, Inwood, and Tom Hughes, New York Golf; Joe Sylvester, New York Golf Club, and Harry Vinnell, Tuxedo; Tom Young, Massapequa, and Tom Bonnar, Merion; Irving Stringer, St. Andrew's.

*Amateurs.

Gossip of the Golfers.

The annual invitation tournament of the Wykagyl Country Club will be held on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday of this week. Among those who are expected to compete are Walter J. Travis, Gardiner W. White, Oswald Kirkby, Findlay S. Douglas, Max Behr, S. J. Graham, and J. D. Foote. The qualifying round on Thursday will be at thirty-six holes, medal play, the first sixteen counting for the Wykagyl Cup, the second for the New Rochelle Cup, the third for the Quaker Ridge Cup, the fourth for the Huguenot Cup, and the fifth for the Davenport Cup. A gold medal is offered the player having the best score in the qualifying round, and a cup is offered the runner up in the first and second sixteens.

The first and second rounds of match play take place on Friday. On Saturday a special handicap of eighteen holes will be run off at medal play, the handicap being limited to eighteen strokes. A gold medal is offered for the best gross score, and a cup for the best net.

Burton S. Brown carried off the honors in the Independence Day tournament at the Atlantic Highlands Golf Club last week, beating Pinkus in the final round by 9 up and 8 to play. The winner's best round was 42. Brown is a newcomer at the game, playing for the first time last year. He is being coached by C. A. Crane. The course at Atlantic Highlands consists of nine holes, and the conditions for the tournament called for a double round at match play, except in the final, when the course was covered four times. The course is about 3,000 yards. Silver cups were awarded the winner and the runner up.

GRAND CIRCUIT OPENS.

Indianapolis Will Attract Fastest Harness Horses in America.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 9.—With many of the fastest harness horses in America at the State Fair Grounds track, a clear sky, and a fast track are all that remain to make the opening of the Grand Circuit racing season next Tuesday auspicious. This will be Indianapolis' first year in the Grand Circuit. The field is large and the average entry for the sixteen races is eight horses. Three small fields bring the average down. In the 2:04 pace only four horses will start, and in the 2:15 stake pace only five will go to the wire. Six trotters will receive the word in the free-for-all trotting sweepstakes.

The biggest field of the week will be seen on Wednesday in the 2:14 pace, when thirteen pacers will start. There will be eleven starters in the 2:18 trot on Tuesday, and the same number will answer the call for the 2:11 pace on Thursday. There will be four fields of nine, three of eight, and two of seven. A total of 128 horses was named in the week's programme.

E. F. (Pop) Geers, the veteran driver of the circuit, has been at the track for some time. He has horses entered in half the races.

From Indianapolis the Grand Circuit stables will be removed to Kalamazoo, where the next meeting will be held July 17-21.

Pfizer's Hindou II. Wins in France.

PARIS, July 9.—Eugene Pfizer's Hindou II. to-day won the Prix de la Riviere, a selling hurdle event at 1 mile 5½ furlongs. The race was run over the Auteuil course.

MONSTRELET'S CHRONICLES.

Rare French Work in Hoe Library, It Is Expected, Will Bring $20,000.

Among the rare and valuable French works collected by Robert Hoe and which are as yet unsold, is a magnificent copy of Enguerrand de Monstrelet's famous "Chronicles." It is one of the great treasures of the Hoe library. It consists of three volumes, contained in two large folios, and is the second of two undated editions published at Paris by Antoine Verard.

The general opinion is that the present work was printed about 1500. Its black letter text is upon vellum, and is illuminated by six large and 159 small miniatures, all skillfully painted. The only defect is a missing vellum leaf, which has been remade by Pelinski.

Its binding, dark green levant morocco, is a masterpiece by Lortic. The work was in the Paris Exposition of 1878, and was greatly admired. It is believed that it was intended for some royal patron.

This prize passed into the possession of Techener, who, in 1862, sold it for 18,000 francs, (about $3,500,) to M. Ambroise Firmin-Didot, the celebrated French bibliophile. At the Didot sale in 1878 it brought 30,500 francs, (about $5,800,) besides expenses. The most conservative guess is that it will bring more than $10,000 when it is put up at auction in the Hoe library sale. There are some collectors who think it will realize from $15,000 to $20,000, or even a higher sum, if the keen competition at the sale of the first part of Mr. Hoe's collection is maintained.

The dark green morocco covers and red lining are ornamented with masks, roses, birds, interlacing branches of oak and laurel, springing from cornucopias, and cartouches in mosaic, with fleurs-de-lis. An escutcheon, in the middle, bears the arms of France in mosaic.

Monstrelet, who was born about 1400 and died in July, 1453, was of a noble family in the district of Boulogne. He was receiver of the gave, a kind of church rate, in the City of Cambray, and appears to have usually resided there. He was married and left children. He was present at the interview of Joan of Arc with the Duke of Burgundy after her capture.

The genuine part of his history is in the first two books, covering the period from 1400 to 1444. A sequel, extending to a period long subsequent to his death and dealing with the last half of the Hundred Years War, was tacked onto the original

AMERICAN SPRINTER LOSES IN GERMANY

Crown Prince Sees Ramsdell Defeated in World's Record Time—Harry Gissing Wins.

BERLIN, July 9.—On the grounds of the Berliner Sport Club here this afternoon several American athletes competed, and with varying fortunes. The German sprinting champion, H. Rau, took the measure of the former American intercollegiate champion, who recently won the titles at 100 yards and 220 yards for the championship of England.

Rau defeated Ramsdell in the 100 and 200 meters events in 0:10 3-5 and 0:22 respectively. Harry Gissing, another runner from the United States, who was recently beaten in the English championships, won the quarter mile in 0:51⅘, and the half mile in 2:04.

The time for the one hundred meters is one-fifth of a second better than the world's record, now held by Reggie Walker, the winner of the Olympic short sprint in 1908, and James Rector of the University of Virginia.

Rau has been coming on at a great pace since he won the sprinting titles at Frankfort-on-Main last year, and must now be taken as a serious contender for Olympic honors at Stockholm next year.

The German got away in much cleaner form than the American in the hundred meters and maintained a winning advantage throughout, finally winning by about an arm's length in world's record time.

As if to show that his victory in the short race was no fluke, Rau came right back in the longer distance, at which Ramsdell is supposed to shine, and beat him even more decisively all the way, as before, the time being 0:22.

Ramsdell and Gissing have just come from England, and will compete again in games here and in other parts of Germany. Lightbody, an American who has been in Germany several years, may be a competitor against his countrymen in their future races over the middle distances.

Great enthusiasm prevailed over the outcome of the sprinting races to-day. Crown Prince Frederick William and the Crown Princess were present. Probably 6,000 persons witnessed the sports.

Beck to Join Phillies.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 9.—Fred Beck, the utility outfielder of the Cincinnati Club, will wear a Philadelphia National League uniform as the result of a deal closed here to-night by "Garry" Herrmann, President of the Cincinnatis, and Horace Fogel, President of the Phillies. Outfielder Wilson, recently purchased by Philadelphia from Calgary, and Pitcher Humphries are the men who will go to Cincinnati for Beck. A cash consideration is also said to figure in the trade.

TRAINER WELSH HOME.

Veteran Horseman Says Racing in France Is Prosperous.

Tom Welsh, one of America's prominent trainers of thoroughbreds, is back from his trip abroad, and confesses that he is glad to be home again. He has entirely recovered from the illness which warranted his taking the trip. While abroad he saw considerable racing, and had a fine time generally.

Trainer Walsh looked over the Duryea establishment in France and asserted that while there he had an opportunity to sign a good contract, but that the time named was too short. He admitted being very much impressed with what racing he witnessed in France. While in England he was the guest of Andrew J. Joyner at Ballaton Lodge, Newmarket. While in France he enjoyed the hospitality of Eugene Leigh, who has a large establishment, with probably 100 horses in training.

Enoch Wishard is doing very well, according to the veteran trainer, having won quite a few races in France. While at three races in England he met Richard Croker, who invited him to a race meeting in Cork, which he was unable to accept.

MOTOR BOAT GOSSIP.

The new 65-foot motor yacht "Spray" left Morris Heights Thursday bound for Watch Hill, R. I., with her owner, Henry B. Joy, aboard and with John S. Newberry as a guest.

New 30-foot Speedway runabouts have been shipped to the following: Mrs. E. J. Redfield for use on Lake Placid; Miss I. A. Ballantine, for use on Saranac Lake, and Charles G. Conklin, to be used on Moosehead Lake.

The 76-foot twin-screw motor yacht "Edmee," owned by R. J. Schaefer, Rear Commodore of the Larchmont Yacht Club, has been chartered to F. P. Frazier of Manchester, Mass. Mr. Schaefer is now in Europe, and will be gone until October.

The 50-foot motor boat "Heron," owned by F. P. Peabody of Troy, N. Y., is being thoroughly overhauled at Morris Heights and a new 40-horsepower Speedway engine installed. The boat will be shipped to Lake George when alterations are completed.

L. J. Bell has sold his 30-foot raised-deck motor boat "Suzanne" to L. D. Gregory of City Island. The name has been changed to "Helen II."

A 6-cylinder, 6 by 6 Speedway engine has been installed in a new 50-foot raised-deck cruiser for Henry Herberman of Jersey City, N. J.

A new Speedway motor is being installed in a launch owned by Mrs. John Hay and used at the owner's Summer home at Lake Sunapee, N. H.

Commodore Morton F. Plant, owner of the racing schooner "Elena," is having a new Speedway motor boat built, a duplicate of the one on the "Thelma."

R. W. Cumming of Newark, N. J., has bought the 35-foot launch "Vaga" from Howard W. Starr for service on Buzzards Bay. A new 48-foot mahogany motor boat is being built for Le Grand C. Cramer, Lake George, N. Y., to replace his old launch "Winninish."

A new 28-foot mahogany Speedway motor boat was recently delivered to the steam yacht "May"; a 25-foot teakwood launch to the steam yacht "Carmina"; a 25-foot teakwood launch for the steam yacht "Alicia"; a 21-footer of the steam yacht "Winchester," a 21-footer for the steam yacht "Galatea," and a 25-foot teakwood launch for the steam yacht "Hiawatha."

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Adriatic, July 12, 3:00 P. M. | St. Louis, July 15, 9:30 A.M.
Arabic, July 15, 11:00 A. M. | Minnetonka, July 15, 10:30 A.M.

American Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
St. Louis..........July 15 | St. Paul..........July 29
New York.........July 22 | Philadelphia.... Aug. 5.

Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnetonka...July 15, 10:30 AM | Minnewaska.July 29
Minnehaha...July 22, 1:30 PM | Minneapolis.Aug. 5

Red Star Pier 61, N. R., 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
Lapland (new).....July 15 | Finland..........July 29
Vaderland.........July 22 | Kroonland ....Aug. 5

White Star Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Adriatic..........July 12, 3 PM | OLYMPIC..July 26
Oceanic..........July 19, 3 PM | Majestic..Aug. 2
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Arabic....July 15, 11 AM | Baltic..........July 29
Cedric....July 22, 11 AM | Celtic..........Aug. 5

Montreal—Quebec—Liverpool
Largest Steamers St. Lawrence Route.
New York & Boston
To the MEDITERRANEAN
Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa.
Canopic.......Aug. 12, noon | Romanic.......Sept. 13

PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY, (TEL. 2100 RECTOR,) AND PIER 62, N. R., (WEST 23D ST.,) N. Y.

London - Paris - Bremen
EXPRESS STEAMERS SAIL TUESDAYS, 10 A. M.
Kaiser Wilhelm II . . JULY 11
George Washington . . JULY 13
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse JULY 18
Kronprinzessin Cecilie . JULY 25
North German Lloyd
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA.
FRIEDRICH DER GROSSE.........JULY 29
KOENIG ALBERT ....AUG. 26
BERLIN (New)....................SEPT. 9
Baltimore-Bremen Direct Wednesdays.
OELRICHS & CO., Gen'l Agts., 5 B'way, N. Y.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
S. S. AMERIKA (22,500 TONS)
SAILS JULY 15, 11 A. M.
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE—Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa.
S.S. MOLTKE (12,500 TONS) SAILS JULY 11 At 10 A. M.
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
†AMERIKA................July 15, 11 A. M.
*PRES. GRANT............July 22, 1 P. M.
*PRES. LINCOLN..........July 29, 1 P. M.
†KAISERIN AUG. VIC.....Aug. 3, 12 Noon
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. *Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg.
Direct Service—PHILADELPHIA-HAMBURG.
GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, GENOA
S. S. MOLTKE.............July 11, 10 A. M.
S. S. HAMBURG....................Aug. 15
S. S. MOLTKE.....................Aug. 29
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 45 B'way, N. Y.

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
82 Steamers, Registered Tonnage 334,288
BERMUDA $10 & UP ROUND TRIP.
SPECIAL SUMMER CRUISES.
Regular Sailings:
Santiago, $65
Jamaica, $65
Panama, $112.50
Superior accommodations for 250 first class passengers. Orchestra, excellent cuisine, wireless & all safety appliances.
NORWAY CRUISES July-Sept. R. M. S. P. Avon
PERU-CHILE Express Service to and from Panama
16 Days New York to CALLAO
28 " " " " VALPARAISO
Services to COLOMBIA & ECUADOR
Sanderson & Son, 22 State St., N. Y.

VACATION VOYAGES
SPECIAL ROUND TRIP RATES FOR BERTHS IN ALL LOCATIONS EXCEPTING SUITES
CUBA JAMAICA $65.
PANAMA CANAL $112.50
By POPULAR "PRINZ" STEAMERS
Sailing Weekly
TOURS CRUISES | 11 TO 25 DAYS $70 TO $125
Write for Detailed Information.
Hamburg-American Line, 41-45 B'way, N.Y.

SEE AMERICA FIRST.
The Most Delightful Sea Trip from New York.
12 DAY VACATION CRUISE $60.00 UP
Berth & Meals Included, (First Cabin.)
TO HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, AND ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, VIA
RED CROSS LINE
A grand and interesting cruise, as truly foreign as a trip to Europe costing four times as much. Splendid large new steamships "Stephano" and "Florizel." Every modern equipment for safety and comfort. No hotel bills. You live on the ship. 7 days at sea, 5 days in port. Splendid cuisine. Orchestra. The most novel, comfortable and delightful vacation cruise from N. Y. Send for Handsome Ill'd Booklet No. 53.
BOWRING & CO., 17 State St., N. Y.

CUNARD Piers foot West 14th St., N. R. Offices, 24 State Street, opposite Battery.
Largest, Fastest, Finest Quadruple Screw Turbine Steamships.
Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals.
MOST EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE
LONDON PARIS BERLIN VIENNA
DIRECT via FISHGUARD
Queenstown—Fishguard—Liverpool.
CARMANIA July 12, 5 P. M. | CAMPANIA July 26, 10 A. M.
CARONIA July 29, 10 A. M.
Fishguard and Liverpool.
LUSITANIA July 19, 9 A. M. | MAURETANIA August 2, 9 A. M.
MONTREAL QUEBEC LONDON
Regular Sailings of Steamers Carrying One Class Cabin (II.) and Third Class Passengers only.
*MADEIRA GIBRALTAR †GENOA
NAPLES TRIESTE FIUME
Sailing hour noon.
Pannonia July 20 Sept. 7 Oct. 26
†Carpathia Aug. 3 Sept. 21 Nov. 9
*†Saxonia Aug. 24
WINTER CRUISES
ITALY, RIVIERA, EGYPT

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing Every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Savoie........July 13 | *La Savoie.......Aug. 3
*La Lorraine.......July 20 | *La Provence......Aug. 10
*La Touraine.......July 27 | *La Lorraine......Aug. 17
*Twin screw steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3:00 P. M.
One-class Cabin (II) and Third-Class Passengers Only.
Floride ....July 22
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Columbia...July 15, 10 AM | Furnessia..July 29, 11 AM
Caledonia..July 22, 3 PM | California..Aug. 5, 3 PM
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 and $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 and $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $30 and $31.25.
New Illustrated Book of Tours mailed free.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

Spend Your Vacation in BERMUDA
SWEPT BY COOL OCEAN BREEZES.
AN IDEAL SEA TRIP TO THE MOST DELIGHTFUL SUMMER RESORT IN THE WORLD.
Every outdoor recreation. Sea Bathing in the clearest of turquoise waters. Excellent fishing.
1,500 Mile Superb Ocean Voyage By THE MAGNIFICENT, FAST, TWIN-SCREW
Transatlantic Liner "OCEANA"
14,000 Tons Displacement; 535 Ft. Long.
Largest, Fastest, Most Luxurious, and only Exclusively First-Class Passenger Steamer to Bermuda.
No cattle or freight carried on the "Oceana."
FIRST-CLASS ROUND TRIP, including stateroom berth and meals, at the extraordinary rate of $10 UP
Best cuisine on the Atlantic. Electric fans in every room. Many staterooms with brass beds; six suites-de-luxe with private baths; finest promenade deck in the world. Orchestra. Promenade Dances. Gymnasium. Wireless. Only Bermuda steamer with submarine signals.
TOURS Including Shore Excursions, Hotels, &c., at Lowest Rates.
Beautiful booklet, Itinerary, Tickets, etc., of Bermuda-Atlantic Line, 290 B'way, N. Y.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

3 Hours Evening Sail
on the Beautiful Hudson
To Yonkers and Return
New steamers (Trojan and Rensselaer), Citizens Line, Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M., due at Yonkers 7:15 P. M., returning via Day Line, 7:30 P. M. daily (Sundays excepted). Fine steamers. Meals a la carte. Music. ROUND TRIP, 40c.

Sight-Seeing Yachts
Halcyon and Observation, around New York Harbor and Manhattan Island. Daily from Battery Pier, near South Ferry, 10:30 and 2:30. SEE THE OCEAN, Sandy Hook Lightship and Forts. Trips daily, 1:15, returning 5.

CLARK'S "ARABIC" ORIENT CRUISE
Feb. 1, $400 up for 71 days, including shore excursion. ROUND THE WORLD TOURS, Sept. 19, Oct. 21, and once monthly till Jan.
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

Sight-Seeing Yacht Clifton,
Around Manhattan Island, foot W. 42d St., 10:30, 2:30; lecture aboard. Tel. 5441 Gram.

Summer.—California, Alaska, Yellowstone. N. E. A. Gillespie-Kinports Co., 1 Mad. Av., N. Y.

SURROGATE CITATION.

YOUNGLING.—Henry. The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to Elizabeth Roth, Katherine MacKowin, William Youngling, Pauline Youngling, Elizabeth Youngling, Margaret Youngling, Meta Youngling, Fritz Youngling, Mary Rasch, Anna Schiercke, Mary Youngling, Freda Youngling, Catharine Youngling, George S. Youngling, Henry W. Youngling, the heirs and next of kin of HENRY YOUNGLING, deceased, send greeting:

Whereas, Meta Youngling of the City of New York, has lately applied to the Surrogate's Court of our County of New York, to have two certain instruments in writing, bearing dates, the 10th day of June, 1891, and the 24th day of April, 1900, relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last will and testament and codicil thereto of Henry Youngling, late of the County of New York, deceased, therefore, you and each of you are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our County of New York, at his office in the County of New York, on the 25th day of August, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament, and codicil thereto.

And such of you as are hereby cited, as are under the age of twenty-one years, are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of the Surrogate's Court of said County of New York to be hereunto affixed.

[L. S.] Witness, Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said County, the 22d day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogate's Court.

GEORGE W. ELLIS, Attorney for Petitioner, 149 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

$10 up Round Trip To Bermuda
Tours Inc. Hotels, Shore Excursions, Lowest Rates. Twin Screw S. S. "Bermudian," 5530 tons, sails July 19th, 29th; Aug. 9th, 19th, 30th.
Bilge keels; electric fans; wireless telegraphy. Fastest, newest and only Steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda.
MIDSUMMER TRIPS
To Quebec
via Halifax, N. S., most delightful cruise of 1500 miles. Magnificent scenery: Northumberland Strait, Gulf and River St. Lawrence and far-famed Saguenay River. S. S. "Trinidad" from New York July 22d; August 5th and 19th, and Sept. 2d, 10 A. M. Returning from Quebec July 14th and 28th, August 11th and 25th and Sept. 8th.
For illustrated pamphlets with full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents, Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York, THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 264 and 553 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or QUEBEC S. S. CO., Ltd., Quebec.

LLOYD BRAZILEIRO
(Brazilian Steamship Line)
Barbados, Para, Ceara, Pernambuco, Bahia, Rio de Janeiro, and Santos, Brazilian S. S. Minas Geraes, July 14th, new fast twin-screw steamer; wireless and deep-sea sounding apparatus; excellent accommodations, cabins de luxe, sailing from Pier 5, Bush Docks, South Brooklyn. A. R. Graca, General Agent, 8-10 Bridge Street, New York.

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE
MEDITERRANEAN ADRIATIC
ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA direct without change. Calls at AZORES and GIBRALTAR (East), ALGIERS (West.) A few berths left for sailing of S. S. MARTHA WASHINGTON, July 29.
PHELPS BROS. & CO., General Agents, 17 Battery Place, New York City.

NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
URANIUM S.S.CO.
SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON AND PARIS.
1ST CABIN, ALL OUTSIDE, $50.00 & UP.
Volturno.......July 20 | Uranium.......Aug. 17
Campanello...Aug. 3 | Volturno.......Aug. 31
Uranium S. S. Co., Ltd., 13 B'way, N. Y.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
Paris—London—Rotterdam
Twin Screw Sailings Tues., 10 A.M.
*Potsdam..............July 11
†New Amsterdam.....July 18
*Noordam.............Aug. 1
†Rotterdam ....Aug. 8
*VIA BOULOGNE s/ M.
†PLYMOUTH & BOULOGNE.
Office 39 B'way, N. Y.

AZORES LISBON NAPLES MARSEILLES BY THE FABRE LINE
Approx. weekly sailings by the newest, largest, finest & fastest French steamers in The MEDITERRANEAN Trade.
JAS. W. ELWEL & CO., Gen'l Agts., 17 State St., N. Y.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:37 | Sun sets..7:32 | Moon sets..3:20

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A. M.	High Water. P. M.	Low Water. A. M.	Low Water. P. M.
Sandy Hook	7:07	7:03	1:00	12:48
Governors Island	7:40	7:30	1:44	1:30
Hell Gate	9:30	9:20	3:24	3:10

Arrived—Sunday, July 9.

SS Columbia, Glasgow, July 1.
SS Schwarzburg, Hamburg, July 24.
SS Morro Castle, Nassau, July 6.
SS Zulia, Maracaibo, June 28.
SS Antilla, Progreso, July 3.
SS City of Savannah, Savannah, July 6.
SS Jefferson, Norfolk, July 8.
SS Rinaldo, Boston, July 7.
SS Lapland, Antwerp, July 1.
SS Italia, Palermo, June 19.
SS Odland, Rio Janeiro, June 12.
SS Obidense, Port Antonio, July 4.
SS Jamestown, Norfolk, July 8.
SS Pawnee, Philadelphia, July 8.
SS River Forth, Philadelphia, July 8.
SS D. N. Luckenbach, Portland, July 7.
SS City of Everett, Philadelphia, July 8.
SS Queen Mary, Boston, July 7.
SS Georgian, Philadelphia, July 8.
SS Baron Dalmeny, Norfolk, July 8.
SS Seminole, Turks Island, July 2.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.		
Ancon, Cristobal	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Clement, Para	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Princess Anne, Norfolk		3:00 P.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Kaiser Wilhelm II., Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Potsdam, Rotterdam		10:00 A.M.
Moltke, Naples		10:00 A.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
Jefferson, Norfolk		3:00 P.M.
El Norte, Galveston		12:00 M.
SAIL WEDNESDAY.		
Carmania, Liverpool	1:30 P.M.	5:00 P.M.
Adriatic, Southampton	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Uller, St. Kitts	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Zulia, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Hermiston, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Comus, New Orleans		12:00 M.
Huron, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
Alamo, Galveston		1:00 P.M.
Antilla, Guantanamo		12:00 M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Maracas	Demerara	June 28
Loystakken	Dartmouth	June 23
Carmania	Liverpool	July 3
Nieuw Amsterdam	Rotterdam	July 1
Arabic	Liverpool	July 2
Themistocles	Palermo	June 28
Volturno	Rotterdam	June 29
Carolina	Palermo	June 29
Manuel Calvo	Cadiz	June 30
Asiatic Prince	Trinidad	July 2
Ventura de Larrinaga	St. Lucia	July 3
Comus	New Orleans	July 5
El Sol	Galveston	July 4
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Ancona	Naples	June 29
K. Wilhelm der Grosse	Bremen	July 4
Oscar II	Christiansand	July 1
Iroquois	London	June 29
Gordon Castle	Tyne	June 28
Strathtay	Gibraltar	June 27
Aureole	Birkenhead	June 27
Saramacca	Trinidad	July 4
Prinz Joachim	Colon	July 4
Allemania	Haiti	July 6
City of St. Louis	Savannah	July 8
DUE WEDNESDAY.		
Oceanic	Southampton	July
Pannonia	Gibraltar	July
Rhein	Bremen	July 1
Floride	Havre	July 1
Panama	Cristobal	July 6
Oceana	Bermuda	July 10
Denver	Galveston	July 6
El Valle	Galveston	July 6
Comal	Tampa	July 7

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Oscar II., incoming from Copenhagen, was reported 728 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday morning.

SS Arabic, incoming from Liverpool, was reported 711 miles east of Sandy Hook at 11 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday morning.

SS Pannonia, incoming from Trieste, was reported 1,100 miles east of Sandy Hook at 11:15 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Thursday morning.

SS Carmania, incoming from Liverpool, was reported 503 miles east of Sandy Hook at 11 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, late to-day.

SS Iroquois, incoming from London, was reported 1,046 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8 A. M. yesterday.

SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, outgoing, was reported 265 miles southwest of Brow Head at 5:35 P. M. yesterday; due at Plymouth about 5 A. M. to-day.

By United Wireless.

SS Monterey, Vera Cruz, was 223 m. W. of Havana at noon, 9th.

SS Saratoga, Havana, was 660 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 9th.

SS Coamo, San Juan, was 59 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 9th.

SS Comus, New Orleans, was 216 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at noon, 9th.

SS Denver, Galveston, was 508 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at noon, 9th.

SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, was 89 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 4:15 P. M., 9th.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Caronia, at Liverpool, July 8.
SS Baltic, at Queenstown, July 9.
SS Barbarossa, at Plymouth.
SS St. Paul, at Plymouth, July 9.
SS Cleveland, at Plymouth, July 9.

Sailed.

SS Lusitania, from Queenstown, July 9.
SS Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, from Southampton, July 9.
SS Lorraine, from Havre, July 8.
SS Cedric, from Queenstown, July 9.
SS Caledonia, from Moville, July 9.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.	
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, Australia (via Victoria)—Makura	July 9	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Lurline	July 10	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Sado Maru	July 10	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippines (via San Francisco)—Siberia	July 13	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra	July 17	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippines (via Tacoma)—Seattle Maru	July 17	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and specially addressed mail for China (via Seattle)—Kumeric	July 20	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Maitai	July 21	6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Moderately warm weather prevailed during Sunday throughout the Middle Atlantic and New England States, the Lake region and the Ohio Valley, and unseasonably cool weather Saturday and Saturday night in the North Plains States, the north Rocky Mountain and north plateau regions, followed by a reaction to higher temperatures Sunday. Frosts, with temperatures near the freezing point, were reported from Wyoming Sunday morning. The indications are that the weather will be unsettled with local rains Monday and probably Tuesday in the South Atlantic and Gulf States. In the Middle Atlantic and New England States the weather will be generally fair and moderately warm Monday, followed by increasing cloudiness and slightly lower temperatures Tuesday.

The winds along the New England Coast will be moderate southwest; Middle Atlantic Coast, light south and southwest; South Atlantic Coast, light south, except east on the Florida Coast.

Steamers departing Monday for European ports will have moderate southwest winds and generally fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST TO-DAY AND TUESDAY.

New England, Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Probably fair and continued warm Monday; Tuesday unsettled, slightly lower temperature; moderate south and southwest winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M.	76	70	4 P. M.	90	88
6 A. M.	75	68	6 P. M.	87	88
9 A. M.	91	78	9 P. M.	83	83
12 M.	88	83	12 P. M.	82	81

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 78; for the corresponding date last year it was 82; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 73.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 73; at 8 P. M. it was 85. Maximum temperature, 88 degrees at 3 P. M.; minimum, 68 degrees at 1 A. M. Humidity, 82 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 60 per cent. at 8 P. M.

GOING AWAY?
Before leaving the City place order with your newsdealer, send directly to Publication Office, or telephone Circulation Department, Bryant 1000, and have the Daily and Sunday editions of THE NEW YORK TIMES sent to your country address. 17c. per week, 75c. per month; to Canada 21c. per week, 90c. per month.—Adv.

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City of Cebu
Philippine Islands
4% Registered Gold Bonds
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Redeemable at the pleasure of the Government of the Philippine Islands after January 1, 1921

Exempt from Government, State, County and Municipal taxation in the United States and Philippine Islands.

Acceptable at par as security for Public deposits and available as security for Postal Savings Bank Deposits.

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Strong Combination

If you have surplus funds available for investment, the wise and conservative thing to do is to purchase sound investment bonds yielding a satisfactory rate of income and backed up by good security. Bonds represent simply a mortgage divided into several parts; the units being usually $1,000; sometimes $500; and, in a few cases, $100.

We shall be glad to recommend to you investment bonds, which, in our judgment, combine:

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Reasonably broad market
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When you invest your money in a well diversified list of bonds combining these features, you may feel assured that you are adhering to the principles underlying judicious investment.

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$5,000

At $5,000 to $10,000 a mile, first mortgage 5% and 6% Bonds of railroads earning double interest or more, are safe investments. The opportunities for enhancement of principal are notable. We offer such securities at a price to yield 5¼% and upwards.

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W. N. COLER & CO.,
43 Cedar Street, N. Y. City
$145,000. City of Rensselaer N. Y., 4½%
100,000. " " Gloversville, N. Y., 4⅛%
38,000. Clinton Co., N. Y., 4½%
9,000. City of Passaic, N. J., 4%
12,000. Village of St. Johnsville, N. Y., 4.30%
All legal investments for New York Savings Banks.
Price and detail description furnished on application.

International Nickel Securities
Du Pont Powder Common
Park & Tilford 6s
Genesee & Wyoming R. R. 5s
Autosales Gum & Chocolate Securities
Western Pacific Ry. Stock
General Motors Securities
United States Motor Securities
Union Typewriter Securities

S. H. P. PELL & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
Dealers in Unlisted and Inactive Securities.
Tel. 7865-6-7-8-9 Hanover. 37 Wall St., N. Y.

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MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.
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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION

Crop news was the dominating influence last week, but other factors contributed to the irregularity which the stock market displayed. In addition to the uneasiness which was created by reports of severe damage to the corn crop, another cause of security market disturbance was found in the Moroccan developments, which were more influential abroad, however, than in this market. Chief among the favorable incidents of the week was the very excellent cotton report issued last Monday, which exceeded the expectations even of those who had been most hopeful regarding the outlook for that crop. These were the chief of the matters considered in connection with last week's stock market movements, though this list does not exhaust the developments of more or less direct bearing on financial affairs which the week's record supplied. Trading was at all times in relatively limited volume, and this was true both on the decline at midweek and on the later recovery. By the close of the week transactions had fallen to the smallest total recorded since last March. The corn crop "scare" on Wednesday caused a sharp reaction in the general list, including most of the leading active issues, but the advent of rain in many of the grain-growing States, as well as further precipitation in the cotton belt reported the following day, brought an abrupt change in the position of the market, and prices rose even as readily as they had previously declined. Perhaps the most noteworthy feature of the market was the limited amount of the buying and selling which brought about these considerable changes in prices. So nearly did advances and declines offset each other that the average quotation of the leading active issues, including railroads and industrials, showed very little change at the end of the week. The former showed a small gain and the latter a small loss.

As is usual with the Summer crop scares the damage done by the excessive heat, which was not relieved until the second half of last week, was apparently much exaggerated. So far as the corn crop is concerned, it seems very clear that only continued bad weather would bear out the predictions of loss in yield which were made last week on no greater justification than that supplied by excessive temperatures over a large portion of the corn belt, which was not continued long enough to do the harm to the crop which was so freely predicted last Wednesday when corn rose as much as 5 cents a bushel and wheat advanced about 2 cents. The reports which came to hand following the subsequent rainfall showed that conditions had been much improved, and reports from many points indicated that very little real damage had been done to the corn crop. The Government's report giving the condition on July 1 is due to-day. If it proves in any degree as favorable as was the cotton report last week there will be added reasons for the expectation of plentiful farm yields this year. It cannot be hoped, of course, that the grain report, like the cotton report, will show improvement during June, for sufficient damage to the wheat crop appears to have been established to preclude a higher condition of wheat than was reported in the June estimate of the Department of Agriculture. There would, however, have to be very considerable impairment of the promise held forth a month ago to justify any feeling of uneasiness over the outlook for this year's grain yields. Regarding the cotton situation, it is sufficient to point out that the advance in condition from 87.8 on May 25 to 88.2 on June 25 showed that the reports of damage which were circulated a month ago were without real foundation. Last week's report showed a higher condition than at the corresponding date in any year since 1898. That in itself is a most hopeful indication, but beyond this is the fact that the acreage is the largest ever planted to cotton. The Government's figures indicated a probable yield of 14,425,000 bales, which if realized would greatly exceed any cotton crop previously harvested. When it is borne in mind how very important this crop is not only to trade and industry at home, but also to our foreign commerce, it is easier to realize the fundamental importance of last week's cotton crop report. Most gratifying, too, is the fact that since the date of this report conditions in the cotton belt have been generally favorable.

Particular interest attaches at this season to the course of the bond market because of the share which the reinvestment demand plays in the absorption of securities. There was no increase in bond activity last week, though a slightly better tone appeared to be developing, suggesting a possible expansion in the demand for bonds somewhat later in the month. Of the reinvestment demand itself, however, it is true that more and more each year investors anticipate their requirements and provide for the reinvestment of their semi-annual income from securities by purchases made in advance of the actual distribution of interest and dividend money. Relatively few issues of new securities appear to be waiting announcement, which fact will allow all the greater opportunity for the absorption of existing supplies of bonds through any expansion which may take place in the investment demand.

Continued loss of cash by the banks last week, following the very large reduction in their surplus reserve during the preceding week, brought an extraordinary change in the surplus reserve position of the Clearing House banks. Two weeks ago these institutions held over $51,000,000 cash in excess of their reserve requirements. Saturday's bank statement showed that this surplus had been reduced to $3,852,500. Prominent among the factors contributing to this very unusual reduction in surplus were the payments made to the Treasury, including subscriptions to the Panama bond issue. It became known more than a week ago that the New York banks would be called upon to finance the payment of $42,000,000 out of the total issue of $50,000,000, and it seemed clear that this operation would result in a very considerable reduction in the surplus reserve. This effect has been produced to an extent greater than had been anticipated, but without the slightest effect upon interest rates, which, if anything, were easier last week than they had been the week before. This fact in itself is a sufficient indication of the ease with which the extraordinary cash demands made upon the New York banks during the past fortnight have been met. When, however, it is considered that the payments on the Panama bonds have not yet been completed, about $14,000,000 still remaining to be paid through the New York banks, it may reasonably be expected that interest rates will become firmer. There has, however, been great pressure of funds seeking employment and it is still possible, in the light of the events of the last two weeks, that even this very large cash loss will fail to stiffen the money market just at this time. The influence of this loss in cash, however, will necessarily be felt when the New York banks are called upon to meet the crop-moving demands of the Fall. Already some Southern banks are making loans from their New York correspondents, and with the advance of the season the demand for such loans will naturally increase.

General trade reports told of quiet in nearly all lines, but the steel trade was an exception, for there an increase in output was reported. The Iron Age, in its weekly review, reported that the blast furnaces of the Steel Corporation were being operated to the extent of 73 per cent. of their capacity, which compares with about 63 per cent. a little over a month ago. Thus are the fruits of the steel price revision becoming more and more apparent. The June record of iron production showed that the iron output of the steel-manufacturing companies increased during the month, although the totalp roduction, owing to a decline in the output of merchant furnaces, showed a small falling off.

THE MARKETS OF EUROPE

MOROCCO COLLAPSES BOERSE.

Fears of Fresh Political Crises Also Cause Heavy Liquidation.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 9.—The new crisis in Morocco and fears of fresh political complications completely dominated the Boerse last week. Wholesale realizations and a corresponding slump in prices occurred in practically all issues.

More reassuring reports caused a partial recovery toward the end of the week, but the market remains in a state of nervous uncertainty and inactivity.

Heavy selling of Canadian Pacifics was one of the conspicuous features of the week. Money continues comparatively easy.

SLUMP ON BOURSE.

Germany's Intervention in Morocco and Balkan Situation Cause It.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 9.—Germany's intervention in the Moroccan crisis and the trouble in the Balkans had a serious effect on the Bourse at the beginning of the week, more especially as the events came after a rather difficult settlement.

Despite better news on Friday, the market improved but little, and the Bourse closed without having recovered from the great general slump of Monday.

There is, however, a tendency toward a rise, and barring any complication in foreign politics, a better tone is hoped for next week.

Rios closed slightly better. Atchison and Telephone stock dealings were insignificant.

PIG IRON STEADIED BY CURTAILMENTS

Furnaces Suspend Through Expiration of Coke Contracts and Exhaustion of Excess Stocks.

BASIC IRON AVERAGE HIGHER

New Bar Iron Mill Wage Scale Still Pending—Extreme Heat Checks Business—Coke Output.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, July 9.—Following the making up of the monthly averages on basic and Bessemer iron selling prices last week the discovery was made of extensive shading by one or two Valley furnace interests on basic during the last half of June. It has developed that one furnace interest disposed of fully 20,000 tons of basic iron for prompt and near by deliveries at $12.65 to $12.75, furnace—executing a remarkable coup, and ridding its yards of much surplus stocks at a time when brokers were offering resale basic iron at $13, Valley furnace, and the other Valley furnaces were asking $13.25.

The incident did not become generally known until the casting up of the month's sales to strike the June average revealed it. It will lower the average for June to a shade under the $13 minimum—the first time the monthly basic average has gone under $13 in Pittsburg and Valleys districts since 1904. The average had been announced earlier in the week as $13.06, Valleys, or $13.96, delivered Pittsburg, but this discovery will change the figures.

Present prices of spot basic have been upheld against this bear influence, however, owing to the extensive curtailment of output in this territory since the middle of June. The principal seller of this bargain iron has withdrawn the extreme minimum and has gone out of blast, and furnaces are quoting $13.15 to $13.25, Valley furnace, for prompt basic on inquiries now in the market. Prices of other grades have not suffered, the Bessemer interests having made good their boast to hold that grade to the $15, Valleys, basis, in the face of a number of small brokerage offerings at a shade under that price. Foundry iron makers are as a rule asking $13.75 for any deliveries of No. 2 iron during the present half, although occasional small lots of prompt No. 2 have been picked up at $13.50 to $13.60, furnace. There are still large inquiries pending for foundry iron for last half.

A steadying influence in pig iron is supplied by the drastic curtailment of operations at the valley and lake furnaces which went into effect with the close of the half year. Six merchant furnaces went out of blast in Western Pennsylvania and valley districts, and four more suspended in Cleveland and lake districts. This action was only partly due to the low prices the furnaces were able to realize on spot iron. It was mainly the result of the combination of expiring coke contracts on which the furnaces had been obligated up to July 1 and the exhaustion of the stocks of lake ores carried over from last season. Most of these furnaces did not contract for any lake ore supplies for this season at the time lake navigation opened. All had excess stocks from last season, and the extent of these excess stocks of 1910 ore can be realized by the output records that have been made by the independent merchant furnaces, half of which have been enabled to work steadily up till the last of June or the first week in July without any deliveries of 1911 ore.

With coke contracts running out simultaneously with the exhaustion of this held-over ore supply, and little prospect of any better prices for pig iron, the merchant interests accepted the situation and closed for the present. Stocks of pig iron are little, if any, larger than they were on June 1, so that consideration was not the principal influence in the present curtailment.

There was good demand during the opening days of the month for crude steel for third-quarter shipment. Active contracting was reported during the week in billets and sheet bars. Official prices, $21, mill, for billets, and $22 for sheet and tin bars, are reported.

The open-hearth departments of the larger Pittsburg plants did not take as long an idle period over the Fourth as was anticipated, on account of this freshening demand. Specifications by the sheet and tin plate interests for crude bars for July and August deliveries show that heavy August operations are anticipated.

In some finished lines, notably in wire, new bookings are on a much heavier basis than are specifications on running contracts—and this in the face of the known fact of low stocks in all jobbing lines of steel. The extreme heat throughout the country during the week checked business activity, and it is thought calls for immediate shipments are more likely to be postponed rather than indefinitely pigeonholed. The momentum gained in forward buying in June has not expended itself, although shipments for the first half of this month promise to be small.

Negotiations over the bar iron mill wage scale for the year beginning July 1 have not yet reached a basis of settlement in the plants of the Western Bar Iron Association. The organization has a continuous working clause by which the mills may operate for a month after the expiration of the old scale pending a settlement, so that negotiations can continue up to Aug. 1 before the plants are forced to close. The Republic Iron and Steel Company, which signed two weeks ago, already is working under the new scale, and last week the Crucible Steel Company, which operates puddling mills in the Pittsburg district, signed the new agreement "without prejudice," to continue in force until the Western Bar Iron Association and the Amalgamated Association reach an agreement. The bar iron mills will be slow in resuming, while the skelp and pipe plants have prepared for at least a month's idleness on account of lack of demand. There are a few exceptions to this general idleness in the bar iron trade, and railroad orders for iron bars for prompt delivery are responsible for these. The manufacturers will endeavor to avoid a conference with the Sons of Vulcan, the rival labor organization to the Amalgamated Association, and will demand that the Amalgamated Association protect them in the operation of their plants. Last year the conflict between the two labor organizations, who submitted separate scales, prevented some of the larger puddling plants in this district from getting in full operation until after Aug. 15.

Prompt furnace coke continues to be quoted at $1.50 to $1.60 at Connellsville oven; on contract the minimum is $1.60. This compares with $1.45 for prompt and $1.55 for contract, the minimums at the middle of June. Demurrage and other cheap coke has been absorbed. Labor troubles have handicapped the coking plants of one or two large consumers, who usually produce enough coke to satisfy their needs, and these interests have been buying prompt lots in the open market for some weeks. The intensely hot weather also has reduced output and rendered deliveries uncertain. Including a number of large contracts closed last week, there has been a total of 250,000 to 800,000 tons of Connellsville furnace coke contracted for from the merchant ovens of the field for second half delivery. Inquiry will be relatively light for a week or two, practically all the furnace interests that expect to operate during July having contracted for their requirements.

Output of coke in the Connellsville field for the week ended July 1 was 275,950 tons, a gain of 2,500 tons over the preceding week. The week just ended will show a drop in production, of course, on account of the Fourth of July holiday season. The total for the week ended July 1 was the largest week's total during June. The curtailment during the quarter is indicated, however, by comparison with the figures for the closing week of the first quarter, the seven days ended April 1, when the output was 368,029 tons. In the quarter just closed 3,784,349 tons of furnace and foundry coke were produced in the Connellsville field, against 5,318,345 tons in the corresponding quarter of 1910, 3,451,239 tons in the same quarter of 1909, and 2,073,638 tons in 1908. The second quarter of 1907 still holds the record for this period of the year in the Connellsville region, with a total of 5,418,969 tons.

COUPON PANAMAS HELD UP.

Delay in Printing This Form of Bond Complicates Exchange Contracts.

Before the $50,000,000 issue of Panama 3s was offered to bidders unofficial news from Washington told of the printing of the bonds in advance. Last week subscribers learned that the coupon form of the bond was not ready, and would in all probability not be ready for delivery until well into August. The new registered bonds are being delivered daily at the Sub-Treasury, but the printing of the coupon form was apparently more of a task than the Bureau of Engraving and Printing counted on. The issue is in small denominations as compared with the bonds which have been in demand by the banks as security for circulation, and as they bear quarterly interest there must be printed besides the 50,000 sheets representing $1,000 principal each, 200 coupons to each bond representing the quarterly interest payments extending over fifty years. Of course the full $50,000,000 will hardly have to be printed in coupon form. Hitherto the demand for registered bonds has been overwhelmingly greater at the time of issuance of a Government issue, and the call for coupon form has come as the bonds have gradually drifted into private hands. The large diffusion of the new 3 per cent. issue among the public at the outset was seemingly not taken into account by the Government.

Stock market information of value to investors with latest reports on the commodities markets and the situation in Steel and Copper in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Reliable quotation lists, range of prices for many years, railroad earnings, prices of every bond and stock dealt in on the Exchanges and the Curb. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a year. Holder for the Review sent for One Dollar. —Adv.

OIL COMPANIES MAY BE GROUPED AFTER SPLIT

Stockholders Guess That Compliance with Decision Will Not Prevent Realignment.

It developed last week in discussions with Standard Oil Directors that the prospects for an early completion of the plan by which the company is to comply with the decision of the Supreme Court are remote, and that the six months allowed by the court for obedience to the mandate of the lower court, which it upheld, does not begin until the lower court has filed its order. This has not been done yet. In discussing the monumental labor necessary to a splitting up of the company into its subsidiaries a Director last wek said that it would be necessary in order to comply with the decision as it was interpreted to divide into as many companies as there were subsidiaries of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey. There are sixty-six subsidiaries of the Standard Oil Company, but only thirty-three are named in the Government suit. Some of the remaining thirty-three do a purely intra-State business, and it was the opinion freely expressed among Standard stockholders in the financial district, who in the past have proved themselves closely in touch with the company's affairs, that when the new form of organization was completed it would be along lines of a division of the business according to territory.

With a combination of the underlying companies in each State, the organization might be made much less unwieldy than if left in the completely divorced shape indicated in the mandate requiring the distribution of the stocks.

The sixty-six subsidiaries divide into six groups: Refining companies, lubricating oil and compounding companies, crude oil producing companies, pipe line and other transportation companies, marketing companies, and natural gas companies.

Any reorganization into divisions representing the various departments of the business would be open to the same objections by the Federal authorities, it is believed, as the present organization. The existing subsidiaries have their organizations in thirteen different States, but Pennsylvania with seventeen, Ohio with nine, and New York with eight lead the list. With the fifteen foreign companies the law of the United States is not, of course, concerned.

The labor of making an equable division of the assets of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, aside from the task of perfecting plans for a reorganization that will comply with the law and at the same time be effective, is more easily appreciated when it is recollected that the separate capitalization of the companies named in the Government's case ranged from $50,000 to more than $25,000,000, with dividend rates and book values of the various stocks showing wide differences, the magnitude of the task of making an equable distribution of their stocks may be appreciated.

One of the companies with a capital of $5,000,000 made profits of $5,506,237, and its stock had a book value of more than $20,000,000. Another, by contrast, with a capitalization of $10,000,000, showed profits in that year of $2,803,056, and its stock had a book value of $3,364,712.

The problem of dividing the properties among shareholders is further complicated by the fractional distributions which would be necessary to give stockholders in the $100,000,000 holding company a part in such subsidiaries, for instance, as have a capital of $100,000 or less.

During the four years since the suits were instituted there have been a number of substantial revisions upward in the capitalization of the Standard Oil subsidiaries which may materially simplify the problem of stock distribution.

Whatever arrangement is made about distributing the stocks through which the New Jersey corporation kept its hold on the oil business, control of the resultant organization will remain just where it is now. John D. Rockefeller held about 25 per cent. of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey shares, according to testimony obtained when the Government suit was being heard. He would naturally hold the same relative importance in any new arrangement. The remaining 250,000 shares approximately necessary to make up an actual majority are apportioned among many old associates of Mr. Rockefeller or their estates. The greatest problem which would confront small stockholders should their company be split into all of its constituents, would probably be the task of determining the value of the respective shares. No annual reports are published of any of the Standard Oil subsidiaries or of the parent company itself, and information obtainable by the public has been practically limited to that contained in the report of the Commissioner of Corporations on the Standard Oil Company, issued in 1907, which was the basis of the suit against the company.

The Selection of Railroad Bonds

The selection of railroad bonds for investment should be governed not alone by the rate of income which the bond brings, but by the many factors which determine its intrinsic worth, such as the value and location of the property mortgaged, the earning power of the issuing company and the opportunity for an increase in the principal invested.

Our pamphlet *"Railroad Bonds as Investments"* contains a brief description of the different classes of railroad bonds, together with a summary of the essential points to be considered in selecting such bonds for investment.

This pamphlet, together with a copy of our *July Circular of Investments*, may be had upon request.

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NOTICE

is hereby given that St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad Company, pursuant to Article Three of the Trust Agreement hereinafter referred to, by notice in writing to the undersigned of its intention so to do, has elected to require the holders of $4,000,000 face amount, being all of its Seven-Year Four and One-Half Per Cent. Gold Notes issued under and secured by a Trust Agreement, dated February 1, 1905, between St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad Company and Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee, and numbered from 1 consecutively upwards to 4,000, inclusive, to deliver said Gold Notes held by them respectively to St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad Company, or on its order, on August 1, 1911, for payment and redemption at their face value and accrued interest; said August 1, 1911, being an interest date designated in each of said Gold Notes, in said Trust Agreement, and in said notice; that all of said Gold Notes outstanding will be paid and redeemed on said August 1, 1911, by said St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad Company at the office of said Trustee, Bankers Trust Company, No. 7 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, N. Y., at their face value and accrued interest thereon to said August 1, 1911; and that upon said August 1, 1911, both principal and interest of said Gold Notes will become due and payable, and the holders of said Gold Notes are hereby required to surrender for delivery to said Railroad Company for such payment and redemption said Gold Notes with coupons maturing on and after said August 1, 1911, at the office of said Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee, and that interest upon said Gold Notes shall cease on said August 1, 1911.

Dated at New York this 3d day of July, 1911.
BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE CORPORATE BONDS OF THE SOMERSET COAL COMPANY

Secured by its Mortgage or Deed of Trust, dated Jan. 28, 1902.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the said SOMERSET COAL COMPANY will redeem ALL of its outstanding bonds on the first day of August, 1911, that being a semi-annual interest date, in accordance with the provisions contained in the Mortgage or Deed of Trust, dated January 28, 1902, from the Somerset Coal Company to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Trustee.

Said bonds will be redeemed and payment therefor made at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, New York, the place at which said bonds and the interest coupons thereto attached are made payable.

Holders of the said bonds are notified to present them for payment at the office of the said Guaranty Trust Company of New York, on the first day of August, 1911, at which time and place they will receive, as provided in said Mortgage or Deed of Trust:

110% of the face or Par value of each bond with accrued interest to August 1st, 1911, and at which date all interest on said bonds will cease.

Dated at Baltimore, Maryland, the 23rd day of February, 1911.

J. H. WHEELWRIGHT,
Vice President, Somerset Coal Company.

The Company having deposited funds with the Guaranty Trust Company of New York for the redemption of the above bonds, holders thereof may present them to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, at any time on or after this date, and will receive therefor 110 and accrued interest.

T. K. STUART, Treasurer.
Baltimore, Maryland, February 23rd, 1911.

BOSTON COPPER GOSSIP.

Osceola Costs Reduced Under New Management—June Production.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 9.—The report of Osceola, issued last week for six months, reveals the fact that under the Calumet & Hecla management costs have been reduced to 9.05 cents, which is believed to be a record for Lake Superior. The net profits for the period were $324,250, which is within $12,000 of dividend requirements.

The Boston Stock Exchange has stricken from its list Atlantic and Superior and Pittsburg.

During June the Copper Range Mines produced 2,699 tons of copper, against 2,655 in May.

Franklin's June output was 74 tons of mineral, making a total of 477 for the first six months of 1911, against 350 tons a year ago.

Wolverine's production of mineral in June was 552 tons, against 513 in May and 556 a year ago, and the yield per ton (29.3 pounds) is the best of any of the Michigan mines.

Mohawk produced 735 tons of mineral in June; for the six months the amount is 85 tons larger than last year. The ore is running better than 17 pounds to the ton.

Quincy's output during June was 1,375 tons of mineral, an increase of 40 tons over May. For the six months, 7,992 tons in 1911, 8,280 in 1910.

Hancock stamped 5,998 tons of rock in June, producing 116,641 pounds of copper. The yield was 19.45 pounds per ton.

Ahmeek's ore is said to be averaging 17 to 18 pounds of copper to the ton of rock.

Two lodes have been encountered by Mayflower's No. 14 drill, which is now down 800 feet.

Shannon produced 549 tons of blister copper in June, and Calumet and Arizona 1,828 tons.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Forecast for cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina and Georgia—Local showers Monday and Tuesday; light to moderate southerly winds.

Florida—Local thundershowers Monday and Tuesday; light to moderate east and southeast winds.

Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Local thundershowers Monday and Tuesday; not much change in temperature; light to moderate southeasterly winds.

Eastern Texas—Local thundershowers Monday and probably Tuesday; moderate southeasterly winds.

Western Texas—Local thundershowers Monday. Tuesday probably fair.

Utah—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday.

Oklahoma—Local showers and somewhat warmer Monday. Tuesday probably fair.

Arkansas, Tennessee, and Kentucky—Generally fair, except probably local thundershowers Monday and Tuesday.

Ohio—Generally fair, except probably local thundershowers Monday and Tuesday; moderate south and southwest winds.

Indiana and Illinois—Local thundershowers Monday; slightly lower temperature in northern portions; Tuesday unsettled; moderate southerly winds.

Lower Michigan—Local thundershowers Monday; slightly lower temperature. Tuesday unsettled; moderate south and southwest winds.

Upper Michigan—Local showers Monday or Monday night; cooler in eastern portion. Tuesday unsettled; moderate westerly winds.

Wisconsin and Minnesota—Overcast Monday. Tuesday fair; moderate temperatures; light to moderate westerly winds.

Iowa—Local thundershowers Monday. Tuesday probably fair and cooler.

Missouri—Local thundershowers Monday. Tuesday clearing; not much change in temperature.

North Dakota—Overcast Monday. Tuesday fair; moderate temperature.

South Dakota—Overcast and cooler Monday. Tuesday fair, with moderate temperature.

Nebraska—Overcast Monday. Tuesday fair and cooler.

Kansas—Overcast Monday, probably showers in eastern portion. Tuesday fair and cooler.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

SALES OF STOCK IN THE WEEK ENDED JULY 8. TOTAL WEEK'S SALES, 1,081,929.

Range for Year 1910. High	Range for Year 1910. Low	Range for Year 1911. High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Closing Saturday, July 8. Bid.	Ask	Week's Net Change.	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid. Date.	Per Cent	Period.	Range for Week Ended July 8. First	High	Low	Last	Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended July 8, '11.
251	245	245	June 13.	235	Jan. 20.	235	242	..	**Adams Express Co.**	100	$12,000,000	June 1, '11.	8	Q	234	234	234	234	..	6
54¾	27	34	Feb. 3.	25	Apr. 21.	28¼	30	— 2	Allis-Chalmers Co. pf.	100	16,050,000	Feb. 1, '04.	1¾	..	29½	29½	28	28	30	800
90¾	55⅛	71⅝	June 19.	59⅝	Apr. 18.	69½	69⅝	— ⅛	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	153,887,900	May 29, '11.	50c	Q	69	70⅛	67¼	69½	60⅛	45,100
49½	35	60½	May 18.	46	Jan. 3.	57½	58	..	American Agricultural Chem. Co.	100	17,215,600	....	..	..	58	58	57½	57½	40½	400
47¼	24	56⅝	June 12.	39¾	Jan. 12.	51¼	51¾	— 1	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	15,000,000			..	51¾	51¾	50½	51¼	32	5,500
91½	83¾	97	Feb. 27.	90	Jan. 6.	93½	94	+ ⅝	Am. Brake Shoe & Foundry Co.	100	3,600,000	June 30, '11.	1¾	Q	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝	..	100
13⅞	6⅞	12¼	May 9.	8⅞	Jan. 6.	10½	10⅞	+ ⅛	American Can Co.	100	41,233,300	....		..	10⅝	10¾	10¼	10½	8¼	1,900
82¼	62	88⅞	May 23.	77	Jan. 5.	85½	85⅝	+ ⅝	American Can Co. pf.	100	41,233,300	July 1, '11.	1¼	Q	84¾	85½	84¾	85⅛	68⅛	1,600
72⅞	39½	57½	Feb. 8.	50¼	Jan. 3.	56⅝	56⅞	..	American Car & Foundry Co.	100	30,000,000	July 1, '11.	½	Q	56	56⅝	55	56½	50	8,000
120	109	120	May 23.	114¼	Mar. 13.	117	118	..	American Car & Foundry Co. pf.	100	30,000,000	July 1, '11.	1¾	Q	116	116	116	116	110	10
..	..	96	July 6.	96	July 6.	75	100	—15	American Coal Co.	25	1,500,000	Mar. 1, '11.	3	SA	96	96	96	96	..	100
69¾	52⅛	62⅝	Feb. 28.	49¼	May 22.	53⅝	54½	+ 2	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	20,237,100	June 1, '11.	2½	SA	52¼	54½	52¼	53⅝	59¼	2,700
301	237	245	Mar. 27.	228	Jan. 20.	232	238	..	American Express Co.	100	18,000,000	July 1, '11.	8	Q	233	233	233	233	..	15
8⅛	4	5	June 14.	3¾	Jan. 25.	4½	5¼	..	American Hide & Leather Co.	100	11,274,100	....		..	5	5	5	5	5	500
47⅞	19	26⅝	June 14.	20	Jan. 10.	24½	25	— 1¼	American Hide & Leather Co. pf.	100	12,548,300	Aug. 15, '05.	1	..	25⅝	25⅝	24	24	30½	800
29¼	16⅝	25½	Mar. 14.	17¾	Jan. 17.	24⅛	24¼	+ 1¾	American Ice Securities Co.	100	10,047,000	July 20, '07.	1¾	..	22¾	24½	22¼	24¼	23	4,550
46⅞	25½	34	Feb. 14.	30	Apr. 21.	30½	32½	— ½	American Linseed Co. pf.	100	16,750,000	Sept. 1, '00.	1¾	..	31⅜	31¾	30¼	30¾	26	500
48	28½	42½	June 22.	31½	Mar. 8.	40	41	— ¼	American Malt Corp. pf.	100	8,696,800	May 2, '11.	1	SA	40½	40½	39½	40½	30½	650
104	61⅜	83⅞	June 15.	70⅝	Apr. 18.	80	80⅛	+ ⅝	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co.	100	50,000,000	Apr. 15, '11.	1	Q	79⅞	80⅝	78⅝	80⅛	69¼	20,150
112¾	98¼	108½	June 15.	103⅛	Jan. 3.	107½	108	+ ½	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co. pf.	100	50,000,000	July 1, '11.	1¾	Q	106½	106½	106½	106½	101	200
90⅞	82	89	Feb. 2.	86	Mar. 8.	88¼	88¾	— ¼	Amer. Smelting Securities pf. B	100	30,000,000	June 1, '11.	1¼	Q	88¼	88¼	88¼	88¼	85	100
66	38	52½	Feb. 9.	36	July 7.	37¼	39	— 4⅝	American Steel Foundries	100	16,218,000	May 15, '11.	1¼	Q	40⅛	40⅛	36	37⅛	53	2,525
143⅜	126¾	153⅛	June 8.	137⅛	July 6.	138¼	138⅝	— ⅞	Amer. Telephone & Telegraph Co.	100	275,386,300	Apr. 15, '11.	2	Q	139⅞	139⅞	137⅞	138¼	132⅝	9,325
..	..	7¼	June 26.	6 23-32	July 6.	..	..	— ⅛	American Tel. & Tel. rights	...	....	..		..	6 31-32	6 31-32	6 23-32	6⅞	..	21,659
99¾	90½	102	May 18.	93½	Jan. 4.	94⅝	95	— 1½	American Tobacco Co. pf.	100	78,689,100	July 1, '11.	1½	Q	95	95	94½	94½	92	1,820
39½	25⅛	36½	Mar. 21.	30½	Jan. 3.	31½	32	+ ⅜	American Woolen Co.	100	29,501,100			..	32½	32½	32	32⅜	27	300
104	90⅛	96¼	June 15.	86½	May 29.	91½	91⅝	— 1⅜	American Woolen Co. pf.	100	40,000,000	Apr. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	92	92	91½	91⅝	92½	400
..	..	34⅛	Feb. 7.	27¾	May 17.	29½	30½	+ ¾	American Writing Paper Co. pf.	100	12,500,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1	SA	29½	30½	29½	30	..	800
54	33½	41⅛	June 13.	36⅛	Apr. 18.	39¾	40½	— ¼	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	25	108,312,500	Apr. 19, '11.	50c	Q	40¼	40¼	39	40	36⅞	1,500
124⅛	90¾	116⅝	June 5.	100⅝	Jan. 3.	112	112⅛	— ¾	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	100	168,475,000	June 1, '11.	1½	Q	111⅞	112⅝	110½	112	97⅞	35,200
104¼	97	105½	June 12.	100⅜	Jan. 3.	102½	103	+ ⅜	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe pf.	100	114,199,500	Feb. 1, '11.	2½	SA	103½	103⅛	103	103⅛	100¼	325
137½	102½	132¼	June 14.	117	Jan. 3.	128	129	— ½	Atlantic Coast Line	100	56,964,400	Jan. 10, '11.	3	SA	127¾	128	127¼	128	109	900
119⅛	100¼	109½	Jan. 31.	102	Feb. 24.	107¾	108¼	— 1⅛	**Baltimore & Ohio**	100	152,304,800	Mar. 1, '11.	3	SA	108⅛	108⅝	107½	108	108⅛	4,900
94	87¼	91	Jan. 4.	87¼	Mar. 21.	89	90	+ 1	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	100	60,000,000	Mar. 1, '11.	2	SA	90	90	90	90	89	200
3½	2	2⅛	Jan. 27.	1⅝	June 28.	1½	1¾	..	Batopilas Mining	20	8,931,980	Dec. 31, '07.	12½c	..	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾	..	100
34⅞	21	34⅝	June 19.	29	Jan. 12.	33	33¾	— ½	Bethlehem Steel Corporation	100	14,862,000	....		..	33	33	32¾	32¾	23	900
65	49	64½	Apr. 7.	59	Jan. 3.	62	62½	— ½	Bethlehem Steel Corporation pf.	100	14,908,000	Feb. 1, '07.	¾	..	62	62½	62	62½	..	200
82¾	68½	83	June 8.	74⅛	Jan. 3.	82¼	82⅝	+ ⅞	Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.	100	45,000,000	July 1, '11.	1¼	Q	81	82⅝	80	82⅝	75⅞	18,600
164½	125	145½	June 8.	135	Jan. 3.	142	144	..	Brooklyn Union Gas Co.	100	17,998,500	July 1, '11.	1½	Q	144	144	144	144	134½	10
18⅛	8	10⅞	Feb. 15.	9	Jan. 9.	9	10	— ⅝	Brunswick T. & Ry. Securities Co.	100	7,000,000	....		..	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	..	100
107	95	126	Feb. 8.	108	Jan. 27.	110	120	..	Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg	100	10,500,000	Feb. 15, '11.	2½	SA	110	110	110	110	..	1
202⅝	176¾	243⅛	June 23.	195⅝	Jan. 3.	239⅝	239⅞	— 1⅜	**Canadian Pacific**	100	179,995,800	June 30, '11.	2½	Q	240	240	236	239½	187⅝	16,600
48¾	25¼	33⅝	Feb. 2.	26	Apr. 24.	30	30¼	+ ¼	Central Leather Co.	100	39,574,100	....		..	30	30½	30	30½	32¼	200
109¼	99¼	105	Feb. 10.	98¼	Apr. 22.	100	101	+ ½	Central Leather Co. pf.	100	33,264,100	July 1, '11.	1¾	Q	100½	100½	100½	100½	104½	170
92	65	86¾	Feb. 8.	77	Apr. 24.	81¼	81½	— ⅜	Chesapeake & Ohio	100	62,793,700	June 30, '11.	1¼	Q	81½	82¼	80¾	81½	73⅝	10,770
36⅞	19	25¼	June 5.	20⅛	Apr. 19.	22¾	23	— ½	Chicago Great Western	100	44,989,500			..	23	23	22⅝	22⅝	24	900
64⅛	40	49¼	Feb. 6.	42	Apr. 25.	44½	46	— ½	Chicago Great Western pf.	100	40,947,300	....		..	44½	44½	44½	44½	46¼	300
158⅜	113¾	133½	Feb. 7.	117	Apr. 18.	125⅝	125⅞	— ⅞	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	100	116,348,200	Mar. 1, '11.	3½	SA	126⅜	126⅜	123⅝	125⅝	122	24,900
172¼	143	155½	Feb. 6.	147	Jan. 3.	153	153¾	..	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pf.	100	116,274,900	Mar. 1, '11.	3½	SA	153	153	153	153	146⅝	100
182½	137¼	150½	June 12.	142½	Jan. 5.	146½	148	..	Chicago & Northwestern	100	130,121,700	July 1, '11.	1¾	SA	147	148	146	148	142½	700
165	164½	157	July 7.	152	Feb. 18.	155	165	+ 2	Chicago, St. P., Minn. & Omaha pf.	100	11,256,800	Feb. 20, '11.	3½	SA	157	157	157	157	..	180
..	..	25¾	May 19.	21½	Apr. 7.	22⅞	23	— ⅝	Chino Copper	5	3,500,000	....		..	23¼	23¼	22½	22⅞	..	2,500
92¼	61	66	Jan. 18.	56½	Apr. 25.	58	59½	..	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis	100	47,056,300	Sept. 1, '10.	2	..	59½	59½	59½	59½	74¾	10
104	99	98	Feb. 1.	94½	July 8.	..	100	— 2¼	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis pf.	100	10,000,000	Apr. 20, '11.	1¼	Q	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼	..	100
50	22½	36⅝	Feb. 6.	28½	Apr. 22.	34⅝	35	— ¼	Colorado Fuel & Iron	100	34,235,500	Apr. 15, '02.	1¾	..	34¼	34¼	34¼	34¼	32⅝	100
120	107	112	May 25.	110	Mar. 23.	..	113	— 2	Colorado Fuel & Iron pf.	100	2,000,000	Feb. 20, '03.	4	..	110	110	110	110	110	200
65¾	46	60	Jan. 18.	51	Apr. 18.	54	55	..	Colorado & Southern	100	31,000,000	Dec. 31, '10.	2	A	55	55	55	55	54⅞	20
83	70	82	June 30.	74¼	Mar. 27.	81⅜	82½	..	Colorado & Southern 1st pf.	100	8,500,000	Apr. 1, '11.	2	SA	82	82	82	82	75	530
160⅝	122½	148½	June 6.	135¾	Jan. 3.	145¼	146	— ⅛	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	99,816,500	June 15, '11.	1½	Q	145¼	146	144⅝	145¼	132¾	2,700
23¼	11½	15¾	May 17.	13½	Jan. 10.	14½	15	..	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	49,756,500			..	14⅝	14¾	14	14¾	14	300
86⅞	70⅝	85	May 29.	74½	Jan. 10.	81	82	— ⅛	Corn Products Refining Co. pf.	100	29,818,600	Apr. 10, '11.	2	Q	82	82	81⅛	81½	73⅝	600
185	149¼	174⅞	June 8.	164¼	Jan. 3.	170	171⅞	..	**Delaware & Hudson**	100	42,503,000	June 20, '11.	2¼	Q	171⅞	171⅞	171⅞	171⅞	159	10
620	490	560	June 5.	510	Feb. 9.	530	545	—11	Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	50	30,277,000	Apr. 20, '11.	2½	Q	535	535	535	535	..	200
52	23¼	35	Feb. 15.	27⅛	June 22.	28	28¾	— ½	Denver & Rio Grande	100	38,000,000	....		..	28	28	27⅞	28	30	500
84	62⅝	74	Feb. 21.	55¼	June 22.	57	58	— ⅝	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	100	49,773,600	Jan. 16, '11.	2½	..	57½	58¼	57⅛	57⅛	70⅞	825
36¾	25¼	38¼	Mar. 1.	32⅜	Jan. 11.	36¼	37	+ ½	Distillers' Securities Corporation	100	30,784,000	Apr. 29, '11.	½	Q	36	36½	35⅝	36½	27⅝	1,300
34⅝	17	30⅛	Mar. 30.	22	June 6.	20	27	+ 1	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic pf.	100	10,000,000	....		..	26	26	26	26	22	200
34⅝	19½	38⅜	July 1.	27¼	Jan. 11.	36¾	37	— 1	**Erie**	100	112,378,900	....		..	37⅝	37⅝	36¼	36⅞	25	62,130
52¾	35	61¼	July 1.	45⅝	Jan. 12.	58⅜	58⅞	— 2	Erie 1st pf.	100	47,892,400	Feb. 20, '07.	2	..	60½	61	58	58½	42⅛	24,000
42	26¼	49¾	July 1.	35	Jan. 9.	47¼	48	— 1⅛	Erie 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07.	2	..	49	49	47⅝	48	32	2,750
38	30	46	Mar. 16.	35	Jan. 19.	..	..	..	**Federal Sugar Refining Co.**	100	6,677,200	....		..	40⅛	40⅛	40⅛	40⅛	..	100
160⅞	134	168⅝	May 29.	145⅛	Mar. 3.	163	164	+ 2	**General Electric Co.**	100	76,854,700	Apr. 15, '11.	2	Q	160	163¼	159	163¼	141⅛	3,525
9⅛	7¾	7⅞	Jan. 3.	5½	Jan. 14.	5⅛	5⅝	..	Goldfield Consol. Mines	10	35,591,480	Apr. 30, '11.	50c	Q	5⅝	5⅝	5½	5⅝	..	4,000
143⅞	118	140	June 8.	122	Feb. 24.	136	136¼	— 1¼	Great Northern pf.	100	209,953,100	May 1, '11.	1¾	Q	136⅝	136⅝	134	136	124¼	21,650
80½	45	63⅜	Feb. 2.	56	Jan. 5.	60½	61	+ ¼	Great Northern cfs. for ore prop.	...	1,500,000	Mar. 1, '11.	50c	Q	61	61¼	59½	61	52¼	1,700
89	81	85¾	Mar. 29.	83½	July 3.	82½	85	— 1	**Homestake Mining**	100	21,840,000	June 25, '11.	50c	M	83½	83½	83½	83½	86¾	100
147	124	142⅝	June 27.	132	Jan. 3.	141	142	— ¾	**Illinois Central**	100	109,288,400	Mar. 1, '11.	3½	SA	141¼	141¼	141¼	141¼	130	310
25½	14¼	20⅞	Feb. 10.	17¼	Apr. 22.	17½	18	— ⅛	Interborough-Met. vot. tr. cfs.	100	60,419,500	....		..	17½	17⅞	17½	17⅝	18⅛	1,100
62⅞	41½	55⅝	Jan. 4.	47¾	Apr. 22.	50	50½	+ ¼	Interborough-Metropolitan pf.	100	16,955,900	....		..	49⅝	50⅝	49	50½	50⅝	3,500
..	..	50½	June 23.	49¼	June 26.	..	..	— ¼	Interborough-Met. pf., vot. tr. cfs.	100	28,784,100	July 1, '07.	1¼	..	49½	50	49½	50	..	200
125⅞	83⅛	129⅝	May 5.	109	Jan. 3.	121½	122¼	+ ½	International Harvester	100	79,999,700	Apr. 15, '11.	1¼	Q	122	123⅜	121½	122	94⅛	8,170
16	9	13⅜	Jan. 31.	9⅛	Apr. 27.	11½	11¾	+ ¼	International Paper Co.	100	17,442,900			..	11½	11⅝	11½	11½	10	600
61½	41½	56⅝	Jan. 16.	44⅝	May 15.	49¼	49½	+ ⅝	International Paper Co. pf.	100	22,539,700	Apr. 15, '11.	½	Q	49⅝	49⅞	49⅝	49⅞	..	300
54⅝	36⅝	44	Feb. 8.	38⅛	Apr. 18.	41⅝	42	..	International Steam Pump Co.	100	17,762,500	Apr. 1, '05.	½	..	41	41⅝	40¼	41⅝	43⅝	900
90¾	78½	90½	June 12.	84½	Jan. 26.	89⅝	89⅞	— ⅝	International Steam Pump Co. pf.	100	11,350,000	May 1, '11.	1½	Q	89⅝	89⅞	89⅝	89½	81	300
30	15	19⅞	Feb. 3.	15	May 12.	17½	18½	— ½	Iowa Central	100	8,524,400	....		..	18⅛	18⅛	18	18	16⅞	300
44¼	23	37⅝	June 13.	32	Jan. 3.	34½	35	— ¼	**Kansas City Southern**	100	30,000,000	....		..	35	35	34½	34½	28¾	200
116½	93⅝	114½	Jan. 20.	102	Apr. 18.	108⅛	108¼	+ ⅝	**Laclede Gas Co.**	100	9,500,000	June 15, '11.	1¾	Q	107⅝	108¼	106½	108¼	98	9,850
62¾	37¼	40	Jan. 13.	35	May 2.	30	33	..	Lake Erie & Western pf.	100	11,840,000	Jan. 15, '08.	1	..	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	..	10
186	173¼	181⅛	Feb. 3.	168¾	Apr. 24.	174	174½	— ⅝	Lehigh Valley	50	60,501,700	Jan. 14, '11.	5	SA	173⅜	175	172¾	174¼	..	12,100
159¾	131½	153	June 8.	142½	Jan. 25.	151¼	152	+ ⅝	Louisville & Nashville	100	60,000,000	Feb. 1, '11.	3½	SA	151½	151⅝	150	151⅝	142	1,400
98	79	95	Feb. 2.	89	July 5.	88½	90	— ½	**Mackay Companies**	100	41,380,400	July 1, '11.	1¼	Q	89	89	89	89	85¾	200
78¾	71	77	Mar. 7.	73⅞	July 8.	73⅞	75½	— 1	Mackay Companies pf.	100	50,000,000	July 1, '11.	1	Q	74½	74½	73⅞	73⅞	75	200
..	..	87	June 26.	70	Apr. 28.	82	83½	— 2	May Dept. Stores	100	15,000,000			..	83½	83½	81	82½	..	1,500
..	..	113¼	July 6.	112	June 2.	112	113¼	+ ⅝	May Dept. Stores pf.	100	5,000,000	July 1, '11.	1¾	..	113¼	113¼	113¼	113¼	..	200
24⅝	12⅝	19¼	June 17.	15½	Jan. 17.	17¼	17½	— ⅝	Mercantile Marine pf.	100	51,731,000	....		..	17¼	17¼	17⅛	17⅛	17	400
..	..	22⅞	June 28.	18¼	Apr. 18.	20½	20⅞	— 1⅝	Miami Copper	5	3,321,460	....		..	22	22	20⅝	20⅝	..	3,575
53¾	23	31½	July 7.	21½	Apr. 26.	31	33	+ ½	Minneapolis & St. Louis	100	6,000,000	July 15, '04.	2½	..	31	31½	31	31½	27½	1,310
80	40	46	May 22.	35	Mar. 13.	47	52	..	Minneapolis & St. Louis pf.	100	4,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	2½	..	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾	40	50
145	114	152¼	Mar. 30.	132⅛	Jan. 4.	141	141½	— ⅛	Minneapolis, St. P. & S. S. Marie	100	20,831,900	Apr. 15, '11.	3½	SA	142	142¼	140¼	142¼	126	2,400
..	..	137½	June 30.	132	May 16.	136	142	— ¼	M., St. P. & S. S. M. cfs., 2d pd.	...	....			..	137	137¼	137	137¼	..	500
155½	144	160	Mar. 30.	147¾	Jan. 6.	155	157	— ⅝	Minn., St. P. & S. S. Marie pf.	100	10,415,900	....		SA	155⅝	155⅝	155⅝	155⅝	..	100
92¾	86¼	90½	Mar. 15.	87½	July 5.	87	90	— 1⅝	M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	100	11,145,500	Apr. 15, '11.	3½	SA	87½	87½	87½	87½	88	100
51⅛	27	38⅛	June 14.	31	Feb. 24.	35⅝	36¼	— ⅝	Missouri, Kansas & Texas	100	63,300,300	....		..	36	36	35¼	35⅞	32¼	4,200
73⅝	41	63	Feb. 15.	45⅝	Apr. 19.	48⅝	48¾	— 1⅝	Missouri Pacific	100	83,112,500	Jan. 30, '08.	2½	..	49⅝	49⅝	48	48⅝	58¼	9,750
140	125	160	June 14.	140¼	Jan. 19.	155	159	+ ½	**Nashville, Chat. & St. Louis**	100	10,000,000	Feb. 1, '11.	3	SA	159	159	158½	158½	..	200
119½	100	141	Apr. 4.	117¼	Jan. 16.	133¼	138½	— 3¼	National Biscuit Co.	100	29,236,000	Apr. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	134	134	134	134	104	200
125	118¾	130	Feb. 4.	124	Jan. 20.	127½	128	— ¾	National Biscuit Co. pf.	100	24,804,500	May 31, '11.	1¾	Q	128	128	128	128	118¾	100
28½	14	20¼	June 30.	16⅜	May 29.	18	18½	— 1¾	Nat. Enameling & Stamping Co.	100	15,591,800	July 15, '05.	½	..	19¾	19¾	18	18	..	1,400
96½	84	97	June 30.	85	Jan. 6.	95	97	— 1¾	Nat. Enameling & Stamping Co. pf.	100	8,546,600	June 30, '11.	1¾	Q	95½	96	95	95	..	600
89⅝	46½	59	Feb. 2.	50⅝	Apr. 25.	55⅝	56¼	..	National Lead Co.	100	20,750,000	June 30, '11.	¾	Q	55½	55⅞	55	55½	69¼	900
22⅝	17½	21¼	June 14.	17⅛	Apr. 19.	19½	19⅝	— ⅛	Nevada Consol. Copper Co.	5	9,991,850	Jun. 30, '11.	37½c	Q	20	20	19⅛	19½	18¼	2,400
95½	59	76	Feb. 4.	68	Apr. 27.	70	75	+ ⅛	New York Air Brake	100	10,000,000	Apr. 25, '11.	1½	Q	75	75	75	75	72	100
128	105⅛	115½	Feb. 3.	104⅞	Apr. 18.	108¾	109	— ½	New York Central	100	222,729,300	Apr. 15, '11.	1¼	Q	109¼	109⅛	108¼	109⅛	113⅝	4,900
162	149	151⅛	Feb. 23.	139½	June 23.	140	141	— 1	New York, New Haven & Hartford	100	168,597,800	June 30, '11.	2	Q	140	140½	140	140¼	150	670
50	38½	46½	June 27.	40⅛	Apr. 22.	45	46	— ½	New York, Ontario & Western	100	58,113,900	Aug. 15, '10.	2	A	45⅝	45½	45	45½	42⅝	1,725
..	..	60	Mar. 9.	47	July 6.	46½	49¼	— 8	Norfolk Southern	100	16,000,000	May 1, '11.	½	Q	47	47	47	47	..	100
108⅝	88½	110¼	June 26.	100¼	Jan. 3.	109	109½	..	Norfolk & Western	100	74,284,000	June 19, '11.	1½	Q	109	109½	108	109¼	97½	5,400
84	60⅞	76¾	May 18.	64	Jan. 10.	73½	74½	— 1⅜	North American	100	29,779,700	July 1, '11.	1¼	Q	72⅝	72⅝	72⅝	72⅝	67½	100
40⅛	35	50½	July 8.	30½	Jan. 3.	49½	50½	+ 5⅜	Northern Ohio Traction & Light	100	9,000,000	June 15, '11.	⅝	Q	50	50½	50	50½	..	200
145⅝	111½	137⅞	June 8.	116	Jan. 3.	132	132⅜	— ⅞	Northern Pacific	100	247,998,300	May 1, '11.	1¾	Q	133¾	133⅞	130⅝	132	117½	26,140
8½	2	1⅝	Feb. 28.	1⅝	May 16.	1	2	..	**Ontario Mining Co.**	100	15,000,000	Dec. 30, '02.	30c	..	1½	1½	1½	1½	..	100
118	105	102	Jan. 11.	99⅝	July 5.	95	105	— 1½	**Pacific Coast 2d pf.**	100	4,000,000	May 1, '11.	1½	Q	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	..	100
43¼	22⅞	29½	Jan. 4.	23⅞	Apr. 24.	27	27½	— ½	Pacific Mail	100	20,000,000	Dec. 1, '99.	1	..	27	27	27	27	25	200
46¾	30	54⅝	Jan. 31.	44	Jan. 3.	47½	49⅝	..	Pacific Telephone & Telegraph	100	18,000,000	....		..	49¼	49¼	48¼	49¼	31	700
138½	122⅛	130⅝	Feb. 2.	120½	May 15.	125	125⅛	+ ⅛	Pennsylvania Railroad	50	450,955,100	May 31, '11.	1½	Q	124½	125⅜	123⅝	125	128⅜	25,580
116⅞	103	109	Jan. 19.	103	Apr. 5.	106¼	107	— ⅝	People's Gas, Chicago	100	85,000,000	May 25, '11.	1¾	Q	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼	105	200
104⅝	89	100	Jan. 17.	93¼	May 13.	96	99	+ 1	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis	100	85,675,800	Apr. 25, '11.	1¼	Q	95¼	98	95¼	97	86¼	1,500
27¾	18	23¼	June 5.	17¼	Jan. 3.	19⅝	20¼	..	Pittsburg Coal Co., N. J.	100	28,104,600	....		..	19½	19⅝	19½	19⅝	16½	400
85	60¼	88¾	June 1.	67⅞	Jan. 4.	84	85	— ¼	Pittsburg Coal Co., N. J., pf.	100	27,071,800	Apr. 25, '11.	1¼	Q	84½	85½	84⅜	84⅜	64	1,000
..	..	106	June 7.	103	Apr. 18.	103¼	106⅝	— 1⅝	Pittsburg Steel pf.	100	7,000,000	June 1, '11.	1¾	Q	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	..	100
51⅞	25	37⅝	June 27.	30½	Jan. 3.	36	37	— 1	Pressed Steel Car Co.	100	12,500,000	Aug. 24, '04.	1	..	36	36	36	36	32	200
200	155	163	Jan. 30.	159	Jan. 3.	161½	162	..	Pullman Company	100	120,000,000	May 15, '11.	2	Q	162	162	162	162	155¼	100
51⅞	28	39	June 14.	31	Jan. 11.	35¼	36⅞	..	**Railway Steel Spring Co.**	100	13,500,000	Oct. 22, '08.	1	..	35	36¼	35	36	32	500
107	90¼	103	June 15.	92	Jan. 3.	100	101	— ¾	Railway Steel Spring Co. pf.	100	13,500,000	June 20, '11.	1¾	Q	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	95	100
..	..	18¼	May 12.	15½	Apr. 19.	17¼	17⅞	..	Ray Consol. Copper	10	11,991,750	....		..	17½	17½	17½	17½	..	533
172¼	130⅝	161⅞	June 3.	149¼	Apr. 24.	159	159⅛	— ½	Reading	50	70,000,000	Feb. 1, '11.	3	SA	158⅞	159½	157½	159⅛	144½	120,600
93½	85	91	Feb. 3.	88	Mar. 1.	91	92	..	Reading 1st pf.	50	28,000,000	Mar. 10, '11.	2	SA	91	91	91	91	88⅞	200
45⅞	27	35¼	Feb. 6.	29¼	May 31.	29⅞	30	— ½	Republic Iron & Steel Co.	100	27,352,000	....		..	30¼	30⅜	29⅞	30	29⅛	1,450
104½	82⅝	99⅝	Feb. 1.	92½	Apr. 26.	93½	93⅝	..	Republic Iron & Steel Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	July 1, '11.	1¾	Q	93½	93⅝	93½	93⅝	91½	320
57¼	22⅞	34⅝	June 14.	27⅝	Apr. 21.	31¾	31⅞	— 1¼	Rock Island Co.	100	90,832,100	....		..	32⅝	32⅝	30⅞	31⅜	31½	19,270
92½	54	68⅝	June 14.	57¾	Apr. 24.	64	65½	+ ⅞	Rock Island Co. pf.	100	49,908,100	Nov. 1, '05.	1	..	64	64⅜	64	64⅜	73⅝	800
60	34½	47½	June 3.	38	Apr. 22.	44	44½	— ⅝	**St. Louis & San Francisco 2d pf.**	100	16,000,000	Dec. 1, '05.	1	..	44⅝	44⅝	43	44⅛	41⅝	900
190	150	192	Feb. 6.	136¼	May 26.	140	141	— ½	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	100	30,000,000	May 15, '11.	1¾	Q	141	141	140½	140½	158	550
86½	48¼	56¼	Feb. 6.	48⅛	July 7.	48	49	— 2⅝	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co.	100	10,000,000	Sept. 1, '10.	1¼	..	49⅜	49⅜	48⅜	48⅜	65	1,000
138¼	103½	126⅞	June 26.	113⅝	Apr. 18.	121½	121⅝	— 1⅛	Southern Pacific	100	272,672,400	July 1, '11.	1½	Q	122⅝	122⅝	120⅞	121⅝	113⅜	48,700
33¾	18	32⅝	June 15.	25½	Mar. 4.	31	31⅛	— ¼	Southern Railway extended	100	119,900,000	....		..	31	31⅜	30¾	31	22⅝	9,400
75	43	73	June 28.	61½	Jan. 11.	71	71½	+ ½	Southern Railway pf. extended	100	60,000,000	Apr. 24, '11.	1	..	71½	71½	71	71½	54	1,900
40⅝	19¾	44	June 13.	32	Jan. 11.	41½	42	+ ¼	**Tennessee Copper**	25	5,000,000	Jan. 26, '11.	$1.50	..	41	41½	40¾	41½	22⅝	2,700
144	134	136¼	Feb. 1.	115	June 15.	116½	118	— 6	Texas Co.	100	27,000,000	June 30, '11.	2½	Q	120¾	120¾	116	116	..	920
36⅝	22¼	30¼	Feb. 21.	25¼	Jan. 3.	28	28¼	— ⅛	Texas Pacific	100	38,760,000	....		..	28	28½	28	28	28	900
19½	5⅛	14½	June 9.	8⅝	Mar. 2.	10	10½	— ⅝	Third Avenue	100	16,000,000	July 30, '07.	1½	..	10¼	10½	10¼	10¼	10⅜	400
54⅝	19	24⅜	Feb. 3.	19	Apr. 24.	21	22½	+ ⅛	Toledo, St. Louis & Western	100	10,000,000	....		..	21½	22½	21½	22	28⅞	1,120
72¼	42⅝	53⅛	Jan. 5.	45	Apr. 11.	47	48⅛	+ 1	Toledo, St. Louis & Western pf.	100	10,000,000	Apr. 15, '11.	1	Q	46⅞	48	46⅞	48	49⅞	1,700
117½	108	111	Feb. 2.	107	July 8.	106½	107½	— 1	Twin City Rapid Transit	100	20,100,000	July 1, '11.	1½	Q	107⅞	108	107	107	107	950
..	..	111	June 26.	63	Mar. 29.	96	99	— 4¼	**Underwood Typewriter**	100	8,500,000	July 1, '11.	1	Q	103¼	103¾	94	98	..	4,975
..	..	113¼	June 10.	103	Mar. 31.	111½	112	+ ½	Underwood Typewriter pf.	100	5,000,000	July 1, '11.	1¾	Q	112	112	111½	112	..	800
18¼	6	9	Feb. 9.	6⅝	Apr. 24.	7	8	— ½	Union Bag & Paper Co.	100	16,000,000	....		..	7⅛	7⅝	7⅛	7⅝	7	450
204⅝	152¼	190¼	June 26.	169⅝	Jan. 3.	186⅞	187	— 1⅜	Union Pacific	100	216,629,800	July 1, '11.	2½	Q	188	188	184⅞	186⅞	161¼	165,450
103⅝	88¼	95⅜	Apr. 5.	90⅞	Mar. 6.	93⅞	94¼	— ½	Union Pacific pf.	100	99,569,300	Apr. 1, '11.	2	SA	94	94½	93⅝	94	90	1,000
122	96	108	June 20.	100⅞	Jan. 27.	105⅝	107	— ½	United Dry Goods	100	14,427,500	May 1, '11.	2	Q	106¾	107	106	106	102	500
113⅞	99¼	107½	July 7.	102½	Jan. 5.	105⅝	107	+ 1½	United Dry Goods pf.	100	10,840,100	June 1, '11.	1¾	Q	107	107½	107	107½	100	850
42¼	23⅞	40	Feb. 20.	31⅝	Jan. 3.	36	38½	..	United Railways Investment Co.	100	20,400,000	....		..	38½	38½	38½	38½	26½	20
32	14⅛	19	Feb. 23.	15	Jan. 10.	15	17½	— ½	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Co.	100	12,106,300	Dec. 1, '07.	1	..	16½	16½	16	16	..	800
84¼	64⅝	70⅝	May 29.	65¼	Jan. 25.	75½	77	+ ½	U. S. Realty & Improvement Co.	100	16,162,800	May 1, '11.	1¼	Q	76½	76½	76¼	76½	..	100
20½	13	14	July 7.	11¼	Apr. 3.	..	14	+ 2⅝	U. S. Reduction & Refining Co. pf.	100	3,954,800	Oct. 10, '07.	1½	..	14	14	14	14	..	100
52½	27	47⅞	Mar. 1.	36	Jan. 6.	41	42	— ½	United States Rubber Co.	100	23,666,000	Apr. 30, '00.	1	..	41½	42½	41	41	37	3,800
116½	99	115½	July 7.	109¼	Jan. 18.	115	115¼	+ 1¼	United States Rubber Co. 1st pf.	100	39,824,400	Apr. 29, '11.	2	Q	114½	115½	114¼	115¼	109	1,000
84	59½	79	Mar. 1.	72½	Jan. 31.	78	78½	+ ½	United States Rubber Co. 2d pf.	100	9,965,000	Apr. 29, '11.	1½	Q	77½	77½	77½	77½	74½	200
91	61⅝	82¼	Feb. 6.	71⅝	Jan. 3.	78⅜	78½	+ ½	United States Steel Corporation	100	508,495,200	June 29, '11.	1¼	Q	78¼	79½	77⅞	78⅜	70⅝	149,500
125⅝	110½	120½	Feb. 4.	116¼	Jan. 3.	118	118⅛	+ ½	United States Steel Corporation pf.	100	360,314,100	May 29, '11.	1¾	Q	118	118⅝	118	118⅛	115	2,050
60¼	39⅝	52¼	June 14.	42⅝	Apr. 19.	50¼	50½	+ 1	Utah Copper	10	15,603,490	June 30, '11.	75c	Q	49⅝	50½	48½	50½	42	11,610
66¼	47	70⅝	Feb. 28.	53⅝	June 19.	56¼	56½	+ ⅛	**Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co.**	100	27,984,400	May 15, '11.	1¼	Q	55¼	57⅞	55	56⅝	59¼	13,815
129⅝	117	128½	Mar. 15.	122½	Apr. 22.	124	127	..	Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co. pf.	100	18,000,000	Apr. 15, '11.	2	Q	124½	125	124¼	125	120	800
73	50	97	July 7.	52	Jan. 6.	86	89	+17	Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke Co.	100	9,073,600	....		..	73	97	73	89	..	5,100
27¾	12½	18⅝	Feb. 28.	15¼	Jan. 6.	16¼	16½	..	**Wabash**	100	53,200,200	....		..	16	16¼	16	16¼	17	550
61	28½	40⅝	Feb. 28.	32½	Jan. 11.	35	35½	— 1⅛	Wabash pf.	100	39,200,200	....		..	35	35⅝	34¼	35	35⅝	2,300
186	144½	177	May 26.	155	Jan. 4.	163	167	..	Wells Fargo Express Co.	100	23,967,300	Jan. 15, '11.	5	SA	166⅝	166⅝	166⅝	166⅝	..	50
54⅝	40	66	July 8.	48¼	Apr. 18.	64⅝	65¼	+ 3	Western Maryland	100	33,008,200			..	61	66	60¼	65	44½	9,700
78½	56	84½	May 24.	71⅝	Apr. 18.	79¼	79¾	+ ⅝	Western Union Telegraph	100	99,725,600	Apr. 15, '11.	¾	Q	78¼	80	78	79¼	61	1,500
82½	49¼	79	May 29.	64⅞	Apr. 19.	76¼	76⅝	+ 1	Westinghouse E. & M.	50	36,644,800	Oct. 10, '07.	2½	..	75½	76¼	74¼	76¼	60	4,250
10	3	6¼	Feb. 3.	3	June 28.	3¼	3½	..	Wheeling & Lake Erie	100	20,000,000	....		..	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅞	400
23	8	17⅞	Feb. 3.	10	June 29.	9½	12	..	Wheeling & Lake Erie 1st pf.	100	4,986,900	....		..	10	10	10	10	8⅝	100
13½	4	8	Feb. 7.	4	July 5.	4	4½	— ¼	Wheeling & Lake Erie 2d pf.	100	11,993,500	....		..	4¼	4¼	4	4½	..	600
64	44	72¼	May 1.	57	Jan. 3.	65	65½	..	Wisconsin Central	100	16,147,900	....		..	65	65	65	65	45	100

COTTON CROP MAY BE 14,425,000 BALES

July Condition, Best Since 1898, Promises 745,000 Bales Over '04 Record.

Despite the adverse reports since the date of the latest Government observations, made on June 25, the promise contained in the report of a condition of 88.2, made public on Monday, has not materially suffered according to the advices received by THE TIMES in a canvass of bankers, railroad men, State Commissioners of Agriculture and officials of exchanges. The prospects of a bumper cotton crop still hold.

The June 25 condition of 88.2 is the best reported since 1898, and with the favoring factors of a record acreage, early growth and high cultivation there seems to be ample support for the Government estimate of a crop of 14,425,000 bales. The previous high record was made in 1904, when the crop was 13,679,954 bales. The early advantages the crop has enjoyed are indicated not only in the high percentage of condition but in the fact that between May 25 and June 25 instead of a falling off in percentage there has been a gain of 0.4. In the past ten years the condition has improved in this period only four times, and the average experience has been a loss in the interim of 0.5. Furthermore, while the crop at the date of the previous report was 8.5 per cent. above the ten-year average, on June 25 it was 10.3 per cent above.

The highest figures of condition as well as most of the highest gains over the ten-year average were in the Eastern and Northern cotton States.

A comparison of conditions by States shows:

States.	June 25.	Ten-Year Average.
Virginia	98	82
North Carolina	89	80
South Carolina	84	80
Georgia	94	80
Florida	96	85
Alabama	93	79
Mississippi	87	79
Louisiana	89	78
Texas	85	80
Arkansas	89	81
Tennessee	87	84
Missouri	90	84
Oklahoma	87	81
California	100	*95

*1910 conditions.

THE TIMES's advices from the cotton States, which are of a date about two weeks later than the Government report, are very promising, and tell of rains over a very large area of the belt before the serious damage feared had been wrought. Some sections report the best cotton in a generation. The June 25 report showed losses in condition in Texas and Louisiana. The telegrams received by THE TIMES, however, indicate that loss in condition since June 25 has not been important, except in Northern Texas.

The Government report in explaining its estimates of the prospective crop says:

"The acreage of cotton this year is about 35,000,000. Allowing for the average amount of abandonment—about 1,000,000 acres—the indications are that approximately 34,000,000 acres of cotton will be harvested.

"The condition indicates a probable yield of 202.8 pounds per acre, which on 34,000,000 acres would mean 6,895,000,000 pounds, or about 14,425,000 bales.

"This calculation allows for average depreciation. The critical period in cotton growth is in August and September, so that any estimate at this time must be taken with some allowance."

This depreciation which the Government experts take into account is indicated in the appended table, which gives the averages of condition from the June 25 report, published in July, to harvest for each of the past ten years:

Year.	July Report.	August Report.	September Report.	October Report.
1911	88.2	....	....	....
1910	80.7	75.5	72.1	65.9
1909	74.6	71.9	63.7	58.5
1908	81.2	83.0	76.1	69.7
1907	72.0	75.0	72.7	67.7
1906	83.3	82.9	77.3	71.6
1905	77.0	74.9	72.1	71.2
1904	88.0	91.6	84.1	75.8
1903	77.1	79.7	81.2	65.1
1902	84.7	81.9	64.0	58.3
1901	81.1	77.2	71.4	61.4

The table shows that the average course of the crop has brought about a deterioration of 13.45 points between June 25 and Sept. 25. Taken by individual seasons, the deterioration has ranged from 4.3 points in 1907, when the July condition was only 72, to 26.4 points in 1902, when the July condition was 84.7. In 1904 the cotton crop at the time of the June 25 observations showed the best percentage in the period—88. The falling off at the end of the season in that year was 12.2 points, but the record crop up to date was produced.

The Government estimate of a 14,425,000 crop is based on the Government's own acreage figures. The Commercial and Financial Chronicle, which in the past has been often more accurate than the Federal observers in its acreage figures, this year shows an addition of fully 16 per cent. to the 1904 acreage, which produced a 13,679,954-bale crop. Taking into account the fact that the June 25 condition is 0.2 higher than in 1904, that authority counts the Federal estimate as conservative, saying that on the basis of its present acreage figures, in comparison with 1904's, a 16,000,000-bale crop this year would not be impossible. The weather from now till the last picking is over will, however, be the determining factor, and, as The Commercial and Financial Chronicle points out, "estimates now are of little or no value."

The Week's Curb Transactions.

The principal transactions were:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
	STOCKS—INDUSTRIALS.				
425	Am. Tobacco	403	396	396	— 4
800	I. Rub. t. ctfs.	27⅝	26½	27⅜	— ⅛
133	Standard Oil	644	640	640	— 1
781	Studebaker Co.	66¼	64½	65	— ¼
100	Stude. Co. pf.	106¾	106¾	106¾	..
1,500	U. S. Lt. & H.	2 1-16	2	2	—1-16
100	U. S. L. & H. pf.	8½	8½	8½	— ¼
600	U. S. Motor	42	40⅛	40⅛	— 1⅞
100	U. S. Motor pf.	82¼	82¼	82¼	+ ¼
	RAILROADS.				
100	Chi. Subway	4	4	4	— ¼
3,600	Man. Transit	3⅛	2 15-16	3 1-16	..
	MINING.				
4,510	Braden Copper	5	4⅞	5	+3-16
550	B. Col. Copper	5¼	5	5⅛	..
200	Butte Coalition	19	19	19	— ⅛
1,500	*Butte & V.	55	54	55	— 1
5,000	*Cobalt Central	3	2	3	— 1
3,900	*C. O. D. Con.	8	7	8	..
3,800	Con. A. S., new	1⅜	1¼	1¼	—3-16
300	D.-D. Copper	⅞	⅞	⅞	— ⅛
2,150	Giroux Mining	6⅜	6⅛	6¼	— ⅛
3,000	Greene-C., new	7⅝	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
3,000	*G. Cop. M. & S	6	6	6	..
1,857	Insp. Copper	8¾	8½	8¾	— ⅛
8,200	Kerr Lake	5¼	4 15-16	5¼	+ ⅛
1,260	La Rosa	4 5-16	4 3-16	4 5-16	+1-16
720	Mason V., new	9¼	9	9	— ¼
820	McKinley-D	1¾	1 11-16	1¾	+1-16
800	M. Co. of Am. new	5½	5⅜	5⅜	..
2,750	Nevada Hills	3½	3⅜	3½	—1-16
5,800	N.-U. M. & S.	13-16	11-16	¾	..
1,300	Ohio Copper	1 11-16	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
4,700	Pac. Smelters	5-16	7-32	¼	+1-32
19,200	*Porcup. Cent.	90	85	87	+ 2
12,700	*Porcup. Nor.	75	70	73	+ 4
6,300	*For. T. M., Lt	42	41	42	..
11,000	*P.-E. Dome	43	40	43	— 1
1,200	Ray Central	1 11-16	1⅝	1⅝	—1-16
700	S. Utah M. & M	¾	11-16	¾	..
100	*Tonopah Ext.	92	92	92	— 8
425	Ton. M. of N.	5¾	5 11-16	5¾	..
500	Tularosa	⅜	⅜	⅜	+ ⅛
500	Tuloum. Copper	4½	4½	4½	+ ⅛
16,900	Wet. Silv. M.	1¼	1 5-32	1 7-32	..
100	Yukon Gold	4	4	4	—1-16
	BONDS.				
$4,000	Bing. & G. R. R. 6s	112½	112½	112½	+ 4½
1,500	Braden C. 6s	110	110	110	— 8½
430,000	Chi. El. new 5s	98¾	98¾	98⅝	..
112,000	Det. Ter. Tun. 4½%	101¼	101	101⅛	+ ⅛
2,000	Erie 6% notes	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	— ⅛
1,000	Gt. North. 4¼s, w. i	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	—3-16
41,000	Miss. Pac. 5% notes	98¼	98	98¼	..
19,000	N. Y. City 4¼s	104½	104⅜	104⅜	—1-16
115,000	N. Y. State 4s, w. i	104 15-16	104⅞	104 15-16	..
148,000	Or. W. R. R. & Nav. 4s	92 15-16	92¾	92 13-16	..
12,000	So. Bell. Tel. & Tel. 5s	100	99⅞	100	..
3,000	West. Pac. 5s	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝	+ ⅛

*Cents per share.

Boston Manufacturing Stocks.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., July 9.—Following were the sales of manufacturing stocks in Boston last week:

1..American Glue Co. 115¼
5..Androscoggin Mills 180

STATE OF NEW YORK

4 Per Cent Gold Bonds

EXEMPT FROM TAXATION

Dated March 1, 1911. Due March 1, 1961.

AMOUNTING TO

$12,500,000

Issued in Coupon or Registered Form

Will Be Sold Thursday, July 20, 1911,

At 2 o'clock P. M.,

At the State Comptroller's Office, Albany, N. Y.

$10,000,000 for the Improvement of Highways

$2,500,000 for the Improvement of the Palisades Interstate Park

These Bonds Are Legal Investments for Trust Funds

No bids will be accepted for less than the par value of the bonds nor unless accompanied by a deposit of money or by a certified check or bank draft upon a solvent bank or trust company of the cities of Albany or New York, payable to the order of the Comptroller of the State of New York, for at least two per cent of the par value of the bonds bid for.

All proposals, together with the security deposits, must be sealed and endorsed "Loan for Improvement" and enclosed in a sealed envelope directed to the "Comptroller of the State of New York, Albany."

All bids will include accrued interest.

The Comptroller reserves the right to reject any or all bids which are not in his opinion advantageous to the interests of the State.

Circular descriptive of these bonds and of outstanding State bonds, sinking funds, etc., will be mailed upon application to

WM. SOHMER, State Comptroller, Albany, N. Y.

Albany, June 26, 1911.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE International Paper Butter Dish Company, a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of New York, at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 1st day of August, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to International Folding Paper Box Company.

Dated, New York, June 9th, 1911.
THE INTERNATIONAL PAPER BUTTER DISH COMPANY,
By FREDERICK GILMAN, President.
H. RANDOLPH GUGGENHEIMER, Attorney for Petitioner, 37 Wall Street, New York City.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of Voluntary Dissolution of the UNION STOCK YARD AND MARKET COMPANY, a domestic corporation.

Notice is hereby given that a general meeting of the creditors of the Union Stock Yard and Market Company will be held at the offices of my attorneys, Marsh & Wever, No. 42 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 12th day of September, 1911, at 10 o'clock, A. M., as required by the General Corporation law, Section 253 of the State of New York, for the purposes therein designated.

JOHN GEROW DUTCHER, Receiver.
Dated, July 10, 1911.

The Lincoln Safe Deposit Co.

32-42 East 42d Street,
New York, July 3d, 1911.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Lincoln Safe Deposit Company will be held at 32-42 East 42d Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Wednesday, July 12th, 1911, at 1 o'clock P. M., to elect eleven trustees and two Inspectors of election for the ensuing year, and to transact any other business that may come before the meeting.

WILLIAM J. MURPHY,
Secretary and Treasurer.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Barnhart Type Foundry Company will be held at the office of said Corporation, at 200 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 20th of July, 1911, at 11 A. M., for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before such meeting.

CHARLES R. MURRAY, Secretary.
Dated July 10, 1911.

DIVIDENDS.

THE KANSAS CITY, MEXICO & ORIENT RAILWAY CO.

Kansas City, Mo., July 1st, 1911.

Coupons of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railway Company, due August 1, 1911, will be paid at the American Exchange National Bank, 128 Broadway, N. Y.

WM. LEE KARNES, Treasurer.

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY

DIVIDEND NO. 48.

A quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. on the capital stock of this Company has been declared payable July 15th, 1911, at the office of the Treasurer, 131 State Street, Boston, Mass., to stockholders of record at the close of business June 24th, 1911.

CHARLES A. HUBBARD, Treasurer.

THE KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

No. 25 Broad St., New York, June 20, 1911.

A quarterly dividend of ONE PER CENT. (1%) has this day been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, from surplus earnings of the current fiscal year, payable July 15, 1911, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M., June 30, 1911.

Checks for the dividend will be mailed to stockholders at the addresses last furnished to the Transfer Office. G. C. HAND, Secretary.

118TH SEMI-ANNUAL CASH DIVIDEND. ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD CO.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a regular semi-annual dividend of Three and One-Half (3½) Per Cent. in cash, payable September 1st, 1911, to the holders of the Capital Stock of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, as registered at the close of business Tuesday, August 1st, 1911.

D. R. BURBANK, Assistant Secretary.
New York, June 27, 1911.

The Title Insurance Co. of New York,

135 Broadway, N. Y.

A quarterly dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT. (1¾%) on the capital stock of the Company has been declared, payable July 15, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business on July 7, 1911.

FRANK L. COOKE, Secretary.
Dated New York, June 24, 1911.

MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY

Wall Street corner Nassau

Member N. Y. Clearing House

Authorized to act as Executor under Wills, Administrator, Guardian.

Trustee for Individuals, Corporations and Municipalities. Fiscal Agent.

Transfer Agent and Registrar of Stocks and Bonds.

Receiver, Assignee or Committee.

Temporary Offices

113 BROADWAY

THE STANDARD TRUST CO.

25 BROAD ST.

Capital $1,000,000.

Acts as

EXECUTOR

ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

William C. Lane, President.

Frank K. Sturgis, William C. Cox, Vice Presidents.

E. M. F. Miller, Treasurer. C. M. Billings, Secretary.

B. Brainerd Bulkley, Selah Van Loan, Asst. Secretaries.

Member N. Y. Clearing House.

THE MECHANICS TRUST COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY

Bayonne, N. J.

Commenced Business March 1st, 1886.

STATE, CITY AND COURT DEPOSITARY.

Only Trust Company in New Jersey Clearing Through New York Clearing House.

Accommodations based on balances and responsibility.

Accounts maintained in principal cities.

OFFICERS.

DeWitt Van Buskirk, President.

C. B. Zabriskie, V. Pres. Wm. R. Wilde, Treas.

Frederic C. Earl, Sec'y. T. J. Kitts, Asst. Treas.

Chas. S. Noe, Chairman Board of Directors.

LONG ISLAND LOAN & TRUST COMPANY

TEMPLE BAR, 44 COURT ST

BROOKLYN

The Washington Trust Co

of the City of New York.

253 BROADWAY.

Allows Interest on Deposits.

Guardian, Executor, Trustee, Administrator.

American Chicle Co.

Assets Realization Co.

Autosales Gum & Choc. Co.

N. Y. Life Ins. & Trust Co.

WEED and GWYNNE,

1007-8 Hanover. 35 Wall St., N. Y. City.

Trustee for Personal Trusts

Astor Trust Co.

Fifth Avenue and 36th St., New York

Guaranty Trust Co.

OF NEW YORK

28 Nassau Street, New York.

Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N. Y.

London Branch, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.

Capital and Surplus.....$23,000,000

Deposits 163,000,000

United States Mortgage & Trust Co.

New York

CAPITAL and SURPLUS $6,000,000.

Personal and Business Accounts Invited

NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS

FIFTEENTH YEAR

CAPITAL & SURPLUS, $2,300,000.00

We invite you to call at this office and allow us to show you HOW we have tripled the principal of our investors, and WHY we can afford to pay 6.66% on our Convertible Bonds.

If you cannot call, kindly write for Circular E.

Metropolitan Dept., 489 5th Ave., N. Y.

First Mortgages on Improved Real Estate Netting 5 to 5½%

First Mortgage Guarantee Co.

Bridge Plaza-North, Borough of Queens, New York City.

FOR SALE

Federal Biscuit

Funding Co. of America

W. C. Reeves Co.

C. S. Burton & Co.

15 BROAD ST. 'Phone Hanover 6547.

Quotation Record of Inactive Securities on Request.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR SIXTY THOUSAND dollars ($60,000) of five per cent. thirty years gold bonds of the City of South Jacksonville, Florida, will be received by the undersigned to be opened at three o'clock, P. M., of the twenty-third day of August, A. D. 1911. Thirty thousand dollars of denomination of five hundred dollars each, and thirty thousand dollars of denomination of one hundred dollars each. Bids will be received for all or part of issue. All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to order of W. W. Swaim, Chairman, for five per cent. of the amount bid. Bonds bear interest from date of delivery.

For further particulars address Dr. W. D. McNamar, Corresponding Secretary of the Board of Bond Trustees, South Jacksonville, Florida.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT THE co-partnership heretofore existing between FERDINAND MAY and SAMUEL M. CHASE, under the firm name of LOUIS ASH & CO., has been dissolved; that Mr. MAY will continue the business under the same name, and will discharge all the liabilities, and collect all outstandings, Mr. CHASE having retired from the firm.

SEE BRITISH VICTORY FOR WOMEN VOTERS

Asquith Pledges That the Suffrage Bill Shall Have Free Course in 1912.

LEADERS IN THE STRUGGLE

Eunice Dana Brannan Writes of English Women Who Have Suffered —Their Home Life.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Suffragettes in England have been waiting for a pronouncement from the Government as to the facilities the Government would pledge themselves to grant the Woman Suffrage bill either during the present session of Parliament or the session of 1912. The bill passed the second reading in the House of Commons in May by a majority of 167, it will be remembered, but still it would lie in the power of the Cabinet to nullify this large majority by unfriendly tactics toward the bill while passing through its further stages, and the Suffragettes wanted to know what measure of fair play they might rely upon.

First the Government spoke by way of Mr. Lloyd-George, who talked vaguely and pleasantly about it in the House of Commons one day, like the mouthy and pretended friend he is, and satisfied nobody. Then Sir Edward Grey took the occasion of the peace banquet tendered to Mr. Carnegie to express more fully the honorable intentions of the Government toward the bill, and now finally the Prime Minister writes to the Earl of Lytton, Honorary Chairman of the Parliamentary Committee, which framed and engineered the bill, and promises definitely that the full facilities necessary for its course shall be granted in 1912 without quibble or evasion. He affirms for the Government that it will fulfill this pledge not only in the letter but in the spirit.

The Suffragettes agree to accept Mr. Asquith's pledge. At their meeting in Albert Hall the other night, after the procession of forty or fifty thousand women which they had organized, a resolution of acceptance was passed, and, speaking to the resolution, Miss Christabel Pankhurst said:

"This is the first time in human history that politicians have made a pledge to women and undertaken to fulfill it in the spirit. There is something new coming over the world at the present time."

While these negotiations on the question of facilities were going on, the list of women for the deputation had been steadily growing, and a thousand or more held themselves ready to march in protest to Westminster if an unsatisfactory answer from the Prime Minister should be received. And even now the deputation will continue to enroll members, and be ready for action at any sign of trifling with the bill until it becomes law. There is a sound old Russian proverb, "Forgive but never forget," and the English women have learned it by heart while dealing with the present Liberal Government.

Victory in Sight.

So the strugle in England seems to be almost at an end, and the end is victory. The suffragettes are resting on their arms, and already the story of their amazing campaign and diplomacy of the last six years has the perspective of history. At this quiet moment it is grateful to every friend to think of them not as the militant leaders, but as the lovely feminine souls they are, and to be thankful for the truce at hand, for it is the eternal feminine in them all that makes the wonder of the work they have done and the explanation of it.

How could any Government think to conquer the forces these women opposed to them?—forces of spirituality, of subtle political sense, disdain of degradation, undaunted courage and unending patience and restraint. Mrs. Pankhurst, in her frail and indomitable strength, is the personification of these qualities, but in a wonderful degree all the leaders and group of devoted workers share them. And their feminine graces—their soft clear voices, their quiet greetings to each other—no vanity, no excitement, nor haste. And their political speeches—the way they show up the political points at issue, the points, the people want to hear about, and waste not one word in bombast, or twaddle. And the veils and floating scarfs they wear of violet, white, and green!

The same fierce Christabel who dares the British Government looks to be about 22, a slim, rounded little figure, with an oval face like a Greuse, singularly red lips, and light, curling hair in a cloud about her head. She has very delicate, lovely hands, which she uses in gestures so individual and charming that you watch to see how she is going to point and curve her fingers next, and for all her piquant youth she seems somehow to embody the spirit of women famous in history, there is so much power and softness and brilliant vitality in her fascinating face.

I remember her one night at home with Mr. and Mrs. Pethick Lawrence—the home they have concocted in the business building at Clement's Inn—the drawing room beautiful with color and firelight, with chrysanthemums and roses from their country garden—Mr. Lawrence a scholar of Trinity College, Cambridge, with scholarships and honors in economics to his credit—talking in a general and delightful way—a man who inherited wealth, a newspaper along with it, which he wanted to sell, but the only buyer who offered wanted to turn it into a very yellow journal, so he refused to sell, shut up the office, and lost the whole property. And Mrs. Lawrence, a noble and dominant figure in this history, who has given her life and fortune to civic work—graceful and interesting, and wearing a green velvet teagown that looked as if it had been made by Velasquez; and Christabel in white satin embroidered in pale greens, radiant, full of curiosity about American politics.

Or I see her taking tea on the terrace at Westminster with Lady Sybil Smith and two M. P.'s—a political gathering. One of them suggested, "Perhaps Miss Pankhurst would be Prime Minister?" Her lovely chin went up in the air—"Why not?" said she, and everybody was enchanted.

And I see another picture of Christabel—she is lying unconscious on the grass in Hyde Park, her temple cut open by a stone some ruffian had thrown at her, and no attempt made by the police to protect her. This was in the early days, five years ago—now the London crowd protects her.

"Two Fighting Women."

Last June the few entertainments in London were sad but cheerful occasions of music and mourning. We went to such a one at Mrs. Anstruther's in Rutland Gate Gardens. "I want you to meet two fighting ladies after your own heart," she said, and there they were, smiling at us, two gentle visions in black tulle and pearls—Mrs. Mansel, born Mildred Guest, a niece of Lord Wimborne's, and her sister-in-law, Mrs. Rhuvon Guest, a great beauty in the first place, and a daughter of the Earl of Galloway in the second place.

Mrs. Mansel is one of the hard working leaders of the militant society, belongs by marriage to an old county family, and is a musician of great talent; she organized a choral society in her own county and was its actual leader until she joined the militants and was deposed. She is like a strain of melody herself. I have two memories of her—one as she stood in her mother's peaceful garden at Roehampton on a Sunday afternoon, a group of her own loving family about her, and the other as she stood alone in a cart speaking to a crowd in Bath. An organized band of roughs tried first to shout her down—then they shook the cart so threateningly that she was obliged to get out and stand on a chair to go on with her speech; they wrecked the chair under her, and at last she stood with her back against a wall and finished what she wanted to say to them.

An ignorant criticism often made of the Suffragettes is that they live for notoriety. I could go on with a long list whose names are scarcely known to the public, who are content to work and suffer without notoriety.

Mrs. Massy, for instance, with her invariable cortege of three Colonels—her husband and her husband's two brothers, who follow her about, distribute handbills for her, do anything so that they may be on hand when she makes a speech—the three stand fairly gaping with admiration of her wit and dash. She talks to the men in the street as if they were friends around her tea table, on their way from Parliament to clubs, with an ease and impertinence that charm the whole lot. They would rather hear Mrs. Massy sassing the Government than hear most things, and when she was in Holloway Jail last Winter for breaking windows at Whitehall in protest against the Prime Minister's refusal to receive a peaceful deputation, it can't have won votes for the Liberals from among the crowds who know the sound of her sparkling voice and flock to hear it. She is the daughter of Lady Knyvett, one of the early Suffragists, and comes naturally by her opinions and the pluck to stand by them.

Three Who Have Suffered.

Then there is Mrs. Charles Brackenbury, an exquisite old lady of 80, who went on the last brutally maltreated deputation, and her two daughters, who are distinguished and successful artists. They have both given up their painting to devote all their talents to working and speaking for the Women's Social and Political Union—the militant society. They have given up a great deal more than that, too, for their home for half the year used to be with their uncle, Gen. Sir Henry Brackenbury, and he from the first turned a cold ear to his nieces' political creed. He is a Gentleman of the Guard, too, and should have been sympathetic to militant methods, but he wasn't, and neither was the naval warrior of the family, Admiral Sir Archibald Douglas, their mother's nephew. He was unsympathetic, too.

But the nice part of the story is the cheerful unconcern with which these independent ladies receive the condemnation of the two heads of their house. Mrs. Brackenbury says, "I have lost two sons fighting for England and cannot feel that I have any right to restrain my daughters from risking their lives for the sacred cause they believe in." And this was not lightly said, for they have both served a long sentence in Holloway, and Miss Georgina was dangerously injured when the frenzied stewards threw her out of a Lloyd George meeting simply because she asked a question of the Speaker.

A member of the Cabinet sat next to her at dinner some weeks later and said: "I can always pick out the suffragettes who are going to interrupt at a meeting—they look so deadly pale."

In the reports of the Treasurer of the Women's Social and Political Union items like the following are not uncommon: "From the Misses Brackenbury—Fourpence, earned in Holloway Gaol, for knitting prison stockings," and further down, among the donations: "From the Misses Brackenbury—Twenty guineas."

The miniatures painted by the elder sister were quite famous—a lady at Court was wearing one and the Princess of Wales, now Queen Mary, noticed it and asked about it. "It is very beautiful," she said; "I do hope Miss Brackenbury is out of jail now"—which seems a good reason for believing that the Queen has an open mind and reads "Votes for Women."

EUNICE DANA BRANNAN.

New York, July 9.

DIX TO URGE TAX CHANGES.

Inheritance Law He Believes Should Be Altered at Once.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 9.—Gov. Dix will send to the Legislature this week special messages urging prompt action on a new inheritance tax bill, a measure providing for a tax on secured debts, and an amendment providing for the equalization of the special franchise tax.

The Governor points out that the inheritance tax law of 1910 is driving residents and capital from the State, and at the same time the inheritance tax has fallen off nearly $2,000,000. He favors the Inheritance Tax bill introduced by Senator Harte, and believes its enactment will check the present exodus, re-establish confidence in business circles, and will result in a fair increase in revenue. This bill will change the present law in three ways. It will reduce the present excessive rates and increase the amount exempted on each bequest. The highest rates will be 4 per cent. on direct and 8 per cent. on collaterals, and these rates will only be reached on the excess above $1,000,000. The present maximum rate is 25 per cent. This bill also eliminates the present double taxation of non-residents. It also strikes out the present distinction between eleemosynary bequests so that educational, religious, and charitable bequests made to institutions outside of the State, which are now taxable, will have the same exemption as is given to those in the State.

The Governor will also recommend the enactment of Senator Harte's bill for the taxation of secured debt. It is expected to produce a revenue to the State of several millions annually. It is practically an extension of the mortgage recording tax to cover mortgages on property outside of the State, bonds, and other securities. The tax is at the rate of ½ per cent. on the face value, and is to be paid to the State Controller. The payment of the tax, like the mortgage recording tax, will exempt the taxed security from local assessment as personal property.

Equalization of special franchises has been a constant source of litigation since the original act of 1899. The Court of Appeals has decided that these assessments must be equalized before the tax can be collected, and has recommended that the State Board of Tax Commissioners have the power to make such equalization before certifying to their valuations.

VAIL FOR STATE CONTROL.

Would Have an Elective Commission to Govern Public Utilities.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 9.—President Theodore N. Vail of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company said in an interview published here to-day:

"I am in favor of control of the big utilities, such as telegraph, telephone, and gas and electric companies and railroads, by the people. I should advocate a board of Commissioners, elected by the people themselves, which should decide upon all judicial questions pertaining to these corporations. Public control or regulation of public service corporations by permanent commissions has come to stay.

"The permanent commission will be a quasi-judicial body. It should be made up of members whose duty it will be, and who will have the desire, the time, and the opportunity, to familiarize themselves with the questions coming before them. It should act only after thorough investigation and be governed by the equities of each case.

"State control or regulation should be of such a character as to encourage the highest standards, the utmost extension of facilities, the highest efficiency in service, rigid economy in operation, and to that end should allow rates that will warrant the highest wages for the best service, some reward for high efficiency in administration, and such certainty of return or investment as will induce investors not only to retain their securities, but to supply at all times all the capital needed to meet the demands of the public."

AGAINST COMMISSION RULE.

Newark Labor Unions Will Have None of New Government Plan.

The Essex Trades Assembly, representing all the labor unions in Newark and vicinity, has set its face resolutely against the acceptance by Newark of the commission form of government which Gov. Wilson is urging upon the cities of the State.

The Clinton Hill Improvement Association has undertaken the task of popularizing the new system of municipal government, with a view to a special election in the Fall. It sent to the Trades Assembly a request that the assembly poll its members on the subject and send a representative to the improvement association with a report.

When the matter was presented to the Trades Assembly a motion that the poll be taken and a representative sent was voted down. A subsequent motion that a special committee be named to inquire into the merits of the new system of government and report conclusions was defeated by a vote of 45 to 1.

WHEAT GAINS YIELD TO BEARISH NEWS

Harvests Are Heavy and Quality the Best, but Prices Mount Until the Closing Day.

COARSE GRAINS ALSO SOAR

Cotton Prices Crumble as Record Crop Outlook Grows Brighter and Milling Curtailment Keeps On.

The wheat market last week advanced, in face of apparently bearish news. The receipts of new wheat were heavy, but this failed to influence values. The reports were favorable from conservative sources regarding Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba, and the reports as to the yields of new Winter wheat indicated a crop up to expectations. Prices advanced, however, 2 to 3 cents a bushel, with the Northwestern market strong and leading the advance. This rise was credited to claims of damage in North Dakota, although the damage reports seemed to come from the same sections in the South which have sent unfavorable reports previously.

On Saturday the market touched the high point of the week, but lost about 1 cent a bushel and closed at a net decline for the day. The evening up on Saturday was partly due to the expectation of the Government report and apprehension that the report will not show as much damage as the bulls have claimed. The general trade expectations seem to be for a Winter wheat showing but little if any worse than last month, and the Spring wheat showing probably 20,000,000 to 30,000,000 bushels less than indicated a month ago, making a total crop of 725,000,000 bushels to 750,000,000 bushels, against last month's indications of 764,000,000 bushels. A crop of 725,000,000 bushels would be an actual loss of about 100,000,000 bushels from the June 1 indications as reported, without allowing for deterioration to harvest.

The weather conditions have been very favorable for the advancement of farm work, and thrashing of Winter wheat is progressing very rapidly, and the quality of the wheat is unusually fine. The receipts of wheat are increasing heavily. The Western receipts for the week gained 1,200,000 bushels over the previous week, notwithstanding the holiday, and were more than double last year, while the shipments from interior points decreased about 33 per cent. The decrease in the shipments from the interior with the large increase in the receipts pointed to an increase in the visible. The visible to-day, as it will include private elevator stocks at a number of points, will make an unfair comparison with both last week and last year.

The foreign interest in the wheat market was more pronounced, and there were reports of a rather liberal business in new crop red Winter, new crop hard Winter to come forward July shipment, and also in Manitoba wheat. Some of the wheat reported was for export, and some no doubt was bought by export houses on speculation and hedged by the sale of futures.

The foreign markets have been comparatively steady. The foreign supplies of wheat are liberal, although the foreign visible is decreasing rapidly, as usual at this time of the year. While there are some unfavorable reports regarding the foreign crop situation, there does not seem to be enough of unfavorable character either in the crop or the weather news to create any special anxiety. Favorable weather, however, for harvest is needed abroad for the next six weeks.

CORN.

It has been a week of wild markets in corn, enormous trading and of rapidly advancing prices. Over the holiday the markets advanced 3 to 4c a bushel, suffering some reaction from the extreme figures, but at the close of the week were very strong again, closing Saturday with a little reaction on predictions of unsettled weather. The advance of the market on the basis of Western prices has been about 50 per cent. from the low level of the Spring. The advance has been very steady. There was some reaction the latter part of June, but aside from this the rise had been without interruption, extending back for nearly three months. The advance in the market had been due as all know to the weather conditions. The rainfall this year has been very deficient, and this deficiency in moisture has naturally created the greatest of apprehension as to the crop situation, it being feared that continuation of deficient moisture would mean extreme damage to the crop. The serious deterioration and the poor reports on hay, potatoes, and forage crops have emphasized the fear regarding corn.

During the week the weather has continued hot with some scattered showers, although there has been no break in the general drought. There have been rains from Kansas southward to the Gulf, rains in the Ohio Valley, and rains in the cotton States, where about 40,000,000 acres are raised.

The Government report to-day, which will be the first one of the season, is awaited with very great anxiety. Private reports have told of crop prospects around 3,000,000,000 bushels, or only about 100,000,000 bushels short of last year, but the bullishly inclined trade has been disposed to think such reports too optimistic, and that whatever the Government showing for July 1 the situation now is much lower. It is rather curious that there are very few reports of actual damage so far to the crop. None of the State reports, and very few of the private reports, has pointed to any serious damage as yet.

OATS.

The market for oats has been strong, and prices have advanced still further the past week, affected by the rise in other grain and by the continuation of unfavorable reports regarding the crop. On the other hand, some of the reports have not indicated such serious losses as the bulls have claimed, and the latter part of the week operators were inclined to be conservative, waiting for the Government report. There was some disposition to be conservative at the high prices, particularly with possibilities of the passage of the Reciprocity bill. Canada has prospects, according to crop report authorities, of an outturn of 400,000,000 bushels this year, or 100,000,000 bushels more than last year, and this will go a long way toward making up the deficiency in the American crop.

PROVISIONS.

The provisions market was dull, with prices showing very little change for the week. Stocks of produce reported July 1 were large, particularly of lard, which gained heavily at all points for the month, and the world's stock is about double last year. The movement of hogs is somewhat irregular, and the trade is uncertain how the damage to feeding grain will affect the live stock production in the Fall, and the marketing of supplies the balance of the season.

COTTONSEED OIL.

Interest during the past week was focused mainly upon weather conditions at the South, as it is generally believed that the development of the cotton plant during the next few weeks will largely determine the extent of the deliveries for the balance of the old crop year. At the same time, the assumption is that, as long as climatic conditions continue as favorable as recently, consumers have little incentive to purchase other than for immediate requirements. With a majority inclined to favor these views, the increase in bearish sentiment and heavier tone in the price list was not surprising.

The Government report on cotton was undeniably bearish, but at the time of its issuance its effect was partly nullified by the claims that deterioration had taken place since the date of the Government observations. These assertions were due to the fact that the Southwest was suffering from drought, but toward the close of last week very beneficial showers occurred in many sections west of the Mississippi. The crop accounts immediately assumed a more encouraging aspect, and naturally, with the high condition of 88.2 officially given, knowledge of an unprecedented area planted, and splendid cultivation of this year's crop, the predictions at this time for an enormous yield are not to be wondered at.

The demand for cottonseed oil has not been especially good, with compound lard makers showing but meagre interest, due to the situation in the pure lard market. The latter product has been very steady at times, but this has been caused, to a great extent, by the apprehension relative to the feed crop situation rather than to any improvement in demand for lard of a decided diminuation in supplies. Hog receipts were smaller, but it was thought that the hot weather was partly responsible for this. Foreign inquiry is mainly confined to new crop months, and to date a good business has transpired, with buyers attracted by the discounts of new crop months and the fact that oil at prevailing prices is lower than for some time. Obviously, with oil around the 5¾c level, several bear arguments are at least partly discounted.

COTTON.

The cotton market during the week has been governed almost entirely by the weather conditions. The Government report, which came out on Monday, did not show quite as much gain in condition as the private reports, and there was a little disposition to construe the report as moderately bullish. There was aggressive buying of the market on Wednesday, following the holiday, one bullish operator buying approximately 40,000 bales, and prices were carried up about 1-3c a pound from the low of Monday. The public would not enthuse, however, over the bullish construction put on the crop report, and prices crumbled rapidly, showing a decline on Saturday of ½c a pound from the high of the week, and the final of Saturday was at about the low point of the day.

The weather news during the week was discussed with every possible construction placed upon the reports. The advices as to the situation in Texas were very conflicting. There seems to be no difficulty in getting any kind of advice as to the position and development of the crop there. The market was sensitive to the conflicting reports, although the feeling was still pronounced that the conditions were favorable enough in a large portion of the belt to offset the damage in the Western belt.

A careful study of the Government report and its bearing as to the actual situation in each State was used as a bearish influence. The high condition of the South Atlantic and East Gulf States and the fact that the general average of the crop of 88.2 was 10 per cent better than the ten-year average showed that with average weather conditions the prospects were easily for a record crop. Unless there is more than normal deterioration there are prospects for even a larger result than the 14,250,000 bales indicated by the Government. The average yield of cotton for the past ten years has been 185.47 pounds to the acre, taking the Chronicle figures, excepting for 1910. The July condition as reported of 88.2 is the highest of any report for July, the nearest approach being 88 in 1904, when the yield per acre was 207 pounds. The condition in 1906 of 83.3 in July was followed by a yield of 211 pounds, and the 1908 crop showed a condition 83.2 in July and gave a yield of 203 pounds per acre. The 1904 crop showed a loss from July to October of 12.2 points, the 1906 crop showed a loss of 11.7, and the 1908 crop showed a loss of 11.5. The average deterioration from July to October for ten years has been 13.5, and such average deterioration is allowed for in the Government prediction of 14,250,000 bales for the crop.

If there is less than the average deterioration of 13.5 from July to harvest, the corresponding influence should be felt in the yield per acre, and the results might be even better than estimated. On the other hand, it will take more than normal loss in condition and more than average bad weather at picking to lower the crop below the 14,000,000-bale mark.

The trade situation is rather a slow one at present. The mills are buying very conservatively and the output of goods as reflected in the Fall River report is disappointingly light. For the past week the curtailment at Fall River amounted to 200,000 pieces, while the sales were very small, amounting to only about 40,000 pieces.

Some little bullish confidence was awakened during the week by a report from Liverpool that the Manchester mills had decided not to curtail, this report being construed as indicating better trade conditions abroad than shown in the American markets, and more confidence as to the price situation. American mills have been very cautious about buying more than they saw a reasonable chance of using up before the new crop was ready to come on the market.

Spinners' takings for the week were a little disappointing, amounting to about 40,000 bales less than a year ago, and, notwithstanding the larger supply of American cotton this year, spinners' takings for the ten months past have been only 714,000 bales more than last year. The spinners' takings up to this date last year had consumed practically the entire crop of cotton raised the previous year, while the spinners' takings so far this season leave approximately 800,000 bales of the crop raised the past season to be taken and still leave a supply of cotton on Sept. 1 about the same as a year ago.

With a crop of cotton of 14,000,000 bales there would be a sufficiently large crop to not only meet all the spinners' takings on the basis of the previous maximum consumption, but to increase the stocks of cotton to be carried over into the following year. The trade now is endeavoring to answer the question at what price can a crop of 14,000,000 bales be merchandised when there is practically no carry-over of old cotton and consumption has been restricted for two years by the higher prices prevailing. Bulls have contended that around current values the world would absorb all the cotton which America is likely to raise. On the other hand, the actual merchandising of such an enormous crop may bring pressure on prices sufficient to force values to a lower level unless the producer of cotton merchandises the crop very conservatively. The South has obtained high prices for cotton for the last two years, has made money, and may refuse to sell, excepting in a conservative manner and slowly enough to prevent any undue pressure on the market.

CAPEL COURT UNCERTAIN.

But Effect of Germany's Action in Morocco Was Not Formidable.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 9.—Although toward the end of the week there was some improvement in the stock market, the predominant feeling in Capel Court is one of uncertainty. On the first news of the Agadir incident, dealers began to liquidate, but as business previously had been sparse, the effect of Germany's action in Morocco was not formidable here.

In both Paris and Berlin, owing in the one case to the great liabilities assumed by French bankers and in the other to extensive speculation, the rush to cover was much more marked, and these slumps, combined with the news disclosing European political danger points, brought about Wednesday's debacle.

The City considers Mr. Asquith's statement regarding Morocco as reassuring, for there is little or no expectation that Germany will precipitate a crisis, and will consequently withdraw from Agadir.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY

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Lenox Ave. & 125th St. Third Ave. & 148th St.

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Capital $1,000,000 Surplus (earned) $7,800,000

ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

Acts as Executor, Guardian, Trustee, Administrator, and in all Fiduciary Capacities on behalf of Individuals, Institutions or Corporations.

SAVINGS BANKS. SAVINGS BANKS.

The 122d Semi-Annual Dividend has been declared at the rate of FOUR PER CENT.

4%

Deposits made on or before July 10th, 1911, will draw interest from July 1st, 1911.

Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank

51 Chambers Street

Condensed Statement, July 1st, 1911

Assets		Liabilities	
Real Estate	$3,303,275.28	Due Depositors	$110,548,004.98
Bonds & Mortgages	68,259,220.00	Surplus on Market Values	10,331,698.16
State Bonds	6,401,346.00		
Municipal Bonds	14,391,992.09		
Railroad Mortgage Bonds	27,293,926.75		
Accrued Interest	1,531,530.79		
Cash	4,098,106.23		
	$120,879,703.14		$120,879,703.14

JOHN J. PULLEYN, Comptroller. THOS. M. MULRY, President.

ESTABLISHED 1827

CORNER PIERREPONT AND CLINTON STREETS

BROOKLYN SAVINGS BANK

INTEREST AT THE RATE OF

4 PER CENT PER ANNUM

Will be credited to depositors July 1, 1911, (payable on and after July 20th,) on all sums entitled thereto. Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st.

BRYAN H. SMITH, President

EDWIN P. MAYNARD, Comptroller. LAURUS E. SUTTON, Cashier.

The Williamsburgh Savings Bank

Broadway and Driggs Ave., Brooklyn

Notice is hereby given that on and after the Twentieth day of July, 1911, a Semi-Annual Interest at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum will be paid to all depositors in this bank who on the First day of July, 1911, may be entitled thereto.

Money deposited on or before July 10th, 1911, will draw interest from July 1st.

ACCOUNTS CAN BE OPENED BY MAIL. SEND FOR BOOKLET OF INSTRUCTION.

E. B. TUTTLE, President. WM. F. BURNS, Cashier.

BANK OPEN MONDAYS UNTIL 7 P. M.

THE FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK

Corner 8th Avenue & 42d Street

101st consecutive semi-annual dividend has been declared at the rate of Three and One-half Per Cent. per annum on all sums entitled thereto from $5 to $3,000, payable on and after July 17th, 1911.

Deposits made on or before the Tenth of July will draw interest from the 1st.

William G. Conklin, Pres.

William B. Krug, Sec.

GREENWICH SAVINGS BANK

(Incorporated 1833)

S. E. Cor. 6th Ave. and 16th Street.

TWO-RATE INTEREST-DIVIDEND.

SIX MONTHS ENDING JUNE 30, 1911.

On all sums from $5 to $3,000, to depositors entitled to interest under the by-laws, at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum, on so much of every account as shall not exceed $1,000; and, at the rate of THREE and ONE-HALF PER CENT. per annum on so much of every account as shall exceed $1,000, payable on and after JULY 17, 1911.

Deposits made on or before JULY 10 will draw interest from JULY 1.

JAMES QUINLAN, President.

CHARLES M. DUTCHER, Treasurer.

FRANCIS M. BACON, JR., B. OGDEN CHISOLM, } Secretaries.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK

56 AND 58 BOWERY, COR. CANAL ST.

102ND SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

The trustees have ordered interest at the rate of THREE AND ONE-HALF (3½) PER CENT. per annum to be paid to depositors on and after July 17th on all sums of $5 and up to $3,000 which have remained on deposit for the three or six months ending June 30th, 1911, in accordance with the by-laws and rules of the bank. Money deposited on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st.

HENRY HASLER, President.

HENRY SAYLER, Secretary.

EMIL A. HUBER, Assistant Secretary.

New York Savings Bank

N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue.

July 1, 1911, dividend at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the by-laws.

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 10 WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1.

WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.

JAMES L. WANDLING, Treasurer.

ARCHIBALD M. PENTZ, Secretary.

WEST SIDE SAVINGS BANK,

SIXTH AVENUE AND 9TH STREET.

The Trustees of this Bank have declared a semi-annual Dividend at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum, which will be credited on all accounts entitled thereto on June 30th, 1911.

Deposits made on or before July 12th will draw interest from July 1st. Bank open Monday evenings from 6 to 8 o'clock.

C. O. BIGELOW, Pres. W. V. HUDSON, Treas.

Italian Savings Bank

of the City of New York

CHARTERED 1896.

Deposits Over $3,000,000.

64-66 Spring St., cor. Lafayette St.

Money Deposited to July 10, 1911, Will Draw Interest from July 1.

Empire City Savings Bank,

231 WEST 125TH STREET.

The Trustees have declared interest for the six months ending June 30, 1911, at the rate of 3½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM on all sums from $5.00 to $3,000.00, payable July 19, 1911. Money deposited on or before July 18 will draw interest from July 1, 1911.

A. T. TIMPSON, Secretary. I. A. HOPPER, President.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION

115 Chambers St., N. Y.

The Trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending June 30th, 1911, at the rate of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. per annum, on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the by-laws, payable on and after Monday, July 17th, 1911.

Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st, 1911.

H. E. TENER, President.

GEORGE B. DUNNING, Secretary.

Union Dime Savings Bank

40th Street and 6th Avenue

Interest at 3½ per cent. per annum. Credited July 1. Payable July 20 or later. Money deposited on or before July 10 draws interest from July 1, 1911.

CHARLES E. SPRAGUE, President.

FRANCIS M. LEAKE, Treasurer.

WILLIAM G. ROSS, Secretary.

The American Savings Bank

115 WEST 42D ST.

The Board of Trustees has declared a dividend at the rate of Three and one-half per cent. per annum, on all sums entitled thereto by the By-Laws, from $5 to $3,000, to be credited July 1st, 1911, payable on and after July 17th, 1911.

Deposits made up to and including July 10th will draw interest from July 1st.

CLARENCE GOADBY, President.

WILLIAM M. HAZELTON, Treasurer.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

BANKING INTEREST

5% INTEREST

Allowed on accounts from $10 to $3,000.

We are entering on our 71st year. Banking by mail to meet your convenience.

Deposits made on or before July 15th draw interest from July 1st.

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CLARKE BROTHERS, Bankers

154 Nassau St. (Tribune Bldg.) Est. 1840

SAVINGS BANKS.

EXCELSIOR SAVINGS BANK

Temporarily Located in the Masonic Building,

46 W. 24TH ST.

until completion of new building, N. E. Cor. 23d St. & 6th Ave.

The trustees have ordered interest credited to depositors entitled thereto under the by-laws, on July 1, 1911, at the rate of 4% PER ANNUM on all sums of $5 and upward to $3,000, payable on and after July 17, 1911.

Deposits made on or before July 10 will draw interest from July 1.

WILLIAM J. ROOME, President.

JOHN C. GRISWOLD, Secretary.

LAST YEAR'S PRICES AT HIGHEST LEVELS

Declines at Close of 1910 Did Not Put Average Below 1907 Record Figures.

Notwithstanding the declines in butter, eggs, pork, cereals and certain of the less conspicuous necessaries last Winter, the average of wholesale prices during 1910, according to the figures just made public by the Bureau of Labor, reached a figure never before exceeded. As measured by the 257 commodities included in its investigation, wholesale prices advanced 4 per cent. over 1909, and with this advance became 1.6 per cent. higher than the average in 1907, the year of the highest prices within the period from 1890 to 1910.

In view of the Canadian reciprocity discussion, an interesting item in the bureau report shows that the wholesale prices of farm products was 7.5 per cent. higher in 1910 than in 1909.

Prices in 1910 were 19.1 per cent. higher than in 1900; 46.7 higher than in 1897, the year of the lowest prices from 1890 to 1910; 16.6 per cent. higher than in 1890, and 31.6 per cent. higher than the average price for the ten years 1890 to 1899.

The highest prices in this decade were reached in October, 1907, when a general decline began which continued until August, 1908. A rise then set in, and there were monthly increases without a break up to March, 1910, when wholesale prices reached the highest point in twenty years. They then were 21.1 per cent. higher than the average of 1900; 49.2 per cent. higher than the yearly average of 1897, and 33.8 per cent. higher than the average price of ten years between 1890 and 1899. Then followed a slight decline, and from June to December, 1910, prices remained nearly level. Yet at the close of the calendar year 1910 they were still 30 per cent. higher than the ten-year average.

The phenomenal activities of the Middle Western hen started the cost of living downward at the close of the Winter and forced the egg speculators to 'liquidate, with the result that prices for "store eggs" fell to phenomenally low levels. Butter, too, then came down, as did fresh pork and some of the other foodstuffs. Most of these declines, however, apparently came too late to make themselves felt in the Government report.

Of the 257 articles for which wholesale prices were obtained, 148 showed an increase in the average price for 1910 as compared with 1909, 26 showed no change, and 83 showed a decrease.

Of the nine groups under which the commodities are classified, seven showed an increase in price in 1910 as compared with 1909, the largest percentage of increase being in lumber and building materials, namely, 10.7 per cent. Farm products increased 7.5 per cent; drugs and chemicals, 4.1 per cent.; food, &c., 3.2 per cent.; cloths and clothing, 2.7 per cent.; while the miscellaneous group increased 5.7 per cent. The two groups in which the wholesale prices decreased were housefurnishing goods, 0.1 per cent., and fuel and lighting, 3 per cent.

The average wholesale prices of raw commodities for 1910 were 2.1 per cent. higher than in 1909, while the average wholesale prices of manufactured commodities for 1910 were 4.6 per cent. higher than for 1909.

The history of the prices of raw and manufactured commodities and of all in the list of 257 articles is given in the appended table for the twenty-one years from 1890 to 1910, with the standard of 100 per cent. calculated from the average price for the decade from 1890 to 1899:

RELATIVE WHOLESALE PRICE.

	Commodities		
	Raw	Mfd.	All
1890	115.0	112.3	112.9
1891	116.3	110.6	111.7
1892	107.9	105.6	106.1
1893	104.4	105.9	105.6
1894	93.2	96.8	96.1
1895	91.7	94.0	93.6
1896	84.0	91.9	90.4
1897	87.6	90.1	89.7
1898	94.0	93.8	93.4
1899	105.9	100.7	101.7
1900	111.9	110.2	110.5
1901	111.4	107.8	108.5
1902	122.4	110.6	112.9
1903	122.7	111.5	113.6
1904	119.7	111.3	113.0
1905	121.2	114.6	115.9
1906	126.5	121.6	122.5
1907	133.4	128.6	129.5
1908	125.5	122.2	122.8
1909	136.8	123.0	126.5
1910	139.7	129.6	131.6

Some extraordinary variations were recorded during 1910. Potatoes increased 800 per cent.; eggs, 90 per cent.; coffee, 60 per cent., and mess beef, 35 per cent. Housefurnishings were 1 per cent. cheaper in 1910 and fuel and light 3 per cent. less.

UNION OIL CO. BONDS.

Hallgarten & Co. and William Salomon & Co., are offering at 91¼ and interest, yielding about 5¾ per cent. the unsold balance of an issue of $5,000,000 first lien, 5 per cent. twenty-year sinking fund bonds of the Union Oil Company of California, being part of a total authorized issue of $20,000,000, the remaining $15,000,000 being reserved for future requirements.

Lyman Stewart, President of the company, states that the bonds are secured by a first lien upon all the real property and interest in realty property now owned, subject only to $415,000 purchase money mortgages, and $649,747 deferred instalments under contracts of purchase, and are further secured by a first lien on the company's holdings of the stocks and securities of important subsidiaries of the Union Oil Company.

Application will be made to list the bonds on the New York Stock Exchange.

New York Stock Exchange Quotations

THE WEEK'S TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

Total Week Ended July 8, $10,317,000

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

Quotation List of Outside Securities

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual; V—No information at hand. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. §Amount authorized. ††Sells flat. *Special. xEx dividend.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Alb. & Susq. 3½s	94½	94½	94½	1
Adams Express 4s	87½	87½	87½	2½
Allis-Chalmers 5s	77½	77	77½	11
Am. Ag. Chem. 5s	102	102	102	5
Am. Cotton Oil 4½s	98	97¾	98	8
Am. Ice Secur. 6s	76	76	76	14
Am. Hide & L. 6s	99⅞	99¼	99⅞	8
Am. Smelt. Secur. 6s	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	88½
Am. Tel. & Tel. col. 4s	92⅝	91⅞	92	92
Am. Tel. & Tel. con. 4s	110	109⅝	109¾	19
Am. Tobacco 4s	89¼	87⅞	89	609
Am. Tobacco 6s	104	103⅝	103⅝	149
Am. Tobacco 6s, reg	104	104	104	1
Ann Arbor 4s	81½	81½	81½	2
Armour 4½s	92⅝	92½	92⅝	42
A., T. & S. Fe gen. 4s	99	98⅝	98⅞	130½
A., T. & S. Fe 4s, reg.	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜	1
A., T. & S Fe adj. 4s	91⅞	91½	91⅞	½
A.,T.&S.F. adj. 4s, sta.	91⅞	91½	91⅞	15
A., T. & S. Fe con. 4s	111⅝	111	111⅝	53
A., T. & S. Fe con. 4s, 1960	104	103	103¾	578
A., T. & S. Fe conv. 5s	112⅛	111½	112⅛	43
A., T. & S. Fe, Trans. St. Louis 4s	93¾	93⅜	93⅜	12
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	95⅞	95½	95⅝	4
Balt. & Ohio gold 4s	98⅝	98⅜	98½	87
Balt. & Ohio 3½s	92	92	92	4
B. & O., P., L. E. & West Va. 4s	91⅞	91⅝	91⅞	11
B. & O., S.W. Div. 3½s	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛	11
Bethlehem Steel 5s	95⅞	95⅛	95½	15
Broadway & 7th Av. 5s	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	2
Brooklyn R. T. 4s	86⅝	85	86⅝	255
Brooklyn R. T. 5s	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	8
Brooklyn Union Gas 5s	107⅜	107⅜	107⅜	1
Brooklyn U. El. 1st 5s	102	102	102	11
Cal. Gas and El. 5s	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	3
Canada South 1st 6s	102⅝	102½	102⅝	14
Cent. of Ga. con. 5s	108⅞	108⅞	108⅞	2
Cent. of Ga. 1st w.i. 5s	96	96	96	5
Cent. of Ga. 2d w.i. 5s	96	96	96	1
C. of G. Chatt. 4s	88¼	88¼	88¼	1
Cent. Leather 5s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	27
Cent. New Eng. 4s	93⅝	93⅜	93⅝	12
Cent. Pacific 4s	97¼	97	97¼	77
C. & O., R. & A. 1st con. 4s	95¾	95	95¾	1
Ches. & Ohio gen. 4½s	101¼	101	101	25
C. & O. conv. 4½s	96⅛	95⅞	96	112
Chicago & Alton 3½s	67⅝	67⅝	67⅝	3
Chicago & Alton 3s	73	73	73	25
C., B. & Q. gen. 4s	96¼	96¼	96¼	19
C., B. & Q. Den. 4s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	6
C., B. & Q. joint 4s	97⅝	97⅜	97⅝	167
C., B. & Q. jt. 4s, reg.	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛	1
C., B. & Q., I. Div. 3½s	88¼	87⅞	88¼	9
C., B. & Q., I. Div. 4s	99¼	99⅛	99⅛	27
C., B. & Q. deb. 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼	1
Chi. & East. Ill. ref. 4s	81½	81½	81½	8
Chi. & East. Ill. gen. 5s	110½	110½	110½	1
Chi. Gt. Western 4s	85	84¾	84¾	14
C., M. & St. P. gen. 4s	98⅝	98¼	98⅜	27
C., M. & St. P. gen. 3½s	86½	86½	86½	4
C., M. & St. P. 4s, 1934	92½	92⅜	92½	11
C., M. & St. P. term. 5s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	11
C., M. & St. P., Wis. V. 6s	114	114	114	1
C., M. & St. P., W. & M. 5s	106¾	106¾	106¾	1
C., M. & St. P., Dak. & Gt. So. 5s	103¾	103¾	103¾	8
C., M. & St. P., C. P. & W. 5s	107½	107	107¼	8
Chi. & N. W. gen. 4s	98¼	98	98	59
C., R. I. & P. 1st 6s	110	110	110	2
C., R. I. & P. col. 4s	76	75¾	75⅞	67
C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	97¼	96⅝	96⅝	16
C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	89½	89¼	89⅜	83
C., St. P. & O. 6s	124⅞	124⅞	124⅞	3
C., St. P. & P. 5s	113½	113½	113½	1
C. & W. I. con. 4s	92⅝	92½	92⅝	12
Cin., H. & D. 2d 4½s	101¼	101¼	101¼	2
C., C., C. & St. L. gen. 4s	94	92⅝	92⅝	10
Col. Midland 4s	64⅞	64⅞	64⅞	5
Colorado Industrial 5s	75½	75½	75½	6
Col. Fuel & I. deb. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	25
Col. & Southern 1st 4s	96	95⅝	95⅝	21
Col. & South. ref. 4½s	98¼	98	98	25
Con. Tobacco 4s	88½	88⅛	88⅛	14
Conn. Ry. & L. 4½s, sta.	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	1
Cuba-Am. Sugar 6s	96	96	96	6
Corn Prod. s.f. 5s, 1931	97	97	97	4
Corn Prod. s.f. 5s, 1934	96¼	96⅜	96⅛	13
Del. & Hud. conv. 4s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	21
Del. & Hud. ref. 4s	98⅝	98¼	98¼	26
D. & H. lien eq. 4½s	101½	101⅛	101⅛	3
Den. & R. G. ref. 5s	91	90⅝	91	23
Detroit City Gas 5s	101	101	101	2
Dist. Securities 5s	78¼	78	78	9
Du Pont Powder 4½s	86	86	86	23
E., T. V. & G. con. 5s	111	111	111	2
East Tenn. lien 5s	106	106	106	2
Elgin, Joliet & E. 5s	112	112	112	2
Erie 1st con. 7s	119¼	119¼	119¼	8
Erie conv. 4s, A	91⅞	89⅝	90	119
Erie conv. 4s, B	80½	79½	79¾	647
Erie 1st con. 4s	90	90	90	2
Erie gen. 4s	79¾	79	79½	140
Erie, Penn., col. 4s	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	2
Fla. E. Coast 4½s	97⅝	97½	97⅛	60
Ft. W. & Den. C. 6s	112¼	112⅛	112⅛	10
Fre., Elk. & Mo. V. 6s	128	128	128	1
General Elec. conv. 5s	159	159	159	12
Gen. Motors 6s	99	99	99	49
Geo., Car. & Nor. 5s	105	105	105	1
Gulf & Ship. Is. 5s	90½	90½	90½	5
Hudson Co. Gas 5s	103¼	103¼	103¼	1
Ill. Cent. 4s, 1951	100¼	100¼	100¼	1
Ill. Cent., Lo. Div. 3½s	86	86	86	1
Ill. Cent. 4s, 1952	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	1
Ill. Cent. ref. 4s	96⅝	96⅛	96⅝	41
Inter.-Met. 4½s	78⅜	78	78	63
Inter.-Met. 4s, reg	78	77¾	78	25
Int. Rap. Transit 5s	104	103¾	103⅜	89
Int. & Gt. Nor. 1st 6s	108½	108½	108⅛	3
Int. Nav. 5s	82½	82⅜	82⅜	3
Int. Paper 5s	102½	102½	102½	1
Int. Paper 5s	85½	85½	85½	2
Int. Steam Pump 5s	95	94½	94½	14
Iowa Central 1st 5s	102¼	102½	102½	2
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 4s	80⅞	80⅜	80⅜	20
Kan. City So. 5s	101	100⅝	100⅞	16
Kan. City Term. 4s	99¼	99¼	99¼	7
Lake Shore 4½s	89	89	89	1
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	94¼	94	94¼	12
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	93⅝	93¼	93⅝	37
Lake Erie & W. 2d 5s	104½	104½	104½	1
Lack. Steel 5s, 1915	94½	94	94	41
Lack. Steel 5s, 1950	84	81½	81¾	448
Laclede Gas 1st 5s	104	103½	104	2
Lehigh & N. Y. 4s	94½	94½	94½	1
Long Island ref. 4s	96	96	96	25
Louis. & Nash. gen. 6s	113½	113½	113½	1
L. & N., E.H. & N. 6s	112¼	112¼	112¼	1
L. & N., N. O. & Mob. 1st 6s	122	122	122	1
Louis. & Nash. unif. 4s	99⅞	99	99¼	82
L. & N., A. K. & C. 4s	93	93	93	1
Manhattan con. 4s	97	97	97	12
Man. con. 4s, tax ex.	97⅞	97½	97⅝	10
Merc. Marine 4½s	68	67½	67⅝	57
Mich. State Tel. 5s	100	100	100	5
Mich. Cent. deb. 4s	92½	92½	92¼	6
Milwaukee Gas 4s	90⅝	90½	90⅝	8
Minn. & St. L. ref. 4s	70½	70½	70½	35
Minn. Union 6s	114½	114½	114½	10
M., K. & T. of T. 5s	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	1
M., K. & T. 1st 4s	97½	97¼	97¼	18
M., K. & T. 2d 4s	84¾	84½	84¾	28
M., K. & T. ext. 5s	103	102	102	8
M., K. & T. St. L. 4s	79¼	79¼	79¼	1
M., K. & T. 4½s	87½	87¼	87¼	23
Mo. Pacific conv. 5s	93½	93	93	57
Mo. Pacific 5s, 1917	101	100⅞	101	8
Mo. Pacific 4s	77⅞	77½	77¼	12
Nash., C. & St. L. 7s	105½	105½	105½	1
Nassau Elec. 4s	80½	80½	80½	1
N. Rys. M. prior 4½s	93	93	93	5
N. Rys. Mex. gen. 4s	84	84	84	8
N. Y. Air Brake 6s	104	104	104	5
N. Y. C. gen. 3½s	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜	69
N. Y. C. deb. 4s	93⅞	93⅝	93⅝	87
N. Y. C., L. S. col. 3½s	79¼	79	79	24
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st 4s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	4
N. Y. C. & St. L. deb. 4s	90½	90⅛	90⅛	10
N. Y. G., E. L. & P. 4s	89	88⅞	88⅞	10
N. Y. G., E. L. & P. 5s	104½	104½	104½	16
N. Y., N. H. & H. n.c. 3½s, 1954	89⅝	88⅝	88⅝	1
N. Y., N. H. & H. con. 6s	132½	132¼	132½	61
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. 3½s	96	96	96	5
N. Y., S. & W. ref. 5s	108	108	108	5
N. Y., O. & W. 4s	96⅛	96¼	96¼	2
N. Y. Telephone 4½s	100⅝	100	100¼	81
Norf. & West. Div. 4s	93½	93	93⅛	52
Norf. & W. con. 4s	98	97⅞	98	44
Norf. & W. conv. 4s	109	108¼	109	109
Norf. & W., Poc. 4s	90	90	90	1
Northern Pacific 4s	99⅝	99¼	99⅝	92
Northern Pac. 4s, reg	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	3
Northern Pacific 3s	71¼	71	71¼	21
Oregon & Cal. 5s	102	102	102	1
Oregon R. R. & N. 4s	96	95⅝	95⅝	44
Oregon S. L. ref. 4s	94¼	94	94¼	19
Oregon S. L. con. 5s	111½	111⅛	111½	½
Pacific Tel. & Tel. 5s	99⅛	99⅜	99⅝	89
Pac. of Mo. 1st 4s	96⅞	96⅜	96⅜	5
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1912	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛	10
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1915	97	96⅞	96⅞	54
Penn. gtd. 4½s	103¼	103⅛	103⅛	1
Penn. gtd. 3½s, 1916	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	1
Penn. 4s, 1948	103⅜	103⅛	103⅛	8
Penn. gtd. 3½s, Ser. B.	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	2
Pere Marq. ref. 4s	70	70	70	1
Phila., Balt. & W. 4s	102	102	102	1
Public Serc. s. f. 5s	94¼	93⅝	94¼	47
Reading gen. 4s	98⅞	97⅞	98⅛	163
Railway S. Spring 5s	98½	98⅛	98½	1
Rome, W. & Og. con. 5s	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝	4
R. I., Ark. & La. 4½s	98	98	98	1
Rio Gr. Westn. 1st 4s	89¼	89¼	89¼	7
Rutland 4½s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	1
St. L., I. M. & S. R. & G. 4s	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝	16
St. L., Iron Mt. & So. general 5s	107⅝	107½	107⅝	4
St. L. & San Fran. Ry. general 6s	118⅜	118⅜	118⅜	7
St. L. & San Fran. R. R. ref. 4s	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝	4
St. L. & San Fran. R. R. general 5s	89⅝	89	89	121
St. L. & S. F. con. 4s	90¼	90¼	90¼	2
St. L. & S. W. 1st 4s	92⅝	92¼	92⅝	12
St. L. & S. W. 2d inc. 4s	82½	82½	82½	1
St. L. & S. W. con. 4s	80⅛	80⅛	80¼	52
San An. & A. P. 4s	87⅞	87¼	87⅝	5
Seab. Air Line adj. 5s	79½	79½	79½	12
Southn. Pacific conv. 4s	99¼	98⅝	99	247
Southn. Pacific ref. 4s	95	95	95	173
So. Pac., S. Fr. Ter. 4s	92	92	92	62
Southn. Pacific col. 4s	92¼	92¼	92¼	2
Southern Ry. 1st 5s	108⅛	108	108	26
Southern Ry. ref. 4s	79⅜	79⅜	79⅜	822
Texas & Pac. 1st 5s	110½	110½	110½	1
Term. of St. L. 5s	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	1
3d Av. con. 4s, t.r., stamped	67⅛	67¼	67⅛	88
Tri-City 5s	98⅞	98½	98½	1
Union Bag & P. 5s	94	94	94	2
Underground El. 4½s	95¼	95¼	95¼	5
Union Pacific 1st 4s	101⅝	100⅞	101	101½
Union Pacific ref. 4s	97¼	96⅞	97	28
Union Pac. conv. 4s	108½	107⅛	108	225
U. S. Rubber 6s	105	104⅞	105	89
U. S. Steel 5s	106	105½	105⅞	802
U. S. Steel 5s, reg	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	10½
Va. & S. W. 1st 5s	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛	1
Vandalia 4s, Series B.	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜	7
Va.-Car. Chem. 5s	100⅛	100	100⅛	44
Va. Iron, C. & C. 5s	97	96⅛	97	4
Wabash 1st 5s	108⅜	108	108	5
Wabash ref. 4s	66⅝	66	66⅝	89
W.P.T.1st4s, Cent. t. r.	48⅛	47½	47¾	209
W. P. T.1st4s, Col. t. r.	48⅛	48	48⅛	13
W. P. Ter. 2d 4s	2⅞	2¾	2⅞	11
W. P. Ter. 2d 4s, t. r.	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	56
Western Maryland 4s	88⅛	87⅞	88	185
West Shore 4s	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	3
West Shore 4s, reg	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	2
West. Elec. & Mfg. 5s	95	94⅞	94⅞	53
Western Union 4½s	96⅝	96½	96½	10
West. Union col. tr. 5s	108	108	108	2
Wilkes. & East. 5s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	1
Wheel. & L. E. con. 4s	86	86	86	10
Wisconsin Central 4s	93⅜	93¼	93½	13
W. C., Sup. & Dul. 4s	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝	24
Total sales				$9,126,000

Foreign Government Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Argentina 5s	97¼	97¼	97¼	10
Chinese Ry. 5s, w. i.	98⅛	97⅞	98	155
Japanese 4½s	94⅝	94⅜	94⅜	13¼
Japanese 4½s, 2d Series	94⅜	94	94¼	6½
Japanese 4s	88¼	88	88	5
San Paulo 5s	97	97	97	2
Republic of Cuba 5s	103	103	103	20
Republic of Cuba 4½s	99	99	99	2
U. S. of Mexico 5s	96¼	95⅞	95⅞	4
U. S. of Mexico 4s	90	90	90	3
Total sales				$221,000

United States Government Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
3s, coupon	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	4
Panama 3s, w. i.	102⅝	102½	102⅝	96
Total sales				$100,000

State Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
N. Y. Canal 4s	106	106	106	1
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. ctfs.	56¼	55½	55½	30
Total sales				$31,000

New York City Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
4s, 1956, reg.	100¼	100	100	4
4s, 1958	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	2
4s, 1957	100	100	100	3
4s, 1959	100¼	100	100¼	82
4½s, 1960	102⅞	102⅝	102⅞	48
4¼s, 1960, temp	104⅝	104½	104½	723
4½s, 1957	108⅞	108⅝	108⅞	32
Total sales				$839,000
Grand total				10,817,000

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

The following were the daily rates of call and time loans last week:

	On Call.	Ruling Rate.	60 Days.	90 Days.	Six Months.
Monday	2¼@2½	2⅜	2½@2¾	2¾@3	3¼@3½
Wed.	2¼@2½	2⅜	2½@2¾	2¾@3	3½@3¾
Thursday	2¼@2½	2¼	2½@2¾	2¾@3	3½@3¾
Friday	2¼@2½	2¼	2½@2¾	2¾@3	3½@3¾
Saturday	2¼	2¼	2½@2¾	2¾@3	3½@3¾
W'k's r'ge.	2¼@2½	2¼	2½@2¾	2¾@3	3½@3¾

Corresponding Week Last Year.—On call, 2@3¼; ruling rate, 2¾; sixty days, 3½@3¾; ninety days, 4¾@5.

Year to Date.—On call, 1@6; ruling rate, 2½; sixty days, 2¼@3¼; ninety days, 2⅝@3¾; six months, 2¾@4.

Corresponding Period Last Year.—On call, 1@14; ruling rate, 3; sixty days, 3@4¾; ninety days, 3@4¾; six months, 3¾@5.

FOREIGN DISCOUNT RATE.

	London. Short.	London. 3 Mos.	Berlin.	Paris.
Monday	2½	2½ @2 3-16	3¼	2⅛
Tuesday	2 1-16	2 1-16@2⅛	2⅞	2⅛
Wednesday	2⅛	2 1-16@2⅛	2⅞	2⅛
Thursday	2⅛	2 1-16	2⅞	2⅛
Friday	2⅛	2 1-16	2⅞	2⅛
Saturday	2⅛	2 1-16	2¼	2⅛

BANK RATES.

	P. C.	When Fixed.
England	3	March 9, 1911
Germany	4	Feb. 17, 1911
France	3	Jan. 23, 1910
Belgium	3½	May 11, 1911
Bombay	4	June 21, 1911
Bengal	4	June 15, 1911

STERLING EXCHANGE.

	Demand.	60 Days.	Cables.
Monday	$4.8615	$4.84¼	$4.8645
Wednesday	4.8615	4.84¼	4.8645
Thursday	4.8625	4.8440	4.8655
Friday	4.8630	8.8440	4.8665
Saturday	4.8630	4.8450	4.8660

Week's Range.—Demand, $4.8615@$4.8630; 60 days, $4.8425@$4.8450; cables, $4.8645@$4.8665.

Corresponding Week Last Year.—Demand, $4.8540@$4.8585; 60 days, $4.8360@$4.8405; cables, $4.8575@$4.8610.

Year to Date.—Demand, $4.8505@$4.8655; 60 days, $4.8175@$4.8445; cables, $4.8545@$4.8685.

Corresponding Period Last Year.—Demand, $4.8570@$4.8790; 60 days, $4.8335@$4.8525; cables, $4.8605@$4.8850.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK AT DOMESTIC CENTRES.

	Boston. Discount.	Chicago. Premium.	St. Louis. Premium.	St. Paul. Premium.
Monday	10c.	Par	25c.	90c.
Wednesday	12½c.	Par	25c.	90c.
Thursday	10c.	10c.	15c.	90c.
Friday	10c.	15c.	10c.	90c.
Saturday	10c.	20c.	25c.	90c.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON.

	Paris. F.	Paris. C.	Berlin. M.	Berlin. Pf.
Monday	25	29	20	44
Tuesday	25	29	20	44
Wednesday	25	29	20	44
Thursday	25	29	20	44½
Friday	25	29¼	20	45½
Saturday	25	29¼	20	46½

GOLD AND SILVER BARS IN LONDON.

	Gold Bars. s.	Gold Bars. d.	American Eagles. s.	American Eagles. d.	Bar Silver. d.
Monday	77	9	76	4½	24 5-16
Tuesday	77	9	76	4½	24 5-16
Wednesday	77	9	76	4½	24 7-16
Thursday	77	9	76	4½	24⅜
Friday	77	9	76	4½	24 5-16
Saturday	77	9	76	4½	24⅜

GOLD PREMIUMS.

	Madrid.	Lisbon.
Monday	7.95	9.00
Tuesday	7.95	9.00
Wednesday	8.05	9.00
Thursday	8.10	8.00
Friday	8.20	8.00
Saturday	8.15	8.00

FRENCH GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	British Consols.	French Rentes.	Russ. 4s.	Ger. Imp. 3s.	Turkish 4s.
Monday	79	94f 32½c	95¼	82¼	91¼
Tuesday	79 1-16	94f 35c	95¼	82¼	91½
Wednesday	78¾	94f 20c	95	82	91½
Thursday	78¾	94f 47½c	95	82¼	91½
Friday	78 11-16	94f 47½c	95¼	82¼	91½
Saturday	78¾	94f 47½c	95¼	82⅛	91⅛

YEAR'S RANGE IN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Where no sale occurred in 1911 the last previous price is given.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
Alabama Currency Fund 4s..J. J.	....	....	111 Mar. 20, 1904
Louisiana consol. 4s, 1914....J. J.	99 May 12	99 May 12	99 May 12, 1911
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1958.	....	....	113⅜ Jan. 19, 1909
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1960.	....	....	105½ Oct. 28, 1910
N. Y. Canal 4s, July, 1960.	106¼ Jun. 2	104⅞ Jan 11	104⅞ July 1, 1911
North Carolina 6s, 1919......A. O.	....	....	114⅝ Mar. 28, 1910
North Caro. consol. 4s, 1910..J. J.	....	....	99⅝ Feb. 8, 1909
North Caro. consol. 4s, small.	....	....	100⅛ Apr. 8, 1907
North Caro. special tax......A. O.	....	....	117 Dec. 11, 1903
South Carolina 4½s, 1933.......J. J.	....	....	103¼ July 27, 1910
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913.......J. J.	97 Mar. 1	96 Jan 18	97 May 4, 1911
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913 small.	....	....	95½ Jun. 20, 1910
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. cfs	67½ Mar. 6	40 Jan 18	55½ July 7, 1911
Virginia fund. debt, 2-3s, 1991.J. J.	86½ Mar. 4	86¼ Mar 4	86⅜ Jun. 20, 1911
Virginia Riddleberger	....	....	90 Dec. 20, 1907
U. S. 2s, 1930, reg........Q. Jan.	101¼ Feb. 15	101⅛ Feb 15	101⅛ Feb. 15, 1911
U. S. 2s, coupon............Q. Jan.	101⅝ Apr. 3	101 Feb 1	101 May 10, 1911
U. S. 4s, 1925, reg............Q. F.	116 Feb. 21	114 Jun 7	114¼ Jun. 15, 1911
U. S. 4s, 1925, coupon........Q. F.	116⅜ Feb. 17	114⅝ Apr 28	114⅝ Apr. 28, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, coupon.Q. F.	102⅝ Apr. 17	101⅞ May 31	101⅞ May 31, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, reg......Q. F.	103 Feb. 7	102 Apr 6	102 Apr. 6, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, small	....	....	102½ Nov. 11, 1910
Panama 2s, 1936, reg.	100½ Jun. 6	100½ Jun 6	100½ Jun. 6, 1911
Panama 2s, 1938, reg.	....	....	101½ Aug. 11, 1910
Panama 2s, 1908-18, reg	....	....	100⅝ Oct. 11, 1909
Panama 3s, w. i.	103 Jun. 22	102½ July 7	102⅝ July 8, 1911
Dist. of Columbia 3-65s, 1925.F. A.	....	....	110 Nov. 28, 1909
Philippine 4s, 1914-1931.......Q. F.	....	....	111 May 3, 1906
Phil.Isl.p.w.& imp.reg.4s,1935.Q. M.	....	....	108¾ Feb. 26, 1908
Phil. Isl. land pur. 4s,1914-45.Q. F.	....	....	100½ July 14, 1910
Argentina 5s	99 Jan. 18	97½ July 8	97½ July 8, 1911
Imp. Chinese Gov. contracts, w. i., for Hukuang Ry. 5% sterling bonds and interest	98 Jun. 30	97⅝ Jun 23	98 July 8, 1911
Imp.Jap.Gov.4½s,Feb.15,1925..F. A.	95¾ Jan. 3	93½ Mar 30	94⅝ July 7, 1911
I.Jap.Gov.4½s,2dser.Jy.10,1925.J. J.	95¼ Jan. 9	93⅜ Mar 31	94¼ July 6, 1911
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4s, Jan., 1925..F. A.	90 Jan. 5	87⅞ Mar 21	88 July 8, 1911
Republic of Cuba 5s.........M. S.	104 Feb. 20	102½ Apr 4	103 July 6, 1911
Republic of Cuba 4½s	100 Feb. 2	97⅝ Jan 17	99 July 8, 1911
Sao Paulo (U. S. of B.) 5 p.c., 1919.	97½ Jan. 7	96⅞ May 24	97 July 5, 1911
U. S. of Mex. s. f. 5s...........Q. J.	97⅜ Jan. 6	95½ Jun 26	95⅞ July 6, 1911
U.S.of M.4s, Ser. A,Dec.1,1953.J.D.	94½ Jan. 6	90 July 7	90 July 7, 1911
U. S. of Mex. 4s. Series B	....	....	96⅜ May 2, 1910

NEW YORK CITY SECURITIES.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
Corporate stock 3½s, 1954..*M. N.	88⅜ Jun. 19	88 Mar 6	88¾ Jun. 19, 1911
Corp. stock 3½s, 1954, reg..M. N.	87½ Jan. 18	87½ Jan 18	87½ Jan. 18, 1911
Corp. stock 3½s, 1955......M. N.	....	....	88¼ Nov. 2, 1910
Corp. stock 3½s, 1959.	89½ Jun. 6	89½ Jun 6	90½ Jun. 6, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, reg, 1936...M. N.*	97½ Mar. 27	97½ Mar 27	97½ Mar. 27, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, reg, 1955......M. N.*	99⅝ May 4	98¼ Jan 21	99⅝ May 4, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, reg, 1956...M. N.*	100⅛ July 1	97⅞ Mar 2	100 July 7, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1957........*M. N.	100⅛ Jun. 5	98⅜ Jan 11	100 July 6, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1957, reg.	100⅛ Jun. 21	99⅞ May 2	100¼ Jun. 24, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957........*M. N.	109⅛ May 12	106½ May 12	108⅜ July 7, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957, reg.	108⅞ Jun. 6	108¾ Jun 16	108⅝ Jun. 16, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957......M. N.*	109⅛ Jun. 13	106¾ Jun 7	108⅞ Jun. 27, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957, reg.	107⅛ Jan. 5	107½ Jan 5	107½ Jan. 5, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1958........*M. N.	100⅝ May 4	98¼ Jan 11	100⅛ July 6, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1958, reg.	99¼ Mar. 21	99¼ Mar 21	99¼ Mar. 21, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1959........*M. N.	100⅛ May 2	98⅝ Jan 11	100⅛ July 8, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1959, reg.	99⅞ May 3	99 Feb 15	99¼ Jun. 1, 1911
Corp. stock 4¼s, 1960........*M. S.	103 May 13	100¾ Jan 11	102⅞ July 7, 1911
Corp. stock 4¼s, 1960, reg	101⅝ Apr. 4	101⅝ Apr 4	101⅝ Apr. 4, 1911
Corp. stock 4¼s, 1960, rcts	104⅞ Jun. 6	100⅞ Jan 14	104⅛ July 8, 1911
Assessm't b'ds, 4½s, 1917..*M. N.	103 Jan. 5	102 Jan 25	102⅜ Jun. 15, 1911
Ass'm't b'ds, 4½s, 1917, reg.*M. N.	102¾ Jun. 20	102¾ Jun 20	102¾ Jun. 20, 1911
Assessm'nt b'ds, 4½s, 1917..M. N.*	103 May 22	101½ Mar 29	102½ Jun. 27, 1911

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Dividend. Period	Dividend. Date.	Quotation July 8, 1911. Bid.	Quotation July 8, 1911. Asked.
Albany So. 5s	$1,250,000	2½s	S	M. & S.	97½	99½
Am. Gas & El.	2,500,000	V	V	V	55	56
Do preferred	1,537,500	V	V	V	43¼	44½
Am. Pow. & Lt.	5,503,800	..	..	....	74	77
Do 6% cum.pf.	2,798,100	1½	Q	July 1, 11	83½	84
Ariz. Power	8,000,000	..	..	....	20	22
Do preferred	825,000	..	..		56	..
Do 1st 6s, '31	1,793,000	3	S	M. & N.	85	†93
Atl. C. L. 1st 5s	V	V	V	V	96½	99
Aub'n & Syr. E. R.R. tax ex. 5s	1,460,000	2½	S	A. & O.	99½	101½
Aug.-Aik. R. & E. 5s	V	2½	S	J. & D.	91¼	93
Aur., El. & Chi.	3,100,000	¾	Q	Apr 10, 11	41½	42½
Do preferred	3,100,000	1½	Q	Apr 10, 11	86¼	87¼
Do 1st 5s, '41	V	V	V	V	99	101
Balt. Co. Water & Elec. 5s, '46	815,000	2½	S	M. & N.	96	98
Benton Har.-St. Jo. 1st 5s	V	V	V	V	87	89
Bing'mton Ry. 1st 5s	V	V	V	V	98	100
Birmingham R., L. & P. Co. 4½s	8,720,000	2¼	S	A. & O.	92½	--
Bleecker St. & F. Ferry stock	900,000	V	S	V	18	25
Do 1st 4s, 1950	700,000	2	S	J. & J.	50	60
B'way & 7th Av.	2,100,000	2½	V	V	125	..
Do 2d 5s, 1914	500,000	V	V	V	100	..
B'way Surface guar. 1st 5s, '24	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	103½
B., B. & W. E. gen. 5s, 1933	121,600	2½	S	A. & O.	97	100
B'klyn C.R. ($10)	12,000,000	2	Q	Apr 15, 11	165	170
Buf. Crt'n 1st 5s	2,974,000	1¼	S	V	103⅝	104½
Buff. Gen. El. 5s	2,375,000	2½	S	F. & A.	100	101
Do 6s	8,724,000	1½	Q	J.,A.,J.,O.	97½	98½
Do stock	V	V	V	V	97	98
B. & Lockp. 5s	506,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	100
B. & L.E. Trac. 5s, '36	V	V	V	V	68	70
B. & N. Falls E. L. & P. 1st 5s, '42	500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98	100
Capital Trac.	12,000,000	1¼	Q	July 1, 11	126½	127
Do 1st 5s, '47	4,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	112½	113
Catawba P. 6s	V	3	S	J. & D.	101	103
Cataract P. & C.	V	V	V	V	104	105
Cen. Crosstown	600,000	4½	Q	Oct. 1, 07	85	..
Central Maine Power 1st 5s	1,100,000	--	S	M. & N.	96½	98½
Charleston Con. R., G. & E. ($50)	1,500,000	2	S	V	40	50
Do con 5s, '99	1,734,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97	98
Chas. City Ry. 5s, 1923	766,000	2½	S	M. & S.	101	102
Chattan'ga Rys	3,000,000	..	..	....	85	87
Do preferred	2,000,000	1¼	Q	Apr. 1, 11	75	77
Do 1st 5s '56	2,165,000	2½	S	M. & N.	96	95
Cit'z L.H.&P.5s	1,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	..
Clev. El. R. 5s, '13	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	100⅝	101¼
Clevel'd Ry. 1st 5s, '31	10,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	100⅝	101⅛
Col., Nwk. & Z. 5s, '24	1,250,000	2½	S	J. & D.	96½	97⅝
Col. Spgs. L., H. & P. 1st 5s, '20	V	V	V	V	92	94½
Com'wealth Ed.	32,875,000	1¾	..	May, 1911	128	128¾
C'wlth P. R.&L.	12,000,000	V	V	V	59	60½
Do preferred	6,000,000	V	V	V	88⅝	89⅝
Conn. R. & L. 1st 4½s, 1951, st. red'm'ble	10,682,000	2¼	S	J. & D.	101⅝	102⅝
Do unstamp.	1,809,378	2¼	S	J. & D.	101⅝	..
C. P. N. & E.R.	1,800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	15	..
Chris. & 10th St	650,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	90	110
Coney Isl. & B.	2,983,900	2	Q	Feb., 1907	50	..
Do 1st con 4s	2,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	78	83
Con. Gas, E.L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s	9,831,000	2¼	S	J. & J.	86⅝	87
Con. Tr. of N.J.	15,000,000	2	S	Apr 15, 11	74½	76
Do 1st 5s, 1933	15,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	104½	105
Dry D., E. B. & B. 1st 5s, 1932	950,000	2½	S	J. & D.	96	100
Duluth Ed. El. Co. 1st 5s, '31	1,103,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98½	--
Economy L.&P. 1st mtg. 5s, '56	1,546,000	2½	S	J. & D.	94	96½
Eighth Av. R.R.	1,000,000	V	V	V	290	..
Emp. Dist. El. Co	1,756,500	V	V	V	..	..
Do preferred	501,100	V	V	V	78	80
Do 5s	1,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	78	80
42d St. & Gr. St.	748,000	13½	N	V	190	..
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 1st 6s, '10	1,200,000	V	V	V	98	100
Do inc. 6s, 1915	1,600,000	..	..	....	50	60
Gas & El. Sec. Co	1,000,000	..	..	....	101	105
Do preferred	1,000,000	†	A	Monthly	85	90
Gt. W. Pow. 5s	9,300,000	2½	S	J. & J.	88½	†88
Harwood El. 5s, '39	700,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96	99
Int. Ry. of Buf.: Buf. Div. 5s, '31	4,706,000	2½	S	F. & A.	104½	105
Do deb. 6s, '17	1,000,000	3	S	M. & S.	104	105
L.&O. Div. 1st 5s	800,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97½	100
B.&L. Div. 1st 5s	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	100
B & N F D 1st 5s	750,000	2½	S	J. & J.	108	106
Int. Trac. 4s, '49 receipts flat	18,835,000	2	S	J. & J.	71½	..
Jer. Central Tr. 5s, '54	V	V	V	V	85	95
J. C., H. & P. 4s	14,061,000	2	S	M. & N.	76	77
Joplin & Pitt Ry. 5s	1,750,000	2½	S	M. & S.	94	96
Kankakee G. & L. 1st 5s, 1930	V	V	V	V	90	95
Kan. C. R. & L.	9,543,080	..	..	....	15	18
Do preferred	9,407,500	1¼	Q	Mar. 1, 11	40	42
Do 1st l.r. 5s	10,200,000	2½	S	M. & N.	92	94
Do cv. 6s, '12	5,478,000	3	S	M. & S.	93	95
K. C. Belt L. 6s	2,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	106⅝	107¾
K. C. Elv. 4s, '22	2,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	78	82
Kan. C. West. 5s	1,650,000	2½	S	M. & S.	84	86
K.C. Met. St. Ry. cn. ex. 1st 5s, '13	7,248,000	2½	S	M. & N.	95	96
K. C. & Westpt. 1st 5s, 1926	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	92½	93½
Knoxv. R. & L. 5s	V	V	V	V	95	98
Knoxv. Trac. 5s	824,000	2½	S	A. & O.	105	..
Lit. Rock Ry. & El. 1st 5s, '33	1,972,000	2½	S	A. & O.	105⅝	--
Los A.G. & E. 5s	1,100,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96½	--
Met. Elec. (Reading) 1st 5s, '39	2,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	95	--
Min'p's Gen. E. 1st con 5s, '33	5,486,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100	101
M'p'lis St. Ry. 1st 5s	V	V	V	V	102⅝	103½
Mobile El. 5s, '46	V	V	V	V	86	..
Nash. R. & El. 5s	4,054,000	¾	Q	Apr. 1, 11	101	103
Do stock	4,000,000	1¼	Q	July 1, 11	70	71
Do preferred	2,500,000	1¼	Q	July 1, 11	89	91
Nassau L. & P. 1st 5s, '27	619,000	2½	S	A. & O.	99½	102½
Nat. L., H. & P. col. tr. 5s, Ser. B	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97⅞	100
Do Series C.	405,000	2½	S	J. & D.	97	97½
N.Y. & Q. Elec. Lt. & P.	1,250,000	..	..	....	55	60
Do preferred	1,250,000	1¼	Q	Mar 1, 10	75	79
Do 1st 5s	2,850,000	2½	S	F. & A.	101½	103
N. Y. State Rys	V	V	V	V	78	83
N. Am. Co. 5s, notes, 1912	1,922,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	--
N. Falls Hyd. & Mfg. 5s of 1917	1,200,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	102
N., L'pt. & Ont. P. 1st 5s	V	V	V	V	90	94
N. F. Pow. 5s, '32	10,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101½	102¼
Do 6s, '32	8,226,000	3	S	A. & O.	106	106¾
Do stock	4,197,500	2	Q	Jul 15, 11	155	160
N Y & Westch'r Ltg G M 4s, 2004	10,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	84½	86
Ninth Avenue	V	V	V	V	150	..
Northam't'n—E & W. Tr. 5s, '50	V	V	V	V	92	96
N.Hud.Co.Ry.5s	V	V	V	V	99	102
Nor. Jer. St. Ry. 1st. 4s, 1948	15,000,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	77¼	78¼
Nor. Tex. Tr. 5s	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99½	..
Om. & C. B. St. Ry. 1st 5s, '28	6,533,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	98
O. & C. B. Ry. & B. 1st 5s, '28	1,616,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	99
Ont. P. stock	V	V	V	V	52	60
Ontario Pow. 5s	6,049,000	2½	S	F. & A.	96¾	97
Ont. Transmis. 1st 5s, 1945	V	V	V	V	89	92
Oreg. Elec. Ry.	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	..
Oreg. W. P. & Ry. 6s	V	3	S	J. & J.	103	105
Pacific Lt. & P. (Los Ang.) 1st 5s, '42	38,827,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	100
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st 5s, '30	7,608,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	..
Port. R., L. & P. 5% notes, '12	2,624,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	100⅝
Port. Gen. El. 5s	7,178,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100½	101½
Pot'm'c El. Pow con. mtg. 5s, '36	4,891,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100⅞	101¼
Do 1st 5s, '29	1,700,000	2½	S	J. & D.	109⅝	110½
Pub. S. Cor. ctfs	19,940,830	2½	S	May 1, 11	106	107⅝
Roch. Gas & El. 1st 5s, 1912	2,000,000	2½	S	V	100	--
Roch. Ry. 1st con. 5s	2,700,000	2½	S	A. & O.	108	--
Do pf. stock	V	V	V	V	90	..
Do 2d 5s, '33	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	101⅝	..
Roch. Ry. & L. 5s	3,575,000	2½	..	J. & J.	101	102
Same bond, tax exempt, N. Y.	....	..	..	....	101⅜	102½
Roch., Syr. & E. 5s, '45	V	V	V	V	83	85
Rockld. L. & P. 5s	555,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	--
Rutland R., L. & P. 1st 5s, '46	1,700,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	--
St. Jos. (Mo.) R., L., H. & P. 5s	4,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	100
Sagn. Val. Tr. 5s	813,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98½	100
Salt L. & Ogd. 1st 5s	1,000,000	--	S	F. & A.	96	--
San Diego Con. G. & E.	727,400	1¾	Q	Jun 15, 10	95	..
Do preferred	1,505,000	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 11	100¼	sold.
Do 1st 5s, '39	1,925,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96	98
San Joaquin Lt. & P. 1st 5s, '45	2,695,000	2½	S	J. & D.	95	98
Savan. El. Co. 1st con. 5s, '52	2,051,000	2½	S	J. & J.	72	75
Scioto Val. Tr. 1st 5s, '23	1,600,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	100
Scranton El. 5s	2,271,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	..
Scran. Ry. ($50)	2,000,000	..	..	....	50	..
Do pf., ($50)	1,500,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	62½	70
Do con. 5s, '32	1,100,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
Seattle Elec. Co	V	V	V	V	110	111
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	102	103
Do 1st 5s, '30	V	V	V	V	104	106
Do con. 5s, 29	4,648,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98	99
Seattle Ltg. 5s	3,368,000	2½	S	A. & O.	95½	97½
Seat.-Tac. Pow. 1st 5s, '25	1,963,000	2½	S	J. & D.	101	..
Second Av. stk.	1,862,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 09	8	13
Do 1st con. 5s	5,184,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 09	40	50
Do 1st 5s, 1909	1,600,000	2½	S	May, 1908	95	100
Sierra & San F. Pow. 1st 5s	6,500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	93	95
Sioux City Serv. 1st 5s	V	V	V	V	94	96
Sixth Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	V	120	126
So. Cal. Ed's'n 5s	5,364,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94	96
South'n Pow. 5s	8,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	100
Spokane & Inland Emp. 5s	4,035,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	100
Stein'y Ry. 1st 6s	1,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	103	105
Superior W., L. & P. 1st 4s, 1931	1,600,000	2	S	M. & N.	83½	84½
Syrac. Rap. T.	V	V	V	V	..	63
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	90	100
Tampa El. 1st 5s	882,500	2½	S	J. & D.	97¾	99
84th St. Crosst'n 1st guar. 5s, '96	1,000,000	2½	S	V	75	85
28th & 29th St. 1st 5s, 1996	1,500,000	2½	S	V	15	25
23d Street	600,000	4½	Q	V	200	240
Tri-City R. & L.	9,000,000	..	..	....	..	84
Do preferred	2,826,000	1½	Q	May 1, 11	92½	93
Twin City R. T. 5s, '28	V	V	V	V	104¼	105
Union Ry. 5s	2,000,000	2	S	V	100	103
Un. Elec. N. J. 4s, '49	18,617,500	2	S	J. & D.	78	78⅝
Unit. E. L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s	4,875,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	93½	95
UG & E of N J 5s	V	V	V	V	93	98
Utica & M'h'k V. Ry. 4½s, '41	2,268,000	..	S	M. & S.	96½	98
Va. Ry. & P. 5s	V	V	V	V	97	97½
Wash., Alex. & Mt. V. Ry. 5s	2,450,000	2½	S	M. & S.	90	95
Wash., B. & A. 1st 5s	V	V	V	V	81	82
Wash. R. & El.	6,500,000	1	..	June 1, 11	87	88
Do preferred	8,500,000	2½	S	June 1, 11	88⅝	89
Do con. 4s, '51	10,244,000	2½	S	J. & D.	84⅝	85
Wash.-Va. Ry.	2,000,000	..	..	....	88	40
Do preferred	1,000,000	3	V	V	68	69½
West'n Power	12,000,000	..	..	....	84	34
Do 6% cum.pf	5,220,000	..	..	....	60⅝	61½

a Three semi-annual dividends of 4½% were paid together.

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Dividend. Period	Dividend. Date.	Quotation July 8, 1911. Bid.	Quotation July 8, 1911. Asked.
Aetna Nat.	$300,000	2	Q	July 1, 11	175	182
America	1,500,000	13	S	July 1, 11	600	610
Am. Exch. Nat.	5,000,000	5	S	May 1, 11	260	..
Batt'y Pk. Nat.	200,000	3	S	July 1, 11	185	..
Bowery	250,000	‡8	Q	May 1, 11	380	..
Bronx Borough	150,000	10	S	July 1, 11	325	..
Butch. & Drov. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	3	S	July 1, 11	135	142
Century	200,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	..	160
Chase National	5,000,000	5	Q	July 1, 11	550	575
Chat.-Phen. Nat.	2,250,000	..	..	....	170	174
Chelsea Exch.	200,000	2	Q	July 1, 11	190	200
Chemical Nat.	3,000,000	5	B	May 1, 11	455	465
Cit's Cent. Nat.	2,550,000	1¼	Q	July 1, 11	158	162
City (National)	25,000,000	5	B	May 1, 11	450	460
Coal & Iron Nat	1,000,000	1½	Q	July 1, 11	158	162
Colonial	400,000	2½	Q	July 1, 11	425	..
Columbia	800,000	3	S	July 1, 11	370	..
Commerce (Nat)	25,000,000	2	Q	July 1, 11	213	216
Corn Exchange	3,000,000	4	Q	May 1, 11	320	325
E. R. Nat. ($25)	250,000	3	S	July 1, 11	110	120
Fidelity	200,000	3	S	May 1, 11	165	175
Fifth Avenue	100,000	25a	Q	July 1, 11	4100	4350
Fifth National	250,000	3	Q	July 1, 11	300	350
First National	10,000,000	7	Q	July 1, 11	980	995
Fourteenth St.	1,000,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 11	145	155
Fourth Nat.	5,000,000	2	Q	July 1, 11	205	210
Gal'tin Nat. ($50)	1,000,000	7	S	Oct. 6, 10	335	345
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jun 30, 11	290	310
Ger.-Am. ($75)	750,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 11	140	145
German Exch.	200,000	10	S	July 1, 11	460	..
Germania	200,000	‡12½	S	May 1, 11	525	550
Gotham Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	150	160
Greenwich	500,000	2½	Q	May 1, 11	240	250
Hanover Nat.	3,000,000	4	Q	July 1, 11	635	645
Harriman Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	295	..
Imp. & Tr. Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	July 1, 11	565	580
Internat. B'k'g.	3,250,000	2	S	Oct. 10, 07	90	95
Irv. Nat. Exch.	2,000,000	2	Q	July 1, 11	216	225
Jefferson	500,000	4	S	July 1, 11	140	155
Liberty Nat.	1,000,000	5	Q	July 1, 11	575	600
Manhattan ($50)	2,050,000	7	S	July 1, 11	330	340
Mar.& Fult.Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	July 1, 11	250	260
Mechanics and Metals	6,000,000	3	Q	May 10, 11	268	272
Mercantile Nat.	3,000,000	1½	Q	July 1, 11	152	158
Merch.Nat.($50)	2,000,000	3½	S	July 1, 11	178	185
Merch. Ex. Nat. ($50)	600,000	3	S	July 1, 11	160	170
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	Feb. 1, 11	360	380
Metropolitan	2,000,000	2	Q	July 1, 11	195	205
Mount Morris	250,000	3	Q	July 1, 11	250	260
Mutual	200,000	4	S	July 1, 11	275	290
Nat. Nassau	500,000	4	S	May 1, 11	300	325
Nat. Reserve	1,200,000	3	S	Jan. 1, 11	88	92
N. Netherland	200,000	2½	S	Apr. 1, 11	210	230
N. Y. (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	7	S	July 1, 11	305	315
N.Y.County Nat	500,000	20	S	July 1, 11	900	915
N. Y. Prod. Ex.	1,000,000	4	S	Apr 15, 11	170	178
Pacific ($50)	500,000	2	Q	May 1, 11	280	295
Park National	5,000,000	4	Q	July 1, 11	370	375
People's ($25)	200,000	2	S	July 1, 11	250	270
Plaza	100,000	10	S	July 1, 11	615	635
Seaboard Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	July 1, 11	415	..
Second Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	July 1, 11	390	415
Sherman Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	135	..
State	1,000,000	5	S	July 1, 11	250	275
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 11	150	..
Union Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	4	S	July 1, 11	170	175
Wash. Heights	100,000	2	Q	July 1, 11	280	..
West Side	200,000	6	S	July 1, 11	650	..
Yorkville	100,000	10	S	July 1, 11	500	--

‡‡Dividend of 3% payable same day on First Securities Co.

a—Also special dividend of $185 paid July 1, '11.

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Dividend. Period	Dividend. Date.	Quotation July 8, 1911. Bid.	Quotation July 8, 1911. Asked.
Am. Lt. & Trac	$10,395,400	2½s	Q	May 1, 11	300	300
Do preferred	14,236,200	1½	Q	May 1, 11	106	108
Binghamt'n Gas 1st 5s, 1938	750,000	2½	S	A. & O.	98	100
Buffalo Gas	7,000,000	..	..	....	3	4½
Buffalo Gas pf.	1,713,000	..	..	....	..	20
Buf.G. 1st 5s, '47	5,900,000	2½	S	A. & O.	60	62
Burl'gton 1st 5s	V	V	V	V	..	93
Cent. Un. 5s, 1927	8,500,000	2½	S	A. & J.	102	103
Cities Service	4,889,825	½	M	July 1, 11	70¼	70⅝
Do preferred	8,779,650	½	M	July 1, 11	78¼	79
Colum. G. & F.	2,750,000	1	M	Aug 1, 10	80	85
Do preferred	5,500,000	1¼	Q	Apr. 1, 11	78⅝	..
Colum. Gas 5s, '32	V	V	V	V	--	95¼
††Con. G. of N.J. 1st con. 5s, 1936	971,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93	95
Dayton Gas 5s	1,200,000	2½	S	M. & S.	99	101
Denver G. & E.	2,500,000	½	M	Aug 1, 10	200	..
Do gen. 5s	5,691,000	2½	S	M. & N.	93	94
Det. City Gas prior lien 5s, '23	5,619,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100¼	102¼
Gd. Rap. G.L. 5s	1,350,000	2½	S	F. & A.	99	101
Houston G. 5s, '20	825,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98½	100
Hud. Co. Gas	10,500,000	4	S	Dec. 1, 10	135	138
Do 1st 5s	10,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	103¼	103½
Indiana Ltg. Co	4,500,000	..	..	....	33	36
Do 1st 4s, 1958	8,000,000	2	S	F. & A.	68½	70
Ind'apolis ($50)	2,000,000	..	..	....	20	..
Do 1st 5s, 1952	4,250,000	2½	S	A. & O.	77	82
J'ksonville 5s, '37	1,148,000	1¼	Q	June, 1911	92½	97½
Kansas Nat. G.	12,000,000	..	..	....	19	21
Do 1st 6s, '16	2,000,000	3	S	M. & N.	99½	100½
Do 2d 6s, '18	2,800,000	3	S	J. & J.	84	86
Lincoln G. & E.	2,250,000	3	S	J. & J.	24½	25
Madison (Wis.) 1st 6s, 1926	400,000	3	S	A. & O.	103	108
Milwaukee Gas Lt. 1st 4s, '27	7,932,000	2	SA	M. & N.	90¼	90⅝
Mich. Light pf.	2,144,000	1½	Q	....	96	99
Minneapolis 5s	V	V	V	V	98	100
Mobile 5s, '24	V	V	V	V	91	95
Mohawk Val. Co	V	V	V	V	100	103
Mutual	8,500,000	4	S	Jul 10, 11	170	180
Nashville Gas	V	V	V	V	75	78
N. Ams'm 5s, '48	10,635,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	103
N.Y. & E.R. 1st 5s, 1944	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	104¾	106
Do con. 5s, 1945	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100¾	101½
N.Y. & Q. G. Co. 1st 5s, "T. E."	816,000	2½	S	F. & A.	100	102
North Union 5s	1,250,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	102
Ogden 5s, '45	6,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	92	94½
Okla. G. & El.	1,118,900	2	Q	Jun 15, 11	105	110
Do 7% cum.pf	1,500,000	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 11	97½	100
Do 5s, '29	1,875,000	2½	S	A. & O.	97	99
Omaha G. 5s, '17	V	V	V	V	98	98¾
Omaha W. 5s, '46	V	V	V	V	98½	99
Pacific G. & E.	19,272,000	1½	Q	Feb 15, 11	60½	61
Do preferred	10,000,000	3	S	J. & D.	87	87
Do deb. 6s, '37	3,651,000	2½	S	J. & D.	98	†101
Portl'd G. & C. 5s	2,711,000				98	100
St. Joseph (Mo.) 1st 5s, 1944	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	92	..
St. Paul G. Lt. gen. 5s, 1944	3,439,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97¾	99
Do con. mtge. 6s, 1918	600,000	3	S	J. & J.	106¼	..
Scranton Gas & Wat. 1st 5s, '23	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101½	103
Do deb. 5s, '35	600,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101½	103
Do deb. 5s, 39	550,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101½	103
South. Lt. & Tr. col. tr. 5s, 1949	2,090,000	2½	S	M. & S.	92	95
S. Jer. G. & El.	6,000,000	4	S	J. & D.	130	137
Do 1st 5s	11,717,000	2½	S	J. & D.	98	99
Sp'brook Wat. 5s	4,490,000	2½	S	A. & O.	103½	104
Standard (N.Y.)	5,000,000	¾	S	Dec 31, 06	70	..
Do preferred	4,295,700	V	V	V	95	..
Do 1st 5s, 1930	1,362,000	2½	S	M. & N.	105	107
Syrac. Gas 1st 5s, 1946	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	--
Syrac. L. & P. col. tr. 5s, g., '54	5,452,500	2½	S	J. & J.	80¾	82
Syracuse Lt. 1st mtg. 5s, '51	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	101½	..
Washington G., ($20)	2,600,000	V	V	V	87¼	87⅝
Do 5s, 1960	2,860,000	2½	S	M. & N.	109⅝	110⅛
West. N.Y. Wat.	5,000,000	V	V	V	..	9
Wilkes-Barre G. & E. 1st c. 5s, '55	2,553,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102⅝	103

s Also regular stock dividend of 2¼ shares to 100 in common.

INSURANCE AND SURETY COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Dividend. Period	Dividend. Date.	Quotation July 8, 1911. Bid.	Quotation July 8, 1911. Asked.
Amer. Surety	$2,500,000	3	Q	Jun 30, 11	275	282
City of N. Y.	500,000	2½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	..	200
Commonwealth	500,000	5	S	Jan. 4, 11	320	..
Continental	2,000,000	25	S	Jan. 3, 11	1010	1040
Empire City	400,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 11	175	..
Fidelity & Cas.	1,000,000	9	S	Jul 21, 10	475	..
Fidelity-Phenix	2,500,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 11	315	325
Germ. Alliance	400,000	7½	S	Jan. 3, 11	290	310
Germ.-Amer.	1,500,000	15	S	Jan. 3, 11	515	530
Germania ($50)	1,000,000	9	S	Jan. 3, 11	290	310
Germania Life	200,000	6	S	July, 1910	210	225
Glens Falls ($10)	200,000	15	S	J. & J.	1525	..
Globe & Rutgers	400,000	10	Q	V	500	..
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 11	210	225
Home Fire	3,000,000	‡17½	S	J. & J.	700	715
Home Life	125,000	6	S	M. & N.	275	..
Manhattan Life	100,000	‡13	S	F. & A.	400	425
Metro. Casualty	200,000	5	S	Jul 21, 10	185	..
Metrop. L. ($25)	2,000,000	3½	S	M. & N.	170	..
Nassau ($50)	200,000	5	S	J. & J.	145	155
National Surety	1,500,000	3	Q	July 1, 11	235	250
Niagara ($50)	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	290	305
Nor. River ($25)	350,000	5	S	Oct 10, 10	155	165
Pacific ($25)	200,000	‡7	S	J. & J.	175	..
Peter C'per ($20)	150,000	3	S	Feb. 2, 11	90	110
Prudential ($50)	2,000,000	2½	Q	V	400	450
Stuyv's'nt ($100)	400,000	5	S	J. & J.	150	165
Un. States ($25)	250,000	6	A	V	80	100
U. S. Casualty	500,000	2½	Q	V	210	..
U. S. Life	264,000	7	A	J. & J.	90	105
W'sb'g City ($50)	250,000	10	S	J. & J.	..	390
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	May 1, 11	400	420

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Dividend. Period	Dividend. Date.	Quotation July 8, 1911. Bid.	Quotation July 8, 1911. Asked.
Astor Trust	$1,250,000	2	Q	May 1, 11	352	362
Bankers' Trust	3,000,000	4	Q	Jun 26, 11	695	710
Bd. & Mg. Guar	5,000,000	3	Q	May 15, 11	242	248
Broadway Tr.	700,000	1½	Q	May 1, 11	142	150
Brooklyn	1,000,000	5	Q	July 1, 11	440	450
Central	3,000,000	9	Q	July 1, 11	1020	1030
Citizens'	500,000	2½	S	Mar. 1, 11	125	135
Columbia Trust	1,000,000	3	Q	Jun 30, 11	300	310
Commercial	500,000	V	V	V	100	115
Empire	1,000,000	2½	Q	Jun 30, 11	300	310
Equitable Trust	3,000,000	6	Q	Jun 30, 11	495	505
Farmers' Loan & Trust ($25)	1,000,000	12½	Q	May 1, 11	1450	1500
Fidelity	1,000,000	3N	S	July 1, 11	220	225
Flatbush	300,000	4	S	July 1, 11	200	210
Franklin	1,500,000	4	S	Jun 30, 10	185	200
Fulton	500,000	5	S	July 1, 11	295	310
Guaranty	5,000,000	3	Q	Jun 30, 11	790	805
Guardian	500,000	..	..	....	185	150
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	May 1, 11	270	280
Home	750,000	2	.	Jul 15, 07	100	105
Hudson Trust	500,000	3	S	July 1, 11	140	155
Kings County	500,000	4	Q	May 1, 11	510	..
Knickerb. Trust	3,181,000	3	Q	Jun 30, 11	290	295
Lawyers Mtg.	4,000,000	3	Q	July 1, 11	265	270
Law. T. In. & T.	4,000,000	3	Q	July 1, 11	242	248
Lincoln	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 07	120	130
Long Island	1,000,000	3	Q	July 1, 11	320	..
Manhattan ($30)	1,000,000	6	S	July 1, 11	375	400
Mercantile	2,000,000	‡11	Q	Jun 30, 11	725	750
Metropolitan	2,000,000	6	Q	Jun 30, 11	470	485
Mtge. Bond Co.	2,000,000	1½	Q	Jun 30, 11	109	112
Mutual Alliance	700,000	1½	Q	July 1, 11	125	..
Nassau	600,000	2	Q	May 1, 11	155	170
New York	3,000,000	3	Q	Jun 30, 11	590	605
N.Y. Life I.&T.	1,000,000	20	S	Jun 10, 11	1060	1075
N.Y.Mtg. & Sec.	1,000,000	3	Q	July 1, 11	210	216
People's Trust	1,000,000	1	M	July 1, 11	300	310
Realty Assoc't's	4,000,000	3	S	Jul 15, 11	110	115
Standard	1,000,000	4	Q	Jun 30, 11	..	380
Title Guar. & T.	4,375,000	5	Q	Jun 30, 11	480	490
Title Insurance	2,000,000	3½	S	Apr. 1, 11	120	126
Tr. Co. of Am.	2,000,000	3	Q	July 1, 11	350	365
Union	1,000,000	12½	Q	Jul 10, 11	1230	1250
U. S. Mtg. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Jun 30, 11	476	485
United States	2,000,000	25	S	July 1, 11	1130	1160
Washington Tr.	500,000	3	Q	July 1, 11	360	380
Windsor	1,000,000	3	S	Dec 20, 10	92	97

N—Paid on old capital of $750,000.

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Dividend. Period	Dividend. Date.	Quotation July 8, 1911. Bid.	Quotation July 8, 1911. Asked.
Am. Bank Note Co. ($50)	4,495,000	1	Q	May 15, 11	50¾	51
Do pf. ($50)	4,495,000	1½	Q	July 1, 11	52½	53½
Amer. Chicle	6,000,000	1	M	Jun 20, 11	274	278
Do preferred	3,000,000	1½	Q	V	107	110
Am. Graphoph'e	1,500,000	..	..	....	5	10
Do preferred	1,500,000	..	..	....	24	30
Am. Malting 6s	3,078,000	3	S	M. & N.	100	102
Am. Screw	3,000,000	2½	Q	Jun 30, 11	163½	..
Am. Typefd.	4,000,000	1	Q	Jul 15, 11	50	52
Do preferred	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 11	97	101
Do deb. 6s, '39	V	V	V	V	99	100
Am. Un. Telph. (H's'g) 5s, '57	1,244,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 10	..	80
Am. Writ. Pap.	9,500,000	..	..	....	1½	2½
Ast. V'neer Mls. & Dock 6s, '41	500,000	3	S	J. & J.	100	105

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Dividend. Period	Dividend. Date.	Quotation July 8, 1911. Bid.	Quotation July 8, 1911. Asked.
Babcock & Wilcox, stk.	15,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr. 1, 11	[illegible]	103
Barney & Smith Car 5s of '36	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	92	97
Bliss E W Co ($50)	1,250,000	2½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	80	100
Do pf., ($50)	1,250,000	2	Q	July 1, 11	123	126
Bon Air C. & I. gen. 5s of '34	887,000	2½	S	J. & J.	65	70
Do 5s of '36	780,000	2½	Q	J. & J.	89	50
Do preferred	2,000,000	3	S	Apr. 1, 11	7	10
Bord. C. Milk	21,250,000	4	S	Feb 15, 11	124	126
Do preferred	7,500,000	1½	Q	Jun 15, 11	107	109
Case Th. Mach. 1st 5s	2,600,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99½	100
Celluloid	5,925,000	1½	Q	June 1, 11	131	133
Cen. Fireworks	1,406,800	1½	S	V	..	6
Do preferred	1,267,200	3½	S	Sep. 1, 09	..	40
Cen. Un. Telph.	5,450,927	1	Q	Apr., 1896	..	51½
Do 1st 6s	2,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	103	105
Do 5s of '19	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	..
Cheseb'gh Mfg.	500,000	10	Q	Mar 15, 11	725	800
Chi. Pneu. Tool	6,485,800	1	Q	Jul 26, 11	51	53
Con. Rub. Tire	4,000,000	..	..	....	3½	4½
Do preferred	1,149,500	1½	Q	Dec., 1909	26	29
Do deb. 4s	2,850,000	3	A	J. & J.	44	48
Con. Tel. (Buf.)	3,595,200	..	..	....	9	10
Con. Tel. (Pa.) 1st 5s, '31	2,292,500	2½	S	A. & O.	85	45
Crocker-Wh'ler	1,700,000	1¼	Q	Apr. 1, 11	90	95
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	102	106
Cudahy Pkg. 5s	4,525,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99¼	99¾
Cumb. T. & T.	19,680,150	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	156½	158
Cuyah'a Tel. 5s	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	89¾	90½
Empire St. & I.	1,254,770	..	..	....	10	15
Do preferred	2,500,000	1	S	July 1, 11	50	60
Frontier Tel. 5s (Buf.) of 1922	2,500,000	..	..	....	69	70½
Hav. Tobacco	30,000,000	..	..	....	3	5
Hav. Tob. pf.	5,000,000	..	..	....	5	12
Int. Ag. Corp. pf	9,115,500	7	A	V	108	109
Int. Nickel	11,582,626	2½	S	Sep. 1, 11	245	255
Do preferred	8,912,626	1½	Q	Aug. 1, 11	101	102½
Do 5s, '32	8,475,000	2½	S	V	99	100
Internat. Salt	18,231,390	1	Q	Dec. 1, 06	5	8
Do 1st 5s	3,999,900	2½	S	A. & O.	50	52
Internat. Silver	685,362	..	..	....	65	70
Do preferred	6,028,587	V	V	V	115	117
Do 1st 6s, '48	3,399,000	3	S	J. & D.	111	112
Do deb. 6s, '33	1,867,000	3	S	J. & J.	100	102
Interoc. Tel. & Tel. 1st 5s, '33	2,000,000	V	V	V	63	..
Kan.C.HomeTel	3,000,000	2	Q	Apr 15, 11	100	106
Do 5s, '23	3,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	89¼	90¼
Kan. C. L. Dist. Tel. 5s, '25	1,199,500	2½	S	J. & J.	87	88
K. C. Stocky'ds	3,250,000	1½	Q	May 1, 11	99	100
Do cv. 5s, '13	619,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99¾	101
Kinloch Tel. (St. Louis) 6s, '28	2,000,000	3	S	F. & A.	104½	..
Lan. Monotype	6,000,000	1½	Q	Jun 30, 11	94¼	95½
Mergenth. Lino.	12,796,800	3½	Q	Jun 30, 11	223½	225
Mo. & Kan. Tel.	13,627,700	1½	Q	Nov 5, 06	39	45
N. E. T. & T. deb. 5s, '15	V	V	V	V	101⅜	..
Do deb. 4s, '30	V	V	V	V	92	..
Do deb. 5s, '19	V	V	V	V	102½	..
O'Gara Coal 5s	2,780,000	2½	S	M. & S.	76	78

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Dividend. Period	Dividend. Date.	Quotation July 8, 1911. Bid.	Quotation July 8, 1911. Asked.
Otis Elevator	6,375,300	1½	S	Apr 15, 11	72	74
Do pf.	6,310,000	1½	Q	Apr 15, 11	101	104
Paint Cr. coll. 5s	2,903,000	2½	S	J. & J.	53	56
Penn. C. & C. 5s	5,584,500	..	..	....	6	10
Poc. Con. Col. inc. 5s of '57	3,187,300	2½	S	J. & J.	84½	85½
Proc. & Gamble	12,000,000	3	Q	May 15, 11	435	438
Do preferred	2,250,000	2	Q	Jul 15, 11	185	190
Producers' Oil	8,000,000	1.50	Q	Mar 31, 11	95	105
Do conv. 6s	2,000,000	3	S	J. & J.	95	100
Rogers-Brown	V	V	V	V	95	96
Royal Bak. P.	10,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31, 11	190	..
Do 6% cum.pf	10,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 31, 11	106½	109
Safety Car Heat & Lighting	3,862,000	2	Q	July 1, 11	117½	119½
Schwarz. & S. 6s, '16	5,251,000	3	S	J. & D.	101½	102½
Shredded Wht.	V	V	V	V	56	57
Singer Mfg.	60,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31, 11	280	280
Stand. Coupler	1,200,000	2	S	Dec 30, 10	41	46
Do preferred	300,000	4	S	Dec 30, 10	110	120
Standard Oil	100,000,000	$9	Q	Jun 15, 11	640	645
Stern Bros. pf.	3,000,000	1¾	Q	June 1, 11	98½	99¾
Studeb'kr Corp.	30,000,000	..	..	....	64½	65
Do preferred	13,500,000	1¾	Q	May 1, 11	106	107
Swift & Co.	75,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr., 1911	103¼	103½
Do 5s, '14	5,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	100½
Temple Iron 4s	642,000	2	S	J. & J.	103	105
Texas Co. cv. 6s	12,000,000	3	S	J. & J.	100¼	100¾
Un. Typewriter	10,000,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 07	42	44
Do 1st pf.	4,000,000	3½	S	Apr. 1, 11	107	112
Do 2d pf.	5,000,000	4	S	Apr. 1, 11	102	105
Unit. Cig. Mfrs.	15,000,000	1	Q	May 1, 11	56	59
Do preferred	5,000,000	1¾	Q	May 1, 11	103	106
U. S. Play. Cd.	350,000	2¼	Q	June 1, 11	152	160
U. S. Ptg. Co.	3,500,000	1⅝	Q	June 1, 11	x92	x94
U. S. Tel. Co. (Clev.) 1st 5s	2,156,000	2½	S	J. & J.	87	88
U.S. Worsted pf.	2,840,600	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 11	99¾	sold.
West. Elec. 1st. 5s, '22	3,750,000	2½	..	J. & J.	101⅞	102¼
West. T. & T.	V	V	V	V	19	20
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	96½	97
Do 5s, '32	V	V	V	V	99½	100
Worth'n H.R. pf	2,000,000	3½	S	May 1, 11	106	110

UNLISTED STEAM ROADS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Dividend. Period	Dividend. Date.	Quotation July 8, 1911. Bid.	Quotation July 8, 1911. Asked.
Ark., Okla. & W. R. R.	V	V	V	V	5	10
Des M. & Ft.D. R.R. 1st 4s, '35	3,072,000	2	S	J. & J.	..	..
Pere Marq. con. 4s, 1951	3,882,000	2	S	J. & J.	81	83
Do ref. 4s, '55	18,267,000	2	S	J. & J.	69	73
S.C. & Ga. R.R. 5s of '19	5,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	103	104
Term. R.R.St.L. gen. ref. 4s, '53	19,974,000	2	S	J. & D.	95¾	96
Ulster & Dela. con. mtg. 5s, '28	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	106	107
Virgin. Ry. equip 5% notes, Ser. A, '11-'18	3,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	5¼-4¾ basis	
Va. & S. W. Ry. 1st 5s, 1958	4,570,000	2½	S	A. & O.	95½	97¼
Youngst'n & O. Riv. R.R. 1st 5s	1,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	97	98½

QUEENS MOSQUITOS TO BE EXTERMINATED

Board of Health Proposes to Drain the College Point Meadows.

TO DIG A TWO-MILE CANAL

Tide Gates, Supposed to Keep Them Dry, Were Carried Off—Public Aid Asked as the City Has No Funds.

After an exhaustive investigation the Board of Health has decided to exterminate the mosquitos in Flushing and vicinity by cutting a canal across the College Point Meadows from Flushing Creek to Fourth Street. Tide gates under the College Point Causeway are supposed to keep the meadows dry, permitting the water to run out at low tide, and closing when the tide turns, so no water can come in. This is the theory, but representatives of the Board of Health found that it was not always to be depended upon, for the tide gates are out of commission.

Rumor has it that the gates were removed last Fall by a contractor to tow spiles up the creek, and that he neglected to replace them. However that may be, orders have been issued to the Highway Department to put the gates in place again, but at the last reports this had not been done. Now it is recommended that a canal, six feet wide and five feet deep, be excavated for two miles across the meadows, paralleling Linden Avenue, so they may be drained. A large part of the meadows is owned by the Standard Oil Company, and its co-operation in the work of mosquito extermination has not thus far been of the most enthusiastic kind.

In the Mill Creek section of Flushing a similar canal was put in operation two years ago, and the results have been excellent. There also are two smaller drainage canals in the Corona section, and a third in the Elmhurst section, all doing good work.

Representatives of the Board of Health say that practically all the breeding of mosquitos in the vicinity of Flushing is confined to the College Point Meadows and a tract of thirty acres just west of Flushing Bridge, owned by the Flushing Bay Development Company. This last-named area was never drained at all, the owners failing to comply with the orders of the Board of Health. Litigation concerning this is pending in the courts.

The mosquito extermination work is carried on under Section 1,176 of the city charter and Section 662A of the Sanitary Code. The former covers the maintenance of undrained marshes and the latter roof tanks and other fresh-water receptacles. The Police Department is co-operating actively in the work, men being provided to serve the orders of the Board of Health on all offending property owners.

During their investigation in Queens Borough the Board of Health representatives discovered two localities which are prolific breeding places. One is a fifty-acre swamp under the approach to the Queensboro Bridge and the other is a forty-acre swamp near the Lutheran Cemetery.

No city funds being available to dig the canal across the College Point Meadows, the Board of Health proposes that if civic organizations and citizens will provide the money for the work it will attend to all other drainage, guaranteeing practical immunity from mosquitos.

SKELETON ON A JERSEY FARM.

Brooklyn Woman Fears It May Be That of Her Aunt.

Coroner Daniel Bower of Trenton has received a letter from Mrs. H. B. Boldermann of 279 Linden Street, Brooklyn, asking him to describe the jewelry found on the skeleton of a woman which was unearthed last week under a thin layer of earth on the Lalor farm outside that city. Mrs. Boldermann wrote that her aunt had been missing for three years, and she suspects that the bones in a local morgue are hers. She gave no details as to the missing aunt's appearance, but the Coroner intends to make an investigation.

Mrs. Boldermann was out of town last evening, but a reporter saw her mother, Mrs. Schaffer, at 528 Knickerbocker Avenue, Brooklyn. Mrs. Schaffer said that her sister, Mrs. Louise Disol, who lived in Stockton Street, had disappeared three years ago and had never been heard of since. She was wearing jewelry when she was last seen by the neighbors.

Mrs. Schaffer was inclined to laugh at her daughter's idea and to suspect her of an overlively imagination.

MAKING HAY ON SUNDAY.

Berkshire Farmers Busy Saving Their Crop Yesterday.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., July 9.—Berkshire farmers and their wives were out in the fields to-day harvesting the hay crop, which the heat and drought have threatened to destroy unless harvested at once. Deacons of the church in good and regular standing joined the laymen in making hay while the sun shone.

Mrs. George Westinghouse has hired a number of Lee and Lenox high school boys to help in harvesting the crop at Erskine Park. She thus gives a chance for poor boys to help earn their way through school. Preference is given those who are taking the scientific course in which Mr. Westinghouse believes there is a greater future and better prospects than for classical students. Summer pastors are declaiming against the practice of working on Sunday, but the Summer colonists here say they will rush their crops in and save them if they can, in spite of the clergymen.

STREET CLEANERS TO PLEAD.

Will Discuss Overtime with the Mayor, Having Ended Strike Talk.

The drivers of the Street Cleaning Department met last night in Murphy's Hall, Forty-ninth Street and Eighth Avenue, to hear a report from the committee which called on Commissioner Edwards last week.

The meeting was held behind closed doors, but it was announced later by Joseph Donnelly, President of Local 658 of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, to which the department drivers belong, that a committee of one from each stable had been named to call on Commissioner Edwards to-day and on Mayor Gaynor on Wednesday to take up the payment of overtime. The committee will be accompanied by W. H. Ashton, general organizer of the teamsters, and President Donnelly, and Business Agents George W. Prescott and Thomas J. Millett of the department drivers' local.

According to the officers of the local and such of the rank and file as were willing to talk, there was no mention of a possible strike at the meeting, in spite of the strike talk of last week. President Donnelly said he believed Commissioner Edwards was doing his best for the man, and there was no idea of a strike. Business Agent Prescott said the matter of asking for extra pay for overtime was not taken up at the meeting because the Mayor and Commissioner Edwards had already taken it up. He said that the Mayor in discussing the matter with the Commissioner held that it could only be provided for by an appropriation.

W. W. Smith Gives $30,000 to Y.W.C.A.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., July 9.—William W. Smith, Poughkeepsie's philanthropist, has presented his check for $30,000 to the Young Woman's Christian Association to pay for an addition just built to the association's $100,000 building. Mr. Smith's gifts to local charitable institutions now total nearly a million dollars.

TURNS BACK, AIDS PURSUER.

Policeman's Motor Cycle Aflame in Chase of Autoist, Who Stops to Help.

While William Murray, a motor-cycle policeman, was chasing on the Hudson Boulevard, at North Bergen, N. J., last evening, a touring car, in which were a man and two women, and which was exceeding the speed limit, the carbureter of the motor cycle burst, setting fire to the machine. Murray was slightly burned on the face and hands as he swung the cycle into the gutter toward a pile of sand. While the policeman was trying to extinguish the flames the man in the auto turned back, and driving up to Murray said:

"Were you chasing me for exceeding the speed limit?"

"I was," said Murray.

"Well," went on the motorist, "I am sorry that I gave you any trouble. I did not know I was going too fast."

Then the auto owner got two rugs from his car and put out the flames that were eating up the cycle. He insisted on accompanying Murray to the North Bergen Police Station, but Murray refused to make any charge against him in view of the way he had acted and the assistance given in putting out the fire.

The owner of the auto said he was E. D. Ebbetts of East Orange, N. J.

TWO DIE THROUGH CIGARETTE

Miner Lit One and Through It in Explosive—Others Hurt.

Special to The New York Times.

EDNA, July 9.—Two men are dead and others were badly burned as a result of a cigarette being tossed into a can of powder in a mine of the Westmoreland Coal and Coke Company near the Allegheny County line to-day. The dead are Wendelinn Gulic, aged 24, and Tony Finionac, aged 24, both of Edna.

About twenty miners who had just finished work were leaving the mine, Gulic and Finionac leading them, when, contrary to the rules of the mine, Gulic lighted a cigarette, but seeing a foreman approaching he threw it aside. The cigarette fell into an unprotected can of blasting powder resting between the side of the mine entry and the oilley track. Instantly there was a blinding sheet of flame and a violent detonation, followed by a shower of big stones and earth.

Gulic's arm and ears were torn off and he was instantly killed. Five of the miners were blown distances of from ten to fifteen feet. One of these was Finionac. When the smoke had cleared away the injured men were found lying on the ground, several of them unconscious. Finionac died later.

The detonation broke windows in nearly every house in the town.

The Mosquito Still Boss in Bayonne.

The mosquitoless Summer which Bayonne residents imagined would result from the efforts of the local, county, and State health authorities to destroy the breeding places of the winged biters is not to be. Last night thousands of the insects swooped down on the town and made life miserable. They got through the finest screens, making sleep impossible, attacked passengers on the trolley cars, and even on pleasure craft in Newark and New York Bays.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant

Smith-McCord-Townsend Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; C. C. Wright, linens; 72 Leonard Street; Hotel Cumberland.
Tibbs, Hutchings & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; A. F. Clough, domestics and housefurnishing goods; M. Kitz, dry goods; 51 Leonard Street; Hotel Flanders.
Meier & Frank Company, Portland, Ore.; I. Upright, furnishing goods; 81 Union Square; Hotel Flanders.
Hale Brothers, Sacramento, Cal.; E. W. Dunning, notions, laces, ribbons, and leather goods; 395 Broadway; Hotel Wellington.
Hart, L., & Son Co., San Jose, Cal.; A. J. Hart, dry goods; 129 West Twenty-seventh Street; Hotel Wellington.
Gale & Frank Company, Milwaukee, Wis.; C. H. Schroeder, hosiery, gloves, and underwear; Hotel Cumberland.
Lanhauer & Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; H. W. Carley, furnishing goods; 56 Worth Street; Hotel Cumberland.
Miller & Rhoads, Richmond, Va.; W. S. Rhoads, dry goods; 55 White Street.
Farwell, J. V., Company, Chicago, Ill.; F. O. Streich, silks; 72 Leonard Street.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; J. C. Odgers, boys' clothing; J. W. Walker, men's clothing; 104 Worth Street.
Lipman, Walker & Co., Portland, Ore.; L. N. Levinson, cloaks, suits, and waists; J. Strain, rugs; 100 Fifth Avenue.
Frank & Co., Savannah, Ga.; H. I. Frank, notions and furnishing goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Shilliko, John, Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; R. P. Kincheloe, hosiery, gloves, furniture, and leather goods; 846 Broadway; Hotel Gregorian.
Titche-Goettinger Company, Dallas, Texas; J. Wolfenstein, notions, hosiery, and gloves; H. S. Miller, dry goods; W. S. Myer, muslin underwear, corsets, and infants' wear; A. M. Loeb, dry goods; 45 East Seventeenth Street.
Neustetter Company, Denver, Col.; W. D. Neustetter, coats, suits, and waists; Miss C. Kraboch, women's ready-to-wear, basement; 225 Fifth Avenue.
Whitney, William, & Co., Albany, N. Y.; A. J. Palmer, carpets; 396 Broadway; Hotel Grand.
Sisson Brothers & Walden Company, Binghampton, N. Y.; P. J. Tracy, notions, linings, ribbons, and furnishing goods; Hotel Grand.
King Brinsmode Merchandise Company, St. Louis, Mo.; C. E. Runk, millinery; 621 Broadway.
De Young Company, Toronto, Canada; L. H. Wermes, neckwear, shirts, and fancy vests; 9 East Fourth Street.
Embroidery Specialty Company, Chicago, Ill.; J. P. Lo Russo, women's, misses', children's, and infants' cloaks, suits, hosiery, underwear, and sweaters; 315 Fourth Avenue.
Herzog, L., & Brother Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; F. F. Miller, women's cloaks and furs; S. L. Wolfert, muslin underwear, suits, skirts, and waists; C. M. Steiman, hosiery and underwear; P. M. Grodwohl, neckwear and belts; C. H. Block, ribbons and millinery; 482 Broome Street.
Siegel, Cooper & Co., Chicago, Ill.; C. Nordquest, upholstery goods; Sixth Avenue and Twentieth Street; Hotel Latham.
Herman Brothers Company, Lincoln, Neb.; E. R. Deputy, furnishing goods and hats; S. E. Frost, dry goods; Hotel Albert.
Appell, J. S., Suit and Cloak Company, Chicago, Ill.; J. S. Appell, cloaks and suits; Mrs. Cook, cloaks and suits; Mrs. J. S. Rinkel, cloaks and suits; 147 Fourth Avenue.
Prager & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; S. Upright, domestics, dress goods, and silks; 200 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Flanders.
Hibben, Hollwek Company, Indianapolis, Ind.; T. E. Hibben, hosiery and underwear; 820 Broadway; Hotel Cumberland.
Herpolsheimer Company, Grand Rapids, Mich.; B. Van Roalte, jewelry and art goods; 100 Fifth Avenue.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; G. F. Tosh, linens; 115 Worth Street; Murray Hill Hotel.
Mandel Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; J. Strohl, millinery; 15 East Twenty-second Street.
Fredericks & Nelson, Seattle, Wash.; R. J. Gardner, lace curtains; 22 East Seventeenth Street.
Moore-Watson Dry Goods Company, San Francisco, Cal.; J. F. Spronger, linens and laces; 72 Leonard Street.
Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; R. C. Cope, linens and handkerchiefs; Broadway and Tenth Street; Hotel Broztell.
Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; W. A. Brost, notions and leather goods; 214 Church Street; Hotel Broztell.
Keith, Edson, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; F. W. Himrod, millinery and ornaments; 621 Broadway; Hotel Broztell.
Lefler Hat Company, Indianapolis, Ind.; O. D. Lefler, hats; Hotel Broztell.
Stix, L., & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; W. Reis, furnishing goods; 877 Broadway.
Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Company, St. Louis, Mo.; S. Block, hats; G. Werner, millinery; 621 Broadway.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; Miss C. Jamieson, laces; 454 Broome Street.
Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. J. Barnett, woolens; 438 Broadway; Hotel Broztell.
Stoloroff, J., El Paso, Tex.; upholstery goods; Hotel Navarre.
Gleason, J. A., Detroit, Mich.; hats; Hotel Navarre.
Griffith Brothers, Indianapolis, Ind.; C. V. Griffith, millinery; Miss Busselle, millinery; Hotel Navarre.
Ferguson, McKinney Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; F. Ferguson, domestics, 350 Broadway; Hotel Pierrepont.
Burnham, Stoepel Company, Detroit, Mich.; J. Griffith, prints; 43 Leonard Street.
Barr, William, Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; C. Meyer, notions and jewelry; 4 Washington Place.
Newcomb, Endicott Company, Detroit, Mich.; Omar Harrison, hosiery and gloves; 200 Fifth Avenue.
Pettis Dry Goods Company, Indianapolis, Ind.; P. J. Shaw, clothing; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Navarre.
Meier & Frank Company, Portland, Ore.; C. C. Elkington, ribbons, gloves, and handkerchiefs; 31 Union Square; Hotel Flanders.
Schuneman & Evans, St. Paul, Minn.; William Barnard, clothing; 81 Union Square; Hotel Long Acre.
Carleton Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; O. K. Miller, manufacturing department; 56 Worth Street.
Famous, St. Louis, Mo.; O. D. Heffler, domestics; 4 Washington Place.
Jacoby Brothers, Los Angeles, Cal.; M. Cohen, dry goods; 114 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Albert.
Sanger Brothers, Dallas, Texas; D. Frank, dry goods; 18 Mercer Street; Hotel Victoria.
Sanger Brothers, Waco, Texas; H. Wheeler, dry goods; 18 Mercer Street; Hotel Victoria.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; G. H. Toulson, representing; 104 Worth Street.
Siegel, Cooper & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss Garrety, corsets; Sixth Avenue and Nineteenth Street.
Ranser, Leovens & Kissinger Company, Milwaukee, Wis.; C. F. Ranser, furnishing goods; Hotel Wolcott.

WELL-KNOWN FIRM CATERING TO THE jobbing and retail trade is open for several salesmen to carry a very popular-priced line of ladies' muslin drawers and skirts; only those commanding trade and experienced need apply. V 155 Times.

WANTED—An experienced man to manage and design kimonos, ladies' and children's dresses for a large and old-established concern in St. Louis; good salary and permanent position to the right party. Apply by letter Box M 222 Times Downtown.

SILK MANUFACTURERS, selling direct, require several men for city and out-of-town dry goods and cutting-up trade; liberal arrangements to those who can show result. V 138 Times.

Wanted—Manufacturer's A1 specialty line for dry goods jobbers and large retail trade, Pacific Coast. State particulars. M 127 Times.

Guide for Buyers.

One line, 12 months, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.88; 3 mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.40.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.
Leumann, Boesch & Weingart, 122 5th Av.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

All Mortgage loans on desirable improved property will receive prompt attention and be quickly acted upon by

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY
CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,500,000
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
375 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

Geo. R. Read & Co.
REAL ESTATE
20 Nassau St. 3 East 35th St.

West Side.

Four-story private dwelling on lot 20x100 in the 50s, between 5th, 6th Avs. Apply A. A. Schopp, 53 3d Av.

East Side.

For Sale.—Valuable piece of East River water front, opposite Blackwell's Island. For full particulars as to price, terms, &c., address P. O. Box 662 New Haven, Conn.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Beautiful 8-Room Cottage.

8 short blocks from shore, only 27 minutes from Penn. Sta., N. Y. C.; on 2 full lots; macadamized streets, cement walks, curbs, etc., and has electric lighting; sewered property; privilege of fine bathing beach; dock; anchorage, and high-class yacht clubhouse; refined and select neighborhood and elegant surroundings; price $5,100; $300 down, balance in 8 years. WATERFRONT, Box M 220 Times Downtown.

$500—JAMAICA HOUSES—$500

Balance as rent; new houses, 7, 8, and 9 rooms, oak floor and trim, steam heat, tiled bathrooms; restricted neighborhood; near school, churches, stores, and electric rapid transit. FRANK L. FERGUSON, 1,828 Broadway, Manhattan, or 354 Fulton St., Jamaica.

COUNTRY PROPERTY WANTED

WANT TO RENT OR BUY

a building for Sanitarium purposes, on Long Island within 50 miles of New York. Must have 30 or more rooms, situated on ample grounds, 5 or more acres. The more remote from business the better. Must have heating, plumbing, electricity, and sewerage connection, modern in every way. Send full particulars in writing to DR. COSTIGAN, 413 West 34th St., New York City.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

Mount Vernon.

New Stucco House, English Style

Built for comfort with most artistic features. Chester Hill section of Mount Vernon. Builder will make liberal terms or will take well-located building lots in part payment.
ANDERSON REALTY COMPANY,
NEAR NEW HAVEN STATION.

MT. VERNON.

Second floor in new two-family house, Chester Hill, eight rooms, (5 bedrooms,) tiled bath, back stairs, electricity, gas, open fireplace with ash shoot in living room, dumbwaiter, oak trim, spacious veranda, steam heat, and separate laundries. Owner, Room 1,000, Charles Building, N. Y. C. Phone 4430 Murray Hill.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

EXTREME HEAT AND PROSTRATIONS never occur in Chester, N. Y., "The Beautiful." Good elevation, pure and invigorating air; delicious spring water; commanding views; fertile and profitable farms; magnificent building sites; fine modern homes at prices that will double your money, and you can live a happy and prosperous life; unsurpassed intrinsic and strategic realty values within a radius of fifty miles of New York City. Chester Realty Co., Chester, Orange Co., N. Y. Bank and Board of Trade references.

MAGNIFICENT SUMMER HOME ON HUDSON, HIGH ELEVATION; nearly opposite Poughkeepsie; $17,000; house, 12 rooms, 3 baths; open fireplaces; nearly new; 110 foot veranda; 20 mile view; 14 acres; fruit; beautiful garden. For sale account death of owner. Photos. ALLEE REALTY CO., 759 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

THOUSAND ISLANDS.

Two fine residences near Clayton; one, 10 large rooms, bath, boat house, pier, 18-foot power launch, $5,000; one, 11 rooms, bath, boat house, 27-foot electric launch, boats, gasoline launch, house fully furnished, $8,000; want offer. ALLEE REALTY CO., 759 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGE LOANS
Benjamin Bernstein, 103 Park Ave.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF New York, New York County.—TANCHIN EFROIMOWITZ, Plaintiff, against DAVID JAFFE, BASHE JAFFE, and LIZZIE COHEN, Defendants.

To the above-named defendant, Lizzie Cohen: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney, within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, New York, Jan. 11, 1911.

DAVIS & MANSFIELD, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and P. O. Address, 52 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To the above-named defendant, Lizzie Cohen: The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. James W. Gerard, a Justice of the Supreme Court, of the State of New York, dated June 3, 1911, and filed with the complaint in this action, in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on June 10, 1911, the original complaint having been filed in the office of said Clerk, on Jan. 12, 1911.

Dated, New York, June 10, 1911.

Yours, &c.,
DAVIS & MANSFIELD, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and P. O. Address, 52 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

400 HOUSES

One and two family brick houses $4,250, $5,250. 60 sold in 60 days.

OVER 400 HOUSES NOW READY.

We have unbounded faith in Brooklyn's future—so will you have if you inquire

Realty Trust
60 Liberty St., N. Y.
House Department, Phone Cort. 7440.

THAT TWO-FAMILY HOUSE
A REAL BARGAIN.

I have a two-family house, containing 14 rooms, in a fine location, which I can sell you as low as $300 down and balance same as rent. All modern improvements and all assessments paid. Half hour out, 5c. fare. If you are looking for a house it will pay you to look into this. For particulars address Administrator, P 214 Times Downtown.

FINEST SEMI-DETACHED HOUSE in Brooklyn, 7-room brick, with tile bath; parquet floors, hardwood trim; all street improvements, with sewer complete, for $5,500, worth $6,500, on a 100-foot boulevard with park centre.

A beautiful home site,
$300 CASH BUYS IT.
Come in and talk it over or write for booklet.
P 212 Times Downtown.

BAY RIDGE
$200 DOWN $30 MONTHLY

Price $4,500, seven rooms, brick house, wide porch, parquet floors, tile vestibule and bath; decorated; sewer, asphalt pavement, fine neighborhood; 5c. fare. Builder, P 213 Times Downtown.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

LET US REASON TOGETHER.

You want a new modern home, or an excellent investment in a first-class suburb where you can have all modern conveniences, excellent transportation, close to depot, good neighbors, among beautiful and clean surroundings. We have all this at Westfield and Fanwood, where nothing is cheap, but the price and on such easy terms, if desired, that all can invest. $10 is the first payment on any plot. Full but moderate restrictions. Several houses building and more very soon. We will use your plans. Send address for maps and plans.
R. C. LOCKWOOD CO., 141 BROADWAY.

A Strikingly Beautiful Country Home.
$20,000.—Immediate sale, worth $35,000; $5,000 cash or less; duplicate of Castle Le Blanca on Bay of Naples; 16-room mansion, trim solid mahogany and other hardwoods; brick, covered with shingles; roof garden, commanding beautiful view; best section millionaire town, neighborhood leading New York financiers; convenient to station, 40 minutes out, 80 trains daily; rare opportunity, furniture, rugs, &c., at low price. ALLEE REALTY CO., 759 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

REAL BARGAIN IN SUBURBAN HOME.
OWNER FORCED TO SACRIFICE.
$8,000 $1,500 cash; beautiful 10-room house, almost new; 40 minutes out on Lackawanna; steam heat, electric light; hardwood floors, etc.; garage; in beautiful park among Watchung Hills; eight minutes from West Summit Station; elevation 450 feet. Photos, details. ALLEE REALTY CO., 759 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

MOUNTAIN VIEW GROVE.

Own a bungalow site among the cedars; 10,000 square feet land, $100; on the river; boating, bathing, fishing; 21 miles from New York; near depot; fare 13c.; about 40 trains per day. NORMAN J. SMITH, 32 Union Square, New York City.

CHICKEN FARM.

4-room bungalow and 20,000 square feet of high, dry, and level land; only 49 minutes from City Hall; fare, 14 cents; price, $545; $50 down, $10 monthly; fishing, bathing. D. Beckley, Towaco, N. J.

REAL BARGAIN—ON PALISADES.
MAGNIFICENT VIEW; new 12-room mansion; $16,000, worth $20,000; 2 tiled baths, semi-fireproof, vicinity fine estates, 45 minutes from Hudson Terminal; builder forced to realize; terms; photos. ALLEE REALTY CO., 759 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

APPLE ORCHARD FARM, 5¼ acres, ¼ mile from station; hour out; beautiful views; healthful altitude; no buildings; $2,000. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

BUNGALOW COLONY TRACT, 6 acres, 700-foot river front in the Millington hills; hour out; convenient to station; $2,000. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

At Teaneck.—New house, 6 rooms, all improvements; lot 50x126; shade; price $3,800, $300 cash. Carl Hallberg, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Wanted Acreage
or lots. Must be a bargain with exceptionally easy terms to resell at a profit.
Builder, 107 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

You get FULL DAYLIGHT until sundown, NATURAL VENTILATION, CONVENIENT subway, elevated and street car facilities—in close touch with theatres, restaurants, hotels. It takes HALF TIME to go up town and HALF TIME to go down town—ALL of this, and MUCH MORE, is offered you as a tenant in the

TIMES BUILDING
(Times Square)

See Sup't, Room 406, for CHOICE of the few remaining unoccupied rooms.

Broadway and 39th St. Bldg.
SMALL AND LARGE
LIGHT OFFICES, $20 to $50.
Harris & Vaughan, Agts., 1,416 Broadway.

Desirable office to sublet; sacrifice; Broadway and 34th St. Apply 1,328 B'way, Room 1,030.

Floor, three large, light rooms, suitable for a corsetiere or milliner. 542 Madison Av.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

BERKELEY ARMS
326 to 332 West 95th St.
Handsome up-to-date apartments.
All light, airy rooms; Subway express station.
Special concessions.
Rents $45—$75.
Telephone 4174—Riverside.

Portsmouth & Hampshire,
38-50 West 9th St.
Very desirable apartments, six & seven rooms and bath; steam heat, hall boys; elevator service all night; rents low.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

GAINSBOROUGH STUDIOS,
222 Central Park South.
Apartments of 3 rooms and bath to lease; ideal for bachelor or couple; also doctor's office. James B. Ball, Manager.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

GREAT HOUSE BARGAIN.
$5,950 BUYS A $7,500 HOUSE.

A beautiful new home built by "day's work," gas, electricity, running water, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, large wardrobes; many special features; a large plot on an attractive avenue in private residence park; fine surroundings; 24 minutes to Herald Square or Battery on the Pennsylvania tunnel line; near depot; very easy terms and small deposit, or will rent with privilege of buying and apply rent payments on purchase. Call, write, or phone T. I. M'NEECE, 150 Nassau St.
PHONE 4070 BEEKMAN.

$1,500 BELOW VALUE.

Beautiful $8,000 house, nearly completed, offered for immediate sale at $6,500; refined neighborhood; restricted residential park, Queens; main line L. I. R. R.; 30 minutes from Pennsylvania Depot or Battery; stores, churches, schools close by; distinctive architecture, parquet floors, tiled bathrooms, gas, electricity, and all improvements; very easy terms to suit or rent, applying payment on optional purchase. P. P. Edson, 150 Nassau St., N. Y. 'Phone 4071—Beekman.

Do you want a little bungalow at Glenhead, L. I.? If you do, don't fail to come and see us and look it over; only 40 minutes from N. Y. C. and only 10 minutes' walk to the waterfront, with excellent boating and bathing facilities; you can easily make it an all-year-round home; good sites containing 5 or more lots, $500 and up. For further particulars, call or write, J. Wright, 235 West 34th St., New York City.

IT COSTS YOU NOTHING
to inspect our new 6, 7, and 9 room houses; located 30 minutes from Herald Square; have all modern improvements, some water front privileges; 2 to 6 lots to each; prices and terms very liberal. Long Island Real Estate, 391 East 149th St., corner of 3d Av., Room 213.

Shore Front Residence Completely Furnished. Asharoken Beach, near Northport, 11 rooms, bath, all improvements, garage, boat house, 23-foot power launch, magnificent location, near W. K. Vanderbilt property, $16,000; want offer; owner going abroad; photos, full details. ALLEE REALTY CO., 759 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Huntington.—Small bungalows with plot 100x100; high, airy, fertile land; price, $600 and up; write for tickets to see them. Beck, 1,361 Broadway, Brooklyn.

COUNTRY HOME, CHEAP.
Old English house, near the Sound; large plot, elegantly finished; studio hall, macadam drives, beautiful locality. Will sacrifice, your own terms. Owner, P 216 Times Downtown.

For Rent—At Great Neck, L. I., new 8-room Dutch cottage, near water and station; wide veranda, commands excellent water view. Moderate rent. P 217 Times Downtown.

Corner plot, 50x100, restricted, Springfield, L. I.; near station; very desirable. A. S., 203 East 48th St.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

MILLIONAIRE'S MANSION AND FARM.
House, 20 rooms, all improvements, elevator; Northeastern Connecticut, 700 feet elevation, view for miles, with 30 acres, $45,000. Farm, 250 acres; fine buildings; stock barn, superintendent's house, hothouse; private water plant, fine land; $20,000. Mansion is opposite estate of financier national reputation. For sale account death of owner. Photos, details. ALLEE REALTY CO., 759 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GOLDSTEIN & WINER, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, July 10, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of suits, coats, safe, tables, chairs, fixtures, &c.

WALTER CARROLL LOW,
Receiver.
BLOCK & HARRIS, Attorneys for Receiver, 261 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THOMAS MAHER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, July 18, 1911, by order of the Court, at 11 A. M., at South Lexington and Martine Aves., White Plains, N. Y., assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of groceries, canned goods, safe, high-class cutting machine, coffee mill, fixtures, &c.

HENRY C. DANCIGER, Receiver.
JOSEPH LICHTENBERG, Attorney for Receiver, 309 Broadway, Uew York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HERMAN SENSMEYER, Bankrupt.—No. 15,140.

To the creditors of Herman Sensmeyer, of the City, County, and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the thirty-first day of May, A. D. 1911, the said Herman Sensmeyer was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the twentieth day of July, A. D. 1911, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated, New York, July 3, 1911.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CLAUSEN and PRICE BREWING COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No. 13,983.

To the creditors of Clausen and Price Brewing Company of the City, County, and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the thirty-first day of December, A. D. 1910, the said Clausen and Price Brewing Company, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the twentieth day of July, A. D. 1911, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated, New York, July 3, 1911.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—EASTERN CLOCK AND SPECIALTY COMPANY, Alleged Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the Eastern Clock and Specialty Company, alleged bankrupt, has filed its petition, dated July 7, 1911, praying for a confirmation of a composition herein, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, July 19, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the alleged bankrupt thereon.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, July 8, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM M. BOTTO, Bankrupt.—No. 15,162.

To the creditors of William M. Botto of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the sixth day of June, A. D. 1911, the said William M. Botto was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the twentieth day of July, A. D. 1911, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, July 3d, 1911.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HARRY PACHMAN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Harry Pachman, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated June 28th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, August 9th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated New York, July 8, 1911.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT HUMPHREYS & GLASGOW, a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held in the County Court House in the City of New York on the 18th day of July, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to Humphreys & Miller.

Dated, New York, June 28, 1911.

HUMPHREYS & GLASGOW,
By Alexander C. Humphreys, President.
HOWARD E. WHITE, Attorney for Humphreys & Glasgow, 31 Nassau Street, New York City.

AUCTION SALES.

Special Announcement for Department Stores.
ESTABLISHMENT OF
LE BOUTILLIER BROS.' BEAUTIFUL
FIXTURES
Newly fitted within the last 2 years
AT AN EXPENSE OF $50,000.
Latest Lamson Pneumatic Tube Cash System,
Recently installed, costing $7,000;
CROCKER & WHEELER DYNAMO NO. 27,
3¾ & ¾ H. P. ELECTRIC MOTORS,
WESTINGHOUSE HIGH-SPEED ENGINE.
Van Praag & Co., Auctioneers,
Will Sell Wednesday, July 12, 1911,
Commencing at 10:30 A. M., on premises,
48 West 23d Street, N. Y.

The greatest sale of fixtures in every day demand ever held. 25 Portable Extension Clothing Cabinets, with Mirrors, in brand-new condition; 100 Heavy Plate Glass Silent Salesmen with Electric Fixtures, all sizes; 3,000 yds. Heavy Wilton Carpet in brand-new condition, costing $1.75 yd.; Rochester Time Clock, 75 Leather Folding Chairs for Shoe Department, 10 Portable Shoe Shelving Cabinets, 25 Roll-top, Flat and Bookkeepers' Desks, 3,000 ft. Oak Portable Shelving, 50 Nickel Revolving Racks, 150 Heavy Plate Glass Mirrors, all sizes; 75 Portable Glass Wall Cabinets, 2,000 ft. Oak Plate Glass Partition, 25 Leather Couches and Settees, 150 Leather Chairs and Rockers, 500 Vienna Bentwood Chairs, 2,000 Revolving Counter Stools, 300 Oak Tables and Counters with Drawers, 50 J. R. Palmenberg's Wax Figures, 100 J. R. Palmenberg's Dress Forms, 25 Complete Dressing Rooms with Mirrors, and hundreds of other articles found in large department stores too numerous to mention.

☞ EXHIBITION To-day, Monday, July 10, and To-morrow, Tuesday, July 11.

Further information can be had at Auct'rs office, 11 Lispenard St. Tel. 953 Franklin.

Hotels and Restaurants.

WHERE TO DINE.
Travelers' Co., 20 West 34th St. Tel. 2472 Murray.

LÜCHOW'S
106 to 112 East 14th St. Tel. 1480—Stuyvesant.
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.
A LA CARTE. TABLE D'HOTE.
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.
WURZBURGER HOFBRAU.
Pilsener Genossenschafts-Brauerei.
GRAND PRIX—Brussels Exposition, 1910.

CAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, GRILL & BANQUET ROOMS.
258-260 W. 23d St.
SHELLFISH, STEAKS, AND CHOPS A SPECIALTY.

Little Hungary 257 E. Houston. Tdh., with wine. Hungarian Music and Singers Every Evening.

REISENWEBER'S, 58th Street & Columbus Circle.
DINE in the OPEN AIR GARDEN
A FROG DINNER $1.25
A dainty dinner for warm weather that will please the palate and satisfy appetite.
Steamed Soft Clams, Southern style, or Crab Flake Cocktail.
Frogs' legs, meaty and crisp.
Dixie Biscuits.
Chicken, brown, juicy, tender.
Waffles, old Southern mammy style.
THAT SCAND'LESS QUARTETTE
Most entertaining negro singers in town.
Dine on the "Upper Deck" at
BRIGHTON BEACH CASINO
All the joys of a sail, without the motion.
Ocean Parkway, Coney Island.
OPEN ALL YEAR. A LA CARTE.
Special Shore Dinner, $1.50.
Frog Dinner, Country Style, $2.00.
Poinciana Quintette. Private Rooms.
Morris E. Howlett's Coach "Meteor" leaves Hotel Astor 5:15 P. M. daily for the Casino. Fare, $2.00 one way, $3.00 round trip.
Tickets on Sale Hotel Astor and all Tyson's.

Herald Square Hotel 34 St., just west of B'way. A la carte.

Port Arthur Chinese Restaurant. Alc., Tdh. 7 & 9 Mott St. See Eve. Telegram.

51-3-5 W. 35 St. Best Din., w. w., 65c. MORETTI Tel. 614 Murray. Lunch, w. w., 40c.

Automobile Tours from New York.

STAUCH'S CONEY ISLAND. Open all yr. High-class Rest. Alc. Music.

THE GRAND HOTEL
Catskill Mountains, Highmount, N. Y.
On "State Road," the Centre of Motoring in Empire State.
Altitude over 2,000 ft., on Ulster & Del. Ry.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

HOTEL ROLAND
59th St., Between Madison & Park Avs.,
Block from Grand Plaza
Entrance to Central Park.
SINGLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 PER DAY.
DOUBLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $2.00 PER DAY.
Family Hotel for Permanent and Transient Guests.

SCHOOLS.

New York University Law School
77th Year opens Sept. 28.
Morning Class, 9-12.
Afternoon Class, 4-6.
Evening Class, 8-10.
Degrees LL. B., LL. M., J. D.
Address L. J. Tompkins, Sec., Washington Sq., N. Y.

TRINITY SCHOOL, 139-147 West 91st St. Founded 1709. 203d year opens Sept. 25.

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 Months for $5
and upwards. Every machine is in fine working order and will be kept so during term of rental. Initial payment allowed to apply if purchased. WE SELL rebuilt machines, guaranteed for one year, at a saving of 50% to 75%. Send for catalogue.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO.
345 Broadway, Cor. of Leonard St. Tel. 5408 Franklin. | 10 Barclay St., 7 Doors from B'way. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

UNDERWOODS
Remingtons, Smiths, and all other Typewriters sold. $15 to $60. We rent them and allow 6 months' rental to apply if purchased. We take care of them as long as you rent and one year after you buy. TYPEWRITER SALES CO., 5 Cortlandt St., cor. Broadway. Tel. 1983 Cortlandt.

DESKS Roll and Flat Top. Chairs, Filing Cabinets, Office Partition. HAMBURGER, 33 E. 20th St.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

HICKS, EDITH BURCHELL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EDITH BURCHELL HICKS, late of Summit, New Jersey, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Stitt & Phillips, No. 113 Fulton Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the twenty-fourth day of October next.—Dated New York, the 20th day of April, 1911. HENRY J. BURCHELL, Jr., Executor. STITT & PHILLIPS, Attys. for Ex'r, No. 113 Fulton St., Manhattan, New York City.

HESSE, HENRY.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY HESSE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Geo. H. Hyde, No. 41 Park Row, in the City of New York, on or before the 26th day of December next.—Dated New York, the 15th day of June, 1911. HENRY HESSE, JR., LOUIS STOIBER, Executors. GEO. H. HYDE, Attorney for Executors, 41 Park Row, Manhattan.

SPERB, WILLIAM.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the Country of New York.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM SPERB, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Charles R. Bauerdorf, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 15th day of November, 1911.

Dated New York, May 1st, 1911.

CHARLES F. BAUERDORF,
CHARLES DOHE,
Executors.
CHARLES R. BAUERDORF, Attorney for Executors, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

SUMMER RESORTS.
1 time per line, 20c.; 7 times, consecutively, $1.26. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

NEW YORK—Long Island.

THE
Hotel Nassau
LONG BEACH, L. I.
A fireproof European plan hotel of the highest standard, situated directly on the finest beach north of Florida, 25 miles from the new Pennsylvania Long Island Station. Telephone 100 Long Beach.
MERRY & BOOMER, Managers

NEW YORK—Thousand Islands.

Beautiful gentleman's place and farm; ideal mountain location; bracing climate; splendid view; large corner rooms; modern appointments; excellent table; references; booklet; $9, $12. Spindler, Lefever Falls, Ulster Co., N. Y.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

THE REAL COUNTRY
THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.
6th season; 45 minutes to 42d St. on Harlem R. R.; capacity, 150; 70 acres; 500 feet elevation; 10 minutes from station; music, dancing, tennis; garage. Rates $8 and up. Booklet.

NEW YORK—Adirondacks.

Adirondack Mountains
THE WAWBEEK Hotel and Cottages
WAWBEEK, N. Y.
Now open under new management. Most comfortable and homelike. Table will be kept at usual high standard. Private cottages with hotel service. Rooms with bath. Golf, canoeing, tennis, motor-boating. Attractive walks. Orchestra. Rustic grill. Booklet and all information, Wawbeek, N. Y.
EDWARD S. WILTBANK, Manager.

NEW YORK—Fisher's Island.

MANSION HOUSE
COTTAGES and BUNGALOWS,
FISHER'S ISLAND, N. Y.
OFF NEW LONDON, CONN.
Always cool; seashore and country, Sound and ocean. Bathing, boating, fishing, golf course, tennis, riding, driving. Rooms en suite, with bath. Cottages for housekeeping or non-housekeeping. Write for booklet. WM. F. INGOLD, Mgr. 'Phone, 3606—Madison, Hotel Arlington, 18 West 25th St., N. Y.—or Fisher's Island, N. Y.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Marlborough-Blenheim
(CAPACITY 1100)
The leading resort house of America. Particularly attractive during Atlantic City's Great Summer Season. JUNE, JULY, AUGUST AND SEPT. 400 private baths, each supplied with hot and cold sea water. Exquisite music is a feature. White service in both American and European Dining Rooms.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

HOTEL RUDOLF
Full block ocean front. One of the largest and leading hotels. Hot and cold sea baths; private and public. Magnificent verandas, overlooking the sea. Orchestra. Early season rates. No extra charge for use of baths. Always open. Booklet.
A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr. JOEL HILLMAN, Pres.

FREE Guide of ATLANTIC CITY
Handsomely Illustrated Official Hotel Street and Amusement Guide Book, with maps, tide and R. R. timetables, etc. Edition limited. Write today. Inclose stamp. PUBLIC SERVICE ASSOCIATION. Atlantic City, N.J.

SEA VIEW HOUSE,
Sag Harbor, L. I.—Beautifully located, overlooking Peconic Bay; large, airy rooms; modern appointments; careful attention to auto parties; booklet. J. K. Morris.

MILLER COTTAGE 9 to 15 N. Georgia Ave. Capacity 250. Noted for its table. $1.25 up daily, $7 and $8 up weekly. Established 32 years.

Ask Mr. Foster | Free information, Flatiron Arcade, B'way & 23d St.

PENNSYLVANIA—Delaware Water Gap

Where Summer Is Always Cool and Pleasant,
THE MOUNTAIN PARADISE,
WATER GAP-HOUSE
DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.
Highest altitude, overlooking all other hotels and surrounding country; coolest location. Acknowledged to be unquestionably the finest hotel in every respect in this region; entertains 500 guests. Interesting July and season rates. Write for handsome booklet and auto maps. JOHN PURDY COPE.

The hotel with the coolest location
THE KITTATINNY,
DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.
Leading hotel. Write for Booklet and Auto Maps. American plan. CAFE and GRILL.
G. FRANK COPE.

PENNSYLVANIA—Mount Pocono.

MT. PLEASANT HOUSE.
Finest location on Pocono Mts.; steam heat, baths; rates $12.50 per week and up. Write for handsomely illustrated booklet. W. T. & H. M. Leech. Mt. Pocono, Pa.

NEW ENGLAND—New Hampshire.

SPEND YOUR VACATION IN
BETHLEHEM, N. H. WHITE MTS.

Daily and Sunday 17 Cents Per Week.

¶ Instruct your newsdealer to have the Daily and Sunday editions of The New York Times sent to your country address.
¶ To insure receiving a copy of your favorite newspaper, The New York Times, during your stay in the country, place your order before leaving the city.
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¶ The day previous to your leaving the city either instruct your newsdealer to have The Times sent to you each day or mail instructions directly to Publication Office or telephone Circulation Department, Bryant 1000, and paper will be sent the following morning if you desire it.
¶ Daily and Sunday editions 17 cents per week, 75 cents per month; to Canada, 21 cents per week, 90 cents per month.
¶ Have The Times follow you.

Seeking a Better Position.

¶ Perhaps you are a good bookkeeper or an exceptionally rapid stenographer or a first-class salesman; no matter what you are, if you can do some one thing better than the average, your services are in demand.

¶ Some business man wants you and will pay you a premium for your ability if you let your ability, determination and energy be known through an Effective Situation Wanted advertisement in The New York Times. The Situation Wanted columns of The Times are read by hundreds of business and professional men seeking the better class of employes.

¶ Go to any advertising agency or telephone The New York Times, Bryant 1000.

Lost

20c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Saturday evening, at New Amsterdam Theatre, second balcony, lady's brown leather purse containing open-face watch stamped "Carrie" on back; $1.35 in money. Liberal reward for watch if returned to Dr. Arnold Knapp, 26 West 40th St.

LOST—Three diamond gold scroll brooches and one platinum diamond ring; liberal reward for information or return of goods; no questions asked. Abel Bros., 58 Nassau St.

LOST—Saturday morning, a small gun metal watch, Swiss make, with fleur de lis pin, on surface car, between 74th St. and Broadway and Lincoln Bank. V 163 Times.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, hunting case, Johnson make, black ribbon fob, topaz heart, Friday noon, West 23d St., between 5th, 7th Avs.; finder generously rewarded; Harlem Library, 9 West 124th St.

LOST—Wednesday, Subway train, seal bag, containing money, jewelry, railroad ticket, Liberal reward returned J. G. Beattie, 581 East 26th St., Brooklyn.

LOST, Saturday.—Pearl, garnet crescent lady's pin, 42d St. surface line, downtown, Union Square, or Wall Street; reward, $15. Return Koehn, Room 706, 10 Wall St.

LOST—Gold watch, chain, and charm, July 4, in Hoboken; liberal reward if returned to Fritz Wildermann, 17 Barclay St., New York City. No questions asked.

LOST—Lady's gold open-face watch, on uptown Madison Av. car or on 58th St. to Madison Av. and Terrace Garden; reward. 108 East 29th St.

LOST—A quantity of diamonds in a chamois bag, at Roach's bathing pavilion, Far Rockaway; liberal reward will be paid. John J. Healy, Far Rockaway.

LOST—Horseshoe pin few weeks ago; diamond hanging on links; stones around horseshoe; safety catch on pin; reward. E. Falkenbach, 350 West 29th St.

LOST—Light-colored leather wallet, containing money, valuable papers. Finder may keep money, returning papers to C. H. Baum, 82 Liberty St.

LOST—Light-colored tan purse, containing money and eyeglasses, between West 90th and Grand Central; reward. Shakman, 255 West 90th St.

LOST—Friday morning, a gold belt pin, oval shape, supposedly near Macy's; keepsake; reward given for return. Mrs. Houghton, 2,626 Broadway.

LOST—Necktie clasp, diamond in centre, July 4; $10 reward. Shoales, 234 West 44th.

$50 REWARD
for baroque pearl guard chain, lost Friday between New York City and Scarborough, N. Y. Return Black, Starr & Frost, 438 5th Av.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

20c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, July 7.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO., HUDSON TUBES. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Cap, belt, nightgown, trowel, overalls, collars, underwear, 2 packages.

FOUND, July 8—JERSEY CENTRAL RAILROAD. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J.: Sandy Hook route on the 6th, umbrella, cuff buttons; 7th, umbrella, can, package of silks, hand bag; trains on the 7th, three packages.

FOUND, July 8—NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Two umbrellas, two books, cap, four packages, pair of gloves.

FOUND, July 8—LONG ISLAND RAILROAD. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: One package.

FOUND, July 8—LACKAWANNA RAILROAD. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Seven packages, six umbrellas.

FOUND, July 8—PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: On trains, grip, three packages, stick pin, eyeglasses, lady's umbrella, roll of blue prints, pocketbook, linen coat, two packages.

FOUND, July 8—ERIE RAILROAD. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Box of talcum powder, bundle of wire, card case, commutation ticket, empty grip, three umbrellas, package containing two shirts.

FOUND, July 8—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Pullman car, tooth brush and paste, toilet articles, comb and brush, umbrella, card case, straw hat, penknife; on trains, Pennsylvania train, eyeglasses, lady's hat; Long Island train, bundle of clothes and bottle of cologne; retiring room, pair of gloves; Long Island train, umbrella, keys, umbrella.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

New York City.

IN THE COUNTRY IN NEW YORK CITY. Ideal hotel, 300 feet above Hudson. Large grounds, plenty shade, fine tennis court. Stable and garage accommodations, modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accommodates 50 guests; accessible by train or Subway. Address for booklet, THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, New York City. Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

Westchester.

NORTH YONKERS, on Hudson; exceptional accommodations for few; ideal locality overlooking Hudson; high, cool; no mosquitos; 30 minutes out; thoroughly renovated; modern house; choice table; home cooking; every comfort; $10 person. 16 Morsemere Place.

Long Island.

'TIS COOL AT
THE STAFFORD,
GASTON AV., ARVERNE-BY-THE-SEA.
Block from Long Island station; commutation $7.50.
SWEPT BY OCEAN BREEZES; NEVER HOT.
Finest bathing, fishing, boating; beautiful environment; handsomely furnished rooms; private baths; bountiful table; room, board, two persons, $25-$50; single, $10-$17.50; week-enders accommodated. 'Phone 415 Hammels.

BEECHHURST, (Whitestone Landing.)—The White House; beautiful villa facing Sound; near depot; half hour Pennsylvania Station; bathing, boating, fishing; excellent table and service; adults; booklet; for one, from $15; two, from $25. Telephone 1465—Flushing.

Jamaica, L. I.—Board; good table and excellent service; everything new; with room, $7 up. Mrs. Greenberg, 28 Desmond Av., on the hill behind Normal School.

Port Washington.—Nicely furnished rooms; electric light, bath, fishing, boating, restaurant; on Manhasset Bay. Mrs. Leseman, Port Washington, L. I.

Exceptional Opportunity.—Beautiful home, overlooking Sound; boating, bathing, fishing, tennis. Fairview, Sea Cliff, L. I.

Rockaway Park, 46 2d Av.—Cool, newly furnished rooms; balconies overlooking ocean; excellent board.

Bensonhurst, (209 Bay 31st St.)—Near 22d Av. station and bay; large rooms, running water; first-class service and table. Mrs. Leavy.

Choice rooms, good board; private cottage; near station. Bernheim, 27 Birdsall Av., Far Rockaway.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

New York State.

SELECT boarding house on large farm, 35 miles from New York; rooms with running water; baths; accommodations for horses, automobiles; excellent table and service; reasonable rates; telephone. S. Miller, Hempstead Farms, Spring Valley, N. Y.

Haines Falls.—Fern Rock. Ideal for Summer vacation. Good board, good water; electric light, sanitary toilets; convenient to station; shade, high elevation, pleasant surroundings. John Frank, Box 178, Haines Falls, N. Y.

Shawangunk Mountain regions; ideal spot for refined people; mile from Post Office and station; $7 and $8. Louis Westbrook, Kyserike, N. Y.

Is there a gentlewoman not going to business desirous of permanent home boarding place; references exchanged. Address Armonk, N. Y., Box 66.

SUGAR LOAF, Orange County, N. Y.—Beautiful mountain scenery, large shady lawns; modern conveniences; no children. Palmer.

Farmhouse, Adirondacks, Lake Champlain; improvements, good table, and water. Pattison, 309 West 114.

Cranford, N. J.—Desirable Summer board; very convenient for commuters. Richmond, 105 Union Av.

New Jersey.

"COLUMBIA," Butler, N. J.—Kneipp water, massage treatments; refuge for nervousness, rheumatism, chronic stomach trouble, etc.; (reasonable.)

NURSING HOME.
A graduate nurse would care for an invalid or convalescent in her own home in the Orange Mountains. Address Miss Synnott, 117 South Fullerton Av., Montclair, N. J.

Would board four children in refined home; large house; improvements; fruit; shade; on Palisade trolley. Mrs. Moore, Cayterville, N. J.

The Multnomah, large, cool rooms; first-class table; four minutes to station; large grounds. 71 North 18th St., East Orange.

A few desirable rooms just vacated, at Overlook, 1½ miles from station; send for circular. Box 236 Morristown, N. J. Tel. 438.

Country Board Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Farm board wanted in Westchester County for lady, five young girls, and nurse; no other boarders. V 158 Times.

Business Opportunities

20c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

AN OPPORTUNITY TO EARN 5 OR 10 THOUSAND DOLLARS QUICKLY IS OFFERED THE MAN WHO CAN PRODUCE A CUSTOMER FOR AN UNUSUALLY WELL LOCATED PIECE OF LAND IN NEW YORK CITY WHICH CAN BE SECURED AT AN ABSURDLY LOW PRICE THROUGH PECULIAR CIRCUMSTANCES. IF YOU HAVE A FRIEND WITH MONEY TO INVEST YOU CAN DO HIM A GREAT FAVOR AND PROFIT BY IT YOURSELF. ERNESTUS GULICK CO., 334 5TH AV.

A.—A.—MONEY MAKER.
For small and large investors; from $100 to $5,000 invested in an entirely new manufacturing proposition, converting rollers, have market for same; good position given to investors; full investigation allowed. Call or write "Henry," 207 East 60th St., or 'phone 2816—Plaza.

For Sale—Real Estate Opportunity.—Five-thousand-dollar interest in a conservative and high-class New York real estate development company; the property is beautifully situated on Long Island, is first-class and exclusive, with latest improvements, and offers splendid opportunity for investor with ready cash. Must be Sold Immediately. Address Box Real Estate V 34 Times.

PURCHASING AGENT.
Unusually successful young manufacturing concern, growing rapidly, has opening for young man of highest references who has made a prominent success in this work and can invest several thousand dollars, which is custom instituted for department heads; state nationality, education, places employed, and duties; some mechanical knowledge desirable. Address Purchasing Agent, M 233 Times Downtown.

BUILDING PARTNER WANTED.
Builder erected and sold over four hundred (400) houses past ten years and now erecting one hundred (100) more, vicinity New York City and seashore, wants partner with $15,000 or more to invest. Security given for money invested and large profits guaranteed. Highest reference. Builder, Box M 231 Times Downtown.

A man with business ability, ready to invest $10,000, can secure equal active interest in high-class going manufacturing business, national in scope, with important position and substantial salary; references; must call for particulars; every facility for investigation. Responsible, Box E 81 Times.

A company manufacturing specialties of merit, for which there is an unlimited demand, as they are absolute necessities, desires to secure the services of a reliable selling agency to market their product in the United States and Canada. This is a proposition of merit, and worth investigating. V 139 Times.

Hotel New York, Hamilton, Bermuda; 46 rooms, unfurnished; possession Nov. 1; within 3 minutes of the beautiful Hotel Hamilton and landing docks of New York steamers; big possibilities; modern appliances; rent $1,500 season. Robinson & Co., The Emporium, Bermuda.

Established staple machinery house can use as field man neat-appearing, competent party having $2,500; conservative investment; no soliciting or experience necessary; highest references exchanged. Traveler, 218 Times Downtown.

Great Opportunity.—Wanted party with $10,000 to $15,000, to invest in corporation manufacturing braids; legitimate business proposition; no agents or brokers need apply. A. L. Gellich, 299 Broadway, New York City.

Reliable business man having diversified interests wants competent party having $1,000 take charge New York office for jobbing and manufacturing business; you handle all moneys. M 207 Times Downtown.

PROMOTER or banker wanted by successful Western concern to float $100,000 issue for extending Eastern trade; returns very large; exceptional proposition; reliable parties only. R 1, Times.

A small established manufacturing concern, New York, desires $2,500 additional capital and a manager; good salary; large profits. A. H. F., P. O. Box 904.

I have an established business and would like a working partner, with some money; fullest details given; this is a real opportunity. V. 149 Times.

New York financial institution wants New Jersey State manager; college man preferred; investment, $1,000; liberal salary. M 232 Times Downtown.

Beautiful Investment.—Incorporating for the manufacturing of a new product in great need; a few thousand dollars wanted; principals only need apply. V 92 Times.

We want a party with $10,000 to interest himself in establishing a chocolate manufacturing plant; we shall invest a like amount. Address Chocolate, V 157 Times.

A profitable going business seeks $5,000 capital; no brokers or promoters need apply. Felix Reifschneider, Jr., 891 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

For $15,000 will give first mortgage at 6% on new mill property in operation, worth $45,000. Investigation invited. Box 285, Mystic, Conn.

To Lease—Private house in the Fifties, furnished or unfurnished, or for sale, easy terms. Phone 4917 Place. James, 15 East 54th St.

FLORIST.—Established business in Flatbush for sale cheap. For particulars, address 1,101 World Building.

Business Notices

20c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

MULTIGRAPH typewritten letters, 300, $1.20; 1,000, $1.50; $10,000, $8; delivered promptly; samples submitted. Telephone 6564 Morningside. William Gray, 120 West 116th St.

For Sale

20c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Slightly used office furniture, desks, chairs, tables, filing cabinets, typewriters, safes, cash registers, time clocks, mimeographs, multigraphs, adding machines, neostyles, bookcases, partition. Nathan's, White St. and West Broadway.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, mirrors, wall fixtures, business furniture all kinds. Finn Bros., 59-61 Franklin, 358 Broadway.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BILL CLERK, office assistant, must be thorough; experienced and good at figures. Mosbacher, Cooperman & Kaufmann, 171 Greene St.

—MODELS—
STYLISH YOUNG LADY'S, 36 BUST; FOR SHOW ROOM OF LARGE CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE; HIGHEST SALARY. GITTLER & MURRAY, 45 WEST 25TH ST.

MODEL.—FOR CLOAKS AND SUITS; MUST BE 36 BUST AND 41 LENGTH. KAGEL & KAGEL, 28 WEST 25TH ST.

STENOGRAPHER and general office assistant, 3 years' experience, able to answer correspondence without dictation. Apply in own handwriting. Salary $12. A. J. Sheldon Company, 100 Front St., city.

TWO BOOKKEEPERS wanted immediately; about a year's experience; permanent. Apply to Smith Premier Typewriter Co., 319 Broadway.

TYPISTS.—Accurate young women operators on Remington machine for $12 positions and over, with a large corporation; must have experience and ability. Address, stating age and experience, F. E. T., 463 West St., Manhattan.

TYPEWRITER and general office work; small pay to start. 99 Nassau St., Room 808, until 11 A. M.

WANTED—Competent young women stenographers for $15 positions and over, with a large corporation; must have experience and ability; Remington machine used. Address, stating age and experience, F. E. T., 463 West St., Manhattan.

WANTED—Telegraph operator, willing tend telephone switchboard and assist in office work; permanent place, with advancement; salary $6; references required. Box M 230 Times Downtown.

WANTED.—Immediately, A1 bookkeeper; one who can operate Smith Premier typewriter; good salary; permanent. Smith Premier Typewriter Co., 319 Broadway.

WANTED—Woman competent to do preserving of all kinds; only experienced and first class need answer. V 166 Times.

WANTED, immediately, good maid, family of two. Mrs. Victor, 10 West 61st.

YOUNG LADY as assistant bookkeeper and general office assistant; must be good penman and familiar with ledger work; excellent opportunity. Address V 164 Times.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BRIGHT BOY, about 16, years, to make himself generally useful in wholesale drug business; good chance for advancement. Address R 5 Times.

COLLEGE MEN on vacation; good pay; two days of busy work, Thursday, Friday, this week; straight college course. Z 2,732 Broadway.

GENTLEMAN of good address to sell real estate; experience not necessary. 2,571 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. Fulton St. L.

GENTLEMAN with good acquaintances to sell old and valuable paintings on commission. V 141 Times.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY for two woolen salesmen for merchant tailoring and wholesale clothing trade; do not miss this chance; experienced men only; also a young man who canvassed for a sample book house. V 159 Times.

MAN
wanted by a reliable corporation; man of good standing in New York City; also one or two of similar character for work outside of the city to present an A1 proposition to legitimate investors; will assist right parties in every businesslike way; splendid opportunity for a gentleman of good reputation; no other need apply. D. A., M 225 Times Downtown.

MAN wanted to sell shears; good-paying, steady job. Address Bemis, Box 28, Athol, Mass.

RELIABLE MAN to take charge of stock books, order goods, &c.; educated, energetic and accurate; advancement to right man; state salary expected and experience. M 237 Times Downtown.

10 SALESMEN
to sell Berry's Swimming Device and Life Guard to the trade or at popular Summer resorts. Sure protection against drowning. Sells at sight to all dealers and bathers. Retail price, 50c. Liberal commission and exclusive territory. F. L. Ferguson, 1,328 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—A strictly first-class hosiery salesman with established trade among large retailers and department stores throughout the country for an exceptional line of full fashioned hosiery; commission basis; replies will be kept strictly confidential; address with full particulars. Hyklass, M 226 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Real estate salesmen wanted to sell lots near terminal of new subway extension at 241st St.; commission basis only. Apply at 10 A. M. Stevenson, 314 Madison Av., New York City.

SALESMAN.—One having had experience in hardware or contractors' supply business preferred; references. M. P. M 235 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced, with references, wanted in medium line of skirts. A. Rinzner, 125 Greene St.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED AN EXPERIENCED CORSET SALESMAN for Australia and New Zealand; permanent position, salary and commission paid; no application will be considered unless mention is made of age, whether married or single, salary wanted, and last employer's references. Apply to V 136, care of The Times, New York, United States.

WANTED.—A senior or junior Jewish student of the City College desiring to secure a position that would not interfere with his college work to act as caretaker for boys and live in the institution. Apply to Superintendent, Hebrew Orphan Asylum, Amsterdam Av. and 137th St., New York City, on Monday morning, July 10, 1911.

WANTED—An experienced man to manage and design kimonos, ladies' and children's dresses for a large and old-established concern in St. Louis; good salary and permanent position to the right party. Apply by letter Box M 222 Times Downtown.

WANTED.—A competent butler in a small private family at the seashore; wages, $35 a month; must state references. V 165 Times.

WANTED—Reliable man to sell fruit and ornamental trees, shrubs, roses, bulbs, and berry bushes; permanent position; free outfit. Brown Brothers' Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED.—Boy about 15 years of age to operate switchboard and for general office work; must have good references. M 224 Times Downtown.

WANTED.—First-class all-around machinists; 54 hours per week, open shop. Apply to Frank A. Fay, Supt., 548 West 23d.

WE REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A LIVE SALESMAN TO SELL POPULAR BOOKS TO PREMIUM USERS, NEWSPAPERS, &C., ON COMMISSION; ONLY THOSE FAMILIAR WITH THIS TRADE NEED APPLY. M 217 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

WILL PAY $25 to $200 for name only of any first-class party to whom I can sell my cheap suburban lots; references exchanged. Legitimate, 110 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ADVERTISEMENT WRITER, at present on newspaper staff, wants permanent position with advertising agency, business house, or corporation; skilled, original, producing copy of marked taste and effect, thoroughly competent to handle general advertising or special work for superior or exclusive productions; individual form letters and office copy also; exceptional experience and references. V 118 Times.

APPLY at the Clara de Hirsch Home, 225 East 63d St., for girls experienced in darning, mending, fine hand sewing and dressmaking. 'Phone Plaza 1768.

APPLY at the Clara de Hirsch Home, 225 East 63d St. for nurse girls willing to go to the country. 'Phone Plaza 1768.

A YOUNG GENTLEWOMAN wishes position as companion for the Summer in the country, at the seashore, or traveling; liberally educated, an experienced traveler, of artistic tastes, fond of outdoor life, an excellent reader and amanuensis, capable in emergency, will prove a restful, agreeable, and reliable companion; or would supervise travels, or music, and literary studies of one or two young girls; highest references. V 112 Times.

A YOUNG LADY of refinement and education would like to go to the country for Summer as companion to lady or children. Address, Companion, 225 East 63d St. or 'phone Plaza 1768.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; 2 years' experience; thoroughly reliable; references; salary, $10. M 201 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good knowledge stenography; moderate salary; best references. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, typist; bright beginner. 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. Phone 660 East New York.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

CHILD'S NURSE.—Girl, 13, looks 15; minding baby, light housework during vacation; city, country; best references; Protestant. O'Connor, 249 West 68th St.

DRESSMAKER. — First-class; perfect fitter; out or home. Conway, 175 West 12th St.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—Colored girl for general housework; country. Boyd, 144 West 98th St.

LAUNDRESS.—Experienced laundress by day; take home preferred; starched, 50c. dozen. Doffee, 259 East 33d St.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, office assistant; bright girl; two months' experience; $6; neat, rapid, accurate; good speller; no agency. M 238 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience, knowledge bookkeeping and German, desires permanent position; best references. Miss Heselbach, 1,131 Tinton Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, Typist.—Somewhat experienced; excellent references. Accurate, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660 East New York.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, competent, reliable, punctual; excellent references; $15. M 214 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Some experience; competent and willing worker; American-German family. Andrews, M 215 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; excellent education; reference furnished. Alice Kamish, 201 Lee Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, quick, neat worker; best references; $8. R. Duffy, 69 Morton St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER. — Five years' experience; thoroughly reliable; references; $12. M 221 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Situation by a young American lady of culture and refinement position as housekeeper or companion for one person only; city or country. Address Myra Frost, Groton, Conn.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.
All branches of work.
Moderate charges.
Room 501, 320 Broadway. 'Phone Worth 1819.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUTANT, MANAGER, (25.)—Nine years' experience banking, insurance, exporting, wholesale, houses, &c., seeks permanent position requiring ability. W., 283 West 118th St.

A POSITION in office of active concern wanted by young man; exceptional ability; energetic; splendid training; thoroughly experienced in every detail of office management; seven years one Wall St. firm, holding various positions up to manager; now wishes broader field; excellent references; will accept nominal position. V 160 Times.

A PROTESTANT young man wishes position as groom or footman; lately landed; highest class reference. Address J. A. Weir, 173 Clendenny Av., Jersey City, N. J.

A SALESMAN,
28, ability and experience, is open for engagement with manufacturer's line. V 169 Times.

ATTENDANT, madeical student, hospital experience; tall; first-class references; desires position. Box 1, Highwood, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER, 27, married; thorough double entry; five years' experience; rapid and accurate; handled 3,500 accounts, monthly trial balance; excellent references; manufacturer's cost and pay roll; can assist a busy man in taking care of detail work. M 211 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.
Age 23; accurate, steady, trustworthy; 6 years with one concern; A1 references. M 228 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Public accountant seeks position part time or temporary; correspondent; executive; reasonable. V 110 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Bright young man; willing worker; knowledge of typewriting. Bookkeeper, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Bright young man; knowledge of typewriting. Steady, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

BOY, 17, intelligent, desires position with advancement; excellent references. Abraham Gezitz, 68 West 117th St.

BRAINS, personality, energy; want salesman's position on small salary and commission. V 167 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.—Young man, 24, married, wishes position with private family or garage; careful driver; expert repairing; city or country; can furnish highest references as to character and ability; moderate salary. Address L. Winer, 34 2d St., New Brighton, Staten Island, N. Y.

COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER, experienced in office work, desires position, with opportunity for advancement; salary, $15. Charles Mueller, 29 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

DRAUGHTSMAN, mechanical details and tracer, wants position. 539 70th St., Brooklyn.

EXPERIENCED, well-recommended young man desires position as valet, attendant; prefers engagement with elderly or invalid gentleman. Englishman, M 210 Times Downtown.

MECHANIC, single, six years' city and wide touring experience on high powered cars; absolutely reliable in every respect. Johnson, 184 Lexington Av.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, &c.—Young married man of proven ability and integrity seeks position; a college education, supplemented by broad business experience, tact, good presence, and long association with men of influence, helps to make him a valuable office assistant; he is a good correspondent and capable stenographer; references the best. Investigate, V 140 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 28, hustler, large acquaintance retail furniture trade, wants lines; salary or commission. Sherman, care of Shimper & Co., 652 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Young Spaniard, 22, wants a position as salesman or any work where he can be useful. Write L. B., 202 East 23d St.

SALESMAN.—Forceful, energetic, experienced in many lines. M 236 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.—Wanted, by young married man of 28, position as secretary or assistant to business man; I am not afraid of hard work nor long hours and will make good; can furnish highest references. R 4 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper; 26; thoroughly competent; A1 office man; highest credentials; $20. V 162 Times.

TWO well-known experienced dry goods salesmen, with general knowledge of all lines representing Western house desiring Eastern connection, are open for propositions from first-class, reputable concerns; large personal acquaintance with retail trade Illinois, Missouri, Iowa; unquestioned references; personal interview desired. V 150 Times.

WANTED—Position as chauffeur, coachman, or general handy man in city or country, by thoroughly honest, sober, and intelligent man; excellent references. V 135 Times.

Situations Wanted
Employment Bureaus

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, High-Grade Office Helpers
BOOKKEEPERS, Office Service Co. (Agency)
STENOGRAPHERS. 30 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John

Domestic.

BOND, $1,000.—OLD DOMINION AGENCY, 88 West 134th.—Guarantee A1 colored help. 1119—Harlem.

COMPETENT HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. 'Phone 1533 Riverside.

COUPLES, cooks, general workers, waitresses, colored, city, country. Instant Relief Agency. 'Phone 7286 Morningside.

HELP.—Select colored help furnished. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av., near 136th St. 'Phone Harlem 6370.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKER.—Swedish; competent, experienced, strong; good references; $25.00. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

NURSE.—Swedish; competent; one or two children; good references; $22.00. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Comfortably furnished parlor suite, other rooms; excellent board; table guests; references.

5TH AV., 47.—Large and small rooms; private baths; transient and table guests.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week, 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

47TH ST., 63 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms, private bath; table guests; exclusive.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms, private baths, house; table strictly first-class; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large and small rooms; table guests; references.

58TH ST., 306 WEST.—Large, cool rooms, hot water supply; home cooking. 'Phone 1378—Columbus.

68TH ST., 56 WEST.—Beautifully furnished; southern exposure; private bath, marble shower; Summer rates; electric light; private residence; near Park; attentive service.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Cool, comfortable rooms, private baths; superior table; Summer rates; telephone; references.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large second-story room; private bathroom; room; telephone; references.

72D ST., 131 WEST.—Large, medium, and single; private baths; southern exposure; table guests; references.

74TH, 131 WEST.—Sixteenth year; Summer rates; rooms; parlor dining; references.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished; parlor dining; excellent table; table guests; board optional; Southerners and Westerners desired; transients accommodated; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 129 WEST.—Large, small rooms, running water; excellent table; very reasonable.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; table board; references required.

78TH ST., 164 WEST.—Newly decorated large, small rooms; superior board; Southerners, Westerners; Summer rates.

76TH, 236-238 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with good table; Subway; telephone; references.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Rooms, with, without board; parlor dining room; table guests; Southern cooking.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms, with board; high grade; Summer rates.

80TH ST., 141 WEST.—Cool parlor floor; private bath; large, small rooms; Summer rates; references.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Delightful double and single rooms for Summer; Subway, "L"; table guests.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; Summer rates, parlor dining room; table guests; references.

50-52 WEST 82D,
Newly furnished; electric light; private baths; telephone

84TH ST., 51 WEST.—Elegant rooms; private bath; excellent French cuisine; table boarders accommodated; moderate.

93D ST., 25 WEST.—Nice large and small front rooms, good table, parlor dining room, near Park and "L" station; Summer rates.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable large room, also single; southern exposure; good board; references.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Rooms, board optional; near Central Park; homelike; telephone 7442 Riverside; reference.

96TH, 131 WEST.—Near Park; cool; running water, bath; lady, gentleman; reasonable. McCready.

102D, 243 WEST, (Riverside.)—Coolest section of city; exceptionally large room, newly decorated; strictly private bath; boarding house atmosphere eliminated; single room; spacious halls; excellent table; Summer rate.

103D ST., 81 WEST.—Two rooms, connecting or separately; excellent home cooking; reasonable. Williams.

115TH, 308 WEST.—Large and small rooms; running water; excellent home cooking; Southerners accommodated.

117TH ST., 417 WEST.—Delightfully cool; Morningside Heights; half block east Columbia University Library; large room; private bath; single room; delicious cooking; every modern convenience; private house; references; telephone.

118TH ST, 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking daintily served; Summer rates.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Two large rooms, overlooking park; cool; kitchen privileges; celebrated restaurant; moderate.

120TH ST., 371 WEST.—Comfortable room, single, large, wardrobe, private; facing park; telephone; $7. Winters.

122D ST., 511 WEST.—Rare chance for family or friends; lowest Summer rates. Le Van.

123D ST., 519 WEST, Acropolis Hotel, Near Riverside.—Single rooms; suites; board optional; Summer rates.

123D ST., (2,053 7th Av.)—Airy, large, well kept rooms; substantial board. 'Phone, 4108—Morningside.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; desirable large, small rooms; first-class table board; reasonable.

149TH ST., 544 WEST.—Broadway Subway; beautiful Riverside Drive near by; clean, airy rooms; excellent board; large porch, gardens; nicest, coolest place.

East Side.

15TH ST., 210 EAST, (opposite Stuyvesant Square.)—Double and single rooms; excellent table; telephone; transients.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; telephone.

63D, 28 EAST, (694-696 Madison Av.)—Attractive rooms without board, $3 to $10 weekly; with excellent board, $8 to $15.

80TH, 40 EAST, (corner Madison Av.)—Fine rooms; elevator; excellent board optional; Summer prices.

MADISON AV., 839, (70th St.)—Rooms or board; Summer prices; breakfast in rooms; references.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 47.—Cool rooms, private baths; with or without board; transients.

8TH ST., 8 WEST.—Comfortably furnished single and double rooms; modern improvements; telephone; Summer rates.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming suite or single; delightfully cool; every convenience; references.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large double, single rooms; telephone; just off 5th Av.; visitors accommodated.

9TH, 82 WEST.—Comfortably furnished single and double rooms; quiet, private house; Summer rates.

11TH ST., 35 WEST.—Two large connecting rooms; also small; nice surroundings; telephone; references required.

12TH ST., 113 WEST.—Cool hall room for particular people; porcelain bath; references; 'phone.

12TH, 113 WEST.—Cool, clean rooms; for particular people; private house; porcelain bath; reference.

21ST ST, 112 WEST.—Large and small rooms, bath, telephone; cool, comfortable; convenient location.

37TH ST., 68 WEST.—Large, small rooms; modern conveniences; Southerners accommodated; references.

44TH ST., 220 WEST.—Very handsome rooms; opposite Hotel Astor; Summer rentals, $5-$9 weekly.

46TH, 43 WEST.—Large and small attractive, airy rooms; private baths; running water; transients.

48TH, 107 West.—Elegantly furnished hall-room; quiet, scrupulously clean house; gentlemen; references required.

52D, 248 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Desirable rooms, large and single; permanent or transient.

56TH ST., 68 WEST.—Cool rooms near Park; running water; private family; breakfast; references. Delacy.

69TH ST., 106 WEST.—Spacious, cool, well-screened rooms; home atmosphere; American family; Summer reduction.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; electric light; telephone; Summer rates.

70TH ST., 30 WEST.—Rooms, suite or separate; every convenience; board optional; first class.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Large, cool, front room, bath, $25 month; gentleman.

72D ST., 302 WEST, Near Riverside.—Pleasant, large and small front room; location unsurpassed; concession for Summer months; telephone; Subway.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

72D ST., 134 WEST.—Large, medium, single, private baths, continuous hot water, telephone; Summer prices.

72D, 119 WEST.—Large, cool room; convenient location; Summer rates.

73D ST., 160 WEST.—Pleasant, large room, large closets, with washroom adjoining, bath same floor; both "L," Subway express; gentlemen only.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large and small cool rooms; refined surroundings; Summer rates; references.

74TH ST., 104 WEST.—Large, small rooms, bath; all conveniences; 'phone; references; Summer rates; transients.

74TH ST., 106 WEST.—Large and small rooms, single or en suite; Summer rates; references; 'phone.

75TH ST., 58 WEST.—Boston lady opening central exclusive home will rent elegantly furnished large front room; improvements; telephone; moderate terms; references.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished large single, double rooms, private bath; Southerners and Westerners accommodated; board optional; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished cool rooms in refined neighborhood; telephone; references; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 148 WEST.—Second floor; private bath; also other rooms; electric lights, telephone, references.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Large second-story room, private bath; also smaller one; private family.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Large front room; also medium; Summer rates; gentlemen.

78TH ST., WEST.—Large, airy, newly furnished rooms; Southern people; Summer rates. P 132 Times.

78TH ST., 168 WEST.—Lovely rooms; refined surroundings; private family; Subway; 'phone; board optional.

78TH ST., 212 WEST.—Private house; large and small rooms; running water; gentlemen only.

78TH ST., 114 WEST.—Elegant second floor, private bath, single or en suite; reasonable.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large rooms, with bath; also medium rooms; newly decorated; private family.

80TH ST., 149 WEST.—Usual rooms, private residence, all conveniences; reference; telephone 7514 Schuyler.

82D ST., 327, (Riverside Drive.)—Three exposures; cool, large, light room; shower; telephone. Campbell.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Handsome suite, two rooms and bath; accommodate four; telephone, electric lights.

82D ST. 6 WEST.—Light, airy rooms, running water; $4 upward; also country board; references.

83D ST., 161 WEST.—Large, clean rooms; well-kept house; conveniences; 'phone; very reasonable.

83D, 119 WEST.—Newly furnished large rooms, washrooms adjoining; single or en suite; board optional; phone.

94TH ST., 133 WEST.—Large front room, nicely furnished; running water; private house; telephone.

94TH ST., 311 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished outside room, $4.50; reference.

95TH ST., 145 WEST.—Large, cool, well furnished front room; running water; private house.

95TH ST., 151 WEST.—Newly furnished room; private house; coolest in city; references.

96TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room, airy; desirable location; Subway, "L" expresses; breakfast optional. Scott.

102D ST., 210 WEST.—Delightfully cool, furnished parlor suite, near Broadway; excellent transportation; reasonable. Clarke.

103D ST., 216 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Cool, comfortable room, bath, $3.50; private family. Apartment 2.

107TH ST., 210 WEST.—Bright outside room; beautifully furnished; high-class elevator apartment; references. Gurnee.

107TH ST., 211 WEST.—Large, clean, cool room; all conveniences; homelike; $4; references.

118TH ST., 416 WEST, (Columbia neighborhood.)—Cool, pleasant, clean, comfortable room; large closet; elevator. Perez.

118TH ST., 401 WEST.—Airy, large, small rooms; dressing room; elevator; fine view. Apartment 33.

118TH ST., 414 WEST, (Near Columbia.)—Cool, cheerful, large room; suitable one or two. Smith.

118TH ST., 418 WEST.—Well furnished, light, quiet room; elevator apartment; references exchanged. Maurice.

118TH ST., 421 WEST, (Apt. 41.)—Private family; clean room, $3; business gentleman preferred; references.

118TH ST., 430 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Attractive, cool rooms; front or Southern exposure; elevator. Robinson.

119TH ST., 66 WEST.—Large front room; private house; for one or two men only.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Cool corner rooms; modern; telephone; Summer rates; $3, $5. Hungerford.

122D ST., 523 WEST.—Beautiful suites, private baths, elevator apartment; outside single room, $3. Carter.

122D ST., 514 WEST, Near Broadway.—Cool, high-class rooms; single, double; Summer rates. Kenyon.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Exceptionally cool front rooms; kitchen; elevator; references. Apartment 21.

124TH, 537 WEST.—Nice, large, light room; elevator, telephone, electricity; $3.50. Young.

130TH ST., 154 WEST.—Airy, clean rooms, newly done; private house; American family; $2.75-$5.

145TH ST., (220 Edgecombe Av.)—Elegant large, newly furnished rooms; $2.50 up; all conveniences; telephone.

147TH, 542 WEST.—Front parlor and alcove room; also single room; telephone, &c. McLaughlin.

149TH ST., 548 WEST.—Pleasant rooms in refined private house; delightful Summer location; Broadway Subway.

A QUIET, lovely apartment; will rent parlor bedroom, with bath; gentleman only. Address M., 950 6th Av.

BROADWAY, 185TH ST., 535.—Large outside room, bath adjoining; elevator, electricity; private family. Apartment 6A.

BROADWAY, 2,465, near 91st.—Desirable outside bedroom; first-class elevator apartment; reduced price. Maguire.

195 CLAREMONT AV., (127TH.)
Cool, outside rooms; board optional. Inquire restaurant.

LA PORTE HOTEL, (117th St. and Amsterdam Av.)—First-class apartment hotel; elegant rooms, single, en suite; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; beautiful dining room; home cooking.

RARE OPPORTUNITY!—On New York's most exclusive club street, near 5th Av.; rooms for gentlemen only may be obtained at very reasonable prices during the Summer months; excellent service and accommodations, including table d'hote breakfast. Address Exclusive, Box 24, 1,364 Broadway.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 600, (corner 137th.)—Rooms facing river; running water; meal accommodations; references. Pierson.

East Side.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Charming, large room, first floor; other rooms; private house; references.

31ST, 116 EAST.—Superior large, cool rooms, singly or en suite; attractive Summer furnishings; electricity, telephone; transients, Southerners accommodated; references required.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Two large rooms, suitable for two gentlemen or man and wife. Telephone 5299 Madison.

30TH ST., 38 EAST, between Madison and 4th.—Light and airy, single and double rooms.

35TH ST., 15 EAST.
Large, small rooms; Summer rates; transients.

65TH ST., 302 EAST.—Single, double rooms, light housekeeping; conveniences; $2 up.

76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Attractive rooms; ideal Summer location; board optional; Summer rates.

77TH, 66 EAST, (Park.)—In fine apartment, fourth floor; suite three rooms, bath; $12 week; three rooms, lavatory, $6; use kitchen.

Bronx.

201ST ST., 322 EAST.—Large double room, five windows; fine suburban residential neighborhood; reasonable; telephone 2,370 Tremont.

Used Autos For Sale

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week, including Sunday; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Before purchasing any second-hand car, buyers should consult our engineering department. Honest and full written report as to the actual condition of any car furnished on short notice for a reasonable fee. Don't buy blindly. Insure your purchase and the safety of your family by having us investigate for you. Correspondence invited.
THE GARAGE SERVICE OF AMERICA,
Engineering Department,
Tel., 8644 Columbus. 1,919 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILES.
Green's Purchasing Agency, old Brewster Building, 1,587-1,589 Broadway, corner 48th St. Used automobiles of the highest grades can be purchased from us at sacrifice prices. We have the largest showroom in the city and the greatest variety of cars to select from. All makes, from $125 to $3,000. Demonstrations cheerfully given. Terms to responsible buyers.

CADILLAC, 1911, GRAY,
FOUR DOOR TOURING CAR.
Almost new; will sell with guaranty; fully equipped without any exception. Reason for selling apply Bargain, Box M 212 Times Downtown.

MARION, Model "30" and "40" Roadsters; slightly used for demonstrating; fully guaranteed; will sell at attractive discounts. CHAS. E. RIESS & CO., 1,776 Broadway.

EMPIRE, two-passenger Roadster; slightly used for demonstrating; guaranteed; will sell at discount. CHAS. E. RIESS & CO., 1,776 Broadway.

1911 Speedwell; four-passenger runabout; demonstrating car; rare bargain. 360 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

CHALMERS "FORTY" TOURING car, rebuilt and repainted, $900. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway, New York.

1910 CHALMERS rebuilt, repainted, and guaranteed. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway, City.

Automobile Supplies

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week, including Sunday; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Auto Supplies.—Reorganization sale of $50,000 stock, must be closed out; auto tires, $4.75 up; tubes, $1.75 up; lamps, $1.25 up; horns, 98c up; dusters, $1 up; 75c spark plugs, 30c; $2 tail lamps, 98c; $2 and $1.50 caps, 35c; $2 pumps, 98c; non-skid chains, half price; everything way below cost. Hayes Rubber Co., 57 Warren St.

Automobiles to Rent

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week, including Sunday; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

AUTOS FOR HIRE.
PEERLESS CARS.
PEERLESS RENTAL SERVICE.
'Phone 2893 Columbus.

For Hire—Packard seven-passenger car; party by the month desired. Schmitt, 104 Shippen St., Weehawken, N. J.

Beautiful six-cylinder large seven-passenger touring car, $3 per hour. Lamensdorf, 4580—Audubon.

Country Houses to Let, Furnished

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Bungalow, furnished, 6 rooms, on 7-mile lake; $50 per month; Northern N. J. V 171 Times.

Country Houses Wanted

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Wanted—To lease a place in the country, on the water, within forty minutes' ride of New York City; the house may be furnished or unfurnished and have at least five bedrooms, with modern plumbing, &c.; something over two acres of ground with plenty of shade and grass; in reply please state full particulars and the necessary ride by railroad and machine from the city. V 143 Times.

Pianos and Organs

25c. a line 1 time; 69c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

STEINWAY mahogany upright piano in fine condition; will sell very cheap. 316 W. 42d.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

77TH, 66 EAST, (Park.)—Apartment, fourth floor; eight light rooms; furnished, unfurnished; $45; opportunity.

To Rent.—Furnished six-room elevator apartment; $125 for two months. Address O'Dell, 455 Fort Washington Av.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

Apartments at Summer rates of 2 and 3 rooms, furnished, and 3 and 4 rooms, unfurnished, in high-class apartment hotel. SCHUYLER ARMS, 307 West 98th St.

96th St., 67 West.—Seven large, light, comfortable, airy rooms; top floor; all improvements; owner, premises; $50; near Subway and "L."

East Side.

Ideal apartments to let; 2 rooms and bath. 12 East 30th St. Ring Janitor's bell.

Real Estate For Sale or To Let.

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Brooklyn.

FINEST SEMI-DETACHED HOUSE in Brooklyn, 7-room brick, with tiled bath; parquet floors, hardwood trim; all street improvements, with sewer complete, for $5,500; worth $6,500; on a 100-foot boulevard with park centre.

A beautiful home site.
$300 CASH BUYS IT.
Come in and talk it over or write for booklet.
P 212 Times Downtown.

Long Island.

Do you want a little bungalow at Glenhead, L. I.? If you do, don't fail to come and see us and look it over; only 40 minutes from New York City and only 10 minutes' walk to the water front, with excellent boating and bathing facilities; you can easily make it an all-year-round home; good sites containing 5 or more lots, $500 and up. For further particulars, call or write J. Wright, 235 West 84th St., New York City.

SHORE FRONT RESIDENCE,
completely furnished, Asharoken Beach, near Northport, 11 roms, bath, all improvements; garage, boathouse, 23-foot power launch; magnificent location; near W. K. Vanderbilt property; $16,000; want offer; owner going abroad; photos; full details. Allee Realty Co., 759 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

FLUSHING.
Several fine located lots at beautiful Kissena Park North; terms to suit you and your friends. Address H. Nymark, Room 424, Marbridge Building, New York City.

Huntington.—Small bungalows with plot 100x100; high, airy, fertile land; price, $600 and up; write for tickets to see them. Beck, 1,361 Broadway, Brooklyn.

New Jersey.

UNIQUE SEMI-BUNGALOW.
Seven rooms and bath; large living room; artistic fireplace; craftsman style finish; steam heat; tiled bath; large plot; restricted neighborhood; Nutley, N. J.; 32 minutes out; easy terms of payment; only $4,500; unusual value; superior construction. LAMBERT, Owner, 99 Nassau St., New York.

At Teaneck.—New house, 6 rooms, all improvements; lot 80x126; shade; price $3,800, $300 cash. Carl Hallberg, Ridgefield Park, N.J.

$10,000 will buy fine Jersey farm; one hour out; particulars of owner. V 42 Times.

New York State.

90 Acres.—Beautiful Sharon, fruit, hilltop; Harlem Railroad; $1,175, $375 cash. James S. Myer, 105 West 40th St.

Unfurnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

DENTIST OR DOCTOR.
Fine large light rooms or entire floor; central location; every convenience; electric light, parquet floors, hot water supply, separate bath and toilet; two reception rooms; attendant; rent moderate. 64 East 58th St.

Unfurnished Rooms Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

Gentleman wants unfurnished room permanently between 25th and 42d, near Subway; absolute cleanliness and refinement essential; state particulars. V 151 Times.

URGE POWER BRAKES ON ALL STREET CARS

Service Board Orders Hearing as Result of a Report by Its Engineers.

MANY CARS SO EQUIPPED

Believed Accidents Would Be Fewer If Change Is Adopted Generally—Folding Steps Also Planned.

The Public Service Commission will begin on July 20 an investigation of the advisability of putting power brakes and folding steps on the cars of all the surface railroads in New York, pursuant to a vote taken at a meeting of the Commission last week upon a report of its engineers. Commissioner Eustis will conduct the hearings and will recommend to the Commission, when they are over, whether or not, in his opinion, power brakes, folding steps, or both, should be ordered on all surface cars operating in New York.

Much attention has been paid in recent years to the matter of power brakes and folding steps on surface cars, the steps being coupled, in actual operation, with sliding doors by which the motorman is able to control the exit of passengers at the front end of cars. The new cars of the Third Avenue Railroad, and some of those which the receivers of the Metropolitan Street Railway have bought, are of this type.

A large majority of the street cars in service in this city are equipped with hand brakes, and the forthcoming investigation is expected to disclose the advantages of those operated with power brakes. The Brooklyn Rapid Transit system has power brakes on 462 convertible cars and hand brakes on 545 of the same kind of cars. Its open cars, numbering 911, and its closed cars, numbering 597, are equipped with hand brakes only.

The Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad Company has hand brakes on all its cars, numbering 459.

The Metropolitan Street Railway Company has hand brakes on 947 and power brakes on 549 of its closed cars. Its open cars number 455, and are equipped with hand brakes only.

The Third Avenue Railroad Company has 201 closed cars and 379 convertible cars, its entire equipment in these two types being equipped with power brakes, while it has seventy-five open cars with hand brakes.

The Union Railway Company has hand brakes on 498 cars and power brakes on 78 of its convertible cars.

The Yonkers Railroad Company has power brakes on 122 cars and only six cars with hand brakes.

With most of the other companies, hand brakes are the rule, although the New York & Queens County Railway Company has 121, the New York & Long Island Traction Company 30, and the Ocean Electric Railway Company 24 cars equipped with power brakes.

The relative efficiency of power brakes and hand brakes depends upon certain conditions, principally upon the weight of the cars. With heavy cars the superiority of the power brake is marked, the Service Board's engineers conclude; whereas on light cars the advantage is not so strong. Under certain conditions, if a car is sufficiently light, it is possible that hand brakes would be more efficient. The tendency in city transportation toward heavier equipment and double-truck cars leads the engineers to recommend an investigation at this time.

The Transportation Department of the commission has made a careful examination of the operation of hand and power brakes on the surface railroads of New York City, covering the last two years, in connection with the number of accidents. The result of this study showed increasing difficulty of stopping hand brake cars as their weight increases. Power brakes seemed to be the better for cars weighing 25,000 pounds or more. Cars of this weight are all double-truck cars, the lightest of which weigh from 20,100 to 25,000 pounds. The power brakes mostly in use in this country are the air brakes. Other types are track brakes, electric brakes, and magnetic brakes.

In England and on the Continent of Europe electric brakes are commonly used. The growth of the air brake in use for city cars in this country has been marked of late years. According to the census figures the total number of such cars in use in 1902 was 66,782, of which 7,905 or 11.8 per cent. were equipped with air brakes. Five years later, in 1907, the total number of cars increased to 83,641, of which 31,684, or 37 per cent, were equipped with air brakes.

As a result, the Transportation Engineer has recommended that all cars weighing 25,000 pounds or more should be equipped with power brakes. The cost of such equipment, he believes, would not be great, as it is generally recognized that the effect of installing air brakes on cars in city service results in a decreased power consumption in spite of the increased weight of the car. The saving in cost of power in this way is usually more than enough to pay the additional cost of maintenance.

If the Commission should order power brakes for all double truck cars, it would mean the equipment of a total of 3,630 cars, distributed among the following companies:

Metropolitan Street Railway Company....	622
Second Avenue Railroad Company.........	250
Brooklyn Rapid Transit system..........	1,807
Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad Co..	459
Long Island Electric Railway Company..	16
New York City Interborough Company....	40
Richmond & Midland Companies, (Staten Island)	20
Union Railway Company..........	416

In the year 1910, there were reported 455 accidents on double-truck hand brake passenger cars. The Transportation Department believes that if these cars were equipped with air brakes, the number of accidents would be cut down about 25 per cent.

POLICE PROBE STOKES CASE.

Deputy Dillon Asks Detectives About the Missing Letters.

The police investigation of certain letters which disappeared from the apartment of the two girls who shot W. E. D. Stokes was begun yesterday afternoon, when Fourth Deputy Police Commissioner Dillon summoned Lieut. Sullivan of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station to Police Headquarters, where they held a conference on what action should be taken. Later they went to the West Sixty-eighth Street Station, where they questioned Detectives McCormick, Flynn, and Devereaux, who were in charge of the girls' apartment after the shooting.

To Sell Calloway's House Aug. 2.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, July 9.—Sheriff Robert Conklin has fixed Aug. 2 as the date when he will sell at auction the handsome home of Ernest E. Calloway, at Summit Avenue and Hamilton Place, who disappeared over a month ago, leaving his accounts in the cotton brokerage firm of Freeman & Co., South William Street, New York, in a muddled state. The Calloway house is to be sold to satisfy creditors, who include Contractor James Nunnermaker, Frank Ackerman, and others. Calloway's cash in bank was attached to satisfy the claims of the Hackensack Coal and Lumber Company and the First National Bank of Ridgefield Park.

CHAMPIONED A CHINAMAN.

What the Man Who Was Battered Got as His Thanks.

It was on a car line that runs into the vastness of the Bronx and it was in the tiny hours of the morning when the matter of schedule was not so important as to worry the car men. There were three passengers, a man with ideas of justice, another man with an aggressive air due to indulgence in liquor, and a Chinaman. The man of ideas wanted to read and the Chinaman wanted to sleep, but the other had different ideas. He announced loudly that he came from California, that he was vitally opposed to Oriental immigration, and that the intruder from the Celestial Kingdom then present was particularly obnoxious to him. When language failed to make any impression on the calm of his new-found foe, he took to shaking the Chinaman, pulling off his hat and otherwise disturbing plans of slumber.

The sense of justice in the third man awoke.

"Here, stop that!" he commanded.

"What's it to you?" asked the Californian, offensively. "Do you like Chinks?"

"If you touch that one again, I'll tend to you," was the reply.

The other shook up the Chinaman again, slapped his face, and threw away his hat. The man of justice leaped over two seats, and soon there was a royal fight. The motorman stopped the car to get a good view, and the contestants soon rolled out on the street, keeping up the pummeling. Justice won, however, and it was a very meek Chinese-baiter who was lifted up by the motorman and conductor and put back on the car.

The gallant champion of justice dusted off his clothes, noted a rip in some new trousers he had just donned that day, felt of an eye that gave promise of decorative qualities on the morrow, and then climbed aboard the car. He received the plaudies of the car men, and was prepared to hear some words of thanks from the abused Oriental.

The Chinaman was peacefully asleep in a corner of the car.

EAST SIDE AUTO PERILS.

What a Playwright Learned When His Machine Jarred a Woman.

"Beware the east side in an auto," says Charles Dickson, the actor and playwright. "I've had some experience with hungry constables and others who make miserable the life of the autoist, but I take off my hat to some east siders with whom I recently came into contact.

"I had been down to a restaurant in Forsyth Street with a party to eat a dinner which appealed particularly to us. As we started our return in my car and were going at a moderate speed a street car, without warning, turned a corner on us and my driver had to swerve around it. A middle-aged woman was standing out on the street, where she should not have been and just as the car was stopping the fender struck her feet and she sat down in the fender.

"Now she did not sit down hard and she was very calm about getting up with the assistance of a man, of course a crowd was about in a moment and there was some sign of hostile talk, but the man who had assisted the woman to rise spoke to her, and then shouted:

"'Go ahead, she isn't hurt a bit.'

"Of course I promptly forgot all about it. Three weeks afterward I received a shock. It came from a letter sent by a lawyer reciting the grievous injuries I had done to his client and saying that unless I paid satisfactory damages he would take the case to court, I paid no attention. Then came a visit from another lawyer, who told me plainly that there were plenty of witnesses to testify that my car was going fast and that I had been on the wrong side of the street and that I had caused grievous injuries to the woman.

"Well, I had fortunately taken out an accident policy and I hurried to the company. It demurred at taking up the matter because I had not given notice at once. However, it did go into the case and made a settlement, and a pretty good one.

"Hereafter when I go motoring on the east side if I merely come within an inch of a person I settle on the spot and get a full release."

USED A BACHELOR'S POWDER.

Mischievous Matrons Learned Something Their Husbands Had Not Taught.

It was at a country club near New York. The eligible bachelor lived there and numbered among his friends some matrons, who, as usual with matrons, resented his manly liberty. Several tricks had been played in his room, and when inquiry brought blank stares from the club attendants he reached the conclusion that the mischievous matrons had by means of subsidy been responsible for them. So he waited for revenge.

Two of the matrons had been playing tennis on a recent hot afternoon, and when they were through they fairly dropped into chairs under a near by shade tree and mopped their faces.

"I'm just too weary to go to the dressing room," sighed one.

"And, oh, I do want some powder!" wailed the other.

"I'll get some," said the obliging bachelor. He went to his room and soon returned with a box and some clean handkerchiefs. He put a liberal quantity of the powder on the handkerchiefs and handed them over. The women fairly besmeared their faces, gurgling their thanks.

"Oh, what fine powder," said one.

"Perfectly smooth and splendid," agreed the other.

"What do you use it for?" the bachelor was asked.

"For shaving," he replied, with a smile.

The women lay back in their chairs, contented. Soon a bit of perspiration started on the cheek of one. She put up her fingers to rub in the powder. As she rubbed there was a gathering smoothness, almost oiliness, on her face. The other by this time was doing the same. Both were puzzled. The bachelor tumbled over on the ground and rolled in some agony, which was renewed as he glanced up to see the women vigorously rubbing their faces, on which a gentle lather was gathering.

"What is this powder?" demanded one.

"I told you I used it for shaving," he gasped.

LOST AT POKER, ENDS LIFE.

Italian So Disconsolate Over Being Cleaned Out That He Takes Poison.

John Cicela, a young Italian laborer, joined some fellow-counrymen Saturday night in a little game of poker. When it was over he had lost $20. The loss was a good deal of a blow, and all yesterday morning he lamented, explaining to the landlady of the boarding house at 320 East 108th Street that he had never before been so cleaned out.

She found him inconsolable, but hoped that he had cheered up when he put on his hat and went out late in the afternoon. He returned soon, however, and a little later she found him dead in his room. He had swallowed cyanide of potassium.

Junior Republic 16 Years Old.

The George Junior Republic of Freeville, N. Y., will celebrate its sixteenth anniversary to-day. There will be a tennis tournament, races, and other athletic events, and a ball in the gymnasium in the evening. Several former citizens of the Junior Republic are expected to attend.

OUR REMNANT SALE

offers attractive values. Suits of the finest materials to measure, $18.00. Coat and trousers, $16.00. Trousers, $5.00, including imported white and striped flannels.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

RED TAPE TIES UP CHOIR IN ROSLYN

Nearly a Score of Singers of Trinity Episcopal Church Withdraw.

BISHOP BURGESS INTERVENES

Rector Objects to By-Law Adopted by Vestrymen Giving to a Committee Charge of the Music.

Special to The New York Times.

ROSLYN, L. I., July 9.—The trouble in Trinity Episcopal Church here has arisen over the music, which forms an important part of Sunday's services. From twenty-five or thirty voices the choir has fallen to some eight persons, and the end is not yet, though what is going to happen no one seems to know.

About eighteen months ago the Wardens and Vestrymen of the church adopted a new by-law putting a Musical Committee in charge of the church music. That appears to be the basis for the present difficulty. At the time, say the Vestrymen and Wardens, the Rev. Clifford H. Brewer, the rector, said nothing about the new by-law either in approbation or disapproval.

Recently, however, Mr. Brewer called to the attention of the lay officials of the church that the direction of church music by any one other than the rector was a violation of a curch canon, and later carried the matter to Bishop Burgess of the Long Island Diocese.

About two weeks ago Bishop Burgess called a special meeting of the Wardens and Vestrymen and laid the matter before them. Instead of immediately rescinding the by-law, however, the laymen simply took no action at all, and haven't done so up to date. What they are going to do even the laymen don't seem to know, though it is said that an attempt may be made to force them to rescind the obnoxious by-law. Just how this can be done, they say, they can't see, and in the meantime the choir is just a double quartet.

COMMISSION RULE LOSING.

Not Believed Jersey City Will Adopt Plan—Newark Union Against It.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., July 9.—Gov. Wilson has manifested a deep interest in the commission government election which is to take place in Jersey City on July 18. He had a consultation last week with Mayor Wittpenn, Judge Mark A. Sullivan and James F. O'Melia, three aspirants for the Democratic mayoralty nomination in Jersey City, and sought to have them give commission government a boost by withdrawing as mayoralty candidates and coming out actively for commission government. The three have since been reticent as to the result of their interview with the Governor, but it is understood that the Executive only accomplished his purpose in part, that part being that the men agreed to come out for commission rule.

It is understood that the three declined to withdraw as mayoralty aspirants, for the reason that they do not expect commission rule to win in Jersey City. Gov. Wilson intends to make several speeches in Jersey City favoring commission rule, but owing to other engagements he will not be able to make these until a few days before election. It is the general belief here that Trenton will be the only city this year to enjoy the distinction of adopting the new system of municipal government.

HIS TWO SONS ARRESTED.

Manufacturer Accuses Them of Stealing Checks Sent to Him.

Frank E. Boehncke, a wealthy manufacturer of vanila extract, who lives at 231 Greene Street, Williamsburg, appeared yesterday in the Manhattan Avenue Court against his two sons, Grover and Albert, 18 and 17 years old, whom he charged with larceny, alleging that they appropriated $24.36 on two checks which they cashed. Boehncke caused their arrest Saturday night after having discovered that checks sent to him by many customers had been cashed without his knowledge after the mail containing them had been delivered at his office.

The boys pleaded not guilty and were held in $500 bail each for a hearing tomorrow.

BROTHER LOST, SEEKS DEATH

Girl Shoots Herself While Seeking Him with Her Mother.

Margaret Collins and her mother of 300½ East Twentieth Street went to New Utrecht Avenue and Seventy-fourth Street, Brooklyn, yesterday evening, searching for their brother and son, Edward Collins, who is a telegraph operator. They asked at several houses for information concerning Edward, but found no one who knew of him.

Mrs. Collins was ringing the bell of a house when she heard a pistol shot and saw Margaret fall. Before the mother reached her the girl fired again, and sent a bullet into her head. The first had struck her chest.

Policeman Coffey got Dr. Cook from the Norwegian Hospital, and he took the girl there. It was said that she probably would die. It is believed that grief at her inability to locate her brother caused the girl's act.

Shoots Wife After Many Quarrels.

Mrs. Katherine McKinney, 30 years old, was shot in the left breast yesterday by her husband, Patrick S. McKinney, at their home, 126 Third Street, Newark. Mrs. McKinney is in the City Hospital in a serious condition, and her husband is locked up in the Fifth Precinct Station. He refuses to give any reason for the shooting. From what the police could learn from neighbors the McKinneys have always been a quarrelsome couple.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.		Loss.
3:30—7 W. 88th St.;	M. Shanfield.....	Trifling
5:55—26 E. 105th St.;	Isador Maltz.......	$100
8:15—140 Delancey St.;	Louis Hochman..	$100
11:25—1,090 Amsterdam Av.;	S. Sega...	Trifling
11:45—3,911 3d Av.;	Marie O'Hare.....	Trifling
P. M.		
12:15—844 Dawson St.;	Barnet Wolshit..	None
12:30—94-96 Rivington St.;	Nathan Wegler.	$15
1:05—3,713 3d Av.;	Interborough......	Trifling
1:10—44 Amsterdam Av.;	I. Abraham..	Trifling
2:50—26 E. 21st St.;	Martens & Krisch.	Trifling
3:35—2,021 Boston Road;	G. Christien..	Trifling
3:45—286 Brook Av.;	Lillian Rosenberg.	Trifling
3:45—387 E. 143d St.;	Harry Goldstein.	Trifling
3:50—1,589 Madison Av.;	B. Schobenbrun..	Trifling
4:10—108th St. and 2d Av.;	N. Y. Bill Posting Co....	Trifling
6:55—172d St. and 3d Av.;	unknown....	Trifling
7:30—1,528 3d Av.;	Wilson Studio.....	Trifling
8:00—231 Mott St.;	Michael Sperra.....	Trifling
8:15—229 Christie St.;	Jacob Blankstein..	$50
9:00—524 E. 12th St.;	unknown........	Trifling
12:20—540 W. 165th St.;	J. W. Overton..	Trifling

Andrew Alexander

Summer Sale of Children's Shoes

Tan, black and white Strap Pumps and Oxfords—

Sizes 8½ to 10½ $1.65 | Sizes 11 to 2 . $1.95

Sizes 2½ to 5 . . $2.25

Small lots in various styles in broken sizes half price and less.

Store closes at 6; Saturday at Noon.

SIXTH AVENUE AT NINETEENTH STREET.

BRONX ROUGHS BEAT WOMAN.

Drag Her Into Woods and Leave Her There Unconscious.

Mrs. Anna Walters, 28 years old, of 728 Elton Avenue, the Bronx, told the police of the Morrisania Station yesterday that, late Saturday night, she had been attacked in a lonely spot at 155th Street, near Elton Avenue, by two men and beaten into unconsciousness.

Mrs. Walters's husband is out of town on business, and she started out to get some groceries for Sunday. After making a number of purchases she started home about 11 o'clock. The neighborhood in that district is very lonely. Mrs. Walters said she was walking fast, when two men jumped out of a clump of bushes, and, while one man choked her, the other hit her in the face. Her parcels were knocked out of her hands, and she was dragged into the woods. There, says Mrs. Walters, she struggled with the men, and succeeded in getting their hands from her throat and called for help. As she uttered the cry, she says, she was struck on the head by what she thinks was a club, and lost consciousness.

Mrs. Walters said that when she next regained consciousness she found she had lain in the woods for nearly two hours, and was so weak from loss of blood that she could hardly keep her feet. She finally managed to reach her home and crawl up to her apartment, where she remained until yesterday afternoon. Then a girl who lives in the apartment house came to visit her. The girl aroused her mother, and Dr. Benjamin of Lebanon Hospital was called. Dr. Benjamin dressed Mrs. Walters's wounds, and advised her to go to the hospital, but she refused.

She was taken in the ambulance to the Morrisania Station, and there told her story to the police. She furnished a rough description of the two men, and Detectives Clark and Quick were assigned to look for them.

Complaints of this kind have been numerous in that section of the Bronx, and the police believe that an organized gang of roughs are responsible. The police are determined to break up this gang, and every suspicious looking individual apprehended in the neighborhood will have to explain himself.

MARSHAL LESTRANGE BURIED

More Than 500 Friends in Line When Body Is Borne to Grave.

The funeral of Deputy Fire Marshal James H. Lestrange took place yesterday afternoon from the Church of Immaculate Conception, Stapleton, S. I.

There were more than 500 men in line, led by Borough President George Cromwell, and including members of the North Shore Veteran Firemen's Association, the Edgewater Exempt and Veteran Firemen's Association, Richmond Council, Knights of Columbus, Catholic Benevolent Legion, Cromwell Volunteer Hose Company of Dorgan Hills, Cherokee (Richmond) Democratic Club, Ten-Mile Walking Club, and representatives of the New York City Fire Department, who marched in a body. In addition there were sixty-one coaches and four open carriages with floral tributes.

The procession started from the Lestrange home on Harrison Street and proceeded to the church, where the Rev. Father McClure conducted services. It then passed through the principal streets of Stapleton to St. Peter's Cemetery on the Clove Road, where the interment took place.

BACK IN CHINATOWN, SHOT.

Frank Smith's Return to Old Haunts May End Him—An Enemy Held.

Frank Smith of 12 Chatham Square reappeared in Chinatown Saturday evening after several months of discreet absence, for the police say that since one of Charles Torti's followers was shot down on Williamsburg Bridge, Smith has felt it safer to steer clear of his old haunts.

He was slipping away in the early hours of yesterday morning when, at Park Row and Mulberry Street, some one darted out of the shadows and fired two shots which brought him to earth with two holes in his back that will probably kill him. His chances for recovery are slim, according to the doctors at the Hudson Street Hospital.

At the sound of the shots there was a chase through the streets, Patrolman Sullivan leading the way, and two detectives close at his heels. At Worth Street the three pounced on Charles Torti and carried him off to Headquarters. They say Torti fired the shots, but no pistol was in his possession, and he denied the charge. Smith, the police say, was not so weak but that he could identify Torti and point to him as the man who had shot him.

FIGHTS MORTGAGE SHARKS.

Pastor Peters Advises Victims to Bring Suits for Annulment of Contract.

As part of the crusade against loan sharks, in which the services of several Brooklyn clergymen have been enlisted, the Rev. Madison C. Peters again denounced the "second mortgage pirates" in a sermon in the People's Church at Forty-fifth Street and Twelfth Avenue, last night. As a means of breaking up the loan shark business he advocated suits for annulment of contract by all who have paid bonuses in addition to the required rate of usurious interest. He had brought one such suit himself, he said, and expected soon to be able to make public the result.

From his investigations among loan sharks he announced the conclusion that many of the most exacting of the sharks were ardent church and temple supporters, and, in fact, they fully demonstrated that the Church may be used as a mask for any kind of rascality if one is willing enough to pay liberal contributions.

Mr. Peters announced that a householding company would soon be organized to break the power of loan sharks who operate in the real estate field.

Richmond Ice Plant Burns.

Two buildings and the roof of a third were destroyed at New Brighton, S. I., early yesterday morning. The blaze started in the artificial ice plant of John Irving, at 51 Jersey Street, and spread to a stable adjoining, owned by John Stanley. There were thirty-two horses in the stable, but all were taken out safely. The fire caught the roof of a three-story brick building around the corner, on Richmond Terrace. This was occupied by three families, the members of which escaped in their night clothes.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

not only cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth *without injury*, but imparts purity and fragrance to the breath, removing instantly the odor of tobacco.

SEARCH EAST RIVER FOR BOY OFF BRIDGE

Playmate Had Told a Story That Drew Crowds to the Water Front.

BUT NO ONE HAD FALLEN IN

Frankie Giano Didn't Want to Cross the Manhattan Span with Companions and Had Simply Hid Himself.

The Italian colony in the neighborhood of 229 Navy Street, Brooklyn, where Frank Giano, 13 years old, lives with his parents, was enjoying the Sunday holiday yesterday when Frank Falcone, 8 years old, also of 229 Navy Street, rushed breathlessly into the Giano boy's home, and between gasps said to Mrs. Giano:

"Frank fell off the Manhattan Bridge into the river and was drowned!"

Mrs. Giano screamed and began to pray. Out on the street like a flash went the report, and soon the entire colony became intensely excited. Crowds gathered around 229 Navy Street, talking and gesticulating wildly. Relatives and friends hurried to the Giano home to comfort the grief-stricken parents and to hear Frank Falcone's story. He said that he, Frank Giano, and two other boys had started for New York.

"We wanted to go over to Mulberry Park to play with some other boys," Frank Falcone said. "Frankie didn't want to come at first, but we got him as far as the middle of the bridge, when he climbed over a big fence and got upon the railroad tracks. Then he slipped between the ties and went down and down until he struck the water. Then we didn't see him any more. I ran all the way back to tell you."

Frank Giano, Sr., was working in the Fourth Avenue Subway excavation when he heard his son was dead. He dropped his tools immediately and rushed to his home. There he found the crowd so dense that he had to fairly fight his way in.

The elder Giano took Frank Falcone by the hand and, followed by a large crowd, started for Manhattan Bridge. He met Policeman McGibney of Bridge Squad A, and Frank Falcone repeated his story of how Frank Giano had fallen off the bridge. McGibney had been on duty near that part of the bridge which Falcone had pointed out as the spot where Giano had climbed the railing. He had no reason to believe that such a thing had happened, and questioned Falcone closely. The latter stuck to his story. Then McGibney reported the case to the station house.

From Brooklyn Police Headquarters the report went out to Manhattan and the Harbor Squad. Eager to get all the details, a large part of the Italian colony went down to the river front. Persons on the streets and along the route through which the crowd passed heard the story, and soon the river front was filled with spectators watching the patrol boats scurry up and down the river. Even on the Manhattan side a large crowd had come down to the piers for the same spectacle. Newspaper men and photographers were there also.

In the midst of all this excitement at the river front Frank Giano, Jr., very much alive, walked into his home and was clapsed tight in the arms of a frantic mother. It was several minutes afterward that the police were notified that Frankie was far from being in the East River. So great was the joy of the family and neighbors over the boy that the police had been overlooked for a time.

Then Frank Giano told his story.

"Frankie Falcone and three other boys wanted me to go to Mulberry Park in New York," he said. "I didn't want to go, but they teased me so much I said I would go. I didn't want to go because I knew papa would be home at 5 o'clock and I wanted to be there when he came. He wants to see me when he gets home, and I always do what he wants. I didn't go far with the boys. I kept a little behind them and when we got half way across the big bridge I just dodged behind a pillar and said nothing. I saw Frankie Falcone come running back. I thought he was looking for me to go with him, but I kept on hiding. Then he went away, and as soon as he was gone I came back to Brooklyn and went to Fort Greene Park. I stayed there a while and then I came home."

HUNGRY MOTHER AND BABIES.

Wander Into Police Headquarters, Where They Find Instant Help.

A very tired woman walked falteringly into the Detective Bureau at Police Headquarters yesterday afternoon, and stood, leaning her head against the frame of the doorway, as if too exhausted to go further. There was a baby in her arms, and a child, hardly more than a baby, pulled at her skirts and cried a little.

"My babies are hungry," the woman said weakly.

Lieut. Fogarty, at the desk, thought that questions could wait. He sent out for milk and crackers, and it was not until the babies had had their fill that he would hear the woman's story.

She was Mrs. Charles Smith of Newburg. She had been with her people in Fall River while her husband was in the hospital, but on Saturday a message bade her meet him at the Fall River pier in this city. She waited at the pier hour after hour, but no one came, and then she wandered through the streets helplessly, the children crying for food. Finally a policeman directed her to Headquarters, and when she left there, she carried in her hand enough to pay her way to Newburg.

Hangs Himself in Central Park.

The body of August Schleicher of 543 Broadway, Brooklyn, was discovered early yesterday morning hanging from a rafter in a Summer house in Central Park, near Sixty-fifth Street and Fifth Avenue.

Tillie Schleicher of 315 East Seventy-second Street identified the body, but she could give no reason for his suicide.

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THE PINK LADY
MAT. THIS SAT. BEAUTIFUL "LE SATYRE" BRACELETS TO ALL LADIES ATTENDING.

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Cooled by iced air—OPEN ROOF.
VALESKA SURATT in THE RED ROSE
A Riot of Comedy, Music, Color, Girls.

GEO. M. COHAN'S Theatre, B'way, 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Sat. only, 2:15.
Get Cool Quick. 343rd TIME TO-NIGHT
GET RICH QUICK WALLINGFORD

ROOF GARDEN AMERICAN THEATRE, 42d, W. of Broadway
8:15 P. M., 25 & 50c. All Seats Reserved. 12 Big Vaudeville Acts.
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5TH AVE. B'way, 28th St. Daily Mat. 25 & 50c.
NINA MORRIS & CO., RAY COX, Caesar Revoli, Jarrow, Ioleen Sisters, etc.

HAMMERSTEIN'S 42d St., B'way. ROOF
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ACADEMY OF MUSIC. 10, 20 & 30c OLIVER TWIST

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CENTURY, Formerly New Theatre, 62d & Cent. Pk. W. Evs. 8:15, inc. Sun. ROOF
Elliott Schenck Orchestra. "POP" CONCERTS Table Seats 50c.

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. XTRA ATTRACTIONS. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Coronation Groups and Pictures.

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Opposite W. 130th St. Ferry. Fireworks Thursday.

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The Guaranteed Hose of Quality For Men and Women
HERE is the best hose for Tennis—so soft, so fine, so absorbent—one pair will last many sets.
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Pearly teeth, sweet breath and healthy gums reveal mouth purity. Vernas Lotion used daily preserves the teeth and keeps the mouth surgically clean. Conceded to be the most powerful, economical and delightful general antiseptic for home use.
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